The Palmer Journal.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum. To those who pay STRICTLY IN ADVANCE Twenty-five Cents will be deducted. For six months 75 Cents; for three months 38 Cents.

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JOB PRINTING of nearly every description, and in the neatest styles, promptly executed.

POVERTY NOT SO GREAT A CURSE.

If there is anything in this world a young man should be more grateful for than another, it is the poverty that necessitates his starting in life under very great disadvantages. Poverty is one of the best tests of human quality in existence. A triumph over it is like graduating with honor from West Point. It demonstrates stuff and stamina. It is like a certificate of labor faithfully performed. A young man who cannot stand this test is not good for anything. He can never rise above a drudge or a pauper. A young man who cannot feel his will harden as the yoke of poverty presses upon him, and his pluck rise with every difficulty that poverty throws in his way, may as well retire into some corner and hide himself. Poverty saves thousands more than it ruins, for it only ruins those who are not particularly worth saving, while it saves multitudes wealth would have ruined. If any young man who reads this letter is so fortunate as to be rich I give him my pity. I pity you, my rich young friend, because you are in danger. You lack one great stimulus to effort and excellence, which your poor companion possesses. You will be very apt, if you have a soft spot in your head, to think yourself above him, and that sort of a thing makes you mean and injures you. With full pockets and full stomach, and good linen and broadcloth on your back, your heart and soul plethoric, in the race of life, you will find yourself surpassed by poor young men before you know it.

No, my boy, if you are poor, thank God and take courage; for He intends to give you a chance to make something of yourself. If you had plenty of money, ten chances to one it would spoil you for all useful purposes. Do you lack education? Remember that education, like some other things, does not consist in the multitude of things a man possesses. What can you *do*? That is the question. You can get the use of a few good books, and be your own teacher. Self-taught men never fail to make their mark in the world, while multitudes of the College-learned show no evidence of it but their diplomas.

LEAVING HOME.—There is hardly a time, in the life of a youth, which seems to gather together so many tokens of a mother's affection and care, as when he is leaving the roof that has sheltered him from infancy, and going forth to prepare for, or to enter upon, the duties and scenes of life. That trunk, which no one but a mother can arrange and pack, is filled with the work of her own hands; work which she has done while he was, perhaps, asleep or at play; on which her tears have fallen, as she has anticipated the moment of separation; and over which her prayers have often been silently raised for blessings on her child. Piece after piece is carefully put away, while the children look on and talk cheerfully of the morrow, and know not the anxiety and sorrow that is passing in the mother's heart. All is at length arranged, and on the last layer is placed a Bible, on the fly-leaf of which is written the mother's earnest wish, that her child may take that blessed volume as his guide through life. And when he is far away, amid scenes that are strange and new, if there is one motive next to the desire to obey God, that should, above all others, induce him to abstain from evil, and to act wisely and virtuously, it should be the wish to please his mother, and to repay the kindness and care she has shown him. Nothing will so surely do this, as the knowledge that her son remembers her instructions, obeys her commands, even while absent, and is growing up in wisdom and virtue.

HOW CONGRESS LOOKS.—The following letter gives a pretty good idea of the first appearance of congress to a stranger:

"I visited the House, and found it a pretty noisy place—you can form some idea of it by comparing it to a New England town meeting. Every body wanted to speak at the same time; first one member bawling out Mr Speaker, then another, others still trying to speak, while little groups are busy talking together the Speaker rapping with his mallet and calling them to order, some walking about some writing, and others stretched out at full length on the sofa, and the same time a score of pages are flitting about at the bid of members, makes it resemeble a swarm of bees.

THE JAPANESE EMBASSEY.—Some amusing scenes occurred at the hanquet given to the Japanese at San Francisco. One California official in his anxiety to gain some insight into the Japanese vernaculas, passed some ice cream to his left hand neighbor with the words:—"Snow: Ice. Hey! What-e call um in Japanese?" To which the gentleman from Jeddo not understanding this very intelligible medley, replied, *Belly good*," and continued to discuss the luscious compound.

☞ The moment a man takes it into his foolish head that he has what the world calls genius, he gives himself a discharge from the servile drudgery of all friendly offices and becomes good for nothing except in the pursuit of his favorite employment.

☞ What a fine head your boy has," said an admiring friend. "Yes said the fond father; "he's a chip of the old block—ain't you sonny?" "I guess so daddy,' cause the teacher said yesterday I was a young blockhead.

☞ Voltaire's definition of a physician is "an unfortunate gentleman who is expected every day to perform a miracle namely, to reconcile health with intemperance."

☞ If we would read the secret history of our enemies we should find in each man's life sorrow and suffering enough to disarm all hostility.

Time.

Time speeds away—away—away;
Another hour—another day—
Another month—another year—
Drop from us like the leaflets sere;
Drop like the life-blood from our hearts;
The rose-bloom from the cheek departs,
The tresses from the temples fall,
The eye grows dim, and strange to all.

Time speeds away—away—away;
Like torrent in a stormy day;
He undermines the stately tower,
Uproots the tree and snaps the flower;
And sweeps from our distracted breast
The friends that loved, that blessed,
And leaves us weeping on the shore,
To which they can return no more.

Time speeds away—away—away;
No eagle through the skies of day,
No wind along the hills can flee
So swiftly or so smooth as he;
Like fiery steed, from stage to stage,
He bears us on—from youth to age,
Then plunges in the fearful sea
Of fathomless eternity.

School Kissing.

"Who gave that kiss?" the teacher cried;
'Twas Harry Hall," John Jones replied.
"Come here to me," old Switchem said,
And solemnly he shook his head;
"What evil genius prompted you
So rude a thing in school to do?"
Said Harry, "I can hardly say
Just how it happened. Any way
To do a sum she whispered me;
And round my face her curls you see—
That is her cheek—and—I—and—I—
Just kissed her, but I don't know why."

A Good Speech.

Hon. H. L. Dawes, from this State, has made one of the best speeches in Congress on the present aspect of the slavery question, that we have had the pleasure of perusing. He goes over the whole ground, tracing the course of events for many years, showing how the policy of the democratic party has been to crush every opposition to slavery by fair or foul means. Our limits will not allow us to publish the speech, but we give the following extracts as a sample:

"Mails are rifled, and an army of country postmasters, with their subalterns, well nigh as large as that which followed the fortunes of absolutism on the plains of Solferino, is commanded by a general order emanating from the central, moving spirit and power, to break the sacred seal of private correspondence, and commit to the flames whatever may be found not in harmony with the key note in which are sung the praises and blessings of slavery. The sacredness of person is invaded; and whether men shall travel in safety, no longer depends upon what they do, but upon what they think. At its bidding men repudiate their debts and banish their creditors. By its ethics, contracts and existence itself, as with societies, are dissolved into thin air, and he whose business pursuits call him from a free North, within the shadow of this institution, is tracked from city to city, and his every movement subjected to an espionage which would disgrace the despotism of Russia, and set France in a blaze. A Northern man may today roam the world over, outside of the Southern States, free in thought and speech, in more safety than he can inside of them. And all this because he will not abjure his fathers' faith and his own, and take to his embrace, without question, the horrid tenets of a dogma admitted by its preachers to have been born of the light and of the spirit which descended upon the heads of a chosen few of this generation only."

* * * * * * * *

"We tell you candidly, yet firmly, we will have none of your institutions among us. If you are not content to leave this matter as your fathers and ours left it, on your heads, not ours, be the consequences. We take this thing as it came to us, and we will take no more of it. Hug this institution to your own bosoms, if you please, where your fathers and ours left it, and we will not touch so much as a hair of its head. Change your own opinions, and spit upon those of your fathers, if it seem well so to do; but you have no right to demand any such change in us. You may pluck the beards of your fathers; we will bow before ours. You may worship new gods; we will venerate the old ones. You may call evil good, and black white, but we shall pervert no terms, and renounce no self-evident truths. We do not question your sincerity; you shall not ours. The policy of your fathers and ours was the same and unmistakeable; you seek to change, we to abide by it. They have set the landmarks; you are striving to remove, we to maintain them. Let the curse for so doing fall where it belongs. You say that you believe slavery to be a blessing—you can keep it: we cannot deprive you of it. We know freedom to be a blessing past measure, and you cannot rob us of it. Let us understand each other better. You demand that the whole policy of the government, from the first morn of its existence, shall be reversed, or you will dissolve this Union, and shiver the whole fabric to atoms; we demand that the whole fabric shall be maintained, and with it the Union and of the grand old temple, intact from base to pinnacle. If you have anything to tear down, on your heads, and not on ours, will it fall. If you are bent on treason, upon you, and not upon us, rest the consequences."

NARROW ESCAPE FROM A MADMAN.—It is said of Jullien that, shortly before his death, he entered his house armed with a large knife, "Come here," said he to his adopted child, a girl about eighteen years old, "I am going to let you hear the angels sing." He was going to cut her throat. She had presence of mind enough to reply: "Willingly; but before I go let me hear you play on the flagcolet, that I may compare your music and theirs." Jullien thought the idea excellent, and went to get his flagcolet; while he was gone the child called the servants, the unhappy madman was secured and carried to the private mad-house, where he died a few days afterward.

A MOUSE CHARMED BY MUSIC.—A few evenings since a lady in Lexington, Michigan, was playing upon a melodeon, when a mouse emerged from the corner of the room, ran up to the instrument, then ascended the dress of the performer into her lap, and finally nestled under her basque. The little animal was in such a high state of ecstacy that it was utterly powerless, and had the performer continued longer it would probably have expired.

☞ A son of Gov. Goram, of Minnesota, has been expelled from the Illinois University for raising the d—l and breaking things. That young man—if he lives long enough—may reach the 'White House,' at Washington, or the State Prison.

☞ A California paper tells of a hunter who killed nine thousand snipes at four shots and the air was full of falling birds for several days—not to speak of the great number of cripples hobbling about on the ground.

☞ Somebody advertises for agents to sell a work entitled 'Hymenial Instructor.' A cotemporary adds, 'The best hymenial instructor we know of is a young widow. What she don't know there is no use learning.

LIFE IN NEW YORK.--ROMANCE AND REALITY.

The New York correspondent of the Charleston Mercury writes:

"Did it ever occur to you what a capital trap Broadway is for catching fugitive murderers, burglars and swindlers from other parts of the United States or foreign countries? It is a fact that at least nine-tenths of all the criminal refugees who visit this city are nabbed in Broadway. And here is the explanation: Broadway is constantly crowded with human beings, and the fugitive having previously disguised himself, so that he feels sure of escaping detection, seems to think that he will be less observed in the thronged mart than in the scantily traveled side streets. Besides if he is a perfect stranger here, he cannot resist the temptation to see the sights.

Now, the chances are ten to one that the photograph of this particular rascal is at the police headquarters in Broome street, and that his lineaments have been carefully studied and copied with almost photographic accuracy upon the minds of twenty thoroughly experienced detectives, who spend most of their time in Broadway, in citizens' dress, and are constantly on the lookout for persons whose portraits or verbal descriptions of whom have been sent by the police authorities, or parties, of other cities, to the superintendent of the New York force. A man acquainted with these 'shadows' cannot walk half a dozen blocks on Broadway without meeting one of them strolling along the street, carefully scrutinizing each passer by peering under slouched hats, looking with especial care at every man with a wig and spectacles.

Much of their hunting is done in stages.—About 3 P. M., when the Broadway promenade is at its beight, a shrewd detective will not have to ride up and down the street more than twice before he will spy some malefactor on the sidewalk. Having a strong suspicion that he has at last found his man, (and the 'shadows' rarely make a mistake) he 'pipes' the supposed fugitive, watches his manœuvres, passes him two or three times, and takes sidelong looks at him, to compare his disguised face with the portrait or description.

In the meantime he meets another 'shadow,' secures his assistance by a sign, and feeling at last perfectly satisfied that he is on the right track, waits until his prey turns into a side street, a saloon or hotel, (to avoid a scene) and then steps up to him with an extended hand, and addresses him by name.—No amount of coolness and self-possession can stand the shock of such an unexpected salutation, and the guilty party immediately betrays himself by the sudden [illegible] of his face. The 'shadows' open their coats and show the policeman's shield glittering within, and the fugitive succumbs to his fate in a stupor of amazement. Scenes like this occur daily in New York."

COURTSHIP LEGALLY DEFINED.

In these days of divorce cases, elopements and the like, we know that our lady readers will be much interested in anything which may tend to throw light upon the subject of courtship, (for it is generally carried on in the dark) and which will enable them to determine when they have "got" a fellow where they can hold him. In the great breach of promise case recently tried in St. Louis, the counsel for the plaintiff, in opening the case, made a long speech, in the course of which he laid down these symptoms of courtship:

"It is appropriate to say in this connection, lest an objection should be raised, which it is easy to foresee may be raised, that the scores of little things, actions, expressions, looks, tones, accents, gifts, visits, which make up the commerce of love and courtship, depend for their cumulative character upon the number and frequency of them, and on the whole taken together. Such sort of proof is not like that of a logical chain of successive links, in which the strength of the chain is not all greater than that of its weaker link.—Nor is it like a series of facts in a chain of circumstantial evidence, each fact being absolutely essential to the chain, and to fastening conviction in the mind of a jury—the absence of one being fatal.

But the kind of evidence of which we have been speaking finds its illustration in the faggot of sticks, any one of which may be broken. But taken together, and no force of ingenuity can bend or break them. Any one of the separate incidents of a courtship may carry very little meaning. A gift of flowers may be a mere act of neighborly courtesy or compliment. The presentation of a book may betoken nothing more than gratified friendship. A kiss, not amorous or sensual, may be the index simply of a perfectly friendly understanding and confidence. Any one of these, taken by itself, may tell no particular story. But visits running through months, with innumerable evidence of exclusive preference, all united and concentrated in one woman, do tell a very plain story, and in their accumulated shape, are satisfactory evidence of a solicitation to marry; and if the attentions are accepted and enjoyed the contract is complete."

FRESH AIR AND LONG LIFE.—Breath fresh air if you would live long. In New England farmers who pass their time out of doors, live to an average of 64 years. The average age of persons who have in-door occupations at death is, Massachusetts and Rhode Island: Shoemakers, 43, tailors 42 1-2, editors 41, druggists jewelers and teachers, from 39 to 40, machinists, 38 1-2, printers, 36 1-2.—Fresh air, therefore, almost doubles a man's life, while it more than doubles his capacity for enjoyment.

☞ In a little farewell speech at St Louis the other day, Matilda Heron, the actress, owned up to a fully large indebtedness, saying:

"To you I owe my reputation, I owe my husband, I owe my child." Here she was overcome by the magnitude of her indebtedness and waved a silent adieu to her creditors who filled the theatre.

☞ He that voluntarily continues in ignorance, is guilty of all the crimes which ignorance produces.

☞ To married men—never flatter, caress or scold your wife before other people.

THE POOR CUSTOMER.

"How much butter?"
"One half pound, if you please."
"And sugar?"
"Half a pound."
"And these oranges?"
"Half a dozen, sir."
"You go by the halves to day; well, what else? Be speedy, ma'am, you're keeping better customers waiting."
"Half a peck of Indian meal and one fine French roll," said the woman, but her lip trembled and she turned to wipe away a trickling tear.

I looked at her straw bonnet, all broken, at her faded shawl, her thin, stooping form, her coarse garments, and I read poverty in all—extreme poverty. And the pallid, pinched features, the mournful, but once beautiful face, told me that luxuries were not for her.—An invalid lonked out from his narrow window, whose pale lip longed for the cool, fresh orange, for whose comfort the tea, and the butter, and the fine French roll were bought, with much sacrifice. And I saw him sip the tea, and taste the dainty bread, and praise the flavor of the sweet butter, and turn with brightening eye to the golden fruit. And I heard him ask her, kneeling by the smoky hearth, to taste them with him; and as she set the broken pan on edge, to bake her coarse loaf, I heard her say, "By and by, when I am hungry." And by and by, when the white lids of the sufferer were closed in sleep, I saw her bend over him with a blessing in her heart, and she laid the remnant of the feast carefully by, and ate her bread unmoistened.

I started from my reverie; the grocer's hard eye was upon me.

"You're keeping better customers waiting."

O, I wanted to tell him how poverty and persecution, contempt and scorn, could not dim the heart's fine gold, purified by many a trial; and that woman, with her little wants and holy sacrifice, was better in the sight of God than many a trumpet-tongued Dives, who gave that he might be known of men.—*Olive Branch.*

AN ECONOMICAL WOOD SAWYER.—A German wood sawyer in Cincinnati went to the office of an attorney in Larmon block, to make his will. He lived on his own freehold in the West division; had neither wife, child, nor relative in the world, except a distant cousin; owed not a penny to any one, and was worth, as appeared from the will when finished, over four thousand dollars. All this he had accumulated by sawing wood. He had followed this occupation for years, notwithstanding his great age, declining health and ability to live the remainder of his days without. He sawed his last cord only a week prior to the making of his will, and only quit the business when he fell at the sawbuck, probably never again to get upon his feet.—At most he could live only a few weeks longer; yet, to save a few shillings extra cost, he got his acquaintances to take him to the lawyer's office rather than bring the lawyer to him. When the will was made (which distributed his property among several of his German friends) the lawyer spoke to him of his condition, and advised him to go home and procure more nourising food than he had been in the habit of living upon, as the best means of prolonging his days. The old man shook his head and said with a groan, "Too mush cost!" He paid the attorney's fee in five and ten cent pieces, and was again carried down stairs, and placed on his bed in the wagon.

HOW TO BE HANDSOME.—It is perfectly natural for all women to be handsome. If they are not so, the fault lies in their birth or in their training, or in both. We would therefore respectfully remind mothers that, in Poland, a period of childhood is recognized. The girls do not jump from infancy to young ladyhood. They are not sent from the cradle directly to the drawing-room, to dress, sit still and look pretty. During childhood, which extends through a period of several years, they are plainly and loosely dressed, and allowed to run, romp and play, in the open air. They take to sunshine as does the flower. They are not loaded down, girded about and oppressed every way with countless frills and super-abundant flounces, so as to be admired for her much clothing. Plain, simple food, free and varied exercise, abundant sunshine, and good mental culture are secrets of beauty in after life.—*Ladies' Newspaper.*

HOW TO START A HORSE.—One who witnessed the operation gives the following mode of starting a "balky horse:"—A stage horse refused to go ahead; the driver tried, without effect, to get him to go forward, backward or sideways. At length, a gentleman made his way through the crowd, and taking a handful of mud from the street, held it to the horse's mouth and smeared it over his nose. The animal seemed to receive a slight shock; he put his ears forward, as much as to say, What is this? He ate, apparently with relish, two or three handfuls. After a few pats on the neck, and a few minutes standing, he started and went on without further difficulty, to the evident satisfaction of the driver and a large crowd.

TWO DAUGHTERS WITH THE SAME NAME. Recently, an infant was brought to a church near London to be christened. The minister proceeded with the rite until he came to the words, "Name this child," when the mother named it "Lucy," by which name it was christened. At the conclusion of the ceremony, the mother informed the minister that she had made a serious mistake. Its name should have been Elizabeth instead of Lucy, as, of her three children, she had one already named Lucy. Unfortunately, however, the name could not be altered.

☞ Misfortunes are moral bitters which frequently restore the healthy tone of mind after it has been cloyed and sickened by the sweets of prosperity.

☞ Physicians in India raise blisters with red hot iron, and dress them with cayenne peper. If such treatment does not make people smart, we dont know anything that would.

☞ The mind has more room in it than most people think, if we would but furnish the apartments.

ANOTHER CASE OF BETRAYAL.—A case of betrayal in Groton, Tompkin's county, N.Y., which has just come to light, is the subject of a great deal of anxiety among the friends of the parties and indignation in the community. The facts of the case are, as near as we can gather them as follows:—Something more than a year ago, a merchant of that town whose previous intrigues with the fair sex had rendered him obnoxious to a large portion of the community, and made a public profession of religion and joined the Methodist church, and succeeded in making people believe that he really meant to lead a better life. His victim, the wife of a respectable machinist, belonged to the same church, and report says that they were thrown much together at prayer meetings and became very intimate, so much so that it became the subject of general remark, and finally came to the ears of her husband.

His suspicions were excited, but he did not believe his wife unfaithful to him, until Wednesday evening on coming home he found the house deserted, and on instituting search found the merchant and his wife together at or near a barn standing in a field some distance from the house. The outraged husband knocked the merchant down and jumped on his face with both feet, breaking the bridge of his nose and cutting his face in a shocking manner. The merchant begged for his life, but the husband continued to stamp him until life was extinct, when he took his faithless wife home and informed one of his neighbors of the circumstances and that he supposed he had killed the merchant and he had better see to it. The next morning some of the neighbors went to the spot indicated, and found that the man had not been killed, but had come to and crawled home, as they easily found by his blood along his route home. The machinist's wife says that she and the merchant have met clandestinely for the last six or eight months. She has been sent to her friends. The affair has made the husband insane, and he has since made two attempts to go to the house of the merchant with the avowed intention of taking life, but has been restrained by friends. The merchant has been taken away from Groton and secreted in Homer or Cortlandt, to keep him from the vengeance of the man whose domestic happiness has been ruined.—*Albany Advertiser.*

LIBERAL INTERPRETATION OF "FIVE PER CENT."—A somewhat verdant-looking individual called upon a jeweller in Montreal, and stated that he had managed to accumulate, by hard labor for the few past years, some seventy-five dollars, that he wished to invest it in something, whereby he might make money a little faster; and he had determined to take some of his stock and peddle it out. The jeweller selected what he thought would sell readily, and the new peddler started on his first trip. He was gone but a few days, when he returned, bought as much again as before, and started on his second trip. Again he returned, and greatly increased his stock. He succeeded so well, and accumulated so fast, that the jeweller one day asked him what profit he made on what he sold. "Well, I put on 'bout five per cent." The jeweller thought that a very small profit, and expressed as much. "Well," said the peddler, "I don't know as I exactly understand about your *per cent.*, but an article for which I pay you one dollar, I *generally sell for five!*"

LONG NAP OF AN INDIAN HATCHET.—We were shown, a day or two since, a great curiosity, says the St. John (N. B.) Democrat, which was no less than a block of wood taken from the heart of a white oak tree, in which was firmly imbedded an Indian hatchet of stone. It was found by Mr. J. Everet in the township of Greenbush, who had cut the tree and was manufacturing it into staves.—The tree was perfectly sound, and nothing was noticeable indicating that such a thing was imbedded therein, until it was struck upon with an axe. Upon examination, it was ascertained that the hatchet was stuck there when the tree had about thirty years growth, and that it had remained there more than two centuries, as more than two hundred years growth of the tree was counted ouside of where the hatchet lay.

ORIGIN OF "A FEATHER IN HIS HAT."—Among the manuscripts of the British Museum, says an English writer, there are two copies of a curious description of Hungary, which appears to have been written by a military adventurer of the Dalgetty tribe, in 1598. The writer, speaking of the inhabitants, whom he describes as being "of stature and complexion not unlike untu the poor Englishe, and in habits like untu the poor Irishe," says: "It hath been an ancient eustome amongst them, that none should wear a feather but he who had killed a Turk, to whom only yt was lawful to show the number of feathers in his cappe!" Does not this account for the expression, "That will be a feather in his cap?"

MATHEMATICAL PRAYER.—At a revival meeting held in a town near this city a few evenings since, an aged German was powerfully converted, when he immediately offered in substance the following prayer; "O, mine Gott, do good to de Methodist peoples in Janesville—dey got pig church and pig minister and tree hundred pious peoples dere—if *ten* Methodist peoples here pray and de old vicked Tuchman converted, what if de tree hundred Methodist peoples in Janesville *all* pray!" We think there would be a much needed general reform accomplished.—*Janesville Gazette.*

EXCOMUNICATION IN BOSTON.—Three persons were excommunicated from the Park-Street Church, in Boston. One did not attend meeting and was not a believer in the atonement. Another absented himself from meeting, and was a spiritualist. The third abused his wife.

☞ Mrs. Partington says that nothing dispises her so much as to see people who profess to expect salvation go to church without their purses when a recollection is to be taken up.

☞ Gratitude is the music of the heart when its chords are swept by the gentle breeze of kindness.

☞ Let all seen enjoyments lead you to the unseen fountain whence they flow.

HINTS TO YOUNG LADIES.

Don't make a *confidante* of the first interesting young lady you meet. A woman can't keep a secret any more than a sieve can hold water, and ten to one she'll tell the whole story to the sister of the nice young man in question. Then you can imagine the consequences!

Don't pretend to be angry because gentlemen have the audacity to look at you when you promenade Broadway in your best bonnet. What do you go there for, if not to be seen? The more you affect indignation the more the offending wretches won't believe it.

Don't pay thirty or forty dollars for the aforesaid bonnet, and then complain that 'pa' is in such narrow circumstances that you cannot afford to give twenty-five cents in charity!

Don't eat blue and yellow candies the whole time, like a mouse nibbling at pine apple cheese, and then lament because you haven't any appetite for dinner.

Don't ask a beardless boy what school he attends, and whether he prefers kites or marbles, unless you are certain he is neither a "rising young lawyer" nor a member of the Legislature.

Don't keep a gentleman waiting half an hour, when he calls, while you put on lace and ribbons, and arrange curls; he isn't a fool, whatever you may think on the subject, and will probably form his own ideas upon your original appearance.

Don't run and hide, like a frightened rabbit, when a gentleman puts his head into the room where you are sweeping or dusting. If there's anything to be ashamed of in the business, why do you do it?

Don't proclaim to the world that you can't exist without six Paris bonnets in a year, and that life would be a burden without an opera box and diamonds, and then wonder that the young men "sheer off!"

And above all, when one does propose, don't say no, when you mean yes! He may take you at your word!

If you follow all these precepts you may one day succeed in getting married, and that, you know, is the summit of all earthly ambition!

A KIND ELEPHANT.—This animal, in the absence of his keeper, was one day amusing himself with his chain in an open part of the town, when a man who had committed a theft and was pursued by a great number of people, despairing of all other means of safety, drew for protection under the belly of the elephant. Delighted with the poor wretch's confidence the elephant instantly faced the crowd, erected his proboscis and threw his chain in the air in the manner of these creatures when engaged with the enemy and became so furious in defence of the criminal that notwithstanding all the gentle arts made use of by the surrounding multitude, neither they or his keeper to whom he was fondly attached, and who was sent for to manage him, could not prevail on him to give up the malefactor. The contest had continued above three hours, when at length the govenor, hearing the strange account of it, came to the spot and was so much pleased with the generous perseverance of the honest quadruped, that he yielded to the elephant's interposition and pardoned the criminal. The poor man in ecstacy of gratitude, testified his acknowledgments by kissing and embracing the proboscis of his kind benefactor who was apparently, so sensible of what had happened, that laying aside all of his former violence he became perfectly tame in an instant and suffered his keeper to conduct him away without the smallest resistance.—*Morris.*

HEINOUS BARBARITY.—The wholesale butchery of Indians at Humbolt Bay, of which we have recently given some account, is one of the most shocking instances of crime that ever occurred among a people called civilized. It is stated that one hundred and eighty-eight persons, chiefly women and children, were massacred in cold blood in one night, by whites living somewhere in the vicinity. No provocation for such an outrage is said to have been given—indeed, none could be in the nature of things. It was all done in the immediate vicinity of the United States barracks, and it is stated that the aid of the troops in protecting the Indians has been invoked in vain. We can scarcely credit such statements, although they have been coming to us for some time uncontradicted. If we have a government worth anything at all at Washington, it will order a searching investigation of the affair, and not rest till its atrocious participants are brought to condign punishment.—No nation can expect to escape retributive justice that slurs over the commission of such crimes as this.

SANDS OF GOLD.—He has hard work who has nothing to do.

Every heart has its secret sorrow, which the world knows not; and oftentimes we call a man cold when he is only sad.

God reaches us good things by our hands.

Our conduct in life is within our own control; our destiny is that of Providence.

Remember that recreation must not be your business, but a preparation for it.

STARVING HIMSELF.—The New Bedford Mercury reports that Mr. Ensign Eldridge of Chatham, an unmarried man of about 40 years of age, recently came to the determination to end his life by starvation, and for the last twenty days has persisted in refusing all sustenance. He is probably insane. Several years since a female relative of Mr. Eldridge came to her death by the same means, at the end of twenty-four days.

HUNGARY.—Hungary is still in a state of agitation, and will give Austria trouble. Before England shall become an ally of Austria again, as she threatens, it may be hoped the Hungarians will be able to secure their rights, as it would be awkward for her to be asked to help to put down that gallant people.

☞ A picker up of loose coal in the streets of New York, recently purchased a farm near the city for $6000, and "retired from business."

☞ The more a dentist's practice increases, the oftener he looks down in the mouth.

☞ Young heiresses, however homely, always "come down handsome."

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1860.

Lost Daughters.

We published n week or two ago an account of the finding of the body of a young woman nnchored to a barrel of pitch in the water near Jersey City. No friend or relative of the woman has yet been found, and no clue has been obtained of her murderer. It is one of those mysterious cases which so frequently occur in New York and its vicinity. The coroner states that no less than thirteen fathers or mothers have called to see if the body was not their own child. As none of the thirteen have identified the remains, there must be at least fourteen daughters missing. What a commentary on life in the city! Fourteen daughters gone astray and their fate sealed in profound mystery—fourteen homes rendered desolnte by the sudden departure of cherished children over whom hangs a doubt more terrible than would be the knowledge that they slept in quiet graves. A year or two ago it will be recolleeted that the body of a young girl was found shockingly mutilated in an open field in New Jersey. At least a dozen fathers and mothers who had daughters missing went to view the remains, expecting to recognize in them a lost child; but, as in the recent case, no relative could be found. Where the unfortunate victim came from, who were her relatives or how she came murdered, the public may never know. But the public does know that there has been a terrible crime committed, and that somebody has done it.

There is always a mystery hanging over life in a great city. People go and come, and very few know, ask or care what becomes of them. Very many men are missed from their homes, and no trace can be found of them till some morning their bodies are found in the river.—That is all the answer ever obtained by the numerous enquiries concerning them. If the stronger sex are dealt with in this wny, how weak and defenceless must be the female who finds herself within the whirlpool of excitement and vice in the city. From the rural districts of New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, unsuspecting daughters are decoyed away from their homes by ngents sent out from the haunts of infamy in the metropolis. These agents are sometimes young men, but oftener women. The victim is enticed to the city by the prospect of a gay life, and when once away from parental control her ruin is effected. Then there is a daughter lost. Parents' hearts are lacerated deeply, for they trace their child to the city, and they know the rest. By and by there is a body found in the river—the body of a young woman, who, driven to desperation by remorse and ruin, has committed suicide, or has fallen a victim to jealous rivals. That is the end of many a lost daughter. We once heard the city missionary of Boston estimate that no less than one hundred girls were annually abducted from Maine and New Hampshire to supply an infamous demand in that city. In all parts of the country there are homes made desolate by this traffic in female virtue. There are lost daughters, lost sisters and lost wives—and when a decayed and lifeless female is found floating in the water, anxious parents, brothers and husbands hasten to see if a lost one is not found.

There is but one way to prevent such a terrible loss. It is to train up daughters in the path of virtue—to make home such a place of love and happiness that no child will stray from it or be led away by the arts of the seducer—such a place that no libertine will dare profane its walls or tempt its inmates. The increasing wickedness of the age must be met with additional watchfulness and care on the part of parents and guardians. Fathers must not indulge in dissipation nnd expect to have respectable sons; mothers must not spend their time in studying the follies of fashion, neglecting home and its responsibilities, and hope for virtuous daughters, for such expectations and hopes would be fallacious. Right training, right examples, right education, nre the foundation for right conduct in the lives of our children.

Since the above was written the body of the young woman found in the Jersey dock has been identified by a young man known as "Boston Charley" who says she is his wife, but she had left him to become the mistress of a sporting man who has paid her board at New York and other places. She went under the name of Mrs. Richardson. The coroner rendered a verdict that she came to her death by the hands of some person or persons unknown. It is thought that the fancy man who had expended nearly $20,000 on her must have some knowledge of her death.

THE HAPPY FAMILY.—The convention at Charleston has been one of the stormiest on record, equalling if not eclipsing the excitement in Congress between the Republicans and slaveholders. Pistols have been drawn, the lie given and insults exchanged. There never before occurred such proceedings in a Democratic National Convention. Mr. Bryan, of Texas declared that a persistence in the principles maintained by a majority of the convention will ultimately dissolve the Union. So the democrats themselves are going to dissolve the Union instead of the black republicans.—Mr. Burrows of Arkansas said he considered Northern democrats worse than the Black Republicans. He did not care whether the Black Republicans whipped them or they whipped the Black Republicans. Of the two he considered the Black Republicans as the most open and manly foe of the South. What an amiable party! Broken, split, deranged and degenerated, it presents to-day a loathsome, disfigured appearance. With parties, as with nations, a division is followed by a fall, and no greater judgment could overtake the democratic party than a disruption brought about by its own iniquity.

CONVICTED.—Rev. J. S. Harden, who has been on trial at Belvidere, N. J., for poisoning his wife, was convicted on Wednesday.

The Charleston Convention--Breaking Up of the Democracy!--Secession of the Fire Eaters!--Adjourned to Baltimore!

At the time of going to press last week the Charleston Convention was in an unpleasant stew over a platform of principles. Things continued to grow worse up to Monday, when, on the adoption of a platform substantially like that adopted at Cincinnatti four years ago, the difficulty culminated in a bolt of most of the delegates from seven Southern States—Texas, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, South Carolina, Florida and Mississippi. These States represent 120 electoral votes. The Georgia delegation joined the seceders on Tuesday, and those from three other Southern States retired for consultation. The excitement caused by this movement was intense.—The secessionists organized in another convention, choosing Senator Bayard of Delaware for President. This convention decided to wait the moving of the waters before striking out for itself. The "regulars" stuck to the planks in their platform with the determination of earnest men. Foremost among those who labored against the fire eaters was Gen. Butler of Massachusetts.

The seceders declared that the democratic party was broken never again to be united.—They denounced the Northern democrats as being as bad as black republicans, and Douglas no better than Seward. Mayor Wood nnd his delegation from New York, who had been thrust out in the cold, joined the seceders.—On Tuesday Mr. Boulden of South Carolina—who remained in the convention—made a conciliatory speech, classing the Northern democrats as exhibiting more firmness than the "saints in heaven"—said he loved them and would stand by them, and wound up by declaring the slave trader the noblest philanthropist and the most christian civilizer in the world, whereat one Mr. Reed of Indiana, piously ejaculated, "Here's one who is with you on that subject." Before proceeding to ballot the convention adopted a vote, that two thirds of the whole number of the votes of the electoral college should be required for the nomination. The successful candidate has therefore got to receive 202 votes. At the evening session twelve ballots were had, on which Douglas received 145½ votes on the first ballot, Guthrie 36½, Hunter 42 and the balance scattering. At the twelfth ballot Douglns received 150½ votes, the rest being divided between eight candidates, in about the same proportion as on the first ballot. On Wednesday the number of ballots reached 57. On the 23d ballot Douglas received 152½ or a majority of the electoral college, but on 57th he had fallen back to 151½ and Guthrie advanced to 65½. A strong effort was then made to adjourn the convention to the first Monday of June at Baltimore, but without success.

On Thursday morning the regular convention after a brief discussion voted to adjourn to meet at Baltimore on the 18th day of June. The seceders, having been reduced by departures to about 40 members, continued in session till late in the evening, and then adjourned, to meet at Richmond on the 11th of June—just a week earlier than the regular convention. The farce has ended and the "irrepressible conflict" has destroyed the unity of the democratic party, and their defeat would seem to be certain.

Douglas' friends announce their intention to stand by him to the last. What the result will be we cannot foresee. One thing is certain—the democrats can elect no other man President, than Mr. Douglas, yet his nomination is seemingly impossible, and his friends say "no other person shall be nominated." The different factions feel exceedingly bitter towards each other, but time and the reflection that the Democratic party is the only safeguard of slavery extension may reconcile the seceders and cause them to unite again harmoniously at Baltimore. The glory of the democratic party has waned, and the prestige of success has vanished, and it only remains for the Republicans at Chicago to embrace the opportunity, avoid ultra and radical opinions, and nominate a sound conservative man, and success is certain.

A LADY'S (!) IDEA OF PANTS.—Miss Harriet N. Austin, who once called upon us for n cane to assist her in her pedestrian journeying, is publishing a "Reform paper" in Dansville, N. Y., in which she devotes a long article to the subject of her "making up." She says—

"My pantaloons are all cut at the bottom like gentlemen's. I like them better than straight ones; nnd those which some ladies have worn, full and gathered at the bottom, are 'unmentionable.' My pattern was cut by a tailor, his wife taking the measure."

Why don't you let the tailor take your measure, Harriet?

A TOOTH EXTRACTOR IN BAD BUSINESS.—Dr. Jacob Perkins of Springfield appears to have been in other business than that belonging to his profession. On Sunday night officers visited his house, where they found men and girls in close familiarity. The Doctor has entered into bonds to the amount of $300 to appear for trial. This place of unlnwful resort is on Chestnut street, where Springfield aristocracy flourishes.

A WIFE MURDERER FLEES BEFORE THE OFFICERS.—A man giving the name of James Busille recently purchased a woolen mill at East Milton, Me. A few days since he and his wife left suddenly, and the next day an officer arrived from Auburn, N. Y., to arrest him on a charge of poisoning his wife. He had escaped a few months before by false testimony introduced by necomplices. The woman living with him in Maine was one with whom he had lived before the death of his wife.

HOLYOKE.—A little daughter of Enos Allen at Holyoke, was accidentally shot in the hip a few days since by a young brother who took up a gun and endeavored to cock it, when the hammer slipped from his fingers and it went off.——A rape was recently committed upon a married woman of that place during the absence of the lady's husband, and the officers are on the track of the villain.

The Great Fight.

The great prize fight between Heenan and Sayers has transpired. On the day designated 3000 people left London for the country in a special train, to witness the fight. The fare was $15 each passenger, the money to be divided between the pugilists after paying for the train. A London paper says it gave to each about $12,000. Arriving on the ground the stakes were stuck and the combatants stripped to the waist. They had never seen each other before, and for several minutes after shaking hands each surveyed the other from head to foot.—Then they went nt it, Heenan dealing his sledge-hammer knocks upon Sayers, sometimes knocking him squarely down, and Sayers occasionally getting in a huge blow upon Heenan's face. They fought forty-two rounds, when the police outside rushed in and broke off the fight. The referees had been shut off from a view of the parties by the rush at the 38th round. Heenan declared himself victor of the ring and champion of the world, calling upon Sayers to come to time if he disputed it; but Sayers was pretty nearly used up, one of the bones in his left arm being broken by a blow from Heenan. The referees decided it a drawn battle, so as to save Sayers the mortification of being declared beaten. So nobody gets the belt, and all the bruises, knocks and punches were for nothing. Heenan's face was so battered that it did not look like a human countenance. He was blind in three minutes after the fight, but otherwise was in good fighting order. Sayers, on the whole, was the worst damaged. He had been knocked down 27 times, while Heenan had only been down once. It was a brutal exhibition, yet such has been the anxiety to witness the fight that several sporting men crossed the Atlantic to be present. In the crowd were lawyers, doctors, members of Parliament, and even clergymen. For months it has been the hotel and saloon talk on both sides the water, and many thousands of dollars have been bet on the result.—The parties are not to fight again, so that Sayers and Heenan may each claim to be champion of the world. Both are low-bred, vulgar and illiterate fellows, who would he thought no more of than the simplest clod-hopper were it not for their fighting propensities. It is a wonder, that in this refined nge, such characters are looked upon with fnvor, nnd still a greater wonder that men who profess to frown upon other immoralities, should take so deep nn interest in a disgraceful prize fight.

A DAMAGED DOCTOR.—One Dr. Byam was recently invited to leave the town of Mount Vernon, Wisconsin, and left accordingly; but he went only as far as Madison, where he bro't suit against the people who turned him out, and recovered a verdict of $330, which carried costs. The damages he inflicted were more than equal to those which he received.

BURNED TO DEATH.—A little girl named Armstrong, aged about nine years, living near Milwaukie, was burned to death on the afternoon of the 26th. She was playing with other children near n burning brush-heap, when her clothes took fire, and before assistance could be rendered, she wns burned to a crisp.

FLUID FATALITIES.—Two deaths by burning fluid explosions have recently occurred as follows: Jesse Martindale, Pine Village, Indiana; Mrs. Dugan, Warren county, Indiana. In addition, Mrs. Gessler of Mobile, and her two children, dangerously burned; Mrs. George Seiders of St. Louis, probably fatally burned.

AN ARMY OF CRIMINALS.—According to Dr. Forbes Winslow, there are in London 16,000 children trained to crime; 5,000 receivers of stolen goods; 15,000 gamblers; 25,000 beggars; 30,000 drunkards; 180,000 habitual gin drinkers; 150,000 persons subsisting on profligacy; 50,000 thieves.

MORE HIAWATHA ROMANCE.—The agent of a troop of Indians exhibiting about the country, is said to have induced a girl residing at East Bridgeport, Conn., to elope with him. She is only fifteen years old. The name of the man is R. E. Burns.

THE INQUISITION REVIVED.—Horrible tortures are inflicted by the Palermo police upon political prisoners, to make them confess—one is, making the offender sit down on a chair with an open work seat, furnished with razor blades, and having underneath a chafing dish of burning coal.

A GUILTY CONSCIENCE RELIEVED.—The sum of five hundred dollars has been sent to the State Auditor of New York, by an annonymous individual, who snys he received that amount over and above all expenses for work done the State, including a moderate compensation for his own services.

DEATHS BY FIRE.—Last Wednesday night, n fire occurred at Independence Centre, Ohio.—A dwelling house was burned, and two boys, one of fourteen and the other of 18, were burned to death. The father was shockingly burned while endeavoring to save his children.

A PAINFUL DEATH.—One day last week, a little girl seven years of age, daughter of Benjamin L. Morrison, Esq., of Sandy River Plantation, Me., fell into a fire where the family were boiling sap, and was burned so severely that death ensued in a few hours.

SINGULAR EFFECT.—Eben Harris of Marblehead was spurred by a rooster while feeding his hens a few days ago. The wound has produced delirium in which he crows at the top of his voice like a cock. His case is considered hopeless.

EXPLAINED.—The mystic letters "G. H. O. P. F.," the appearance of which in the New York Tribune created the impression that G. F. O. G. P. P. F. had returned to earth, are supposed to mean "gray headed old public functionary."

JUST SENTENCE.—J. W. Walsh, publisher of a scurrilous sheet at San Francisco, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the county jail, for libel upon C. E. S. McDonald, on whom he tried to levy black mail.

Small Paragraphs.

The wind and weather have been of doubtful character for a week. People who have coughs complain of a bad state of things in the atmosphere, and those who have a propensity for early gardening have shook their heads at the clouds, ns much as to say "its no use putting in seeds to rot." The disturbed elements at Charleston have had something to do with the elements up this way. However doubtful the prospect we may rely upon the promise of seed time and harvest, democracy or no democracy.

—Aaron Leggett recently died in New York worth the snug little sum of two million dollars. The world outside would never have known that sueh a man ever existed but for his death and money.

—A Wisconsin paper, after describing a farm which the advertiser wanted to sell, adds:—"The surrounding country is the most beautiful the God of Nature ever made. The scenery is celestial, divine; also two wagons to sell and a yoke of steers."

—Bellevue hospital, at New York, where the baby was eaten up by rats is to be cleared of its rats one year for $300, under n contract with a dealer in "rat exterminators."

—Eighteen thousand persons live underground, in New York city—about five persons to every basement.

—Seventeen hundred unlicensed dogs were killed in Boston between May and October, 1859, by order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

—A bachelor editor publishes the following with the caution to "bewnre."

"Don't let the wife's pulse
Prove in marriage a cursc,
When she's taken a husband for better or worse."

—There are in Iown, 39,000 more males than females. Girls, go out there and visit the folks!

—The cost of taking the United States census this year will reach fifteen hundred thousand dollars.

—The names of two colored men, Mr. Jankins and Mr. Clough, both barbers, have been plnced on the jury list in Worcester. The Union still lives.

—A late English paper says that "Heenan was born at a place called Benicia, a village in the Troy district of the United States!"

—The Presbyterian Board of Domestic Missions will report an increase of more than $20,000, and the Board of Foreign Missions of more than $30,000 over the income of the year previous.

—The public sales of land, 2,700,000 acres, will take place in Kansas in August and September, and in Nebraska, more than four and a third millions, in August.

—Forty-five trains a day leave the Boston and Worcester railroad depot in Boston.

—Mr. Macready, at 68, has married a Miss Spencer, who is 45 years his junior. The fair lady has a fair chance to become a fair widow.

—The Supreme Court of Mnssachusetts, in session at Spring-field [illegible] during the last week.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.—The voters of Massachusetts will next Monday be called upon to vote on two amendments to the Constitution, providing a method for filling vacancies in the Senate and in the Governor's Council. For the Senate it is provided that a vacancy may be filled by a new election by the people of the unrepresented district, on the order of a majority of the Senators elected. For the Council it is provided that a vacancy existing or occurring when the Legislature is in session, may be filled by the concurrent vote of the two branches; occurring during the recess of the Legislature, it may be filled by appointment of the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Council.

DIABOLICAL OUTRAGE.—The Seguin (Texns) *Mercury* of the 11th inst., states that about ten days previously a party of seven men, painted up nnd otherwise disguised, proceeded to the residence of one Flowers, in De Witt county, and deliberately shot him dead in the presence of his little daughter, whilst he was planting corn in the field. The party then took n person named Taylor, also at work in the field, carried him in to the woods, and hung him to n tree, and then fled. The motive for this bloody deed is unknown, but it was probaly executed in obedience to the mandate of the terrific Judge Lynch who has held a dread and potent sway n that region for several years.

LOSS OF TWO KINDS OF "BAGOAGE."—A man, his wife, and a young friend from Fall River, Mass., arrived in Troy last week, where they intended to start in business. On Sunday, the young fellow eloped with the woman, going westward. The husband did not care for that; as they left the baggage, he was satisfied. But, unfortunately for him, he had the baggage checked in the young man's name, to deceive his Massachusetts creditors, and, of course, could not legally take possession. The property is consequently held until the young friend shall either return the checks, or send the wife back with them.

A MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE ACCOUNTED FOR.—A lady has been seen in Naples, Rome and Florence, who is either Mrs. Brennan or her double. She is necompanied by an army officer who belongs to Capt. Brennan's company, and whose attentions to Mrs. Brennan gave offence to her husband, while all the parties were in Amerien. If this lady be not Mrs. Brennan, there has been a mysterious appearance quite as puzzling as the "mysterious disappearance" that startled Staten Island and its suburb, the city of New York.

BRUTAL OUTRAGE.—Mary Sprague, aged 15 years, step-daughter of E. R. Morton of South Adams, was forcibly abducted from her residence, Saturday evening, by three young fellows named William Orcutt, Sylvester Bogant nnd Francis Sherman, who forced her to drink liquor, and then violated her person. When found Sunday morning she was insensible. Sherman was arrested, but Bogant and Orcutt have fled.

PRODUCE COMING FROM THE WEST.—The receipts of all kinds of grain at Chicago have already increased during the year. Thus, from the 1st of January, 1859, to April 21, the receipts of corn were 720,345, bushels, while during the same time this year they have been 2,987,157. The amount of flour and grain now in store at Chicago is, 1,630,856 bushels, while last year at this time it was 765,788 bushels.

A MISS AS GOOD AS A MILE.—A paper in New York says that a strong-fisted servant girl in that city wns recently assulted by a couple of scoundrels nnmed John and Elam Mile, and she flogged them both. We have heard that a Miss was as good as a mile, but here was a case in which a Miss was as good as two Miles and a little better.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

A MEETING of the Palmer Park Association is called for Monday evening next.

ALL THE YEAR ROUND.—The Baptist Society have made arrngements to have preaching regularly every Sabbath during the year.

THE assessors will soon be round; so will the census taker. Count your children and other live stock, so as not to keep the man writing.

DISBANDED.—The Tiger Engine Company held a meeting on Monday evening and disbanded. They have hung up their uniforms and turned the engine out of doors.

A LITTLE MORE TIME.—There are two weeks more in which trees may be transplanted. The vacant places on Main street should be filled up before it is too late.

ANOTHER NEW BUILDING.—Elisha Converse will erect n new building between the Palmer House nnd Strong's Block, the present season. It will be designed for stores.

THE juvenile school kept by Miss Abbie Dale in Union Hall, closed on Friday, last week, with all the honors suitable to the little ones. Those who witnessed the closing exercises speak of them in commendable terms.

NEXT Monday a town meeting will be held, we suppose (although we have seen no warrant) to vote on the Constitutional amendments.—We predict that there will not be twenty votes for or against the amendments.

REAL ESTATE.—Col. Cyrus Knox of this village, has purchased the Henshaw Farm in Monson, one of the best farms in that town. Dr. Higgins has bought the Hodges place on the Three Rivers road, intending to move on to it after getting it "fixed up."

A GOOD PLACE TO BUY.—Mr. E. Nichols, who purchased the stock of goods lately owned by Allen & Porter, has filled up his store with a large nssortment of stoves, tin and wooden ware, &c., and his rooms offer an attractive appearance to those who want goods in his line.

THE END.—Betsey Graney, who was recently sent to jail from this town, for selling liquor, and who was last week pardoned out and sent to the insane asylum, died at the latter place on Monday. She was undoubtedly insane when taken to prison, made so, probably, by the vile stuff she had been selling.

SUIT FOR MALPRACTICE.—John Waite of this village, has brought a suit against Dr. Higgins of this place, for alleged malpractice upon his boy, who, he claims, has been made a cripple for life by the treatment received at the hands of Doctor H. He claims $1000 damages.

[illegible] in the Baptist church were rented last Monday evening. There are a few left for strangers and those who may want to hire seats.——The slips in the Congregational church were rented on Monday. All but twelve were sold, and those nre in a fair way to be taken up—an evidence that people get preaching that is preaching at that place.

EXAMINATION OF SCHOOL TEACHERS.—Last Monday the school-marms for the summer schools were put through the dread ordeal of "examination" before the school committee.—They underwent the usual amount of catechising in regard to the nouns, verbs, adjectives, &c., nnd so on, pretty satisfactorily, enlightening, no doubt, some of the dignified committee with their answers.

HOUSE LOOSE.—Last Saturday morning a horse belonging to Samuel Bullock at Three Rivers, being left for a moment, started off and ran with a buggy, which wns soon upset, but the horse continued on with the shafts till reaching this village, when he brought up between the stone posts on the walk in front of the Palmer House and Mr. John Andrew's wagon, breaking an axle to the latter.

BRIMFIELD.—Silas C. Herring Esq., of New York, who has just built a first class hotel at Brimfield, has leased the same to Brown & White. It will be opened for the accommodation of the travelling public next Wednesday and the hall dedicated by an "old fashioned ball" in the evening. A good hotel has been long needed at Brimfield, and we have no doubt it will become a favorite place of resort for pleasure parties from "all the region round about."

No SCHOOL HOUSE.—A school meeting was held in this District on Friday evening last week, at which it was voted to raise $100 to repair the school house, and wait awhile for a new one. The legal advice obtained in regard to the present district system was to the effect that the districting of 1857 was legal and that the action of the town in setting their districts back was of doubtful legality, and the obvious way to avoid all trouble was for the town to abolish the district system. So with a piece of legal advice and $100 the citizens of the District must be content to send their children to a miserable apology of a school house for the present..

CONCERT.—Mr. J. Waters, assisted by Senor Casseres will give a concert nt the Cong. church next Wednesday evening. Mr. Water's ability to entertain our citizens has been proved so often that we can only reiterate that his musical concerts have been the most fashionable ever given in this village. Senor Casseres is a gentleman lately from Paris and London, where he had large and delighted audiences. The following notice is from the Boston Journal and shows how his performances are greeted in Modern Athens:

A large and fashionable audience greeted the first appearance of Senor Casseres before the Boston public at Mercantile Hall, last evening, and the marked approval with which his efforts were received leaves little room for doubt that he fairly established himself in favor with a discriminating portion of the community.—The performance of Senor Casseres evinced a high degree of skill in execution. The reception of Senor Casseres was cordial and his reappearance was demanded after every performance.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir: I noticed in the Journal of the 21st ult., a letter from this place, signed W. S. P., in which some statements are made, which the facts in the case will hardly justify. We still affirm what we have before stated, that at the "so-called citizen's meeting," held in this place, to give a free expression of opinion in reference to the verdict rendered by six of our most reliable citizens, who were called to enquire into the time, manner and cause of the fire which destroyed a part of the Methodist meeting house, not more than a dozen persons voted for the resolutions, professing to embody the sentiments of a majority of the persons present, which were published in the Journal a short time since, and only three or four of those voted to have them published. One who was present counted 47 persons in the room, one-half he judged to be boys, and many of the other half were either Sons of Temperance or spectators, not sympathising with the object of the meeting. I will leave it with you and your readers to judge whether the resolutions did embrace the opinions of a majority present. The writer forther states that some of the best temperance men in town voted for the resolutions. To this we have only to say whatever they may have been in the past, we know not; but for the last six months they have acted and voted with the rumseller and his clique, and should never have supposed them to be such staunch teetotalers as the writer describes them, if we had not seen their names on the Washingtonian pledge. Again, he says, "the so-called Sons of Temperance," have repeatedly in their division room declared that all who did not join them, were in sympathy with the liquor seller. That statement is false, and we shall be sustained by a hundred reliable witnesses, when we say that no such statement has ever been made in the division room. Some of our most reliable temperance men, in both churches, and out of them, are not connected with the division, but they do not oppose it, neither do they sympathise with those resolutions. How came the writer with the doings of the division room? He could not receive them from any member unless that member violated his or her obligation, and if from one who is not a member it comes from an equally unreliable source. According to the rules of the order no such uncharitable remark could lawfully be made in our division room. The Sons of Temperance in Wales are the same as in other places, their object is the same, and they are governed by the same rules and regulations. Again he says that the largest portion who voted for the resolutions, are consistent members of the old Washingtonian Society. We are not prepared to say how many who voted for the resolutions were such, but of the dozen, more or less, who did vote for them, the prosecuted rumseller, his two bondsmen, and some others who do not profess sympathy with the Temperance cause were among the number, and all opposed to the Sons of Temperance, and the writer himself, who, we understand, voted for the resolutions, and to have them printed, has manifested decided opposition to the Order in this place. These are the facts, and your readers can judge what kind of temperance men they are in practice, whatever may be their theory. He also charges the "Sons" with the inconsistency of voting, last November, for an "acknowledged rummy" to represent them in the State Legislature. To this uncharitable, if not slanderous remark, we will only say that the question of temperance did not enter at all into the election of Representative. No prosecutions were made until after the election. The opposition to the Republican candidate, was not to him as a man, or to his religious, political or temperance principles, but to the manner he was crowded upon them for their support, he receiving only 7 votes in the regular caucus, while the regular nominee of the party received about 40. At the election, he (the republican candidate) received 37 votes, and the rumseller, we understand, boasts that he and his clique cast 12 of these, while the democratic candidate received 93 votes. Sixty or more were from the republicans of Wales. He has many warm friends in this place, who differ from him in politics, that do not recognise him as an "acknowledged rummy." At the time of the election the Sons of Temperance were hardly organized, and only ten voters were enrolled among them, and, as a body, took no part in the election. Now if the temperance question did enter into the contest, as the writer would have you believe, and the democratic candidate was the "acknowledged rummy," why did the rum party go against him, and for the republican candidate, who is a professed teetotaler? These are the facts, and we have only to remark that "where the carcass is, there will the eagles be gathered together." •°•

DEDICATION AT STAFFORDVILLE.—The new Congregational Church at Staffordville was dedicated on Wednesday, at 11 o'clock A. M. Invocation and reading the Scriptures by Rev. Mr. Wood of Holland; prayer by Rev. Mr. Ide of Stafford Springs; sermon by Rev. Dr. Vermilye of East Windsor Hill; dedicatory prayer by Rev. Mr. Knight of Stafford; concluding prayer by Rev. Mr. Curtis of Union; benediction by Rev. H. M. Vaill of Palmer. The sermon, from Ex. 20.24, was peculiarly calculated to impress the minds of the audience; what constituted acceptable worship of the living and true God; what the faithful presentation of God's word implied; and a forcible statement of the priceless value of blessings secured by constant and stated means of Grace. These truths were enforced with additional power, because of the free, bold and energetic manner of delivery. The singing was such as reflected great credit upon the choir. It was evident that a marked preparation had been made for the occasion. The church is well located, and decorated in a style combining ease, elegance and good taste. A particular point in its prospective beauty is, it is nearly paid for. If the church and congregation succeed in obtaining a Pastor, in whom will be found combined all the desirable and important points suggested by the sermon, and by the dedicatory and last prayers, their success will, to human view, be certain. I.

A SINGULAR OUTRAGE.—At Martinsburg, Pa., recently, an estimable young lady went into the yard in the evening, when she was seized, gagged and taken to a creek, thrown in and left to drown. She managed, however, to get out, and reached home exhausted in an hour or two. A reward of $300 is offered for the arrest of the guilty parties.

SUICIDES IN NEW YORK.—The suicide mania rules strong in New York city. On Tuesday last, a drug clerk on Houston street, died of morphine; a man shot himself through the head and died; and a woman jumped from one of the Fulton ferry boats and was narrowly rescued.

COUNTERFEIT GOLD DOLLARS.—Quite a number of counterfeit go'd dollars are in circulation. They can readily be detected by the absence of the word "Liberty." which is on the genuine, in small letters, on the Indian's head dress.

STILL A MYSTERY.—The two men arrested on the supposition that they were connected with the death of the girl found in the canal at Holyoke, have been discharged, no evidence appearing against them.

FRIGHTENED TO DEATH.—On Tuesday, as a train was approaching Marion, Mass., a horse attached to a wagon, standing near the depot, took fright ran a short distance, reared up and fell to the ground and expired almost instantly. The animal was owned by a man named Hall.

ANOTHER LOST DAUGHTER.—The body of a girl about 18 years of age, was picked up off Burling slip, New York early Friday morning last week.

THE CABLE IN USE—The Fall River News announces the laying of a telegraphic cable connecting the eastern and westesn shores of Taunton river. The length of the cable is 1300 fee.' and it is a portion of the famous Atlantic cable

A LEGAL SQUABBLE.-Three lawyers, arguing before the court in Waushara, Wis., got into blows and had a rough and tumble fight; order being restored, the judge fined them $50 each, which they promptly paid and went on.

AN UNFORTUNATE FALL.-The other night, at St. Louis, a young lady rose from her bed in a somnambulic state, and went to an open window; in some way she managed to fall through it to the ground where she lay in a helpless state, with several of her bones broken till the next morning. She will probably die.

CHILDREN BURNT TO DEATH.—The dwelling house of a man named Hobbs, at Orange, N. J., was burned, Monday afternoon and four children of Mr H. perished in the flames. Mrs Hobbs and two children were rescued, but badly burned, Hobbs himself set fire to the building, and is under arrest.

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.-The celebration of the 200th anniversary of the town of Brookfield, Mass., will be celebrated at West Brookfield, on the 4th of July, when Rev. Lyman Whiting will deliver an address.

MURDERED IN HIS CELL.—A vagrant, who was picked up in the streets of New York last week and committed to the Tombs, was murdered in his cell by two men with whom he was locked up.

HEAVY FAILURE.—The suspension of the house of Treadwell, Perry & Norton, of the Eagle Furnace, Albany, is announced. Their liabilities are said to be $600,000.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM TEXAS.

TRAVIS Co., Texas, Aug. 15, 1854.

Messrs. Fleming Bros.—Dear Sirs: There were several cases of Chills and Fever in my mother's family at the time we received the M'Lane's Liver Pills ordered in my letter of June 12, and a few doses administered in each case produced the desired effect, thus demonstrating the efficiency of these celebrated Pills in that disease.

Mother has not been troubled with the sick headache since she has commenced taking these Pills, and as we have but few of them left, you will please send us another dollar's worth. Direct, as before, to Austin, Texas. Respectfully yours,

MEREDITH W. HENRY.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburg, Pa.—There are no other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

☞ Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, prevail, in our changeable climate, at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints. Experience proves that this exists in WISTAR'S BALSAM to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

[From Benjamin Wheeler, Esq., Depot Master at South Royalston, Mass.]

SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4, 1860.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Co., Boston—Gents: Although unsolicited by you, I cannot refrain from adding my testimony to the many already given in favor of your Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon through the influence of a neighbor to try Wistar's Balsam, though with no belief whatever in its truly wonderful curative properties, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me, the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits, and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Very respectfully yours, BENJ. WHEELER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Longley, Belchertown. 49

50 Years! Dr. S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters has succeeded for the period of half a century in maintaining its supremacy over all other medicines. It gives immediate tone and action to the Stomach and Bowels, and imparts to the patient cheerful and happy anticipations, which are never attendant upon an inactive state of the important functions of the body.

The alterative and purifying action of our medicine upon the Stomach and Bowels, is the means of curing many hopeless diseases, which other medicines have failed to reach; in proof of which we have frequent testimonials from all parts of the country, of our Bitters having cured diseases which have been abandoned by attending physicians; among which are enumerated Scrofula, Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Salt Rheum, &c. Consumption in its early stages has often been averted by their use. Its unprecedented success, however, is based upon its certain and immediate cure of Billious Complaints, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Stomach and bowels, for which it is conceded that Dr. Richardson's Bitters has no rival. For sale by Druggists everywhere, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. m10—3m.

Great Remedies of the Day. The Tolu Anodyne.

The Great Neuralgic, Nervous Headache and Rheumatic Remedy, and the UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY, for every description of Lung and Throat Complaints.

These Remedies after six years' private use are now fairly before the public. Pamphlets giving a full prospectus of all plans, and testimonials which can in every case be relied on, and to which the proprietors ask the most rigid inquiries, will be found with all dealers. The proprietors in confidence ask all to read the pamphlet, as nothing like justice can be done by advertising, excepting that of notoriety, which is indispensable.

GENERAL AGENTS:

J. W. HUNNEWELL & Co., 7 & 8 Commercial Wharf, Boston. | GEO. HUNNEWELL, 145 Water Street, New York.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

HERRICK'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 39—1y

SEVERE LOSS.—A barn belonging to H. Hunt the postmaster at North Prescott, together with a large amount of hay, grain and farming tools, were destroyed by fire Saturday evening. A span of horses two yoke of cattle seven cows, three pigs, one cosset lamb, and a valuable bull perished in the flames. Loss $2000, insurance $200.

☞ Two well diggers lost their lives at Dayton, Ohio, on the 24th inst., by the caving in of a well which they were digging.

☞ FOR NEURALGIA, NERVOUS HEADACHE, Rheumatism, Gout, Numbness Partial Paralysis, and Loss of Sleep, use the celebrated TOLU ANODYNE.

For every species of Throat or Lung Difficulties, from that of Sore Throat to extreme Consumption, use the UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY.

We say to all, try them; and in purchasing, or before purchasing, call for and read the pamphlet, which is a full description of all plans. Patients will find in them everything to strengthen confidence; and in reading should any question suggest itself, the proprietors will consider it a favor to have such questions put to them, which shall be answered without delay. The pamphlet, which is quite a family necessity, and will be extended in journal form, as ideas suggest themselves, or questions asked, can be had of all dealers, or will be cheerfully sent on application to General Agents. As no locality should be without these Remedies, respectable dealers not already supplied, can be, on application to the General Agents.

☞ See Advertisement

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—This Restorative for making the hair grow, stopping its falling out, and restoring gray hair to its original color, is becoming celebrated. All the quack nostrums are giving way before it. Three-fourths of the mixtures for restoring and beautifying the hair do it more injury than good. They burn it up, destroy the life of its roots, make the hair fall off, and produce premature baldness. But Prof. Wood's Restorative may be relied upon as containing nothing which can in any manner be injurious to the hair, while its success in accomplishing what it pretends to do has been verified in hundreds of cases. We advise gray heads, and heads getting bald—all who wish to save their wool or obtain a new stock, to get a bottle of Wood's Restorative.—*N. Y. Democrat.*

Sold by all respectable druggists.

☞ It is often a disgrace to the country to see the manner in which members of Cougress demean themselves in the National Capitol. In many respects they exhibit many of the characteristics of rowdies—quarrelling, fighting and duelling. One cause is that many are men of sedentary pursuits, whose mode of life has injured their digestion, making them dyspeptic, and consequently irritable and quarrelsome. To make our National Legislature more respectable, nothing would have a happier effect than to send each member a bottle of Dr. Ham's Dyspepsia Remedy, or Invigorating Spirit, which cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Bad Spirits, &c., and soon brings a broad grin on the face of the ugliest mortal.

WHY WILL YOU SUFFER?—Dyspepsia is a brief but comprehensive term for the numerous diseases which affect the stomach, liver, and, in fact, the whole system. Until Dr. Greene discovered the Oxygenated Bitters, medical science had exhausted itself in vain attempts to cure this disease.

BORN.

In Bondville, April 16, a daughter to C. H WINTER.

In Thorndike, April 17, a daughter to Dr. J. B. THOMAS.

In Palmer, April 22, a son to REUBEN SHAW.

In Duckville, April 29, a son to PATRICK THOMAS.

In Thorndike, April 28, a son to JERRY WILMOT.

In Ware, 26, a daughter to WILLIAM METCALF.

MARRIED.

At Montville, Ct., April 23, WILLIAM S. PRATT of Belchertown, and LUCY A. CHAPPELL of M.

In Ware, 28th, by Rev. J. F. Jones, Mr. ALEXANDER BROWN and Mrs. ETHERLINDA OLNEY.

In Palmer, 3d, by Rev. Dr. Vaill, MARCUS H. SMITH and SERAPH J. NEWTON, both of Brimfield.

In Monson, 2d, by Rev. Albiuus O. Hamilton, FRANCIS E. CADWELL and MARTHA J. TORREY; WARREN BEBBE and PAULINA STIMSON.

In Ware, April 26, by Rev. S. F. Clark, LEWIS N. HASKELL, Esq., of Oakham, and MARTHA A. HOOKER of Ware.

DIED.

In Palmer, April 28, ALMON C., 17, son of Luke K. Blair.

At Enfield, April 28, MIRANDA COLTON, 66, wife of Leonard Woods.

In Ware, April 27, SARAH, 62, wife of John F. Storrs; 29th, Mrs. EUNICE LEACH, 88.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Lewis Carpenter, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

ALFRED M. RINGMAN, Administrator.
Brimfield, April 24, 1860. m5 3w*

SCRAP IRON.

I WILL PAY THE FORGE PRICE, viz, $1 per 100 lbs, for all good wrought scrap iron offered in exchange for Goods. E. BROWN.

WILLOW CRADLES and EMPIRE CHILDREN'S CABS, in great variety, for sale at low prices, by
Palmer, May 5. E. BROWN.

NOTICE.—Stockholders of the Palmer Park Association are notified to meet at the Antique House on Monday evening May 7.
Palmer, May 5, 1860.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE.—The inhabitants of the Town of Ware, are hereby notified to bring in to the subscribers, assessors of said Ware, on or before the 20th inst., true lists of their polls, and of all their estates, both real and personal (not exempted by law from taxation) of which they are possessed on this, first day of May.

FRANCIS DEWITT, SETH PIERCE, THOMAS F. SHERMAN, } Assessors of Ware.

Ware, May 1, 1860—5 2w.

Life & Fire Insurance Agency.

Main street,.....Ware, Mass

W. S. BRAKENRIDGE,

AGENT for Companies of undoubted character and standing, representing a Capital Stock of over $5,000,000, and for several of the best Mutual Insurance Companies. Insurance effected against loss or damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Stocks of Goods, Cotton and Woolen Mills, and Merchandize generally at rates proportionate to the character of the risk. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. Insurance upon Life taken upon favorable terms in perfectly safe Companies.
Dec. 30—6m.

Special Notice to Farmers.

A. F. MAYHER & CO.,

No. 54 Vessey street, New York.

WOULD respectfully inform their old friends and the public generally that they are now located in their new store No. 54 Vessey street, where they have the largest, best, and most complete assortment of Agricultural Implements, Machinery, Seeds and fertilizers to be found in the country, and which they will sell at the lowest manufacturing prices.

We manufacture all of our own goods and thereby are enabled to sell at lower prices than any other House. Farmers, Merchants and others will find it to their interest to call at 54 Vessey st., near Washington Market, north-west side of the city, N. Y. A. F. MAYHER & Co.,

Agricultural and Seed Store,
54 Vessey Street, New York.

Remember that Mayher's is only at 54 Vessey Street, and they have no other store in New York. No connection with any other house in the city. The Mayhers are all at the new store, 54 Vessey st. Not to be undersold by any, and all goods warranted. a72m.

GREAT ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING

AND

SUMMER GOODS.

P. P. KELLOGG,

PALMER DEPOT,

IS NOW RECEIVING

A FRESH SUPPLY

—OF—

Seasonable Goods,

Consisting of

Everything New and Beautiful,

TO WHICH WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC.

May 5, 1860.

Large Inducements

For every body to visit

Howland's Great Bargain Store,

WARE VILLAGE,

Where Goods are Sold Cheaper

☞ Than at any store in the State.

COME AND SEE

NEW DRESS GOODS

At HOWLAND'S.

Look at New Fancy Silks,

At HOWLAND'S.

Examine some pretty styles Challies

At HOWLAND'S.

The best make

BLACK SILKS,

Warranted, can be bought at the lowest prices,

At HOWLAND'S, Ware.

HOOP SKIRTS!

For half price, at

HOWLAND'S.

Some Splendid Patterns

NEW CARPETINGS!

SELLING LOW,

At HOWLAND'S.

All the

NEW STYLE GOODS

OF THE SEASON,

Just Received at

HOWLAND'S.

2000 lbs. Live Geese Feathers,

At the lowest prices, at

HOWLAND'S, Ware Village.

NEW STYLE CAPES

Will be sold LOW, at

HOWLAND'S.

VISIT HOWLAND'S

WARE VILLAGE, for any kind of

DRY GOODS,

CARPETINGS,

FEATHERS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Which will be sold at

SATISFACTORY PRICES.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of

MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.

☞Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.

Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to

CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassowanno Block.

Palmer Ayril 28, 1860.

SPRING DeLAINES.—Any quantity of Spring DeLaines just opened, and selling for 10 to 20 cents a yard, at CROSS & Co.'s.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We have received a large addition to our stock of Spring Clothing, and are selling Cheaper than the Cheapest. CROSS & Co.

NEW SILKS,
Just received by CROSS & Co.

THE PRETTIEST BONNET,
May be had at CROSS & Co.'s.

THE Best and Latest Styles of **DRESS GOODS**
May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

Housekeeping and Domestic Goods
For sale low at CROSS & Co.'s.

CROCKERY.

A large invoice of Crockery received this week by CROSS & Co.

WHAT IS IT?

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

MILLINERY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS

Would announce that he has fitted up Rooms expressly for the Millinery Business in all its branches,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

At the Stone Building, opposite the Bank,

WARE, MASS.,

To which he would call especial attention.

$500 WORTH OF

French Wreaths,

Cost to Import, we shall sell at 50 cts. on a dollar.

500 PIECES OF

BONNET RIBBONS,

At 25 per cent. less than any one will sell in town.

100

Ready-Made Silk Bonnets,

From $2 to $12.

LARGE STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS,

At less price than they cost to manufacture, and all kinds of

TRIMMINGS

To match every style any lady may desire. New styles of

HAIR PLUMES, SLIDES, &c.

We shall have a new Stock added to our assortment every week during the coming season. Also new styles of

BLACK POINT LACE,

From $3 to $12.

New styles of

LADIES' CLOTH,

For Spring Cloaks, at very low prices.

Embroidered Shawls, Fancy Goods,

and a large stock of Goods too numerous to mention. We shall sell all the above Goods at very low figures.

New styles of

FANCY SILKS,

At 37½ cts., worth 50 cts.

☞ We shall sell Silks at Wholesale Prices for the next 30 days, as we buy for cash and sell accordingly. Cash works wonders in buying Goods in New York at the present time.

We will now draw to a close for a short time, but would say to one and all, give us a call, and look for yourselves, is all that we ask.

Respectfully,

JOHN H. STORRS.

Ware, April 12, 1860.

PRINTS!
PRINTS!
PRINTS!

Cases of New Prints just received and selling very low at CROSS & Co.'s.

HAMPDEN ss.—At a Court of Probate holden at Springfield, in and for said county, on the fourth Tuesday in April, A. D., 1860, Reuben L. Nichols, Executor, having presented for allowance his second account of administration, of the estate of Daniel Nichols, late of Brimfield, in said county, deceased, testate: Ordered, that the fourth Tuesday in May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned as the time for considering said account, at a Court of Probate then to be holden at Springfield, in said county; and that said Executor give notice to all persons interested in said estate, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, the last publication to be three days at least before said time, that they may be present and show cause, if any they have, why said account should not be allowed.

JOHN WELLS, Judge of Probate & Insolvency.

A true copy—attest. WM. S. SHURTLEFF,
April 28, 1860. Register.

A REASONABLE CALL.

CIRCUMSTANCES and a contemplated change in business affairs renders it necessary that I should have all that is due me on notes or book account, immediately. Therefore, I hereby call upon all such to pay up previous to the 20th of May, and thereby save some trouble.

Ware, April 25, 1860.—3w F. DEWITT.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed agent for the several Insurance Companies for which Mr. B. F. Goff was agent at the time of his decease, is now prepared to effect Insurance on any risk, or to renew any Policy that may expire in any of said Companies. OTIS LANE.

Office at Ware Savings Bank,
Ware, Nov. 26, 1859—tf.

GENTLEMEN, we have just received the Spring Style of GENTS' SILK HATS, Call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

BOOTS & SHOES.—A good assortment always on hand at CROSS & Co.'s.

The Place to Buy Anything Cheap

Is at CROSS & Co.'s.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cane, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.

Wholesale Depot, 18 Cedar St., New York.

Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO., Box No 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends	ACCOUNT BOOKS	A
B	Mends	BUREAUS	B
C	Mends	CRADLES	C
D	Mends	DOLLS	D
E	Mends	ETAGERES	E
F	Mends	FANS	F
G	Mends	GUITARS	G
H	Mends	HARPS	H
I	Mends	INLAID WORK	I
J	Mends	JARS	J
K	Mends	KNOBS	K
L	Mends	LEATHER WORK	L
M	Mends	MIRROR FRAMES	M
N	Mends	NEWEL POST	N
O	Mends	OTTOMANS	O
P	Mends	PIANO-FORTES	P
Q	Mends	QUILT-FRAMES	Q
R	Mends	ROCKING-HORSES	R
S	Mends	SOFAS	S
T	Mends	TABLES	T
U	Mends	UMBRELLA-STICKS	U
V	Mends	VASES	V
W	Mends	WORK-BOXES	W
X	Mends	XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK	X
Y	Mends	YARD-STICKS	Y
Z	Mends	ZEPHYR WOOD-WORK	Z
&	In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.		&
1	S	Mends Sofas	S 1
2	P	Mends Pitchers	P 2
3	A	Mends Accordeons	A 3
4	L	Mends Letter-Sealing	L 4
5	D	Mends Daguerreotype Cases	D 5
6	I	Mends Images	I 6
7	N	Mends New Breakages	N 7
8	G	Mends Gun Stocks	G 8
9	S	Mends School Books	S 9
10	P	Mends Parasols	P 10
11	R	Mends Rulers	R 11
12	E	Mends Electrical Machines	E 12
13	P	Mends Paper Hangings	P 13
14	A	Mends Arm Chairs	A 14
15	R	Mends Rickety Furniture	R 15
16	E	Mends Eraser Handles	E 16
17	D	Mends Desks	D 17
18	G	Mends Globes	G 18
19	L	Mends Loosened Leaves	L 19
20	U	Mends Upholstered Furniture	U 20
21	E	Mends Egg Beaters	E 21
22		Mends Acorn Work	22
23		Mends Chess Boards	23
24		Mends Fiddles	24
25		Mends Shell Work	25
26		Mends Fillet Work	26
27		Mends Hobby Horses	27
28		Mends Kaleidoscopes	28
29		Mends Money Boxes	29
30		Mends Picture Frames	30
31		Mends Secretaries	31
32		Mends Veneering	32
33		Mends School Furniture	33
34		Mends Papier-mache	34
35		Mends Wardrobes	35
36		Mends Parian Marbis	36
37		Mends Cribs	37
38		Mends Baby Jumpers	38
39		Mends Ivory Work	39
40		Mends Match Safes	40
41		Mends Pictures	41
42		Mends Quill-Wheels	42
43		Mends Towel Racks	43
44		Mends Wash Stands	44
45		Mends Bedsteads	45
46		Mends Drums	46
47		Mends Chessmen	47
48		Mends Ballot Boxes	48
49		Mends Herbariums	49
50		Mends Backgammon Boards	50
52		Mends Black boards	52
53		Mends Bass viols	53
54		Mends Billiard-Tables	54
55		Mends Billiard Cues	55
56		Mends Bird Cages	56
57		Mends Broomsticks	57
58		Mends Book Cases	58
59		Mends Boot Crimps	59
60		Mends Brush Handles	60
61		Mends Brushes	61
62		Mends Cabinets	62
63		Mends Churns	63
64		Mends Clock cases	64
65		Mends Crutches	65
66		Mends Cupboards	66
67		Mends Curtains	67
68		Mends Casings	68
69		Mends Caddies	69
70		Mends Cameras	70
71		Mends Chairs	71
72		Mends Charts	72
73		Mends Clothes frames	73
74		Mends Cards cases	74
75		Mends Chests	75
76		Mends Diaries	76
77		Mends Work stands	77
78		ends Dranght Boards	78
79		ends Dishes	79
80		ends Doors	80
81		ands Divans	81
82		ends Dice Boxes	82
83		ends Dominoes	83
84		" Fireboards	84
85		" Flutes	85
86		" Balusters	86
87		" Glassware	87
88		" Handles	88
89		" Guttapercha Ware	89
90		" Kites	90
91		" Tops	91
92		" Organs	92
93		" Models	93
94		" Sewing-machine Stands	94
95		" Panels	95
96		" Pasteboard Work	96
97		" Patterns	97
98		" Side Boards	98
99		" Wooden-ware	99
100		" Willow-ware	100

Put up for Dealers in Cases cantaining four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of **SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE**, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 29 1y

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and Female Physician, presents to the attention of MOTHERS her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is SURE to Regulate THE BOWES. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other article of medicine, never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely us d.—Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of its magical effects and of highest commendation speak in this matter what medicinal virtues. We experience, and pledge we do know, after 10 yrs. fulfilment of what we our reputation for the declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in 15 or 20 minutes after the syrup is administered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New has been used with never failing success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the bowels, and wind colic, and overcome convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the above complaints—Do not let your own prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes absolutely sure to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price only 25 cents per bottle.—Principal office, No. 13, Cedar st., New York. Dec. 18.—1y.

GRAND OPENING

OF

SPRING MILLINERY.

The LADIES are respectfully invited to the opening of Spring Millinery at the

NEW MILLINERY ROOMS

OF

CROSS & COMPANY,

On WEDNESDAY, April 11.

We have received a large stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods. A large and extensive assortment of

Ribbons, Ruches, Flowers and Straw Goods,

of all styles, and at prices that defy competition.

We shall be pleased to show all who may favor us with a call. Our Bonnet Rooms should be visited by every one who wishes to procure a

PRETTY SPRING BONNET.

BONNETS BLEACHED AND PRESSED,

in the best possible manner,

FOR 13 CENTS.

New Grain & Feed Store in Monson.

ADDISON THOMPSON takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public that he has taken the store owned by Flynt & Packard near the Monson Depot, where can be found a good assortment of

Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Groceries,

Also Guano, Lime, Plaster, Cement, &c., &c. Having purchased my stock of Goods in the city of New York, where I expect to be furnished from time to time with the best the market affords, I only ask my friends to call to satisfy them that I can do them good. ADDISON THOMPSON.

Monson, April 16, 1860—4w*

PAINTING!

THE subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging,

and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand

PAINTS, OILS,

and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.

WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.

Palmer, April 14, 1860.

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

TROY, Oct. 28, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.

Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞ Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours pains and weakness in loins, side and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.

HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N. Y.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine. f11—1y.

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers

these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists. Price 25 per box. JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,

Rochester, N. Y.

VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS

WILL FIND BRYAN'S WAFERS

INVALUABLE TO REMOVE

HOARSENESS AND SORE THROAT,

AND GIVE CLEARNESS TO THE VOICE.

THEY RELIEVE IN TEN MINUTES,

COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES,

OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

AT 25 CENTS A BOX

AGENTS—Dr. Wm. Holbrook; Palmer, L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

☞ These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the Second page of Pamphlet are well observed. ☜

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and six postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS

ARE A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION.

THEY ARE SAFE AND NEVER FAIL

TO REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS,

AND CURE ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

WHEN the DIRECTIONS are FOLLOWED.

THEY are a BLESSING and a CURE,

AND CAN BE SENT BY MAIL

FOR $1 AND 6 POSTAGE STAMPS.

AGENTS.—G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs. 23—1y.

The Past.

'Tis sweet to think upon the past;
For days now long gone by,
Impart a halo to the breast,
Like star lamps in the sky;
And though, perchance, our early years
Were mingled with regret,
The emerald beauty of the past,
Deep in the heart is set.

At break of morn or dawn of eve,
Oft whispers in the ear,
The voices of departed ones
Whom once we loved so dear
Like guardian angels hov'ring near,
Those voices seem to tell,
That we should love, but should not love
The things of earth too well.

HOW TO KEEP FURS.—A few days more and furs will be superfluous, and then comes the process of putting them away, so that the moths shall not invade them. It is stated that the best way to insure immunity from destruction is to pack all in a trunk or box lined with brown Holland, first sprinkling them liberally with black pepper. This is better even than camphor, for dealers in furs are often victimized by entomological pests, though their goods be saturated with this powerful odor. Before packing away furs they should be well beaten, to dislodge any larvæ that, despite the most scrupulous care, may be deposited in them. The superiority of pepper to camphor as a preservative to furs consists in the fact that, while larvæ will incubate among camphor, there is something in the aroma of pepper which destroys them in embryo.

TIMELY PRECAUTION.—Traveller on the Mississippi—"What makes you have the bar in the centre—why don't you have it on the side, out of the way?" Barkeeper—"Well, we would, but you see it won't do to have so many passengers on the side of the boat."

☞ An individual was arrested the other day while trying to pick a gentleman's pocket. He said he wasn't used to the business and was just trying to *get his hand in.*

☞ "I'm all heart," said a military officer to his comrades. "Pity you're not part pluck," responded a superior in command.

☞ Seeing a cellar nearly finished, a waggish fellow remarked that it was an excellent foundation for a story.

☞ Why are kisses like creation? Because they are made out of nothing, and are very good.

☞ The taste for beauty and the relish of what is decent, just and amiable, perfects the character of the gentleman.

☞ "What church do you attend, Mrs. Partington?" "Oh, any parodox church, where the gospel is dispensed with."

A FINE LOT OF GOODS
BOUGHT AT
CHEAP PRICES,
DOWN, Down,
ELEGANT, Stylish, Durable,
FRESH, Fanciful And staid,
GOOD IN Design. Also,
HANDSOME To look at;
IN GOOD Colors and Finish,
JUST the things Of all
KINDS and Qualities to
LOOK at and Admire,
MAY be found At all times, and
NOW, Particularly, Just
OVER the South Side,
PALMER, MASS.
QUEER Place, But known all
ROUND as The best
SHOP of all At which to
TURN a Dollar or two
UNDER all Circumstances,
VERY profitably Indeed.
WE shall try to Make it
EXACTLY the Place for
YOU to examine
& FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,
McGilvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GAITERS & SLIPPERS,
PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,
SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &.

PLASTER,
FRESH GROUND EVERY DAY.

THE subscribers have on hand on for sale in quantities to suit customers, a superior article of Nova Scotia Plaster, to which they respectfully invite the attention of gentlemen wishing to purchase.

Having unequalled facilities for obtaining supplies direct from the quarries, they are confident that they can furnish an article superior to any to be found in Hampshire county. Buyers desirous of obtaining the best in the market are requested to examine our stock before purchasing.

PRICE $3 per ton at the Mill.

☞ A liberal discount made to parties buying five tons and upwards.

GUANO, SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, and other fertilizers on hand and for sale at market prices, BLANCHARD & DARLING,
Proprietors Belchertown Steam Works.
Belchertown, April 14, 1860—6wis.

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!
Of the newest patterns, call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

GREAT EXHIBITION!
AND FOR SALE
A Splendid Assortment of
STAPLE
—AND—
FANCY DRY GOODS,
—AT—
C. S. WILCOX'S
EMPORIUM,

Just received from the New York and Boston markets, consisting of all the latest Styles and Novelties of the Season, in

DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS,
EMBROIDERIES,
TRIMMINGS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
&c., &c., &c.,

To which the attention of purchasers is respectfully solicited, pledging myself to sell them as CHEAP as can be found in any other Store in the State of Massachusetts.
C. S. WILCOX.
Ware, Sept. 25, 1859.

CARPETS! CARPETS!
NEVER
Have we offered such a Stock as now.
Beautiful new patterns in
Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry,
English and American Three Plys,
Superfines, Supers,
and an immense variety of all the cheaper grades.
OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS
OF ALL KINDS.
PAPER HANGINGS
FOR THE MILLION!
The old system abolished of large profits on Papers. We shall sell Papers as we do our other Goods at a small profit and large quantities.
READ:

20,000 Rolls, best Blanks, very handsome,		8 cts.
10,000 " " Ground, extra,		10 "
10,000 " " Satin, "	12 to	15 "
5,000 " " Gilt,	37 to	100 "

BORDERS! BORDERS!
DECORATIONS!
CURTAINS! CURTAINS! CURTAINS!
Altogether the Largest and Best Stock in Springfield.
TINKHAM & CO.,
184——186——188——Main Street.
April 7, 1860. 3t eow.

STOVES! STOVES!
may be found at the old stand of Allen & Porter,
TIN, JAPANNED & WOODEN WARE,
Good Air Tight Cook Stoves,
Furnished complete for $16, $17, and $19, The NEW ENGLAND STOVE, never before sold in the State, the AMAZON, PATRIOT, CONQUEST, Parlor and Parlor Cook Stoves, Farmers' Boilers, &c., &c., &c.,
Stoves wanted by any one, not found in the Shop, will be procured and delivered as low as can be bought in the State.
☞ Stoves delivered at any depot within fifty miles free of expense.
RUSSIA PIPE, 17 cts. ℔ lb; common do. 10 cts.
All Kinds of Jobbing Done at Short Notice.
Rags, Old Copper, Brass, Iron, Pewter and Lead taken in exchange.
CALL AND SEE.
Palmer, April 7, 1860. E. NICHOLS.

To Painter, House Builders,
And Consumers of WHITE LEAD & COLORS.
JOHN T. LEWIS & Brothers, of Philadelphia, continue to manufacture White Lead and Colors of the same reliable qualities manufactured by their predecessors, Mord'k Lewis & Co. The White Lead is of the same superior quality that has always distinguished their Lead, and for whiteness and durability is unsurpassed by any Lead of any manufacture.
Particular attention is called to the fact that Messrs. John T. Lewis & Brothers' Lead is put up *full weight*, and every keg contains the quantity marked upon it, and not, as is the custom generally, of charging for weight of keg as well as lead.
Their COLORS—Green, Yellows, Blues, Reds, &c.—can be depended upon, not only as regards their brilliancy and fastness of color, but for their uniformity—the same to-day, yesterday and to-morrow.
For sale by all the principal dealers in Paints throughout New England, and by
THAYER, BRIGHAM & FIELD.
32 India Street, Boston.
LEWIS'S PURE WHITE LEAD. LEWIS'S COLORS.

New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad.
Summer Arrangement! Commencing Thursday, July 4, 1859. Trains leave Palmer for Willimantic, Norwich and N. London, at 7.50 a.m., and 1.50 p.m., or on arrival of trains from Springfield and Albany. Trains leave New London, at 7.00 a.m., and 1.30 p.m.
R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, July 4, 1858.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN & PALMER R. R.
On and after April 9, 1860, trains will run as follows: Leave Amherst for Palmer at 8.00 A.M. Leave Palmer for Amherst at 2.00 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains to and from Boston, Springfield, Albany and New York.
On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, trains will be run between Amherst and Palmer, leaving Amherst at 4.00 p.m., arriving at Palmer in season to connect with evening trains from Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany, Hartford, New Haven, and New York. Returning leave Palmer at 6.15.
Stage accommodation at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley and Sunderland.
W. DIXEY, General Agent.
Amherst, April 9, 1860.

LIVERY STABLE REMOVED.
THE subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the
NASSOWANNO BARN,
where he will keep
HORSES & CARRIAGES,
As usual, and let them at reasonable prices.
☞ He will also furnish feed for horses any length of time. WILLIAM FULLER.
Palmer, April 21, 1860—tf.

DRESS GOODS!
DRESS GOODS!
DRESS GOODS!
Elegant New Spring Dress Goods received this week by CROSS & Co.

PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!
A large and extensive assortment of Parasols, new and beautiful styles, just received by CROSS & Co.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

SAMUEL BLAIR, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. A large assortment of Gold and Silver Goods kept constantly on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Palmer, Jan. 2, 1859.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.
M. W. FRENCH. JOHN GAMWELL.

G. S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of job hung done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

E. JONES & Co., Manufacturers of Gilt and Rosewood Picture Frames. Also, Frames fo Hair Wreaths, which will be delivered at any place ordered. French Looking Glasses, Picture Glasses, and Prints for Grecian Painting kept constantly on hand and for sale cheap. North Wilbraham.

V. GUILD & Co., manufacturers of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Calf Brogan Shoes, Main street, Ware, Mass.

THE ONLY PREPARATION
Having proofs so strong and direct as to expel the doubts of all.

FOR Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction, and recommend it for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but all who have used it unite in testifying that it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling at any age, as well as restore. Read the following:

OAK GROVE, S. C., June 24, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood: Dear Sir.—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to lay prejudice aside, and given your Hair Restorative a perfect test:

During the year 1854, I was so unfortunate as to be thrown from my sulky against a rock near the roadside, from which my head received a most terrible blow; causing a great deal of irritation, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From the time I first discovered its dropping, however, up to the time of its total disappearance, I employed every thing I could think of, being a professional man myself, and, as I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but was finally defeated in every prescription advanced.

These and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to believe, produced a very happy result. Two months after the first application, I had as beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw, for which I certainly owe you my most sincere thanks. Rest assured, dear sir, I shall recommend your remedy to all inquirers; moreover, I shall use my influence, which I flatter myself to say, is not a little. You can publish this if you think proper. Your's, very respectfully,
M. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian,
Dear Sir: Phillipi, Va., Dec. 12, 1858.

I feel it my duty, as well as my pleasure, to state to you the following circumstance, which you can use as you think proper. A gentleman of this [illegible] ly youth, so much so that he was compelled to wear a wig. He was induced to use a bottle of your "Hair Restorative," which he liked very much; and after using some two or three bottles his hair grew out quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and as he is very well known in our adjoining counties, many persons can testify to the truth of this statement; I give it to you at the request of Mr. Brndford. You can sell a great deal of your Hair Restorative in this and adjoining counties if you have proper the agents.
Your's, &c., THOMPSON SURGHNOR.

Dr. Wood: Dear Sir: Permit me to express the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color. About the time of my arrival in the United States it was rapidly becoming gray, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" it soon recovered its original hue. I consider your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, quite efficacious as well as agreeable. S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least 20 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent; more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Nov. 26

To Boot and Shoe Manufacturers.
WE wish to call your attention to the following GOODS which we are prepared to sell on the most favorable terms:
Lastings, Serge de Berri's and Italian Cloths, Black and Colored Doeskin, } Finished especially Black, Brown & Drab Cassimeres, } for Congress tops. Brown, Black and Drab Feltings, for Snow Shoes. Rubber Gusset Webs, of beautiful quality for Congress Shoes.
Boot and Congress Webs, from ½ inch to 1½ inch, new styles.
Galloons, Blacks and Colors, ½, ⅝, and ¾ inch widths.
Shoe Ducks; Congress and Linen Canvass.
Shoe Ribbons, Rosettes and Sandal Webs.
Eyelets, Cords, Shoe Laeetts and Strings, all sizes and lots. Shoe Buttons, of all deseriptions.
LINEN MACHINE THREADS of the well-known XXX Golden Flax Stamp, of every description, required in the manufactory of Boots, Brogans, Shoe and Congress work, from No. 18 to 100, from 2 to 10 cord, in Black, Drab, Grey, Orange, Yellow and W. Brown, in hanks, balls and spools, for sidcling, closing, stitching and binding straps and counters, top stitching and under threads; also, Shoe Threads; Machine Silk, all colors and sizes; Sea Island Hauk cotton, black, colored, unbleached and white; Spool thread, and sewing cotton all deseriptions.
Manufacturers of CLOTHING will find in our stock every thing in linen and cotton threads required in their work, and the quality much superior to any other in use. JOSEPH DIX & Co.,
JOSEPH DIX, 52 Milk street, Boston.
ELIAS C. CHAPIN.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!
DORCHESTER Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.
Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.
WM. F. TEMPLE, Sec'y. ASAPH CHURCHILL, Pr.
CHARLES A. WOOD, General Agent.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.
BOSTON—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohier, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq; DORCHESTER—Alpheus Hardy, Esq, Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.
☞ Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property,	$934,613
Real estate,	3,202,541—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid,	$38,088,20
Deposit notes,	100,409,63
Stock Co.—1710 policies—amt. at risk,	$2,409,927,02
Capital,	$50,000
Cash surplus,	21,254,94—$71,254,94
Oct 15—1y	O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that I wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.
R. G. PALMER.
Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m

Hartford Fire Insurance Company.
HARTFORD, CONN.
Incorporated A. D. 1810. Charter Perpetual.

Authorized Capital:	$1 000 000
Capital Paid in	500 000
Surplus	300 000

ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1859.

Cash on hand and in Bank	$43 455.22
Cash in hand of Agents and in transit	54 827.09
Real Estate unencumbered, (cash value)	15 000.00
Bills Receivable, amply secured	73 147.55
2,403 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford	230 413.00
2,200 " " New York	197 750.00
710 " " Boston	74 620.00
100 shares Bank of the State of Missourri	10 000.00
State and City Bonds 6 per cents.	74 242.00
Rail Road Stocks	16 250.00
United States' Treasury Notes	14 035.00
	$803 769.86

DIRECTORS.
H. Huntington, Charles Boswell, Job Allyn, Albert Day, Henry Keuey, John P. Brace, James Goodwin, Calvin Day, Chas. J. Russ. Timothy C. Allyn, Sec'y. H. Huntington, Prest. C. C. Lyman, As'nt. Sec'y. W. N. Bowers, Act'ry.
This old and reliable Company, established for nearly FIFTY YEARS, continues to Insure against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Furniture, Warehouses, Stores, Merchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other kinds of property, on its usual satisfactory terms.
Particular attention given to insuring Farm Property, consisting of Dwellings, Barns, and Out-Buildings connected, and Furniture, Live Stock, Hay Grain, Farming Utensils, &c., contained in the same, for a term of three or five years at low rates of premium.
Applications for Insurance may be made to the undersigned, the duly authorized Agent for Monson and vicinity.
Losses equitably adjusted at this Agency, and paid immediately, upon satisfactory proofs, in funds current in the cities of New York or Boston, as the assured may prefer. J. R. FLYNT,
Agent for Monson and vicinity.
Monson, May 7, 1859—1y.

BLOOD FOOD.
HEALTHY human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediatly into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.
Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—1y
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.
Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains
NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,
of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other fits. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 409 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT
SEWING MACHINE!
JUST LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being
ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS
for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.
☞ These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.
W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.
Palmer, March 31, 1860.

COFFINS!
COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of
MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,
and
WHITE WOOD COFFINS,
of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.
Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.
M. S. MOULTON
WOULD call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinty to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.
☞ Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.
N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL!!
WE have just received a cargo of the celebrated
FRANKLIN COAL,
Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of
CUMBERLAND,
And another of
LACKAWANNA.
We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.

FAIRBANK'S
CELEBRATED
RAILROAD, HAY, COAL & STOCK
SCALES,
Of every variety.
FAIRBANKS & BROWN,
34 Kilby Street, Boston.

EMORY S. BROOKS has opened a shop in Waite's Building, opposite the Antique House, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF NEW YORK.
Cash Capital, (all paid in) $1,000,000 00
Cash Surplus, nearly 500,000 00
THIS SOUND and RELIABLE COMPANY Insures Buildings, Merchandize, Household Furniture, Hay, Grain, Live Stock, and most other kinds of Real and Personal Property against loss or damage by Fire, on as favorable terms as any responsible Company.
No liability to assessments in this Company.
☞ Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.
☞ Apply to JAMES G. ALLEN, of Palmer, our duly authorised Agent for Eastern Hampden.
CHAS. J. MARTIN, Prest.
May 21—1y. J. M. SMITH, Secretary.

☞ The *prudent* man will insure his life when he sees its advantages.
☞ The *sensible* man will certainly insure his property, when the slightest accident may burn him out and *ruin* him.
☞ The *trusty* and *safe* merchant *always* insures his merchandize.
☞ The business that will not pay to keep insured, *will not pay to carry on.*

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency.
ARE YOU INSURED?
THE undersigned is agent for the following sound and responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing an aggregate capital of over
$3,000,000!
STOCK COMPANIES.... CAPITAL and ASSETTS.

The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
The CHARTER OAK, Hartford,	350,000.

MUTUALS.
The QUINCY and CONWAY.
Insurance effected on cotton and woolen mills churches, schoolhouses, and all other descriptions of Real and Personal property, at favorable rates.
☞ All losses promptly adjusted at this agency.
☞ All policies registered at this agency.
Also, agent for the Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co. Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to
Palmer, March 12. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

Dyspepsia Remedy
DR. DARIUS HAM'S
AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.
This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.
IT STIMULATES, EXHILARATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPEFY.
AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.
It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.
Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.
WHAT IT WILL DO.
DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder, or Urinary organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.
NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.
Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.
Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions, should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy, and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities from the menstrual organs, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the care worn face.
During pregnancy it will be found an invaluable medicine to remove disagreeable sensations at the stomach.
All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts $1. 43—1y
General Depot, 48 Water Street, New York.
Agents.—Weeks & Potter, Boston; Dr. Wm. Holbrook and Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

DR. La CROIX'S Private Medical Treatise on the
PHYSIOLOGICAL View of MARRIAGE
250 PAGES and 130 Engravings.—Price only 25 cts. Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union. On the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginings, involuntary imaginations, blushings, defective memory, indigestion and lassitude, with confessions of thrilling interest of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, &c., &c. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled.
Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing of the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's New Paris and London Treatment.
We have, for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in visiting the European Hospitals, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and Surgeons on the Continent. Those who place themselves under our care will now have the full benefit of the many new and efficacious remedies which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy and attention being paid to their cases which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore, as a Physician in our peculiar department of professional practice for the past 25 years.
FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.—Ladies who wish for Medicine, the efficacy of which has been tested in thousands of cases, and never failed to effect speedy cures without any bad results, will use none but Dr. DeLaney's Female Periodical Pills. The only precaution necessary to be observed is, ladies should not take them if they have reason to believe they are in certain situations, (the particulars of which will be found on the wrapper accompanying each box,) though always safe and healthy so gentle, yet so active are they.
Price $1 per box. They can be mailed to any part of the United States.
TO THE LADIES—Who need a CONFIDENTIAL medical adviser with regard to any of those interesting complaints to which their delicate organization renders them liable, are particularly invited to consult us.
The "Electro-Galvanic Protective."—For married ladies whose health will not admit, or who have no desire to increase their family, may be obtained as above. It is perfectly safe, and has been extensively used during the last 8 years. Price reduced to $10.
Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, and on Sunday from 2 till 5 P. M.
Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptons by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.
Dr. L.'s office is still located as established, under the name of Dr. La Croix, at No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 copies of a medical book of 32 pages, on Spermatorrhea, for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, lassitude, depression of spirits, drowsiness, pains in the limbs and back, timidity, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples, loss of memory, &c., resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in this book, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of Consumptive and Nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will therefore send free to any address, on the receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box 879, P. O., Albany, N. Y.

HUMPHREY'S
Specific Homeopathic Remedie
FOR THE PEOPLE.
HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.
The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.
The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.
LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.
No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4.—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5.—For Colic, Gripings, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE IRREGULARITIES, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13.—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS.—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, and Mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Falling, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, either with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.
In all acute diseases, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas, the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened, and rendered less dangerous.
Coughs and Colds, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.
In all chronic diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaints, Piles, Female Debility, and Irregularities, old Headaches, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles or Catarrh, Headache or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.
PRICE.

Case of 20 vials complete, in morocco, and Book	$5
Case of 20 vials, and Book, plain	4
Case of 15 numbered boxes, and Book	2
Case of 6 boxes, numbered, and Book	1
Single numbered boxes, with directions	25 cents.
Single lettered boxes, with directions	50 cents.
Large case of 2 oz. vials, for planters and physicians	$15

ALSO SPECIFICS.
FOR ASTHMA OR PHTHISIC.—Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, attended with Cough and Expectoration. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR EAR DISCHARGES AND DEAFNESS.—Discharges from the Ear, the result of Scarlet Fever, Measles, or Mercurials. For Noises in the Head, Hardness of Hearing, and Ringing in the Ears, and Ear-ache. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SCROFULA.—Enlarged Glands, Enlarged and Indurated Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers, Scrofulous Cachexy of Children. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR GENERAL DEBILITY.—Physical or Nervous Weakness. Either the result of Sickness, Excessive Medication, or Exhausting Discharges. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS.—Painful Swellings with Scanty Secretions. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEA-SICKNESS.—Deathly Sickness, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting. Sickness from riding or motion. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR URINARY DISEASES.—For Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult, Painful Urination, Diseases of the Kidneys. Price, 50 cents per box.
FOR SEMINAL EMISSIONS.—Involuntary Discharges and Consequent Prostration and Debility, Bad Results of Evil Habits. The most success

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME X. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1860. NUMBER 52.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
—BY—
FISK & GOFF.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum. To those who pay STRICTLY IN ADVANCE Twenty-five Cents will be deducted. For six months 75 Cents; for three months 38 Cents.

ADVERTISING,—The space occupied by twelve lines advertising type constitute a square. For one square, one week, 75 cents; for two or three weeks, $1 00. For each subsequent insertion 20 cents. Legal advertising 20 per cent. in advance of these rates. Special and obituary notices 10 cents per line. A discount made to yearly advertisers. Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

JOB PRINTING of nearly every description, and in the neatest styles, promptly executed.

A LITTLE CHILD AT PRAYER.—A child at prayer—a beauteous sight! Dimpled hands clasped; eyes lifted heavenward imploring a blessing upon the youthful one. An orphan of six summers—God help the orphan—though not one word was breathed, her looks would be eloquent enough. An orphan, sweet child, like a frail bark upon the uncertain sea of life, to battle with the waves of sorrow and disappointment. But a mother's spirit watches over you, and though the canopy of heaven veil her from view, yet she is a talisman. The evening hour bears upon its fleeting wings your orisons to the shrine of heaven; angels there the record write. Who could harm you? Who could say one cruel, unkind word, when they gaze upon you and reflect that you are indeed an orphan? An orphan! What does that word convey? It is but a name, alas! of too many thrown upon the unfeeling world, trusting to kindness when so little is to be found. Heaven shield you from all harm; pluck the storms from your pathway, and strew sweet flowers. As I watch you on your bended knees, does it not seem an example bidding me "to go and do likewise?" And as the sweet words, "Our Father," fall from your lips, angels are listeners. Let it breathe its simple prayer. He who hath said, "Suffer little children to come unto me," will hear your voice, sweet one.—*Leisure Moments.*

WHERE THE YANKEE GIRLS HAVE GONE.—The women of New England, and particularly those of Massachusetts, earn millions of dollars annually, in the various branches of industry which have been introduced in modern times. In one part of the Commonwealth, female labor is employed upon binding shoes; in another district braiding straw is the leading pursuit; in a neighboring county palm leaf is converted into hats and bonnets by women; and in the seaport villages clothing is made by the female resident for large dealers in Boston. The effect of this home industry upon a large scale has been the withdrawal of nearly the whole native force from the factories, and the substitution of foreigners in manufacturing villages; while in the matter of domestic service the native women have almost left the field, much to the regret and annoyance of housekeepers; and we apprehend that if the amount of the aggregate wealth of the women of Massachusetts could be ascertained, the sum would surprise everybody. They form a large class of the depositors in Savings Banks, and there is hardly a corporation within our borders that has not females among its share owners. The independent industry of our New England women adds largely each year to the aggregate wealth of the community.

A BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.—The following paragraph is from the Wisconsin Farmer:

"To the majority of men we are satisfied that the soil is nothing but dirt; but to the chemist who knows its origin, its nature and its capabilities, it is a wonderful mixture of those beautiful elements, which in their ever-varying forms, become the ambient air, the liquid ocean, the precious opal, the amethyst, and the still more precious diamond; or delicate blue-bell and violet, the amaranth, the lily, and the rosbud; the spear of blue grass, and the cedar of Lebanon; or again, the ruby lip, the lovelit eye, the noble palpitating heart, and more wonderful brain. These are the jewels of which the soil is composed, and out of which the husbandman strives to force the food hunger craves. Henceforth as he turns the furrows of the field, let the sleep of his thoughts be broken by the reflection that the earth thus stir'd up by the plowshare, is doubtless composed in part of the ashes of ancestral heroes, whose deeds are the history of the past, and whose, mortal remains are the plastic material out of which we are building the bodies of men to-day!"

ARTEMAS WARD AT OBERLIN.—Oberlin is a grate place. The Kollidge opens with a prare and the New York Tribune is red. A kollekshun is then taken up by overkotes with red horn buttons on them for the indigent kulured people of Kanaday. I have to kontribit liberally to the glorius work as they kawl it hear. At the boardin house the kulured people sits at the first table. What they leave is made into hash for white people. As I don't like the idea of eating my vittles with niggers, I sit at the sekond table, and the consequence is ive devowred so much hash that my inards are in a highly mixed up kondishon. Fish bones hev made their appearance all over my body, potater peelins air springin up all threw my hare. However I didn't mind it mutch. Ime getting along well in a pecuniary pint of view. The kollidge has conferred upon me the honery title of K. T., of which ime suffiecintly prowd. Unless I go to Geeawgy county, I shall be in Kleveland next week. Fairwel. Where ear I rome ile nere forgit thee. I want you to git out my handhills in flarin stile. ARTEMAS WARD, K. T.

A HAPPY MARRIAGE.—It is a glorious sight to see two old people, who have weathered the storms and basked in the sunshine of life together, go hand in hand, lovingly and truthfully, down the declivity of time, with no anger, nor jealousies, nor hatreds garnered up against each other, and looking with joy and hope to the everlasting youth of heaven, where they two shall be one forever. That is true marriage—for it is the marriage of spirit with spirit. Their love is woven into a woof of gold that neither time nor eternity can sever.

JOHN CHINAMAN ON JAPAN.—A Chinese merchant in San Francisco recently gave an American friend his ideas on the Japanese embassy's reception in this country as follows; "Japanese great men now—Americans want treaty—by'n by treaty be signed, Japanese like anybody—just like Chinese—just like dam nigger."

At Home.

The rain is sobbing on the world;
The house is dark, the hearth is cold;
And stretching drear and ashy grey
Beyond the cedars, lies the bay.

My neighbor at his window stands,
His youngest baby in his hands;
The others seek his tender kiss,
And one sweet woman crowns his bliss.

I look upon the rainy wild;
I have no wife; I have no child;
There is no fire upon my hearth,
And none to love me on the earth.

A License to Sell Liquor.

Licensed to make a strong man weak;
Licensed to lay a strong man low;
Licensed a wife's fond heart to break,
And make her children's tears to flow.

Licensed to do thy neighbor harm;
Licensed to hate and strife;
Licensed to nerve the robber's arm;
Licensed to whet the murderous knife.

Licensed where peace and quiet dwell,
To bring disease, and wail, and woe;
Licensed to make this world a hell,
And fit man for a hell below.

THE LEAP YEAR PARTY.

BY MARY E. CLARKE.

"Cousin," said Madge Carlton, suddenly breaking off in the midst of a merry song, "Cousin Grace, I am going to give a leap year ball."

"A leap year ball?"

"Yes, this is leap year, so I mean to have some fun out of it. I will issue invitations for a ball to the ladies; each one shall then select the gentleman she will escort, call for him, bring him there, furnish his bouquet, and give him her arm to enter the room. The ladies shall invite the gentlemen to dance, make love to them, pass the refreshments at supper, and finally escort the 'dear creatures' home."

"It will be splendid! Of course there is no objection made to a serious proposal, if any of the ladies are so inclined?"

"Not at all. Now to make a list, and then get pa to consent. Come!"

Madge Carlton was the gayest little brunette that ever fluttered, butterfly-like, among the flowers of society. Madge was an heiress, a coquette, not a flirt, for she would not intentionally have wounded any one for the world; but she could not help being pleased with attention, and showing she was pleased. Madge was tiny, beautiful, sparkling, lovely, loving and loved.

[illegible] admirers she had a score; but there were two men who had made it the first object of their lives to love this bright little Madge. One loved hopefully, earnestly endeavoring to win a return. The other loved sadly, silently, not daring to woo the fairy.

Harry Wells was handsome, talented, rich, a good dancer, a perfect gentleman, and a gay idler in fashion's haunts. Lawrence Hayes was also talented, but quiet and reserved.—He had been Mr. Carlton's clerk for seven years, and had loved Madge when she was a winsome school girl. He never "made love" to his idol. He was poor, shy and proud, and could not stoop to try to win the heiress, but he looked on when Harry Wells courted her, trying to think he should be happy if she married and was happy with his rival; crushing back his own ardent, unselfish love into hopeless sorrow.

Which did Madge prefer? She knew these men loved her. Lawrence had never spoken, yet with a woman's quick instinct she felt his love. She flirted gaily with Harry; rode with him, walked with him, and accepted his attentions; yet, with a perfectly frank, easy manner, she kept a wall of ice between Harry and herself; and while he could not tell what prevented him, he still felt that he had best not tempt his fortune yet. She was not so free with Lawrence. Gay, laughing and radiant, she had a pretty, shy manner when alone with him. He attributed it to his own ten years seniority, and longed for the frank, girlish manner she exhibited toward Harry; yet, when he conversed with her, drawing out the treasures of a well-stored mind, and a pure, womanly heart, hidden under her gay manner, he sighed to think how great was the treasure he coveted. Sometimes he wished that poverty could come to his employer, that he might gather his treasure close to his heart, shield her from every sorrow, and prove in adversity his great love. Under the grave reserve of his manner, none suspected this burning passion. None? Madge did!

It was the evening of the ball. Merrier laughter was never heard, brighter blushes never seen, than those in Mr. Carlton's parlor, on the evening of the leap year ball. A gay group of young people were collected near the hostess, who was the brightest reveler there. Lawrence watched her from his corner, where he stood toying with some ornament on the mantle-piece. Harry was, as usual in such scenes, close beside her.

"Miss Carlton" said Mr. Harding, one of the group around Madge, "there is one condition in your invitation not complied with."

"Indeed! Rebellion in this camp must be put down! What is it?"

"The ladies do not make love to us!"

"No, they do not!" echoed several of the gentlemen.

"Shocking! Do they want an example? Mr. Harding, will you take my arm for a promenade?"

Mr. Harding looked down from his six foot height to the tiny little witch beside him, and then offered *his* arm.

"No, take mine! Mr. Harding!" a sigh.

"Miss Carlton, are you ill?"

"No;" another sigh. "Not ill when you smile upon me!" Everybody laughed at Madge's pretended love making.

"Ladies!" said Madge, "take your partners for the first quadrille."

There was plenty of blushing and some pouting, as one or two of the most fascinating beaux pleaded prior engagements on a third or fourth invitation from some fair ones.—Who would Madge choose? Harry of course! Lawrence was watching her little figure flitting from guest to guest, finding places for dancers, and with merry grace putting bashful folke at ease, introducing couples, prompting timid girls, carrying smiles everywhere, leaving a streak of sunshine wherever she went. She stood before him. The smile died out and she blushed crimson.

"Mr. Hayes, shall I have the pleasure of dancing the first quadrille with you?"

Lawrence bowed, offered his arm, and led her to a place. He thought,

"This is her duty-dance. She knows I am grave and would not win the admiration of the gay beauties here, so her kind heart prompts her to dance once with me."

Harry was Madge's next partner; then other guests were invited; then Lawrence again; then again three times, but others came between, and Lawrence sighed as he noticed how gay and chatty she was with others, how timid, quiet and reserved with him.

The evening sped on; it was quite late, and part of the guests had taken their departure. Some, however, yet lingered, dancing in the large parlor. In a little library, on the same floor as the ball room, Lawrence was sitting alone, when a fairy-like figure stood before him.

"Truant," said Madge, "what are you doing here?"

"Have *you* missed me?" There was a deep thrill in his heart, a tremor in his voice.

"Oh!" said Madge, gayly, "you wish to remind me of my omission. I have danced with you, handed you ices, sent you a boquet, but I have not made love to you. Shall I begin?"

There was a deep silence. The merry words she had used to many of her guests failed Madge now. His eyes were fixed upon her sorrowfully, lovingly. She softly crept up close to him, saying in a low tone.

"Lawrence!"

He started back.

"No! no! do not trifle with me! do not make a jest of my love! My love! Oh! Madge, do not tempt me to——.' A strong man was Lawrence, but a choking sob interrupted him.

Madge's low, soft voice stole in on his heart.

"Do you love me, Lawrence?"

"Love you! Madge! Madge, I have loved you for seven years better than my life!"

She still crept closer to him, till her bright head rested on his broad chest. Was it still a jest, a girlish freak?

"Lawrence! Lawrence!"

It was leap year, and she nestled close to him, as, daring his fate, he poured out the full flood of his love in strong, burning word, and the merry heart was bound to his, the tiny form was clasped close in his arms, and the words of love were echoed at the ball given in LEAP YEAR.—*Manchester Mirror.*

EARLY RISING.—Miss Martineau is a great advocate of getting [illegible] She says:

"I speak from experience here. For thirty years my business has lain in my study. The practice of early rising was, I am confident, the grand preservative of health, through many years of hard work—the hours gained being given, not to book or pen, but to activity. I rose at 6 Summer and Winter, and (after cold bathing) went out for a walk in all weathers. In the coldest season, on the rainiest morning, I never returned without being glad that I went. I need not detail the pleasures of the Summer mornings. In Winter there was either a fragment of gibbous moon hanging over the mountain, or some star quivering in the river, or icicles beginning to shine in the dawn, or, at worst, some break in the clouds, some moss on the wall, some gleam on the water, which I carried home in the shape of refreshment. I breakfasted at half past seven, and had settled household business and was at my work by half past eight, fortified for seven hours' continuous desk-work, without injury or fatigue."

FLIRTATION OF MARRIED WOMEN.—The innocent flirtations of married women is one of the abominations of modern society. Even a desire for promiscuous admiration is wrong in a wife. The love of one and his approval should be all that she ought to desire. Let her be ever so beautiful, it is a disgusting and appalling sight to see her decorating that beauty for public gaze; to see her seeking the attention of senseless fops around, and rejoicing in the admiration of other eyes than those of her husband. Her beauty should be for him alone and not for the fools that flutter around her. There is always among the sedate and wise a sensation of disgust when a married lady attempts to ensnare or entrap young men by a profuse display of her charms, or an unlicensed outlay of her smiles. Such charms and such smiles are loathsome to the indifferent observer, and the trail of the serpent is over them.

A PRINCE INCOG.—Benjamin, a Jewish banker of Frankfort, while proceeding to Vienna by railroad, not long since, fell into conversation with a gentleman of very pleasing manners, who was in the same carriage with him, and so delighted was the banker with his new acquaintance, that he offered to give him a letter of recommendation to his daughter, who was well married in Vienna, and might be of service to him. The gentleman thanked him, and, with a smile, said, "I have also one of my daughters married in Vienna, and she has made a tolerable good match." "Pray may I presume," said the banker, to ask the name of her husband?" "It is the Emperor of Austria," was the answer, the gentleman being Prince Maximilian, of Bavaria.

SHOT DEAD.—Mr. John Loud of Port Richmond, Staten Island, removed on Saturday, and while unpacking his furniture took from a trunk a loaded pistol, remarking that he would hang it up out of the way. Accordingly he was hanging it upon a nail, but by some accident the weapon was discharged and the contents entered his breast in the region of the heart, when he leaped into the entry and fell dead.

PRODUCE COMING FROM THE WEST.—The receipts of all kinds of grain at Chicago have already increased during the year. Thus, from the 1st of January, 1859, to April 21, the receipts of corn were 720,345, bushels, while during the same time this year they have been 2,987,157. The amount of flour and grain now in store at Chicago is, 1,630,856 bushels, while last year at this time it was 765,788 bushels.

☞One hour of justice is worth seventy years of prayer. One act of charity is worth a century of eloquence. One loaf of bread given to the hungry is worth more than millions of prayers unaccompanied by acts.

THE ANGEL ON THE HEARTH.

"Come to me, darling; papa's cross tonight," said a young mother, as she extended her arms affectionately to a little girl of three years, who had left her toys and playthings, to climb upon her father's knee.

The child hazarded a puzzled look at that dark stern countenance, and without a glance of re-assurance, stole softly to his side. Not a word was spoken, and the gloomy man sat sad and sullen, his mind wholly absorbed with the busy world's excitements. Although a husband and a father, he was evidently in no humor to participate in the pleasures of a "home circle."

The child was not at all discouraged by the forbidding look of her parent, crept gently upon his knee, and placing one tiny arm about his neck, the other glided affectionately over the opposite cheek, while her innocent lips pressed gently the troubled brow. In a subdued breath she whispered, "*Nellie loves papa so much!*" and she drew her little soft hand caressingly down either side of that careworn face, until they met beneath the heavily bearded chin.

Observe the effect! 'twas electrical; the stern features relaxed, the sullen gloom disappeared, and the whole countenance assumed a lively, animated expression.

The scene was most touching. Words fail to express the exquisite beauty of such a picture. As the transformed parent drew the little girl to his bosom and presed a kiss upon that innocent upturned face, the finer feelings of his manly nature were in his voice as he said, "No, my child, pa could never be cross, with such a lovely daughter to calm the heart the world has tortured into despair."

THE MOON.—Certain recent astronomical obsevations seem to prove a new chapter of Life in the Moon. Hitherto our satellite has been looked upon as merely a dry earthly mass, without water, without atmosphere, and consequently without vegetation or inhabitants. The popular imagination, indeed, has always persisted in peopleing it with luna denizens; but how were they to subsist without air? Euler thought the moon really had an atmosphere; but his observations did not convince astronomers. Later, De la Rive and others added new authority to the opinion of Euler; according to them she has an atmosphere, but it is extremely low.

Herr Schwabe, a distinguished German astronomer, goes further. In a late number of the Astronomical Annals (*Astronomische Nachrichten*) announces having seen a species of vegetation in the moon! Here is the fact [illegible] of the moon presents numerous striped lines like so many furrows. These had been explained in a variety of ways—some considering them as dried up river beds, others as tracks left by torrents of lava, &c. Schwabe advances quite another solution. According to him, the ridges that run down the loftier lunar mountain sides present, at certain seasons, a green color, which they lose at the end of a few months. Thence he concludes that there exists a vegetation in the moon coming at a season corresponding to our autumn. Should this interesting fact receive final authencity, it will certainly overthrow the comonly received opinion that there is no water on the surface of the moon. For, since the vegetation seen by Schwabe is green would not analogy suggest that it is the result of chemical combinations similar to those which produce the phenomena of our earthly vegetation?

COWS ALLUDED TO.—The homely operation of milking, in some portions of the farming west, is vulgarly called 'pulling teats.' At a crowded village debating society in Portage county, Ohio, where the young ladies predominated, the subject under discussion was, "Is the human race increasing in development?" One of the negative disputants, an ambitious, red-crested old bachelor, got excited, and on the spur of the moment let the following slip from his tongue: "Why, what on airth does the young man of to-day amount to? He is notoriously feeble in body, shallow in mind, hoops his fingers to hold them together, wears hair on his chin for warmth, and the hardest labor he is guilty of is carrying a cigar or a meerschaum. When I was a boy they were not afraid to pull teats." A wild shout from the audience greeted this last announcement. The speaker blushed, and after a moment's reflective silence, said, "I alluded to cows simply."

HOOSIER OBITUARY.—Mister Edatur: Jem hang, we are sorry to stait, has desized. He departed this life last mundy. Jem was generally considered a gud feller. He dide at the age of 23 years Old. He went 4th without ary struggle; and such is Life. Tu Da we air as pepper grass—mity smart—to Morrer we ar cut down like a cowcumber of the grownd. Jem kept a niee store, which his wife now wates on. His vurchews wos numerous. Menny is things we bot at his growcery, and we ar happy to stait that he never cheeted, speshully in the wate of mackrel, which was nice and smelt sweet and his surviving wife is the same wa. We never new him to put sand in his shuger, thow he had a big sand bar in frout of his house; nur water in his Lickers, thow the ohio River run past his dore. Piece tu his remanes..—*Indiana Paper.*

A MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE ACCOUNTED FOR.—A lady has been seen in Naples, Rome and Florence, who is either Mrs. Brennan or her double. She is accompanied by an army officer who belongs to Capt. Brennan's company, and whose attentions to Mrs. Brennan gave offence to her husband, while all the parties were in America. If this lady be not Mrs. Brennan, there has been a mysterious appearance quite as puzzling as the "mysterious disappearance" that startled Staten Island and its suburb, the city of New York.

☞A married physician recently eloped from Malden, Canada, with the daughter of a British officer. They went to Illinois, where the doctor's wife followed them, had her husband arrested for adultery, and, acting a motherly part to the misguided girl, gave her good advice and returned her to her parents.

☞Why has a clock a hashful appearance? Because it always keeps its hands before its face.

THE END OF GREAT MEN.

Happening to cast my eyes upon a printed page of miniature portraits, I perceived that the four personages who occupied the four most conspicuous places, were Alexander, Hannibal, Cæsar and Bonaparte. I had seen the same unnumbered times before, but never did the same sensation arise in my bosom, as my mind hastily glanced over their several histories.

Alexander, after having climbed the dizzy heights of his ambition, and with his temples bound with chaplets dipped in the blood of countless nations, looked down upon a conquered world and wept that there was not another world for him to conquer, set the city on fire and died in a scene of debauch.

Hannibal, after having to the astonishment and consternation of Rome passed the Alps—after having put to flight the armies of this "mistress of the world," and stripped three bushels of golden rings from the fingers of her slaughtered knights, and made her very foundation quake—fled from his country, being hated by those who exultingly united his name to that of their god and called him Hanni-Baal—and died at last by poison administered by his own hands, unlamented and unwept in a foreign land.

Cæsar, after having conquered eight hundred cities and dyed his garments in the blood of one million of his foes; after having pursued to death the only rival he had on earth, was miserably assassinated by those he considered his nearest friends and in that very place the attainment of which had been his greatest ambition.

Bonaparte, whose mandate kings and popes obeyed, after having filled the earth with the terror of his name—after having deluged Europe with tears and blood, and clothed the world with sackcloth—closed his days in lonely banishment, almost literally exiled from the world, yet where he could sometimes see his country's banner waving over the deep but which would not or could not bring him any aid.

Thus, these four men, who, from the peculiar situation of their portraits seemed to stand as the representatives of all those whom the world calls great—those four who in turn made the earth tremble to its very centre, by their simple tread, severally died—one by intoxication, or as some suppose by poison mingled with his wine—one a suicide—one murdered by his friends, and one a lonely exile! —"How art the mighty fallen!"

THE FLAMING SWORD AND THE DOOMED CITY.—It appears that ancient Jerusalem was not the only doomed city whose destruction has been prophetically represented by the appearance of the same [illegible] symbol. The Salt Lake City News contains the following curious story.

This morning, at twenty minutes past 1 o' clock, we saw a most singular appearance in the meridian over this city. A red stream of light issued from the heavens, as though the sun was enveloped in a cloud.—It resembled the tail of a comet, but in a few minutes assumed the shape of a sword of massive dimensions, lying horizontally and pointing due east. The shape was quite perfect, the hilt much brighter than the blade and variegated like a rainbow. The moon stood southwest. There was a ring formed around it of a reddish color but not so bright as the sword through which ran two lines forming a cross the one pointing to the earth extending apparently about two feet below the circle. On the west side of the circle there was a smaller sword of fainter colors, pointing northwest.

This appearance was kept up for fifteen minutes without any alteration, after which the ring around the moon assumed the shape of a belt and then disappeared. The color of the sword then grew lighter; after which this magnificient sight disappeared altogether at 1:44.

The atmosphere was perfectly calm and the moon shone out as beautiful as ever.

It is impossible to describe the awful grand appearance of this singular spectacle—the sword hanging over this almost deserted city, with its point ominously extended toward the east while the silence of death reigned around.

ETERNITY.—Eternity has no gray hairs. The flowers fade, the heart withers, man grows old and dies; the world lies down in the sepulchre of ages, but time writes no wrinkles on eternity. Eternity! Stupendous thought! The everpresent, unborn, undecaying, and undying, the endless chain. Compassing life of God—the golden thread entwining the destinies of the universe. Earth has its beauties, but time shrouds them for the grave; its honors are but the sunshine of an hour; its palaces, they are but the gilded sepulchres; its pleasures, they are bursting bubbles. Not so in the untried bourne. In the dwelling of the Almighty can come no footsteps of decay. Its way will know no darkening—eternal splendor forbids the approach of night.

STOCK RAISING—A traveling gent, passing a farm, saw a boy at work in a corn-field by the road-side, and, being of an inquiring turn of mind, he stopped his horse, and thus addressed the youth: "My son' whose farm is this?" "Dad's" was the laconic reply. Does your father raise any stock?" "Ees, lots of 'em." What kind?" continued the stranger. "Cornstalks, mostly," was the reply, as he proceeded to "hoe" a hill of the article, and the stranger went on his way musing.

PERSONAL—DECIDELY.—Several Cincinnati ladies were traveling down the Mississippi, and while the steamer was letting off freight at a plantation, went ashore for a walk. Dr. Horton, the owner of the plantation' sent a negro to order them off to which they paid no attention, when the chivalric Doctor himself informed the ladies that he "Didn't want people, male or female, from so abolition a hole as Cincinnati, prowling about his premises." The ladies retired.

MORE AMALGAMATION.—They are mixing up people wonderfully up in Michigan. A beautiful young white girl, 17 years of age a daughter of Mr. Hiram L. Stout, of the town of Sharon, eloped with a negro boy who was in the service of her father, and it is thought, has gone with him to Canada.

A PUZZLE.—Put twelve pieces of money in six rows, and have four in a row.

YOUNG AMERICA WONDERS.

Wonders why mamma keeps Bridget at home from church to work all day, and says it is wicked for me to build my rabbit house on Sunday.

Wonders why our minister bought that pretty cane with the yellow lion's head on the top, and then asked me for my cent to put in the missionary box? Don't I want a jewsharp just as much as he wanted a cane?

Wonders what makes pa tell such nice stories to his visitors about his hiding the master's rattan when he went to school, and about his running away from the school mistress when she was going to whip him, and then shut me up one day in a dark room because I tried, just for once, to be as smart as he has been.

Wonders why mamma tells pa he is cross when he comes home at night and says his tea is weak, and ties a handkerchief over my mouth so that I cannot speak or breathe, because I happen to say she is cross?

Wonders what made papa say that wicked word when Betsey upset the ink all over his papers, and then snapped my ears because I said just the same thing when my kite string broke.

Wonders why the minister-men make fun of spiritual people and say there ain't no ghosts, and then say that the devil goes about like a roaring lion, only you can't see him, devouring all the bad boys.

Wonders why mamma told Bridget the other day to say she wasn't at home when Tommy Day's mother called, and then puts me to bed without my supper when I tell a lie.

Oh, dear! there are lots of things I want to know! How I wish I was a man!

A BREACH OF PROMISE CASE IN LONDON.—On the 28th ult. an action of breach of promise of marriage was held in the Sheriff's Court, London, in which the damages were laid at $15,000. The plaintiff was Miss Elizabeth Paxton, and the defendant, Rev. Henry Robinson of Walmer. It appeared that the parties became acquainted with each other in 1858, when Miss Paxton was twenty-four, at Gorea, in the county of Wexford.—The defendant preached at Dr. Newland's Protestant chapel, and there met with the plaintiff. He had $1500 a year, was a widower with one child, and about 38 years of age. The defendant's counsel admitted a promise, and he said there were no imputations on the young lady. The same cause still existed which had prevented the marriage, and that was the defendant's circumstances. He had only $1500 a year with certain expenses, and he showed he was in debt. The defendant would not drag his wife into poverty; and he contended that the defendant was not to pay in person what he could not pay in purse. The plaintiff's counsel asked for substantial damages, and denied that $1500 a year was not a sufficient sum to marry upon. If the defendant could not pay in purse he must pay in person.—The defendant had stated that he owed $3000, but that was no justification of his conduct. The jury gave a verdict of $1500 damages.

SINGULAR TRADITION.—Among the Seminole Indians there is a singular tradition regarding the white man's origin and superiority. They say that when the great spirit made the earth, he also made three men, all of whom were of fair complexion, and that after making them he led them to the margin of a small lake and bade them leap therein. One of them immediately obeyed and came from the water purer than before he bathed; the second did not leap in until the water became slightly muddy, and when he bathed he came up copper colored; the third did not leap in until the water became black with mud, and came out with its own color.

Then the Great Spirit laid before them three packages of bark and bade them choose, and out of pity for his misfortune in color he gave the black man his first choice. He took hold of each of the packages and having felt the weight, chose the heaviest; the copper colored one then chose the second heaviest, leaving the white man the lightest. When the packages were opened the first was found to contain spades, hoes, and all the implements of labor; the second enwrapped hunting, fishing and warlike apparatus; the third gave the white man pens, ink and paper—the engine of the mind—the mutual mental improvement—the social link of humanity, the foundation of the white man's superiority.

ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.—The following incident in the life of the grandfather of the late Governor Caleb Strong, of Massachusetts, is quite romantic:—"He had paid some attention to Mary (daughter of Capt. John) Sheldon, of Deerfield, Mass., and there was love, but no engagement between them. On the fatal 29th of February, 1704, she was taken prisoner by the French and Indians, and carried to Canada, where she remained two or three years. It is stated that the first question she asked of those who came to redeem her was, whether Jonathan Strong was married. He was married—her return being considered very uncertain. After her return, she also married. But, in 1761, her husband and Mr Strong's wife both died; and these aged persons—he in his 80th year, and she in her 76th—renewed their attachment, after a lapse of fifty-eight years, and were married in 1762." Sylvester Judd, Esq., of Northampton, says that a third of a century ago people were living in Northampton who had seen the venerable couple ride through the streets of that town, she on a pillion behind her husband.

LOSS OF TWO KINDS OF "BAGGAGE."—A man, his wife, and a young friend from Fall River, Mass., arrived in Troy last week, where they intended to start in business. On Sunday, the young fellow eloped with the woman, going westward. The husband did not care for that; as they left the baggage, he was satisfied. But, unfortunately for him, he had the baggage checked in the young man's name, to deceive his Massachusetts creditors, and, of course, could not legally take possession. The property is consequently held until the young friend shall either return the checks, or send the wife back with them.

☞That infidelity which can persuade a man that he will die like a brute, will also make him live like a brute.

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1860.

The Chicago Convention.--The Coming Man.

The Republican National Convention meets at Chicago next Wednesday. There will be a large attendance from all parts of the country, and a lively interest will enter into the proceedings, not only by delegates, but by outsiders. The Convention bids fair to be harmonious in its deliberations, and we consider it safe to predict that there will be no splitting on "sectional" matters or bolting on candidates. The disgraceful farce enacted at Charleston will find no counterpart at Chicago. There are several candidates prominently before the country, who will have their friends and supporters in the Convention. They are Gov. Seward, Judge McLean, Judge Bates, Governor Banks, Gov. Chase, John C. Freemont and others. The late speech of Seward in Congress has brightened his chances, but recent developments in his own State have somewhat clouded his prospect. Col. Freemont and Judge Bates we consider almost out of the question. Freemont is no Statesman, and Bates is not Republican enough to be a Republican President. Judge McLean is too old and could not carry his own State. The merits of other candidates have been discussed more or less in the newspapers. All agree that the Convention should nominate an available man, who is strong in all parts of the country—one against whom few objections can be brought. We have no doubt that the wisdom of the Convention will culminate in such a choice.

Massachusetts will present a candidate to the Convention, and though comparatively little has been said of him in connection with the nomination, he stands a better chance of getting it than others we have mentioned. Months ago we expressed a preference for Governor Banks as the leader of the Republicans in the Presidential campaign, and we have been happy to notice a growing opinion in his favor, till his nomination is now hoped for by thousands of prominent men, who believe him to be just *the* man for the times. Gov. Banks is widely known as a sound Statesman, an experienced legislator, a popular orator, possessing those qualifications necessary to an able administration, and having in him the elements of success. He stands before the country with fewer objections than any other man named for the Republican candidate. There are thousands of the old American party who cannot be made to vote for Seward, but who will cast their ballots for Banks if he should be nominated. There are also many democrats whose high opinion and admiration of the statesmanship of Gov. Banks will lead them to his support. While he stands on favorable ground with all parties, he is a strong exponent of the principles of the organization which arrays itself against the present administration. The Republican party can [illegible] standard bearer in the present campaign—no better candidate to ensure victory. There will be no secession or bolting if another candidate should get the nomination at Chicago, but so long as Massachusetts presents a worthy candidate, Massachusetts delegates should present a united front in his favor.

A Clergyman to be Hung.—Rev. J. S. Harden, who had been on trial for more than a week, at Belvidere, N. J., for poisoning his wife, has been sentenced to be hung on the 28th of June. He belonged to the Methodist persuasion and was a great favorite with the sisters. He seduced his wife before marriage, and only wedded her when threatened with prosecution. He absconded immediately after the death of his wife, but was arrested in Virginia. He took ground that his wife poisoned herself. The case has created much excitement, the parties being highly respected in the community in which they reside, and the testimony for the prosecution, bearing upon the direct question of the guilt of the husband in administering the poison of which it was admitted that the wife died, being entirely circumstantial and inferential.

Fraudulent Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths.—The law of the last legislature to punish the sending of false notices of births, marriages and deaths to newspapers is now in force. It provides that "any person who shall willfully send to the publishers of any newspaper, for the purpose of publication, a fraudulent notice of the birth of a child, or of the marriage of any parties, or of the death of any person, shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars." Those persons who have vented their malice upon certain parties by forging notices of their marriage and getting them into the papers, must now be careful how they do such things. The evil has become too outrageous to be longer winked at.

A False Recognition.—We stated last week that the young woman found in the Jersey dock had been recognized as the wife of a fast man in Boston, who described her very accurately before seeing her. It now turns out that his wife is living at Charleston, S. C., or at least she was there about the time the late democratic convention was held. Mrs. Margaret Curley of Boston, identified the body as that of her missing daughter, but the authorities were not satisfied with her description, and so the mystery remains as deep as ever.

An Example of Economy.—Mrs. Swisshelm the talented woman who edits a paper up in Minnesota, says she has worn a $2,50 bonnet seven winters without altering! Think of that, ladies. Thousands of women with less brains expend more than seven times that amount for a bonnet in a single season.

Horse Show.—The proposed State Fair and Show at Springfield next fall, has been given up on account of the cattle disease, and a Horse Show will be held instead.

The Difference.—Many Americans with money are going to Europe, and many Europeans without money are coming to America.

The Cattle Distemper.

The Commissioners on the cattle disease met representatives from the various Agricultural Societies at North Brookfield on Tuesday last. Several cattle were killed and all found to be more or less affected with the disease. The disease has broken out in one or two herds which a few days ago were declared free from it. It has also appeared in the herd of Henry Bowen of Sturbridge, and his cattle have been condemned. From the examination of these cattle slaughtered, it was the opinion of all present that infected cattle could communicate the disease a considerable time before exhibiting any signs of it themselves. That the disease was contagious and not infectious, nor sporadic; and that it was impossible to eradicate it unless the cattle which were affected in the least, or exposed to diseased cattle, were killed. To-day there is to be a grand slaughter of all the herds known to have been exposed. The open graves are to be seen on almost every farm, and stock owners wear a downcast look. Four hundred cattle have already been killed, and two hundred more will die to-day. As new cases are constantly occurring there is no knowing where the disease will be stayed. It appears that the pleuro-pneumonia was first introduced to this country by a New Jersey farmer, Mr. Thomas Richardson, in 1847. He discovered it among his imported stock before other herds had been exposed, and, knowing its malignant character, he immediately killed his whole stock, valued at $10,000. He has lately written to gentlemen in Brookfield that the only way they can get rid of it is to kill every herd which has been exposed. Some of the farmers go so far as to assert that they have seen cases where the disease was taken from hay which had been in a barn where there were diseased cattle. If so, will not those who visit the diseased cattle carry the infection in their clothes to other herds?

A meeting of the citizens was held at the town hall in the evening, at which it was proposed to raise a guarantee fund of $60,000 and to aid this, a meeting of the State Board of Agriculture is to be held for consultation.

Dangerous Leap.—Not long ago, at a village in Belgium, a young lady in full dress was seen walking on the roof of a house. Inquiry developed the fact that she was in a fit of delirum resulting from a fever, and that she had risen from her sick bed, dressed herself and gone by a window to the roof. All endeavors to persuade her to come down by the way she had ascended proving fruitless two slaters were sent to bring her down, but before they reached her, she leaped off. Strange to say she was but little injured by the fall, as her crinoline had swelled out, and diminished the velocity of her descent.

A Colored Swindler.—A negro came to North Adams a few days ago, and palmed himself off as a Cuban gentleman, and thus ingratiated himself into the good graces of the citizens. He gave lectures in the Universalist Church, got in debt to landlords, printers, and others, when a traveller stopping in the village exposed him, and it was found that under his straight hair, (a wig,) grew the genuine African wool. He left town suddenly.

A Prize Fight by Moonlight in New York.—Charles Cann and Thomas Mullen were caught by the New York harbor police engaged in a prize fight, on the pier at the foot of Rosevelt street, on Saturday night. They were taken before a police justice forthwith and fined $10 each and for want of funds were committed to prison. The stakes were $25 a side.

Very Cool.—On Friday evening a Dutch druggist in New York gave a woman who called for seidlitz powders a preparation of red precipitate, a deadly poison. The lady knew that the powders should be white and sent them back. On being shown the powder he remarked, with amazing coolness: "Vell, den, she can haf anoder."

Divorces in Indiana.—Indiana is reaping a rich harvest in the divorce line, but can scarcely be said to be adding to her reputation. Divorces are granted on the most shallow and frivolous pretexts. Among other recent cases is that of a woman in Clay county, who was married to a different person fifteen minutes after obtaining a divorce from her husband.

A Strong Case.—The effect of the mental feelings on the body is wonderful. An enthusiastic admirer of Heenan, in Detroit, became so excited in his champion's behalf that his Saturday night's sleep was continually disturbed by dreams of the fight, and when he arose in the morning he was shocked to discover that he had a black eye.

☞ The New York Journal of Commerce says that three notorious slavers according to credited reports have left that port within a month, and two more suspected vessels came under the notic of government officials during the last week.

Another Pistol Accident.—On the 4th inst., Edwin R. Houghton of Putney, while out hunting dropped his pistol from his pocket. It struck a stone and an explosion following, the whole charge entered his body. He died in about four hours.

Railroad Depot Burned.—The south station house in Quincy, on the line of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad, was set on fire Saturday morning and totally destroyed.

A Queer Escape.—A farmer who stabbed a deaf and dumb man near Navan, Ireland, has escaped from justice, because neither the prosecutor nor any of his family knew the deaf and dumb alphabet, and there was no satisfactory mode of obtaining the prosecutor's evidence.

Ah! Is that It?—The English scandalmongers say that the young Prince of Wales is coming to Canada to escape the consequences of injudicious promises made a Lady C——V——. She is about to commence a suit against him it is said.

Famine.—There is another famine reported in Ireland, owing to the failure of crops last year. Cattle are killed for lack of fodder, and young people are being removed to England till another crop can be gathered.

Shower of Stones.—In Muskingum county, Ohio, on the 30th ult., a shower of meteoric stones fell, some of them weighing fifty lbs. A report that shook the dwellings in that region preceeded the shower.

Saints for Salt Lake.—Five hundred and ninety-four pilgrims from the British Isles and Germany landed at New York on Saturday, on their way to the promised land in Utah.

Small Paragraphs.

Owners of dogs should bear in mind the necessity of getting the required license before the first of June. The dog-days will prove fatal to many of the canine fraternity if this notice should not be heeded.

—The fizzle at Charleston makes democratic office holders look blue. They see in it the finger on the wall which writes their doom. Poor fellows! It is time they were weaned from Government pap.

—Miss Delilah Vanduzer, a young girl of 17, hung herself at LeClaire, Iowa, a few days ago, because a fellow she loved had disappointed her. She ought to have looked up another beau, instead of doing so silly a thing.

—Hon. Phineas Allen one of the oldest, if not *the* oldest editor in the Union, died at Pittsfield, on Tuesday, aged 84. He has published the Pittsfield Sun for 60 years.

—One of the Douglas delegates, on his arrival in Washington, offered to bet $10.000 that the Little Giant would be nominated and elected. Is that man responsible?

—An incendiary who set fire to a house in Hudson, Mich., a few evenings ago, was discovered by the aid of a trained dog, who was put on the scent, and in less than two minutes found the man crouched behind a fence a short distance back of the house.

—Byron tells us (but who will practice it) that—

"The drying up a single tear has more
Of honest fame, than shedding seas of gore."

—A murder has grown out of the Heenan Prize fight at Albany. John McCotter got into a dispute with Thomas Holloran, concerning the fight, when McCotter stabbed Holloran so that he died.

—The Fourth of July Committee of the Lowell City Government have decided to have a regatta, and $300 has already been subscribed by the citizens to defray the expenses thereof.

—A crazy man has been arrested at Iowa City for a most revolting case of rape and murder. His victim was a girl of eight years, to outrage whom he used a knife, the wounds resulting in death.

—The pleuro-pneumonia has made its appearance at Pawtucket, R. I., in the herd of Zelotes Wetherell.

—A son of the late Dr. Macklen of Chippewa, C. W., fell into Niagara river, on Sunday, and was carried over the falls.

—All the persons injured in the late Western railroad accident at Wilbraham, have been satisfactorily settled with.

—A correspondent of the Montreal Gazette proposes that a fleet of forty steamers shall be got ready to proceed some forty or fifty miles below Quebec to meet the Prince of Wales on his arrival, and escort him to the ancient capital.

—The democracy of Chicago and Cleveland fired 150 guns in honor of the vote received by Douglas at the Charleston Convention.

The Constitutional Union Convention at Baltimore.—A convention with this title assembled at Baltimore the present week and nominated John Bell of Tennessee for President, and Edward Everett of Massachusetts [illegible] President. The convention adopted no platform but the Constitution, which, we believe, all parties claim to stand upon. The ticket is a very respectable one but it won't amount to "shucks."

A Lawyer Elopes.—John M. Hipple, a young lawyer of much prominence in Pittsburg, Penn., eloped on the 3d of May with a Miss Brinkle of that place, leaving a wife and one child, and taking one child with him. He also took away about $3000 which he had collected for various parties. He wrote to his wife after leaving, stating that he should never look upon the green fields of his childhood again. It is supposed the guilty ones have gone to California.

The Chicago Convention.--The free States, with one hundred and eighty-three votes, and of the Southern States, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri and Virginia, with forty-seven votes, and the embryo State of Kansas, with three votes, will be represented at Chicago. The total number of votes in the Convention will be, therefore, two hundred and thirty-three; necessary to a choice, one hundred and seventeen.

Southern Congressmen Refuse to Endorse the Seceders.—Perley telegraphs to the Boston Journal, from Washington, that about one-half of the Southern members of Congress had refused to sign an address endorsing the action of the seceders. The Douglas men are getting up indignation meetings at the South.

To Chicago and Back.—Those who wish to avail themselves of an opportunity to see the Western country at a low price can go to Chicago and back for about $33. Their tickets will be good for a fortnight, in which they can see much of the West, including the Chicago Convention.

Burning of a Cutlery Factory.—The factory of Rice & Lathrop, manufacturers of table cutlery, in West Winsted, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night, last week, with all its contents. Loss about $5000; not insured. The building was insured for $5000.

A Family in Law.—Seth Bartlett, of Coventry, Vt., has four sons who are lawyers. The Irasburgh Standard says: "Four lawyers out of five sons! We venture to say there is not another family in Vermont that presents such a deplorable example of wholesale depravity."

The Crowing Story.—The Marblehead Ledger says that the cockerel story is a hoax, and that the young man, who received but slight injury, is now about town, apparently well, and wonders why the papers have made so much *crowing* about him.

Remarkable Coincidence.—It is a curious coincidence to the death of ex-Gov. Robinson at Charleston, that in 1840 the Vermont delegation to the democratic national convention lost their chairman, F. W. Billings, by death in the same manner.

A Small Affair.—The German Republicans hold a National Convention on Monday, at Chicago. Its object seems to be to influence the action of the Republican Convention, but it will have no more effect than the obstruction offered by a fly to the progress of a locomotive.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Rev. N. R. Wright will preach at Antique Hall to-morrow.

M. B. Hines, who has kept a hat store in this place for about two years has removed to Haverhill, Mass. There is now a good opening here for a practical hatter.

Rev. E. B. Wright, formerly chaplain at the State Almshouse in this place, has accepted an invitation to become its chaplain again, and has entered upon the duties of that position.

Mr. Fox keeps early vegetables and all the luxuries of the season at his saloon. We know whereof we speak, for our dinner table the other day was furnished with lettuce, radishes and a fat Connecticut river shad from his establishment. If the reader would know how such things tasted to us let him call on Mr. Fox for the like o' them.

Votes for the Constitutional Amendments.—At the town meeting in this town last Monday six votes were cast on the proposed constitutional amendments—all "yes." The distinguished voters were the three select men, the town clerk, and two other persons. If the Fathers of the town expect people to give heed to their calls, they must not hide their warrants under a bushel—they should advertise.

Small Items.—There will be religious services at the Baptist church on Monday afternoon and evening next. Preachers from abroad will be present.——No less than three runaway horses, with wagons attached, have exhibited their anties in this village during the week, fortunately doing little or no damage. ——Maples are putting on their green dresses and ladies are putting on new bonnets, which is all very natural at this season.

The school committee have divided their labors, assigning the schools in the Thorndike and Hastings districts to Gamaliel Collins, those at the Depot and Old Centre to Elias Turner, those at Duckville and Foster districts to E. B. Gates, those at Three Rivers and Bondsville to Geo. W. Randall, those in the Burley and Shearer districts to R. B. Caswell, and those in the Mason, Gamwell and Shaw districts to Wilson Brainard. Several of the Summer schools have already commenced, and the others will commence in a week or two.

Elopement at Three Rivers.—For some time past the course of true love has not run smooth with a son of Erin named Sullivan, and a young French girl named Lopal. The mother of the girl objected to her union with an Irishman, and promised to get her lots of fine clothes if she would give him the cold shoulder. She agreed to this and the fine clothes were provided. Finding herself in good trim for a wedding she abused the confidence reposed in her by eloping with Sulli[illegible] morning, going to Holyoke, where they were married. They returned to Three Rivers, and have settled down to the unromantic realities of domestic life.

Hall J. Kelley of this town, surveyed the route for a ship canal from Barnstable Bay to Buzzard's Bay forty-three years ago, at the suggestion of merchants in Boston, but at his own expense. The route surveyed by him was the same as is now proposed, and which he pronounces feasible.—Mr. Kelley, about the same time, proposed a canal from Boston Bay to the Connecticut river, intersecting the latter near Miller's river.—He introduced the matter to the legislature and a committee was appointed to examine the subject. The committee reported favorably, but delay followed delay till railroads began to be talked of, when the project was abandoned.

Opening of the New Hotel at Brimfield. The new hotel, constructed in part out of the old one at Brimfield, by S. C. Herring, recently from New York, was opened to the public by a rousing house warming on Wednesday evening. A band from Boston furnished music for the occasion, which was hugely enjoyed by a large company. The hotel has been leased to Messrs. Brown & White, who did themselves honor in providing the entertainment. Conspicuous among the guests appeared the genial countenance of Mr. Herring, the owner of the hotel, who has done a good thing for the town in providing it with a public house which, for convenience and pleasantness, is equal to any that can be found in Western Massachusetts. It is a beautiful place for Summer resort, and we hope the proprietors will always have a house full.

A Tin Wedding.—The tenth anniversary of John D. Blanchard's wedding was celebrated in an agreeable manner last Tuesday evening. His numerous friends presented him and his better half with a full complement of tin ware, from a baby's rattle box and nurse lamp, to a dinner horn large enough for Gabriel's trumpet. There were several horns provided for the occasion, (we mean tin horns of course) one of which measured eighteen feet in length, another fourteen feet, and another 5 feet. Besides, there was a coffee pot holding four or five pailsfull, and other articles of tin ware of the same gigantic proportions. Mr. Blanchard's house was filled with his friends who met with cordial good cheer and were entertained in the most hospitable manner. About midnight the horns were taken possession of by a serenading party who perambulated the village, awakening those who slumbered to drink in the exquisite melody which filled the air.

The Adultery Case at Staffordville.—A lady at Staffordville sends us an article on the scandalous affair which recently occurred at that place. She is particularly severe upon licentiousness, but thinks that Stebbins, the chorister, may have been seduced by the young lady, instead of his having seduced her. In evidence of this she says that her character hitherto has not been irreproachable—that she went so far as to appoint the meeting with Stebbins the night before they were detected, asking him to be in the mill at the ringing of the first bell, which is at half past four in the morning—that she confesses to the practice of going to Stebbins' room and sleeping with him (the naughty girl) when his wife went to Hartford every week to sing in church on the Sabbath. Our fair correspondent goes on to say—

"Such conduct ought to put every pure minded person to the blush, and yet she is called in your paper a "respectable girl."—The Bible tells us "Blessed is the *man* who endureth temptation," but I speak the honest sentiments of my heart when I say I think there are very few men who would withstand such temptation. It is a severe blow to a fond and affectionate wife, who still clings to him faithfully through all. The girl, whose name is Annette ——, has relations highly respectable, and who have the sympathy of the community. Licentiousness seems to be the prevailing sin of the day, and it needs much of the grace of God to live in these perilous times. It also becomes those who profess the name of Christ to watch and pray much lest they fall into temptation. God grant that the time may soon come when licentiousness shall be done away and purity prevail through our land."

The above is excellent advice to weak christians, but we don't call that Christian logic which endeavors to crush an orphan girl who has taken one false step. It is, however, the logic of woman. The idea that an able-bodied man, with brains enough to be an overseer in a mill—with talent enough to lead a church choir, and hypocrisy enough to exhort and pray in meeting—was seduced by a young lady who has moved in the best society, is ridiculous. The man who sets up such a plea as that to shield himself is too contemptibly mean for christian sympathy. At least that is our opinion.

Concert.—The concert given by J. Waters and Senor Casseres at the Congregational vestry on Thursday evening was well attended, and the audience unmistakably testified their appreciation by long and frequent applause.—We doubt if a Palmer audience ever heard better music on the piano than that furnished by Senor Casseres.

The several schools in this district will commence next Monday. The primary department for children in the village will be kept in Union Hall, by Miss Tupper of Monson. The 1st division at the school house will be taught by Miss Anna Heath of Worcester, and the 2d division by Miss Nellie Smith of Three Rivers.

Wales, May 7th, 1860.

Mr. Editor—Dear Sir:—In your last Journal I observed an article occupying one half of a "mortal column," in which the author goes on to say what he heard somebody else say, with regard to the "citizens' meeting." This is a round-about way in getting at the "facts in the case," concerning which he is so particularly tenacious all at once. The "facts in the case" are what we want, and they are embodied in my last communication, which it is not necessary for me to repeat. The author quotes my statement: "It is uncharitably asserted by many in this town that all those who do not belong to the so-called Sons of Temperance are in sympathy with the liquor seller." His uncourteous reply to this is, "That statement is false!" for which he will please accept my thanks. [illegible] very *serious* question of his—"How came the writer with the doings of the division room?" Here he acknowledges I am in possession of the "doings" of the division room, and consequently contradicts his statement which charges me with falsehood. He further states that I have manifested a decided opposition to the Order in this place. This is the "fact in the case." If I have manifested that opposition, it was not on account of its professed temperance features, but partly because of the uncharitable spirit in which it was commenced and has been carried on, and partly for the same reasons that I have no fellowship with any secret organizations, such as Free Masons, Sons of Malta, Sons of Temperance, etc.—Further, speaking of the election, he says—"The question of temperance did not enter at all into the election of representative." That was very evident, and corroborates my former statement. But it does not look very consistent that a Son of Temperance should throw his principles overboard at election. He further states, "as a body the Sons took no part in the election." But they did as individuals, and were not very particular as to temperance principles. He says also, "no prosecutions were made until after election."—Had the prosecuted party voted to suit the "Order," no doubt the prosecutions would have been indefinitely postponed. I care not how a man votes if he will keep the great subject of temperance in view. I am in favor of the cause of temperance and am trying to do something to advance it every day of my life, but the law of love, not revenge, will reclaim the seller and the drinker.

W. S. P.

A Shocking Affair Reported.—It is reported at Augusta, Ga., and believed, that twenty-nine boys and girls, who were on a fishing party, were drowned in Boykin's mill pond, near Camden, S. C., last Saturday. The boat sunk in the middle of the pond. The water has been drawn off and nineteen bodies found, but no names are given.

Generous Partner.—Gilbert A. Smith of South Hadley, having spent the winter in this city, returned to his home a few days since, and presented the wives of his partners, Mrs. Henry E. and Abner Bolton, with a couple of silver tea-sets, valued at $20 each. The Messrs. Bolton conducted the entire business during Mr. Smith's absence, and this was an expression of his thanks, through their "better halves."—*Republican.*

Drowned.—As a party of young people from Westford Academy went out sailing on Forge Pond, on Tuesday, a sudden gust of wind struck the sail, causing some part of the cordage holding the sail to break, and tipping over the boat. One young man named Hildreth, of Westford, was drowned; the rest of the party, five young ladies, and three young men, were saved.

A Bloody Deed.—A very bloody murder was committed in Philadelphia on Sunday evening. A colored man named James Whittaker, enraged at the discovery of his wife's faithlessness, cut her throat, and then endeavored to kill himself. The cries of the children alarmed the passers by, and he was prevented from completing his crime although he was badly cut.

Serious Loss.—The dam attached to Samuel Williston's new mill, now building at Easthampton, was undermined and carried away Saturday afternoon, taking with it the Easthampton bridge and a portion of the highway. The town loses about $2000 and Mr. Williston $10,000.

A May Day Ceremony.—Two fugitive slaves were arrested in New York on May Day, and sent back to *Liberty*, in Maryland, where their owners reside. There was no excitement and not the slightest bit of a mob. The metropolis couldn't have treated a murder case more calmly.

A Dull Place for Mechanics.—A traveller, writing from the city of Carthagena, South America, says that there has been no new dwelling house built there for forty or fifty years.

A Negro Seventy Years of age Marries A White Girl of Twenty.—A singular marriage took place in this city last evening at the corner of Sixth and Calvert streets. A negro a shade darker in hue than the ace of spades is represented to be, led to the hymenial altar a young and not a bad looking white girl. The disparity in color was, however, only equalled by the difference in ages—the bridegroom verging on three score years and ten, while twenty winters have not yet passed over the head of the bride.

The fact that the marriage was to take place was known to those inhabiting the above part of the city, and when the marital rights were performed, a crowd, large in numbers and promiscuous in character participated. The name of the patriarchal old swain is Winston, and the girl Mary Cain, the latter being known as the daughter of John Cain, who killed Richard Singleton years ago for her seduction.

Wiston is proprietor of an eating and drinking house of a very low character, while Mary has been a notoriously abandoned character, and a frequent inmate of our city prisons.

Whatever could have induced this strange alliance is more than we can divine, but if misery makes strange bedfellows, love sometimes makes stranger. Those intimately acquainted with the facts, inform us that they have been living together as man and wife for a long while, and seemed to regard each other with a fondness worthy of imitation by those marrying their own color and race.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

Both Murdered.—A few weeks since we mentioned that a young girl had eloped from Rockford, Ill., with a gambler, who had murdered her near Ottumwa, Iowa. Her name was Miss Harvey, and that of her seducer, Lawrence, and it is now thought that a companion of the latter murdered him and the young woman. Pieces of his clothing, with the hair of both, have been found. In speaking of this affair the New York Tribune says:

"We do not base so sweeping a deduction on a single fact, however significant; but we believe young women in this country marry more recklessly than anywhere else. Is there a village of fifty houses in the land wherein a plausible, well-dressed adventurer, of whom nobody knows anything, cannot marry a girl of spotless character after a residence of six weeks? Such marriages—in fact all marriages not based on intimate knowledge and profound esteem as well as fervent love—are somewhat more reputable than what is called Free Love, but scarcely one whit less culpable or perilous."

The Chicago Wigwam.—They are putting up a huge wigwam for the accommodation of the Republican Convention at Chicago. Its size will be 180 by 100 feet, and it will accommodate about 10,000 people. In the centre of the front, on Market street, will be a dome, surmounted by an eagle and shield supporting a flag staff. On each corner there will be a tower with the same design. The wigwam will be lighted with gas, and the building will bo strong, compact and waterproof. The total cost will be about $5000, which will be paid by contributions from the party.

In the Wrong Place.—A poor slave attempted to escape on the steamer which took [illegible] from Charleston. He was discovered, however, when the ship was near Block Island, and transferred to a steamer going South. The poor fellow stood no chance of liberty in the hands of Democratic delegates. P. S.—After the steamer landed, another negro slave made his appearance and put for Canada, before the delegates discovered him.

The Stage-Struck Girl.—It turns out that the Toledo girl who went to Detroit and was so anxious to go upon the stage, was the victim of a man named Howard, who promised to get a divorce from his wife and then marry her.—He engaged in the search for her, till his iniquity was discovered. He was arrested, but as the girl knew his position her friends have concluded to let him go and put up with the disgrace.

Singular Death.—On Wednesday, last week, an engineer on the Hudson River Railroad ran over a man named Cooper. The inquest acequitted the engineer of all blame, but in two days after as he was running his engine over the road he became terribly agitated on approaching the spot where Cooper had been killed, and on reaching the place he fainted away and never revived. He died the following evening literally broken hearted.

A Mean Husband.—About three months ago a young woman was married in New York. Going with her husband to Philadelphia on a wedding trip, he pawned or sold all her clothes except a single suit. They then extended their tour to Boston: there the rapacious man sold his wife's last female garment, and compelled her to put on male attire. It is not considered the thing in the last named city for women to appear as men, and she was arrested as soon as she showed herself in the street. It was through this arrest that the strange story came about.

A Woman Tarred and Feathered.—On Friday night of last week fifteen young men and five young women, including one married woman, went to the house of Elisha Whipple, in the south part of Portland, we are informed, and broke it open and took one of his girls, a young woman, out of bed and tarred and feathered her. The reason alleged for the act is that she was of a disreputable character, and the house was disorderly.—*Westfield (N. Y.) Republican.*

Family Calamities.—R. Ely Campbell, whose death at Keokuk, Iowa, by suicide, we announced a few days since, was well known in Massachusetts. His mother was an Ely from West Springfield. There seems to be a strange fatality in the family. One of his brothers was blown up on a Mississippi steamer; another committed suicide at Ravenna, Ohio; a third brother died of yellow fever on the Mississippi; and one of his brother's sons was killed by a boiler explosion on the same river.

Horrid Murder.—Mrs. Knapp, the wife of a farmer in De Kalb county, Ind., recently killed her husband with an axe, and then threw his body into the well. She had lived with him fifty years, and no excuse is offered for her crime. She has been sentenced to prison for life, which is mild punishment for such a hag.

Dear Breakfast.—A hungry Juryman ran out of a Court room in Taunton, Eng., during a trial, to get his breakfast. When he returned the Judge fined him £20 sterling for his misdemeanor, which made him consider his morning meal expensive.

Steam Plow.—A company, with a capital of $10,000 has recently been chartered to fully test Mr. Fawkes' steam plow on the prairies of the West.

SUPERFLUOUS NOSE.—A girl twelve years of age and having two separate noses, landed in Detroit on Saturday last, in company with her parents, from Scotland, on their way to the West.

ONE GOOSE DRAWN BY TWO OTHERS.—The clown attached to a circus exhibiting at Nashville, Tenn., was a few days ago drawn about the Cumberland River in a wash tub, to which a pair of geese were attached. The sublime spectacle was witnessed by a large crowd.

SMALL INVENTIONS—PREPARED GLUE.—The numerous small inventions and mechanical conveniencies adapted to aid in saving time, money, and labor on the farm and in the household, are most promising for our material and social progress, and we are always happy to chronicle all such, however apparently insignificant.

It is estimated that there are over five millions of households in the United States supplied with cabinet and other furniture, the various parts of which are chiefly united with cabinet maker's glue, and which are likely to become loosened and otherwise injured or broken by constant use.

From one to two dollars is required for annual mendings and repairs, nearly all of which goes to the professed repairer, who is usually called in when the dilapidation has become unbearable, notwithstanding the homely maxim "a stitch in time saves nine."

Nine-tenths of such repairs could and would be made at home and in season, were a convenient and reliable holdfast always at hand to be brought into requisition. The want of such an article has long been felt.

Spalding's Prepared Glue is designed to supply this universal want. It is convenient, cheap, remains soluble, retains its tenacity, is stronger than the best cabinet-maker's glue, is put up in a bottle with a brush, ready for use, similar to the ordinary mucilage. It is also admirable for re-fastening book covers and loosened leaves, and is just the thing for the library and for use in schools where books are constantly liable to need repair.

A STARTLING TRUTH!—Hundreds die annually, from neglected coughs and colds, when by the use of a single bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry their lives could be preserved to a green old age.

☞ ANOTHER INSTANCE of Tape Worm Cured by the use of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15. 1852.

This is to certify that I was troubled with a tape worm for more than six months. I tried all the known remedies for this dreadful affliction, but without being able to destroy it. I got one of Dr. M'Lane's Almanacs, which contained notices of several wonderful cures that had been performed by his celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros. I resolved to try it; and immediately purchased a bottle, which I took according to directions; and the result was, I discharged one large tape worm, measuring more than a yard, besides a number of small ones.

MRS. M. SCOTT, No. 79 Cannon street.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. ☞ None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. [28]

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

☞ Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, prevail, in our changeable climate, at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints. Experience proves that this exists in WISTAR'S BALSAM to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wouted health.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

[From Benjamin Wheeler, Esq., Depot Master at South Royalston, Mass.]

SOUTH ROYALSTON, Jan. 4, 1860.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Co., Boston—Gents: Although unsolicited by you, I cannot refrain from adding my testimony to the many already given in favor of your Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health, that after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon through the influence of a neighbor to try Wistar's Balsam, though with no belief whatever in its truly wonderful curative properties, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me, the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits, and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor.

Thus had this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Very respectfully yours, BENJ. WHEELER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Langley, Belchertown. 49

50 Years! Dr. S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters has succeeded for the period of half a century in maintaining its supremacy over all other medicines. It gives immediate tone and action to the Stomach and Bowels, and imparts to the patient cheerful and happy anticipations, which are never attendant upon an inactive state of the important functions of the body.

The alterative and purifying action of our medicine upon the Stomach and Bowels, is the means of curing many hopeless diseases, which other medicines have failed to reach; in proof of which we have frequent testimonials from all parts of the country, of our Bitters having cured diseases which have been abandoned by attending physicians; among which are enumerated Scrofula, Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Salt Rheum, &c. Consumption in its early stages has often been averted by their use. Its unprecedented success, however, is based upon its certain and immediate cure of Billious Complaints, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Stomach and bowels, for which it is conceded that Dr. Richardson's Bitters has no rival. For sale by Druggists everywhere, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. m10—3m.

Great Remedies of the Day. The Tolu Anodyne.

The Great Neuralgic, Nervous Headache and Rheumatic Remedy, and the UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY, for every description of Lung and Throat Complaints.

These Remedies after six years' private use are now fairly before the public. Pamphlets giving a full prospectus of all plans, and testimonials which can in every case be relied on, and to which the proprietors ask the most rigid inquiries, will be found with all dealers. The proprietors in confidence ask all to read the pamphlet, as nothing like justice can be done by advertising, excepting that of notoriety, which is indispensable.

GENERAL AGENTS:

J. W. HUNNEWELL & Co., 7 & 8 Commereial Wharf, Boston. | GEO. HUNNEWELL, 145 Water Street, New York.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

HERRICK'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 30—1y

SHOCKING MURDER.—The Postmaster in Hollow Square, Alabama, was recently robbed and murdered. He took his meals from the Post Office, and was returning from his supper when he was met, followed into the office, and there knocked on the head with an axe; then robbed of all his money. The letters were all broken open, and a great deal of money taken from them. He was dragged three quarters of a mile, with the intention of putting him into an old well, but the murderer fled before he accomplished this. Before he left, to make sure of his victim, he shot him hrough the head.

☞ FOR NEURALGIA, NERVOUS HEADACHE, Rheumatism, Gout, Numbness Partial Paralysis, and Loss of Sleep, use the celebrated TOLU ANODYNE.

For every species of Throat or Lung Difficulties, from that of Sore Throat to extreme Consumption, use the UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY.

We say to all, try them; and in purchasing, or before purchasing, call for and read the pamphlet, which is a full description of all plans. Patients will find in them everything to strengthen confidence; and in reading should any question suggest itself, the proprietors will consider it a favor to have such questions put to them, which shall be answered without delay. The pamphlet, which is quite a family necessity, and will be extended in journal form, as ideas suggest themselves, or questions asked, can be had of all dealers, or will be cheerfully sent on application to General Agents. As no locality should be without these Remedies, respectable dealers not already supplied, can be, on application to the General Agents.

☞ See Advertisement.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—This Restorative for making the hair grow, stopping its falling out, and restoring gray hair to its original color, is becoming celebrated. All the quack nostrums are giving way before it. Three-fourths of the mixtures for restoring and beautifying the hair do it more injury than good. They burn it up, destroy the life of its roots, make the hair fall off, and produce premature baldness. But Prof. Wood's Restorative may be relied upon as containing nothing which can in any manner be injurious to the hair, while its success in accomplishing what it pretends to do has been verified in hundreds of cases. We advise gray heads, and heads getting bald—all who wish to save their wool or obtain a new stock, to get a bottle of Wood's Restorative.—*N. Y. Democrat.*

Sold by all respectable druggists.

☞ It is often a disgrace to the country to see the manner in which members of Congress demean themselves in the National Capitol. In many respects they exhibit many of the characteristics of rowdies—quarrelling, fightiug and duelling. One cause is that many are men of sedentary pursuits, whose mode of life has injured their digestion, making them dyspeptic, and consequently irritable and quarrelsome. To make our National Legislature more respectable, nothing would have a happier effect than to send each member a bottle of Dr. Ham's Dyspepsia Remedy, or Invigorating Spirit, which cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Bad Spirits, &c., and soon brings a broad grin on the face of the ugliest mortal.

BORN.

In South Wilbraham, April 28, a son to Capt. CHARLES A. TAINTOR; May 1, a daughter to HORACE M. SESSIONS.

In Bondville, April 29, a daughter to C. H. MURDOCK.

In Greenwich, 2d, a son to SAMUEL B. ESTY.

MARRIED.

At Boston, 3d, S. C. MARSHALL BLISS and SARAH REED, both of Warren.

DIED.

In Monson, 8th, HULDAH COLLINS, 24, wife of T. D. Thayer, and daughter of W. Collins of Wilbraham.

In Ware 5th, OWEN MCCARTY, 32.

In Enfield, 6th, at the residence of Leonard Woods, NANCY DODD, 76.

In Lawrence, 1st, SAMUEL S. MANN, 32.

In Oreuttville, (Stafford) 3d, FREEMAN STUDLEY, 70.

REFRIGERATORS.

THE subscriber has been appointed manufacturer's agent for the sale of the most approved article before the public. Purchasers are invited to call at my store and examine a very desirable article. E. BROWN.

Palmer, May 12, 1860.

NOTICE.—I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting Jeremiah Hurley on my account, as I shall pay no debts of his contracting from this date. CALVIN ROOT.

Greenwich, May 12, 1860.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Josiah Potter, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

S. MARIA POTTER.

Palmer, May 12, 1860.

LOOK HERE!

THE LAST CHANCE.

"Procure the shadow while the substance yet remains."

WM. COOPER

BEGS to return his heartfelt thanks for the generous patronage he has received, and would remind those who have not had one of his life-like Pictures to call and procure one before he leaves.

P. S.—We guarantee satisfaction in all cases. Call and see our specimens. W. A. COOPER.

Palmer Depot.—m12 3w. Artist.

THE Best and Latest Styles of DRESS GOODS May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

Housekeeping and Domestic Goods

For sale low at CROSS & Co.'s.

Great Excitement in Springfield!

CAUSED BY THE

GREAT SILK SALE,

AT

TINKHAM & CO.'S.

From the recent great N. Y. AUCTION SALES, we have received an immense stock of

RICH DRESS SILKS,

New and beautiful Spring Styles—choice colors—which we are selling at a great discount from cost of importation, and from 25 cents to 75 cents a yard less than the lowest of former prices.

IT WILL PAY

For every Lady who wishes a Silk to come to our Store, if she resides within fifty miles of the place.

SPRING DRESS GOODS!

Headquarters for Fashions

in

MANTILLAS, TALMAS, SHAWLS,

and

MILLINERY.

184, 186, & 188 MAIN STREET,

April 14, 1860.—eow3t Springfield.

WHAT IS IT?

HEAD QUARTERS FOR

MILLINERY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS

Would announce that he has fitted up Rooms expressly for the Millinery Business in all its branches,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

At the Stone Building, opposite the Bank,

WARE, MASS.,

To which he would call especial attention.

$500 WORTH OF

French Wreaths,

Cost to Import, we shall sell at 50 cts. on a dollar.

500 PIECES OF

BONNET RIBBONS,

At 25 per cent. less than any one will sell in town.

100

Ready-Made Silk Bonnets,

From $2 to $12.

LARGE STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS,

At less price than they cost to manufacture, and all kinds of

TRIMMINGS

To match every style any lady may desire. New styles of

HAIR PLUMES, SLIDES, &c.

We shall have a new Stock added to our assortment every week during the coming season. Also new styles of

BLACK POINT LACE,

From $3 to $12.

New styles of

LADIES' CLOTH,

For Spring Cloaks, at very low prices.

Embroidered Shawls, Fancy Goods,

and a large stock of Goods too numerous to mention. We shall sell all the above Goods at very low figures.

New styles of

FANCY SILKS,

At 37½ cts., worth 50 cts.

☞ We shall sell Silks at Wholesale Prices for the next 30 days, as we buy for cash and sell accordingly. Cash works wonders in buying Goods in New York at the present time.

We will now draw to a close for a short time, but would say to one and all, give us a call, and look for yourselves, is all that we ask.

Respectfully, JOHN H. STORRS.

Ware, April 12, 1860.

THE ONLY PREPARATION

That has STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, and grows more and more popular every day!

AND testimonials, new, and almost without number might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

PROF. WOOD: Thee wilt please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life, having reduced me to a state of depeudence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair, thick and black, though short. It is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for n bottle, nnd receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"The reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIRBY.

LIGONIER, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray; so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars worth of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect.

Very respectfully, yours, A. M. LATTA, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least 20 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent; more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Nov. 26

Life & Fire Insurance Agency.

Main street,.....Ware, Mass

W. S. BRAKENRIDGE,

AGENT for Companies of undoubted character and standing, representing a Capital Stock of over $5,000,000, and for several of the best Mutual Insurance Companies. Insurance effected against loss or damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Stocks of Goods, Cotton and Woolen Mills, and Merchandize generally at rates proportionate to the character of the risk. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. Insurance upon Life taken upon favorable terms in perfectly safe Companies.

Dec. 30—6m.

GREAT ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING

AND

SUMMER GOODS.

P. P. KELLOGG,

PALMER DEPOT,

IS NOW RECEIVING

A FRESH SUPPLY

—OF—

Seasonable Goods,

Consisting of

Everything New and Beautiful,

TO WHICH HE INVITES THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC.

May 5, 1860.

Large Inducements

For every body to visit

Howland's Great Bargain Store,

WARE VILLAGE,

Where Goods are Sold Cheaper

☞ Than at any store in the State.

COME AND SEE

NEW DRESS GOODS

At HOWLAND'S.

Look at New Fancy Silks,

At HOWLAND'S.

Examine some pretty styles Challies

At HOWL&ND'S.

The best make

BLACK SILKS,

Warranted, can be bought at the lowest prices,

At HOWLAND'S, Ware.

HOOP SKIRTS!

For half price, at

HOWLAND'S.

Some Splendid Patterns

NEW CARPETINGS!

SELLING LOW,

At HOWLAND'S.

All the

NEW STYLE GOODS

OF THE SEASON,

Just Received at

HOWLAND'S.

2000 lbs. Live Geese Feathers,

At the lowest prices, at

HOWLAND'S, Ware Village.

NEW STYLE CAPES

Will be sold LOW, at

HOWLAND'S.

VISIT HOWLAND'S

WARE VILLAGE, for any kind of

DRY GOODS,

CARPETINGS,

FEATHERS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Which will be sold at

SATISFACTORY PRICES.

CROCKERY.

A large invoice of Crockery received this week by CROSS & Co.

SCRAP IRON.

I WILL PAY THE FORGE PRICE, viz, $1 per 100 lbs, for all good wrought scrap iron offered in exchange for Goods. E. BROWN.

WILLOW CRADLES and EMPIRE CHILDREN'S CABS, in great variety, for sale at low prices, by Palmer, May 5. E. BROWN.

NOTICE.—Stockholders of the Palmer Park Association are notified to meet at the Antique House on Monday evening May 7. Palmer, May 5, 1860.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of

MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.

Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassowanno Block.

Palmer Ayril 28, 1860.

SPRING DeLAINES.—Any quantity of Spring DeLaines just opened, and selling for 10 to 20 cents a yard, at CROSS & Co.'s.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We have received a large additlon to our stock of Spring Clothing, and are selling Cheaper than the Cheapest. CROSS & Co.

NEW SILKS, Just received by CROSS & Co.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cone, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.

Wholesale Depot, 48 Cedar St., New York.

Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO., Box No. 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends ACCOUNT BOOKS	A
B	Mends BUREAUS	B
C	Mends CRADLES	C
D	Mends DOLLS	D
E	Mends ETAGERES	E
F	Mends FANS	F
G	Mends GUITARS	G
H	Mends HARPS	H
I	Mends INLAID WORK	I
J	Mends JARS	J
K	Mends KNOBS	K
L	Mends LEATHER WORK	L
M	Mends MIRROR FRAMES	M
N	Mends NEWEL POST	N
O	Mends OTTOMANS	O
P	Mends PIANO-FORTES	P
Q	Mends QUILT-FRAMES	Q
R	Mends ROCKING-HORSES	R
S	Mends SOFAS	S
T	Mends TABLES	T
U	Mends UMBRELLA-STICKS	U
V	Mends VASES	V
W	Mends WORK-BOXES	W
X	Mends XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK	X
Y	Mends YARD-STICKS	Y
&	In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.	&
1	S Mends Sofas	S 1
2	P Mends Pitchers	P 2
3	A Mends Accordeons	A 3
4	L Mends Letter-Scales	L 4
5	D Mends Daguerreotype Cases	D 5
6	I Mends Images	I 6
7	N Mends New Breakages	N 7
8	G Mends Gun Stocks	G 8
9	S Mends School Books	S 9
10	P Mends Parasols	P 10
11	R Mends Rulers	R 11
12	E Mends Electrical Machines	E 12
13	P Mends Paper Hangings	P 13
14	A Mends Arm Chairs	A 14
15	R Mends Rickety Furniture	R 15
16	E Mends Eraser Handles	E 16
17	D Mends Desks	D 17
18	G Mends Globes	G 18
19	L Mends Loosened Leaves	L 19
20	U Mends Upholstered Furniture	U 20
21	E Mends Egg Beaters	E 21
22	Mends Acorn Work	22
23	Mends Chess Boards	23
24	Mends Fiddles	24
25	Mends Shell Work	25
26	Mends Fillet Work	26
27	Mends Hobby Horses	27
28	Mends Kaleidoscopes	28
29	Mends Money Boxes	29
30	Mends Picture Frames	30
31	Mends Secretaries	31
32	Mends Veneering	32
33	Mends School Furniture	33
34	Mends Papier-mache	34
35	Mends Wardrobes	35
36	Mends Parian Marble	36
37	Mends Cribs	37
38	Mends Baby Jumpers	38
39	Mends Ivory Work	39
40	Mends Match Safes	40
41	Mends Pictures	41
42	Mends Quill-Wheels	42
43	Mends Towel Racks	43
44	Mends Wash Stands	44
45	Mends Bedsteads	45
46	Mends Drums	46
47	Mends Chessmen	47
48	Mends Ballot Boxes	48
49	Mends Herbariums	49
50	Mends Backgammon Boards	50
51	Mends Band boxes	51
52	Mends Black boards	52
53	Mends Bass viols	53
54	Mends Billiard Tables	54
55	Mends Billiard Cues	55
56	Mends Bird Cages	56
57	Mends Broomsticks	57
58	Mends Book Cases	58
59	Mends Boot Crimps	59
60	Mends Brush Handles	60
61	Mends Brushes	61
62	Mends Cabinets	62
63	Mends Churns	63
64	Mends Clock cases	64
65	Mends Crutches	65
66	Mends Cupboards	66
67	Mends Curtains	67
68	Mends Casings	68
69	Mends Caddies	69
70	Mends Cameras	70
71	Mends Chairs	71
72	Mends Charts	72
73	Mends Clothes frames	73
74	Mends Cards cases	74
75	Mends Chests	75
76	Mends Diaries	76
77	Mends Work stands	77
78	ends Draught Boards	78
79	ends Dishes	79
80	ends Doors	80
81	ends Divans	81
82	ends Dice Boxes	82
83	ends Dominoes	83
84	" Fireboards	84
85	" Flutes	85
86	" Ballusters	86
87	" Glassware	87
88	" Handles	88
89	" Guttapercha Ware	89
90	" Kites	90
91	" Tops	91
92	" Organs	92
93	" Models	93
94	" Sewing-machine Stands	94
95	" Panels	95
96	" Pasteboard Work	96
97	" Patterns	97
98	" Side Boards	98
99	" Wooden-ware	99
100	" Willow-ware	100

Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Groeers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of **SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE**, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 29 1y

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Lewis Carpenter, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

ALFRED M. RINGMAN, Administrator.

Brimfield, April 24, 1860. m5 3w*

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞ One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

THOY, Oct. 23, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.

Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞ Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours pains and weakness in breast, sides and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.

HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N. Y.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine. f11—1y.

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers

these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists. Price 25 per box. JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y.

VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS

WILL FIND BRYAN'S WAFERS

INVALUABLE TO REMOVE

HOARSENESS AND SORE THROAT,

AND GIVE CLEARNESS TO THE VOICE.

THEY RELIEVE IN TEN MINUTES,

COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES,

OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

AT 25 CENTS A BOX

AGENTS—Dr. Wm. Holbrook; Palmer, L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

☞ These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the Second page of Pamphlet are well observed. ☜

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and six postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS

ARE A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION,

THEY ARE SAFE AND NEVER FAIL

TO REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS,

AND CURE ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

WHEN the DIRECTIONS are FOLLOWED.

THEY are a BLESSING and a CURE,

AND CAN BE SENT BY MAIL

FOR $1 AND 6 POSTAGE STAMPS.

AGENTS.—G. B. Hitchcock, Ware: Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs. 25—1y.

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and Female Physician, presents to the attention of MOTHERS her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is SURE to Regulate THE BOWES. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other article of medicine, never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used.—Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medicinal virtues. We speak in this matter what we do know, after 10 yrs. experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in 15 or 20 minutes after the syrup is administered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New and has been used with never falling success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the bowels, and wind colic, and overcome convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the above complaints—Do not let your own prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes absolutely sure to follow the timely used. Directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price only 25 cents per bottle.—Principal office; No. 13, Cedar st., New York. Dec. 18.—1y.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

ASSESSORS' NOTICE.—The inhabitants of the Town of Ware, are hereby notified to bring in to the subscribers, assessors of said Ware, on or before the 20th inst., true lists of their polls, and of all their estates, both real and personal (not exempted by law from taxation) of which they are possessed on this, first day of May.

FRANCIS DEWITT, SETH PIERCE, THOMAS F. SHERMAN, } Assessors of Ware.

Ware, May 1, 1860—5 2w.

Dear Laura.

"Dear Laura! when you were a flirting young miss,
And I was your dutiful swain,
Your smiles could exalt to the summit of bliss,
Your frowns would o'erwhelm me with pain;
You were *dear* to me then, love; but now you're my wife,
It is strange the fond tie should be nearer,
For when I am paying your bills, on my life,
You seem to get *dearer and dearer*."

CHOICE LANGUAGE FOR LADIES.—The universal publication of the details of the prize fight introduces to our acquaintance many phrases, which, uttered by pretty ladies, would sound very odd. Think of a fair maiden asking her "boy" to let her repose on his "duke," and think of Mary Ann telling her mamma all about the English prize ring, and how the combatants struck each other with mawleys, and bunches of fives, upon the head, the nut, the cone, the conk, the cannister, the noddle, the mug, the knowledge-box; the nose, the sneezer, the snorer, the snuffer, the snuff-tray, the nozzle, the mazzard; the eyes, the ogles, the optics, the peepers; the mouth, the kisser, the whistler, the oration-trap; drawing the blood, the claret, the ruby, the crimson, the home-brewed, the gravy; and in several instances knocking the unfortunate knocker off his pins, his pegs, his stumps, and his foundation, to say nothing of boring, fibbing, and sending him to grass. Go away, Clipper!

THE TALENT OF SUCCESS.—Every man must patiently abide his time. He must wait.—Not in listless idleness, not in useless pastime, not in querulous dejection, but in constant, steady, cheerful endeavor, always willing, fulfilling and accomplishing his task, "that when the occasion comes he may be equal to the occasion." The talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well, without a thought of fame. If it comes at all, it will come because it is deserved, not because it is sought after. It is a very indiscreet and troublesome ambition which cares so much about fame, about what the world says of us, to be always looking in the face of others for their approval—to be always anxious about the effect of what we do or say—to be always shouting to hear the echoes of our own voices.—*Longfellow.*

GOING TO HAYTI.—The barque Laura, which left New Orleans April 24, for Hayti, had on board seventy-five passengers, free persons of color, who are going to settle under Jeffrards' government. They are all cultivators, and possess more or less means. Another and more important expedition will take place in June.

☞ "Don't get above your business," as the lady said to the shoemaker, when he was taking her measure.

A FINE LOT OF GOODS
BOUGHT AT
CHEAP THE LATE
DOWN, PRICES,
ELEGANT, Stylish, Durable,
FRESH, Fanciful And staid,
GOOD IN Design. Also,
HANDSOME To look at;
IN GOOD Colors and Finish,
JUST the things Of all
KINDS and Qualities to
LOOK at and Admire,
MAY be found At all times, and
NOW, Partieularly, Just
OVER the South Side,
PALMER, MASS.
QUEER Place, But known all
ROUND as The best
SHOP of all At which to
TURN a Dollar or two
UNDER all Circumstances,
VERY profitably Indeed.
WE shall try to Make it
XACTLY the Place for
YOU to examine
& FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,
McGilvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GAITERS & SLIPPERS,
PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,
SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &.

HAMPDEN ss.—At a Court of Probate holden at Springfield, in and for said county, on the fourth Tuesday in April, A. D., 1860, Reuben L. Nichols, Executor, having presented for allowance his seennd account of administration, of the estate of Daniel Nichols, late of Brimfield, in said county, deceased, testate: Ordered, that the fourth Tuesday in May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned as the time for considering said account, at a Court of Probate then to be holden at Springfield, in said county; and that said Executor give notice to all persons interested in said estate, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, the last publication to be three days at least before said time, that they may be present and show cause, if any they have, why said account should not be allowed.
JOHN WELLS, Judge of Probate & Insolvency.
A true copy—attest. WM. S. SHURTLEFF,
April 28, 1860. Register.

PRINTS!
PRINTS!
PRINTS!
Cases of New Prints just received and selling very low at CROSS & Co.'s.

THE PRETTIEST BONNET,
CROSS & Co.'s.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed agent for the several Insurance Companies for which Mr. B. F. Goff was agent at the time of his decease, is now prepared to effect Insurance on any risk, or to renew any Policy that may expire in any of said Companies. OTIS LANE.
Office at Ware Savings Bank,
Ware. Nov. 26, 1859—tf.

GENTLEMEN, we have just received the Spring Style of GENTS' SILK HATS,
Call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

BOOTS & SHOES.—A good assortment always on hand at CROSS & Co.'s.

The Place to Buy Anything Cheap
Is at CROSS & Co.'s.

IMPORTANT NATIONAL WORKS.—Published by D. APPLETON & Co., 346 & 348 Broadway, New York.

The following works are sent to subscribers in any part of the country, (upon receipt of retail price,) by mail or express, prepaid:—The new American Cyclopædia: A popular Dictionary of General Knowledge. Edited by George Ripley and Charles A. Dana, aided by a numerous select corps of writers in all branches of Sciences, Art, and Literature. This work is being published in about 15 large octavo volumes, each containing 750 two column pages. Vols. I., II., III., IV. & V. are now ready, each containing near 2,500 original articles. Price, in Cloth, $3; Sheep, $3.50; Half Mor., $4; Half Rossia, $4,50 each. The new American Cyclopædia is popular without being superficial, learned but not pedantic, comprehensive but suffieiently detailed, free from personal pique and party prejudice, fresh and yet accurate. It is a complete statement of all that is known upon every important topic within the scnpe of human intelligence. Every important article has been specially written for its pages by men who are authorities upon the topics on which they speak. They are required to bring the subject up to the present moment—to state just how it stands NOW. All the statistical knowledge is from the LATEST reports; the geographical accounts keep pace with the latest explnrations; historical matters include the freshest just views; the biographical notices not only speak of the dead, but also of the living. It is a library of itself.

ABRIDGEMENT OF THE DEBATES OF CONGRESS:—Being a Political History of the United States, from the organization of the first Federal Congress in 1789 to 1856. Edited and compiled by Thomas H. Benton from the Official Records of Congress.

The work will be completed in 15 royal octavo volumes of 750 pages each, 11 of which are now ready. An additional volume will be published once in three months. Cloth, $3 90; sheep, $3 50; half morocco, $4 00; half calf, $4 50 each.

A WAY OF PROCURING THE CYCLOPÆDIA OR DEBATES.—Form a club of four, and remit the price of four books, and five copies will be sent at the remitter's expense for carriage; or for ten subscribers, eleven copies will be sent at our expense for carriage.

TO AGENTS.—No other work will so liberally reward the exertions of Agents.

☞ An Agent wanted in this county. Terms made known on application to the Publishers.

GRAND OPENING
OF
SPRING MILLINERY.

The LADIES are respectfully invited to the opening of Spring Millinery at the
NEW MILLINERY ROOMS OF
CROSS & COMPANY,
On WEDNESDAY, April 11.

We have received a large stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods. A large and extensive assortment of
Ribbons, Ruches,
Flowers and Straw Goods,
of all styles, and at prices that defy competition

We shall be pleased to show all who may favor us with a call. Our Bonnet Rooms should be visited by every one who wishes to procure a
PRETTY SPRING BONNET.
BONNETS BLEACHED AND PRESSED,
in the best possible manner,
FOR 13 CENTS.

New Grain & Feed Store in Monson.

ADDISON THOMPSON takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public that he has taken the store owned by Flynt & Packard near the Monson Depot, where can be found a good assortment of
Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Groceries,
Also Guano, Lime, Plaster, Cement, &c., &c.
Having purchased my stock of Goods in the city of New York, where I expect to be furnished from time to time with the best the market affords, I only ask my friends to call to satisfy them that I can do them good. ADDISON THOMPSON.
Monson, April 16, 1860—4w*

PAINTING!

THE subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of
Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging,
and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand
PAINTS, OILS,
and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.
WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN
and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.
Palmer, April 14, 1860.

GREAT EXHIBITION!
AND FOR SALE
A Splendid Assortment of
STAPLE
—AND—
FANCY DRY GOODS,
—AT—
C. S. WILCOX'S
EMPORIUM,

Just received from the New York and Boston markets, consisting of all the latest Styles and Noveltics of the Season, in
DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS,
EMBROIDERIES,
TRIMMINGS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
&c., &c., &c.,
To which the attention of purchasers is respectfully solicited, pledging myself to sell them as CHEAP as can be found in any other Store in the State of Massachusetts.
C. S. WILCOX.
Ware, Sept. 25, 1859.

DRESS GOODS!
DRESS GOODS!
DRESS GOODS!
Elegant New Spring Dress Goods received this week by CROSS & Co.

A REASONABLE CALL.

CIRCUMSTANCES and a contemplated change in business affairs renders it necessary that I should have all that is due me on notes or book account, immediately. Therefore, I hereby call upon all such to pay up previous to the 20th of May, and thereby save some trouble.
Ware, April 25, 1860.—3w F. DEWITT.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS,
Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

SAMUEL BLAIR, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. A large assortment of Gold and Silver Goods kept constantly on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Palmer, Jan. 2, 1859.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.
M. W. FRENCH. JOHN GAMWELL.

S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of job bing done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

E. JONES & Co., Manufacturers of Gilt and Rosewood Picture Frames. Also, Frames fo Hair Wreaths, which will be delivered at any place ordered. French Looking Glasses, Picture Glasses, and Prints for Grecian Painting kept constantly on hand and for sale cheap. North Wilbraham.

V. GUILD & Co., manufacturers of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Child en's Calf Brogan Shoes, Main street, Ware, Mass.

To Boot and Shoe Manufacturers.

WE wish to call your attention to the following GOODS which we are prepared to sell on the most favorable terms:
Lastings, Serge de Berri's and Italian Cloths,
Black and Colored Doeskin, } Finished especially
Black, Brown & Drab Cassimeres, } for Congress tops.
Brown, Black and Drab Felings, for Snow Shoes.
Rubber Gusset Webs, of beautiful quality for Congress Shoes.
Boot and Congress Webs, from ½ inch to 1½ inch, new styles.
Galloons, Blacks and Colors, ½, ⅝, and ¾ inch widths.
Shoe Ducks; Congress and Linen Canvass.
Shoe Ribbons, Rosettes and Sandal Webs.
Eyelets, Cords, Shoe Laeetts and Strings, all sizes and lots. Shoe Buttons, of all descriptions.
LINEN MACHINE THREADS of the well-known XXX Golden Flax Stamp, of every description, required in the manufactory of Boots, Brogans, Shoe and Congress work, from No. 18 to 100, from 2 to 10 cord, in Black, Drab, Grey, Orange, Yellow and W. Brown, in hanks, balls and spools, for sticking, closing, stitching and binding straps and counters, top stitching and under threads; also, Shoe Threads; Machine Silk, all colors and sizes; Sea Island Hank cotton, black, colored, unbleached and white; Spool thread, and sewing cotton all descriptions.
Manufacturers of CLOTHING will find in our stock everything in linen and cotton threads required in their work, and the quality much superior to any other in use. JOSEPH DIX & Co.,
52 Milk street, Boston.
JOSEPH DIX,
ELIAS C. CHAPIN.

To Painter, House Builders,
And Consumers of WHITE LEAD & COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & Brothers, of Philadelphia, continue to manufacture White Lead and Colors of the same reliable qualities manufactured by their predecessors, Mord'k Lewis & Co. The White Lead is of the same superior quality that has always distinguished their Lead, and for whiteness and durability is unsurpassed by any Lead of any manufacture.

LEWIS'S PURE WHITE LEAD. LEWIS'S COLORS.

that Messrs. John T. Lewis & Brothers' Lead is put up *full weight*, and every keg contains the quantity marked upon it, and not, as is the custom generally, of charging for weight of keg as well as lead.

Their COLORS—Green, Yellows, Blues, Reds, &c.—can be depended upon, not only as regards their brilliancy and fastness of color, but for their uniformity—the same to-day, yesterday and to-morrow.

For sale by all the principal dealers in Paints throughout New England, and by
THAYER, BRIGHAM & FIELD.
32 India Street, Boston.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN & PALMER R. R. On and after April 9, 1860, trains will run as follows: Leave Amherst for Palmer at 8,00 A.M. Leave Palmer for Amherst at 2,00 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains to and from Boston, Springfield, Albany and New York.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, trains will be run between Amherst and Palmer, leaving Amherst at 4.00 p.m., arriving at Palmer in season to connect with evening trains from Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany, Hartford, New Haven, and New York. Returning leave Palmer at 6.15.

Stage accommodation at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley and Sunderland. W. DIXEY, General Agent.
Amherst, April 9, 1860.

PLASTER,
FRESH GROUND EVERY DAY.

THE subscribers have on hand on for sale in quantities to suit customers, a superior article of Nova Scotia Plaster, to which they respectfully invite the attention of gentlemen wishing to purchase.

Having unequalled facilities for obtaining supplies direct from the quarries, they are confident that they can furnish an article superior to any to be found in Hampshire county. Buyers desirous of obtaining the best in the market are requested to examine our stock before purchasing.

PRICE $8 per ton at the Mill.

☞ A liberal discount made to parties buying five tons and upwards.

GUANO, SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, and other fertilizers on hand and for sale at market prices, BLANCHARD & DARLING,
Proprietors Belchertown Steam Works.
Belchertown, April 14, 1860—6wis.

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!
Of the newest patterns, call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

STOVES! STOVES!

May be found at the old stand of Allen & Porter,
TIN, JAPANNED & WOODEN WARE,
Good Air Tight Cook Stoves,
Furnished complete for $16, $17, and $19, The NEW ENGLAND STOVE, never before sold in the State, the AMAZON, PATRIOT, CONQUEST, Parlor and Parlor Cook Stoves, Farmers' Boilers, &c., &c., &c.,

Stoves wanted by any one, not found in the Shop, will be procured and delivered as low as can be bought in the State.

☞ Stoves delivered at any depot within fifty miles free of expense.
RUSSIA PIPE, 17 cts. ℔ lb; common do. 10 cts.
All Kinds of Jobbing Done at Short Notice.
Rags, Old Copper, Brass, Iron, Pewter and Lead taken in exchange.
CALL AND SEE.
Palmer, April 7, 1860. E. NICHOLS.

LIVERY STABLE REMOVED.

THE subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the
NASSOWANNO BARN,
where he will keep
HORSES & CARRIAGES,
As usual, and let them at reasonable prices.
☞ He will also furnish feed for horses any length of time. WILLIAM FULLER.
Palmer, April 21, 1860—tf.

PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!
A large and extensive assortment of Parasols, new and beautiful styles, just received by CROSS & Co.

BLOOD FOOD.

HEALTHY human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &e, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, inducing Consumption, use No. I, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediatly into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.

Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—ly
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,

and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other fits. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT.
No. 409 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT
SEWING MACHINE!

JUST LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being

ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS

for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.

☞ These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.
W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.
Palmer, March 31, 1860.

COFFINS!

COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of
MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,
and
WHITE WOOD COFFINS,
of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.
Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.
M. S. MOULTON

WOULD call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinty to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

☞ Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.

N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL.!

WE have just received a cargo of the celebrated
FRANKLIN COAL,
Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of
CUMBERLAND,
And another of
LACKAWANNA.

We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.

FAIRBANK'S
CELEBRATED
RAILROAD, HAY, COAL & STORE
SCALES,
Of every variety.
FAIRBANKS & BROWN,
34 Kilby Street, Boston.

EMORY S. BROOKS has opened a shop in Waite's Building, opposite the Antique House, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay.
N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!

DORCHESTER Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.

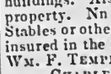
Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.
WM. F. TEMPLE, Sec'y. ASAPH CHURCHILL, Pr.
CHARLES A. WOOD, General Agent.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.
BOSTON—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohler, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq: DORCHESTER—Alpheus Hardy, Esq, Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.

☞ Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property. $931,613
Real estate, 3,202,541—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid, $38,088,20
Deposit notes, 63,409,63
Stock Co.—1740 policies—amt. at risk, $2,409,927,02
Capital, $50,000
Cash surplus, 21,254,94—$71,254,94
Oct 15—1y O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.
Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m R. G. PALMER.



New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad. Summer Arrangement! Commencing Thursday, July 4, 1859. Trains leave Palmer for Williamantie, Norwich and N. London, at 7.50 a.m., and 1.50 p.m., or on arrival of trains from Springfield and Albany. Trains leave New London, at 7.00 a.m., and 1.30 p. m. R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, July 4, 1858.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF NEW YORK.
Cash Capital, (all paid in) $1,000,000 00
Cash Surplus, nearly 500,000 00

THIS SOUND and RELIABLE COMPANY Insures Buildings, Merchandize, Household Furniture, Hay, Grain, Live Stock, and most other kinds of Real and Personal Property against loss or damage by Fire, on as favorable terms as any responsible Company.

No liability to assessments in this Company.
Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.
☞ Apply to JAMES G. ALLEN, of Palmer, our duly authorised Agent for Eastern Hampden.
CHAS. J. MARTIN, Prest.
May 21—1y. J. M. SMITH, Secretary.

☞ The *prudent* man will insure his life when he sees its advantages.

☞ The *sensible* man will certainly insure his property, when the slightest accident may burn him out and *ruin* him.

☞ The *trusty* and *safe* merchant *always* insures his merchandize.

☞ The business that will not pay to keep insured, *will not pay to carry on.*

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency
ARE YOU INSURED?

THE undersigned is agent for the following sound and responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing an aggregate capital of over
$3,000,000!

STOCK COMPANIES....CAPITAL and ASSETTS.	
The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
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Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to
Palmer, March 12. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

Dyspepsia Remedy

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILARATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPEFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable feelings of Nervousness, Irritability, and, as soon as the stomach receives the Spirit, it will relieve it, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder, or Urinary organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad fellings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions, should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy, and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities from the menstrual organs, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the care worn face.

During pregnancy it will be found an invaluable medicine to remove disagreeable sensations at the stomach.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts $1. 43—1y
General Depot, 48 Water Street, New York.
Agents.—Weeks & Potter, Boston; Dr. Wm. Holbrook and Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

DR. La CROIX'S Private Medical Treatise on the
PHYSIOLOGICAL View of MARRIAGE
250 PAGES and 130 Engravings.—Price only 25 cts. Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union. On the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginings, involuntary imaginations, blushings, defective memory, indigestion and lassitude, with confessions of thrilling interest of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, &c., &c. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled.

Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing of the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's New Paris and London Treatment.

We have, for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in visiting the European Hospitals, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and Surgeons on the Continent. Those who place themselves under our care will now have the full benefit of the many new and efficacious remedies which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy and attention being paid to these cases which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore, as a Physician in our peculiar department of professional practice for the past 25 years.

FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.—Ladies who wish for Medicine, the efficacy of which has been tested in thousands of cases, and never failed to effect speedy cures without any bad results, will use none but Dr. DeLancy's Female Periodical Pills. The only precaution necessary to be observed is, ladies should not take them if they have reason to believe they are in certain situations, (the particulars of which will be found on the wrapper accompanying each box,) though always safe and healthy so gentle, yet so active are they.

Price $1 per box. They can be mailed to any part of the United States.

TO THE LADIES—Who need a CONFIDENTIAL medical adviser with regard to any of those interesting complaints to which their delicate organization renders them liable, are particularly invited to consult us.

The "Electro-Galvanic Protective."—For married ladies whose health will not admit, or who have no desire to increase their family, may be obtained as above. It is perfectly safe, and has been extensively used during the last 8 years. Price reduced to $10.

Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, and on Sunday from 2 till 5 P. M.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptons by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

Dr. L.'s office is still located as established, under the name of Dr. La Croix, at No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

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HUMPHREYS'
Specific Homeopathic Remedies
FOR THE PEOPLE.

HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.

The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. H. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

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In all acute diseases, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas, the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened, and rendered less dangerous.

Coughs and Colds, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.

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Case of 20 vials complete, in morocco, and Book	$5
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Case of 15 numbered boxes, and Book	3
Case of 6 boxes, numbered, and Book	1
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Single lettered boxes, with directions	50 cents.
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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1860. NUMBER 1.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

—BY—

FISK & GOFF.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum. To those who pay STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. Twenty-five Cents will be deducted. For six months 75 Cents; for three months 38 Cents.

ADVERTISING,—The space occupied by twelve lines advertising type constitute a square. For one square, one week, 75 cents; for two or three weeks, $1 00. For each subsequent insertion 20 cents. Legal advertising 20 per cent. in advance of these rates. Special and obituary notices 10 cents per line. A discount made to yearly advertisers. Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

JOB PRINTING of nearly every description, and in the neatest styles, promptly executed.

VIEW OF THE UNIVERSE.

In wafting ourselvs in imagination to our own satellite, the Moon—the nearest of our celestial bodies—we have passed over a distance equal to thirty times the diameter of our globe. In advancing to the sun we travel over a distance equal to thirty that of the moon; and before we reach Uranus, the remotest of the planets, we have traversed a space equal to thirty times the earths distance from the sun. Thus placed at the limits of a system enclosed in a cirle of 1800 millions of miles in radius, our appreciations at a distance would appear to be exhausted and we seem to be as on the margin of an abyss. The telescope, however and the mural circles, enable us to span the void, and the genius of man, proud of the achievement—and justly, if humbly proud—has crossed the gulf 12,000 times the radius of his own system, that he may study the nearest world in the firmament of heaven.—Beyond this frontier lies the whole universe of stars—their hinary systems—their clusters, and their nebulous combinations. Thus observed parallax, of one fourth of a second in a Lyra, carries us four times as far into the bosom of space; but though beyond this we have no positive measure of distance, it would be as unphilosophical to assign limits to creation as to give it an infinite range. In this rapid flight into space, we have traversed it but in one dimension, and the line which we have traced, is but a unit in the scale of celestial distance. Creation in its wide panorama is still above us, beneath us and around us. The arching heavens still enclose us, and innumerable worlds sparkle in its canopy. If from this bourne, from which the astronomical traveler alone returns we look upon our course, our own planetary ceases to be perceived. Its sun is dim—itself, but an invisible point in the nebulous light that intervenes. Where then is our terrestial ball—its oceans—its continents—its mountains—its empires—its dynasties—its thrones?—Where is our fatherland—its factions—its Christian disunions—its slave crimes and its unholy wars?—Where is our home—its peace—its endearments—its hopes—and its fears?—Where is man, the intellectual monad—the only atom of organic life that can pierce the depths, and the only spark of spiritual nature, which disclaims the authority and resists the will of the universal King! They have all disappeared in the far off perspective—the long vista of space, whose apex, were it a sun, the hugest telescope would fail to decry. No living thing here meets the eye, and no sentiment associated with life presses on the affections, The tiny organism of earth and ocean—every thing that moves and breathes—that lives and dies—all engulfed in the great conception of the universe. The straining mind cannot unite the immeasurable extremes. The infinite in space—the eternal in duration—the omnipotent in power—the perfect in wisdom, alone fill the expanded soul, and portray in their awful combination—the Creator of the Universe.

A BEAUTIFUL FORM.—Take abundant exercise in the open air—free, nttractive joyous exercise, such as young girls, when not restrained by false and artificial proprieties, are wont to take. If you are in the country or can get there, ramble over the hills nnd through the woodlands; botanize, geologize, seek rare flowers and plants, hunt birds' nests and eatch butterflies. Be a romp, even, though you may no longer be a little girl. If you are a wife and mother, so much the better. Romp with your children. Attend to your bodily position, in standing, sitting, lying and walking, and employ such general or special gymnastics, as your ease may require. Live, while in doors in a well ventilated room; take sufficient wholesome and nourishing food, at regular hours; keep the mind active and cheerful—in short obey the laws of health.

☞ Daniel Webster penned the sentiment: "If we work upon marble, it will perish; if we work upon brass, time will efface it; if we rear temples, they will erumble into dust; but if we work upon immortal minds, if we imbue them with principles, with the just fear of God and our fellow men, we engrave on those tablets something that will brighten to eternity.

AN ACIDULATED HONEYMOON.—A marriage consumated a few days since in Providence, has developed something of comedy and tragedy, during the progress of the honeymoon. On the day the marriage appeared in the papers, the City Marshal issued a warrant against the husband for an assault upon the wife, and she applied to the overseer of the poor for assistance.

MURDERER ASSASSINATED.—On the 17th a band of a dozen men in Austin, Texas, took from the hands of the Sheriff a prisoner on trial for murder, and killed him, firing thirteen bullets into his body from revolvers. The murdered man's name was Taney, and it is probable tha he was insane. Two of the assassins were arrested at onee.

☞ Louis Napoleon has ordered a statue of Joan of Arc to be erected on the right bank of the river Oise, opposite the old bridge of Compiegne, the identieal spot where the heroine was captured by the English on the 23 of May, 1430. It will be modelled after the popular work of Prinecss Marie of Orleans, daughter of Louis Philippe.

☞ So far is it from being true that men are naturally equal, that no two people can be half an hour together but one shall acquire an evident superiority over the other. —*Johnson.*

☞ Boh is that dog of yours a pointer?" "No, he's half hunter and half setter; he hunts for bones when hungry, and sets by the stove when satisfied."

Our Idol.

Close the door, lightly,
Bridle the breath,
Our little earth-Angel
Is talking with death;
Gently he wooes her,
She wishes to stay,
His arms are about her—
He bears her away!

Music comes floating
Down from the dome;
Angels are chanting
The sweet welcome home.
Come stricken weeper!
Come to the bed,
Gaze on the sleeper—
Our idol is dead!

Smooth out the ringlets,
Close the blue eye—
No wonder such beauty
Was claimed in the sky;
Cross the hands gently,
O'er the white breast
So like a wild spirit
Strayed from the blest;
Bear her out softly,
This idol of ours,
Let her grave slumber
Be 'mid the sweet flowers.

Men's Tears.

FROM THE GERMAN OF ANASTASIUS GRUN.

Maiden, thou didst see me weeping?
Ah! methinks that woman's tear
Is like the soft dew out of Heaven,
That in the flower cup glitters clear.

If in the trouble Night hath wet it,
Or the smiling Morning shed,
Still the dew the flower refreshes,
And renewed, it lifts its head.

But the tear of man resembles
Precious gum from Eastern tree;
In the very heart deep hidden,
Seldom starting quick and free.

Through the bark thou must cut sharply,
To the pith the steel must go;
Then the pure and noble moisture,
Bright and golden, trickles slow.

Soon, indeed, is dried its fountain,
And the tree fresh foliage gains,
And yet shall welcome many a summer;
But the cut, the scar remains.

Maiden, think of that tree wounded,
Where its growth the Orient rears;
Maiden, of that man bethink thee
Whom thine eye hath seen in tears.

THE ELOPEMENT.

'Tis twilight at the Merton Cottage; the golden sunlight and purple mists of evening are softly mingling and melting away in indistinct shadows. The dewy breezes rustle pleasantly 'mong the thiek, crimson elover blooms, making melody with its fairy bells, now floating gaily away, it stoops to lave its silky wings in the murmuring brooklet, nestles a moment in the clustering maple boughs, then glides softly to the arbor door where Hattie sits wrapped in a dream of love; flings carelessly aside the draperied ivy, lingers to leave a wooing kiss upon her lip and brow—murmurs softly 'mid her eurls of gold, and is gone. But what of Hattie? She was apparently in deep thought, and all unmindful of the radiant beauty of this glorious midsummer eve; the lambent moonlight flung a silver halo over her sunny curls, and fell in a sheeny robe around her girlish figure; the flowers, wearied with the long day's revel, were drowsily folding their gossamer leaves, breathing a parting sigh of fragrance, as a silent good night. But Hattie, whose mind seemed pre-occupied, unheeded it all. List a moment, reader mine, nnd I will whisper you a secret. Hattie was in love! not the full developed, abiding love of the matured woman, but the inflammable, evanescent passion of the maid of sixteen.

"Hat!" cried little Johnny Morton, peeping his curly head through the arbor latticcs, "There's that long, tall Mr. Smith coming up the walk; I'll bet he's comed a courtin', for he's got on them eheckered trowsers and shiny boots; wait a minute, and you'll hear 'em squeak like sixty."

"Hush, Johnny," said Hattie, reprovingly, "run into the house, that's a good boy; mother wants you immediately."

"I know better than that, too," said the young hopeful, slyly retreating behind a clump of lilacs, to watch the aforesaid Mr. Smith, who came slowly up the walk and joined Hattie in the arbor. "There, I knew he would! I knew he would!" shouted Johnny, swinging his cap up high in the air and galloping off to the house.

"Good evening, Mr. Smith," said Hattie, rising to greet him, while a vivid blush mantled her fair check.

"Good evening, Miss Hattie, nice evening;" and Mr. Smith resumed his beaver, spread his ample coat tails with a flourish, and sat down. Then ensued an embarrassing pause, during which Mr. Smith perseveringly scratched his cranium, as if in scarch of a stray thought; while Hattie sat blushing beautifully, her eyes bent down, her little feet impatiently tapping the floor. As this pause will be tedious to our readers, we will fill it up for their edification in a brief outline of the position of our arbor lovers.

Hattie Morton, the daughter of Col. Morton, had just attained her sixteenth birthday; she was pleasant, amiable and pretty; exceessively fond of ndmiration, and of an impetuous temperament, she had unfortunately attracted the attention of Mr. Smith, a well-preserved hachelor of forty-five, who, faneying himself deeply enmmored of this bewitching beauty, resolved to make her his bride at all hazards. And Hattie, who had imbibed the prevailing idea, so extensive at the present day among female Young Ameriea, that it is the very height of bliss, and acme of happiness to "have a beau;" that she might he the envy and admiration of her young-lady friends, who were not so fortunate as to possess this desirable article! and fancying that the bridal ring was the golden key to Paradise, imagined herself deeply and irrevoeably in love with this ancient gallant! But her parents were decidedly opposed to her entering into a matrimonial engagement with any one at this incipient stage of her girlhood, and more particularly with one between whom and herself there existed such a great disparity of age, and had forbidden her to hold any further intercourse with him. But Hattie was wilful, and Mr. Smith determined, and thus we find them meeting by appointment to discuss their constant loves and disappointments. Mr. Smith bas at length traced to its fountain-head a bright idea, and is clearing his throat preparatory to its delivery; so, by your leave, we will again play the listener's part.

"Well, Hattie, as your cruel parents still refuse to give their consent to our union, why, then, we will marry without it; what say you to an elopement, my dear?"

"Delightful!" replied Hattie, who had that very day been perusing a romantie novel of Miss Sophronia Angeline Twiddle, whom her cruel father confined in a tower, from whence she was rescued by her brave, invincible lover, who, at the imminent peril of his own precious neck, descended with her in his arms from a lofty window and bore her in safety to the priest's, where they entered the golden portal of matrimony, to be supremely blest forever more! and she thought, what a remarkable coincidence!

At this moment a sharp rustling was heard in the shrubbery near by, and—"Wha—! what's that?" came tremblingly from Mr. Smith's lips.

Hattie went to the arbor door, but she could discover nothing in the dim, shadowy light; all was still and quiet; so they calmed their fears, and Mr. Smith developed and unfolded his plans, to which Hattie feely assented.

Thus leaving them to their happiness, we, too, will take the privilege of a peep behind the lilaes, which grow in close proximity to the lover's arbor. Crouching behind the dense foliage, with head erect and ears wide open, we find Aunt Debby, as she is commonly called, a spinster sister of Col. Morton's. She was returning from a visit of condolence to a sick neighbor when Smith entered the arbor, and knowing that her brother had prohibited their clandestine meetings, she deemed it her duty to listen, and report to him; but ere the interview had ceased she had matured *her* plans, and concluded to remain mum for the present, and while Hattie strolled down the walk with her lover, she entered her (Hattie's) room, and turned back her watch an hour, then retired to her own chamber without disturbing the family.

"Oh, the rascal!" she exclaimed when safely within her room, "To think of marrying our little Hattie, when there are so many women of his own age; why, he'd ought to been married years and years ago. Let's see, he's four years older than I; we've grow'd right up here together, and he's carried me to apple bees and huskias time and agin, and now he's an old bachelor and I'm an old—— well never mind, if I ain't his lawful married wife before another day it'll be my own fault.—Why, Hattie's no more fit to be married than a child, and couldn't take half sich good keer of him as I can, nuther. How mad brother John would be if he only knew what the scamp is up to; hut I'll outwit him yet," and thus soliloquizing, aunt Debby went to sleep.

Twelve o'clock, precisely, was the hour appointed for Hattie to steal out to the arbor, from whence Mr. Smith could eonvey her to an adjoining town, be married, and return to her father's by morning, to "surprise them," as he said, "for," he continued, "when it is all over, and they know they can't help themselves, they'll all come round right."

Midnight came, that witching hour of ghosts, ghouls and spectres. Hattie had awakened, but finding, on eonsulting her watch, that it was but eleven, she sat down with a book to while away the remaining hour. In the arbor sat aunt Debby, bolt upright, waiting with commendable patience her lover's arrival. She was enveloped in Hattie's bonnet and shawl, a thiek veil concealing her features. Presently a carriage drew up to the gate, from which Smith alighted, and approached the arbor with stately step.

"My dear, adorable girl," he exclaimed, as he caught sight of aunt Debby. "Come, my angel," he continued, "let us fly to the altar and be made one flesh, never more to be parted." Silently aunt Debby placed her gloved hand in his; placing her in the carriage, he seated himself by her side, and they were whirled rapidly away to their place of destination. Aunt Debby would not suffer her veil to be removed, but sat silently trembling with suppressed laughter, all of which he attributed to her agitated feelings in taking such an important step; and he kept begging her "not to cry, Hattie, dear," and pressing hurning kisses (through her veil) on her lips and cheeks, which eaused aunt Debby's heart to thrill with a long-forgotten delight.

Twelve o'clock, hy Hattie's watch, and she stole softly out to the arbor; Her lover was not there, but no doubt he soon would be, and she sat down to await his coming. An hour passed—he did not come, and Hattie grew impatient; another hour, and the poor sleepy child sought her room in tears and indignation.

But to return to the runaway lovers.—Aunt Debby had requested that she might remain veiled during the ceremony, to which he consented; and the twain were made one. Oh! happiness unspeakahle! and joy without a precedent! Morning dawned, sunny and cloudless. Col. Morton's family were at breakfast. Hattie, with a rich bloom on her cheek, and a lustrous sparkle in her eye, drank her coffee and ate her toast as usual. Oh, strange heart of woman (?) Aunt Debby's absence was easily accounted for, as she had intended to pass the night with the neighbor before referred to. Presently a carriage entered the gateway, the door bell rang, and Col. Morton, rising to answer it, encountered Mr. Smith, with a lady deeply veiled leaning on his arm.

"Good morning, Mr. Smith;" "Good morning, Col.," he replied, with a perceptihle grin on his usually placid countenance, "Shall I have the pleasure of presenting to you my wife."

"Ah! your wife, indeed!" said the Col. with a smile of relief.

"Put back your veil," whispered the happy bridegroom. She did so. Here was a surprise for more than one party.

"What the d—l is the meaning of this?" cried Smith, staggering back, with staring eyes fixed on his bride.

"Why, sister Deborah!" exclaimed the Col., "is it possible? Ah, Thomas, you sly rogue, to take us all by surprise in this way; but I am sure, I congratulate you with all my heart," and the Col. ushered them into the parlor and called his wife and daughter. And Hattie—she did not faint, nor turn pale; but as she met the merry, twinkling eyes of aunt Debby, and the ludierously woe begone countenance of the crest-fallen Smith, her comprehensive mind took in at a glance the state of affairs; it was too irresistibly comic and she burst into a loud peal of gay, ringing laughter.

Thus ended her first dream of romance.—Aunt Debby made a capital wife; she was an excellent housekeeper, so energetic, prudent and systematic, and so pleasant and good humored withal, that she at length became the delight of her husband's eyes, as he had long been the pride of hers.

Years after, when Hattie became a happy bride, she blessed aunt Debby as her good angel, who had seized her from an untimely marriage.

JAPANESE OFFICIAL COSTUME.

The Japanese seldom wear anything on their heads except when riding. The head is shaven on the crown, and the side and back hair brought forward in a small roll, about the thickness of a small sausage, to the top of the forehead; here it is firmly gummed down with a species of bandoline, in the manufacture of which the Japanese are very proficient. Wigs are very common in the shops, but are only worn as part of a masquerade dress. Not a particle of hair is ever allowed to appear on their faces. The winter costume consists in robes cut like dressing gowns, padded throughout with silk wadding. These unwieldy articles of attire are also used upon state occasions, and are a standing item in the list of imperial presents to a foreign mission.

But the most singular portion of their apparel are the trousers which they wear at their audiences with the Tycoon. The seem to be cut upon a principle precisely opposite to that which regulates our court dress. We consider that when we have brought our nether garments down to the knee, we have not only satisfied decency, but reached the highest pitch of refinement and elegance. The great object of the Japanese is to create an entire misconception in the mind of the spectator as to the situation of that important joint; he wishes it to be supposed that he shuffles into the royal presence on his knees; but, finding that process attended with much practical inconvenience, he compromises the matter by having his trousers made about eighteen inches longer than his legs; by these means his feet are made to represent his knees, and he is enabled to walk upon them comfortably, with his sham legs dragging after him.

A BAD COMPLAINT.—The first physician in a certain case was discharged by his patient because he was honest and plain enough to tell his patient he had a sore throat; and the second doctor having some hint of the fact, answered the sick man when asked, that his case was highly abnormal, and had degenerated into cynanche tonsilaris. "Oh, doctor," cried the patient. "Do say that word again." "Why, Sir, I said that you were nt present laboring under cynanche tonsilaris." Why think doctor, that fool told me that I had nothing but a sore throat, and I told him that I had no use for such a dunce. Doctor what did you call it?" "I told you sir, in plain terms, that the morbid condition of your system was obvious, and that it had terminated in cynanche tonsilaris." "Oh, doctor, it must be a monsterous bad complaint; think you can eure me doctor?" "Well, though your diagnosis is clear, your prognosis is doubtful, yet I think, by prudent eare and skillful treatment, you may recover." "Oh, well, doctor, do stay all night, and I will pay you anything you ask."

A PIONEER'S IDEA OF WOMAN.—General Sam Dale, the South-Western Indian fighter, says, in his memoir just published, that he paid a visit to Washington when Jackson was President, and adds:

"The ladies of Washington struck me, who had so long been accustomed to the sunburned maidens of the woods, as very fair and beautiful, very fascinating and refined.—In one thing they differ from our Indian women; they look one full in the face, and it is difficult to withstand their glances. An Indian maid, when a warrior approaches, hends her head like a drooping leaf. It is only in the deepest recesses, where no others are near, that the lover sees the whole lustre of her eye, or even the blushes on her cheek.—They love intensely, and make the most faithful wives and tenderest of mothers."

YOU WILL BE WANTED.—It is said there is nothing made in vain. If so, then you, who feel that you are living in a world where there is no place for you, will be wanted, by and by. You are toiling and waiting, hoping and doubting, and go mourning along the path of life, wishing for deliverance from the oppressive monotony and loneliness that surround you; but there will come a change ere long—either the world will call you to active duty, or the good God will take you home where none are despised and all are equally appreciated—for an unfruitful life will not long be borne by one who is anxious to be up and doing. Opportunity must come to all the living.

THE MOTHER.—It has been truly said, "The first being that rushes to the recollection of the soldier, or the sailor, in his heart's difficulty, is the mother. She elings to his memory and affection in the midst of all the forgetfulness nnd hardihood induced by a roving life. The last message he leaves is for her. The mother who installs the lesson of piety and filial obligation into the heart of her infant son, should always feel that her labor is not in vain. She may drop in the grave; hut she has left behind her influence that will work for her. The bow is broken but the arrow is sped and will do its office.

☞ A popular divine tells a good story as a hit at those kind of Christians who are too indolent to pursue the duties required of them by their faith. He says that one pious gentleman composed a fervent prayer to the Almighty, wrote it out legibly, and affixed the manuscript to his bed-post. Then, on cold nights, he merely pointed to the document, and with the words, "Oh, Lord! those are my sentiments!" blew out the light and nestled amid the blankets.

☞ A little girl, showing her cousin, about four years old, a star, said—"That star up there is higger than this world." "No it ain't," said he. "Yes, it is, "Then why don't it keep the rain off."

CARRYING OFF A MAN'S FAMILY AND FURNITURE.—The St. Louis papers relate that Mr. Jones Shaw, a manufacturer in that city, had a pretty and fascinating wife and a baby, and was very happy, when one day a friend of Shaw's named Forbes, whom he had invited to his house, fell in love with the wife, and soon after, during Shaw's absence in the day time, Forbes came with a team, packed up his friend Shaw's furniture, took Shaw's wife and baby, put them all together in a heap, and hauled them to a suite of rooms which he hired for the purpose, and settled down as a family man. When Mr. Shaw came home to his house he found it empty.—No wife—no furniture—no baby—no nothing. With some difficulty he found the retreat of his false friend and his family and furniture, but Forbes swore he would shoot him if he didn't go away. Shaw then begged the privilege, since he could not get his wife, to take away his child, but this was denied him. The poor man in his extremity, resorted to the city missionary, who visited Forbes and his stolen bride. and threatened to inform the police. Forbes got frightened and went to see Shaw, and told him if he would say nothing about it he might have his wife and child, and he (Forbes) would leave the city. Shaw was willing, in fact overjoyed, to get his wife back on such terms. He made up with Forbes, got his wife, child and furniture again, and Forbes left the city.

AN ODD WILL.—An eccentrie old gentleman, a millionaire, recently deceased, in Paris, has left a last evidence of oddity in his will. Five or six years ago, the old man had occasion to visit a country town, built upon the banks of the Saone. Early one morning, he sallied forth from the inn at which he had taken lodgings, for a walk. He attempted to cross a bridge separating the two quarters of the town, but was stopped, midway, by a toll-keeper, who demanded one sou for the privilege of erossing. The millionaire searched his pockets, but having inadvertently left his purse in his room, he found himself literally without a sou. He explained to the tollman, who happened to be a stubborn, intractable fellow, and would take no excuse. The rich man barely escaped arrest for an attempt to defraud the proprietor of the bridge, and would probably have been subjected to some annoyance, had not a passer-by lent him the necessary sum. He went away, vowing that the toll-keeper should lose his place. Unable to accomplish his purpose in any other manner, the vindictive old fellow orders, in his will, that the bridge shall be bought and thrown open to the public free of charge.—By this means the obnoxious functionary loses his office.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The Prince of Wales leaves England for this continent on the 15th of July. The Montreal Gazette gives the following programme of his visit: "His first port on this side of the Atlantic will be St. John's, Newfoundland. Thence he will proceed to Halifax, and then cross over the country and visit St. John, N. B., and Fredericktou. If practicable, he will thence cross over to Shediac, where his fleet will go round to meet him and proceed up the river to Quebec. If he finds difficulty in getting to Shediac, he may eross to Portland and come over the Grand Trunk Railway to Quebec or Montreal. From the city he will go to Kingston and thence to Ottawa, from Ottawa to Toronto, thence across the lake to the Falls, and back by rail to Hamilton. He will go to Sarnia to see the Grand Trunk works there and travel over the Western States incog; go to Washington and be the guest of the President, thence visit the Atlantic cities and have his fleet meet him at Portland, or probably if he comes by Portland his departure may be from Quebec, and take the Grand Trunk from Portland after the completion of his tour in the United States."

THE EIGHTH U. S. CENSUS.—The census takers for the United States are to commenee their work on the first of June next. When the census was taken in England, in 1851, it was done in one week. Forty thousand "enumerators," commeneed operations on the 21st of March of that year and each was compelled to return his schedules and books, together with a summary, to the local Registrar by the 1st of April. The latter had to revise these carefully, and submit them to the Superintendent Registrar by the 21st of May following, and by the middle of June the whole result was published. Such commendable speed as this would scarcely do, however, with our census takers, however, unless more competent persons are employed than those who took the last. A reasonable time to eorrect their errors should be allowed; for, unless the work is accurate, it is more injury than benefit to the country.

THE FRENCH IN LOMBARDY.—The Freneh army will not all leave Lombardy. Thirty thousand men will remain there. This looks as if the allies thought the Austrians might sally from the square of Venetia into the Sardinian territory, unless made cautions by the presence of some of their old friends of '59.

HEENAN'S WIFE.—Mrs. Heenan is making as great hits in New York, at the old Bowery, as her husband made in England. She is handsome and clever, and is said to be learned, and can ride, shoot, fence, and handle her bunches of fives in a manner becoming to her name and connection.

LEAD AND SILVER MINE IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.—A shaft has been sunk to the depth of one hundred feet in the lead nnd silver mine at Warren, N. H., and the lead increases in richness. The yield of silver is about $60 to the ton of ore. About one hundred hands are employed in the mine.

☞ Those who, from the desire of our perfection, have the keenest eye for our faults, generally compensate for it by taking a higher view of our merits than we deserve.

☞ What a world of gossip would be prevented if it was only remembered that a person who tells you of the faults of others intends to tell others of your faults.

THE LADY AND THE ROBBER.

A REMARKABLE STORY.

In a large, lonely house, situated in the south of England, there once lived a lady and her two maid servants. They were far away from all human habitations, but they seemed to have felt no fear, but to have dwelt there peacefully and happy. It was the lady's custom with her maids to go round the house every evening, to see that all the windows and doors were properly secured. One night she had accompanied them as usual, and ascertained that all was safe. They left her in the passage close to her room, and then went to their own, which was quite at the other side of the house As the lady opened the door, she distinctly saw a man under her bed. What could she do? Her servants were far away, and could not hear her if she screamed for help, and even if they had come to her assistance, these three weak women were no match for a desperate housebreaker. How, then, did she act? She trusted in God. Quietly she closed the door, and locked it on the inside, which she was always in the habit of doing She then leisurely brushed her hair, and putting on her dressing gown, she took her Bible and sat down to read. She read aloud, and chose a chapter that had peculiar reference to God's watchfulness over us, and constant care of us by night and by day. When it was finished she knelt and prayed at great length, still uttering her words aloud, especially commending herself and servants to God's protection, and dwelling upon their utter helplessness, and dependence upon Him to preserve them from all dangers. At last she rose from her kness, put out her candle, and laid down in hed; but she did not sleep. After a few iniinutes had elapsed, she was conscious that the man was standing by her bedside. He hegged of her not to be alarmed. "I came here to rob you, but after the words you have read, and the prayers you have uttered, no power on earth could induce me to hurt you, or to touch a thing in your house. But you must remain perfectly quiet and not attempt to interfere with me. I shall now give a signal to my companions, which they will understand, and then we will go away and you may sleep in peace, for I give you my solemn word that no one shall harm you, and not the smallest thing belonging to you shall be disturbed." He then went to the window, opened it, and whistled softly. Returning to the lady's side, (who had not moved or spoken) he said, "Now I am going. Your prayer has been heard, and no disaster will befall you." He left the room, and soon all was quiet, and the lady soon fell asleep, still upheld by that calm and beautiful faith and trust. When the morning dawned and she awoke, we may feel sure she poured out her thanksgivings and praises to him who had "defended" her "under his wings," and "kept" her "safe under his feathers," so that she was not "afraid of any terror by night." The man was true to his word, and not a thing in the house had been taken. Oh shall we not hope that his heart was changed from that day forth, and that he forsook his evil courses, and cried to that Saviour "Who came to seek and to save that which is lost," and even on the cross did not reject the penitent thief? From this story let us learn to put our whole trust and confidence in God. This lady's courage was indeed wonderful but "the Lord was her defense upon her right hand," and "with him all things are possible.' —*London Packet.*

ADDITIONAL.

We have received an extract from a letter fully corroborating the remarkable anecdote of "The Lady and the Robber" in our October number, and adding some facts that enchance the wonder and merey of her escape. We quote the words of the letter: "In the first place the robber told her that if she had given the slightest alarm or token of resistance, he had fully determined to murder her; so that it was God's good guidance that told her to follow the course she took." Then before he went away, he said: "I never heard such words before; I must have the book you read out of," and carried off her Bible, willingly enough given, you may be sure. This happened many years ago, and only comparatively recently did the lady hear any more of him. She was attending a religious meeting in Yorkshire, where, after several noted elergy and others had spoken, a man arose, stating that he was employed as one of the book hawkers of the Society, and told the story of the midnight adventure, as a testimony of the wonderful power of the word of God. He concluded with, "I was that man." The lady rose from her seat in the hall, and said quietly, "It is all quite true; I was the lady," and sat down again.—*London Packet.*

WHAT THE LEAVES SAY.—You have often gazed upon the many colored leaves which fluttered in the autumn breeze, just ready to fall to the ground. Did you ever listen to hear them talk to you? for talk they do in their silent language—telling you of the bright spring-time, when they drank in the gentle dew, and inhaled the halmy air, and spread out their delicate fibres to the rays of the sun, and, fashioned by a divine Creator, took forms of beauty; and painted by His hand, assumed the pleasant green; and how, supported by His power, they had borne the peltings of many a pitiless storm, and the scorching heat of the noon-day sun, while many of their companions had faded and fallen to the ground. And they would tell you that, one by one, they too should fall. Thus these fading, falling leaves, talk to us of life's evening, and wisper to us to be ready, for "we all do fade as the leaf." And do they not talk to us of something brighter and better—of the unfading leaves of the tree that grows on the banks of the river of life, and urge us to seek that heavenly world?

☞ A brutal schoolmaster at Boardman, Ohio, has been put on bond for beating a young lady of eighteen with an ox gad, until her back was black and blue. The girl was good looking and had resisted the teacher's advances to courtship.

☞ Never be so rude as to say to a man, "There's the door;" hut say, "Elevate your galgotta to the summit of your perieardium, and allow me to present to your occular demonstration, that scientific piece of meehanism which constitutes the egress portion of this apartment."

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1860.

The Cattle Disease.

Notwithstanding the commissioners on the cattle disease are slaying victims by the score, we are told that the distemper is spreading—existing at the present time in eight or ten towns. The commissioners take the ground that the disease is incurable, and that all cattle exposed will take it. The number of cattle killed or doomed to be killed is 750, owned by about 75 different persons. However terrible the disease may be, we believe the killing of so many cattle, without experimenting on the disease, or giving the animals a chance for their lives, is unjustifiable. The commissioners employ one Dadd, an animal doctor, who is receiving $10 per day for hunting after diseased cattle. If a man has a cow or an ox sick the commissioners are notified and the doctor is sent post haste to make an examination. Animals have been killed in Warren, and other towns, and not the least signs of the disease found. It is hinted that the commissioners have been imposed upon in many instances, and that more than one sharp farmer will make someting by losing his herd. The next legislature will probably remunerate stock owners for the loss of their cattle, and if they get a good round price for them they can afford to wait till next winter for their pay.

The programme now is to surround the disease, prevent the sale or exchange of cattle in all towns bordering the diseased distriet and abandon all cattle shows next fall. So far, so good; but why not let somebody experiment on the disease? What is there to prevent taking all diseased cattle to a yard or pasture prepared for them, near which no other cattle can approach, and also providing another pasture or lot for all cattle that have been exposed?—Then try experiments upon the sick animals with a view to curing them, and upon the exposed to prevent them from coming down with the disease. It seems to us that such a course would at least settle the question as to the curability of the distemper, if it did not give some of the cattle a chance to recover. If we understand correctly very few cattle have died from the disease, while scores if not hundreds have been sacrificed that had not the least symptoms of the distemper about them. In the excitement at North Brookfield it is not to be wondered at if the commissioners have lost their coolness of judgment or forgotten to consider the possibility of a cure. It is certainly very hard for the farmers of Brookfield to lose their stock without immediate remuneration. In some instances cattle apparently healthy are taken from the plow to be slaughtered, and the farmer left to finish his work as best he can. Poor families who have drawn almost their whole support from a single cow have been stripped of this resource and must wait the tardy action of the next legislature for a remedy. If the slaughter is to be continued and the disease keeps on spreading, something should be done for the immediate relief of those who must suffer.

Sudden Death of Two Daughters!—Shocking Crime Suspected.—About four months since a daughter of Mr. Willis Tirrell, a Boston merchant, who resides at South Weymouth, named Mary Tirrell, about 18 years of age, died very suddenly. She was engaged to be married at the time to a man named George C. Hersey, of Hingham, whose wife had died about two years before. On the 3d inst. another daughter of M. Tirrell, named Betsey Frances, 25 years of age, was taken sick in the night, and died in a few moments. Her young sister, who slept with her, went to bed some time before her, and she says that after Frances came into the room, it was a long time before she got into bed. She had been in bed but a few minutes before the sister noticed she was in convulsions, and after the family was called she was in great distress, and unable to speak to them up to the time of her death. A post-mortem examination revealed the fact that the girl had taken strychnine, and was four months in a family way. The body of the first girl was then disinterred and the contents of her stomach forwarded to a chemist. Her body also presented signs of pregnancy. Hersey was arrested and committed to jail to await further developments. About two years since his wife died suddenly, and the opinion is now prevalent that he poisoned all three. After the death of his wife he went to live in Mr. Tirrell's family, where he remained till the time of the second daughter's death. A younger sister of the two girls states that he has several times come to her room and slept with her. Circumstances thus point him out as a vile betrayer of the confidence of Mr. Tirrell. He has recently been paying attentions to a young lady in Weymouth, but she rejected him on his attempting to seduce her. A Boston druggist has identified Hersey as a man who bought strychnine of him, stating that he wanted it for killing dogs. It is commonly supposed that he gave the poison to the girls, which they took to prevent a discovery of their situation, not suspecting that it would prove fatal. This man is only 27 years of age.

New Volume.—We this week commence volume eleventh of the Palmer Journal, volume sixth of the Ware Standard, and volume third of the Stafford News Letter. Our paper never was in better demand than at the present time, and has become so well established that it is not necessary for us to go into the puffing business to increase its circulation. By and by we are going to have a power press, a new office, and other conveniences, but shall defer the introduction of "gas" into our establishment till Palmer gets to be an infant city. Then there'll be a powerful illumination in this latitude.

Aeronaut Killed.—Augustus M. Connor, a young aeronaut at New York attempted to make an ascension on Thursday, last week, when his balloon burst, and he fell upon the top of a building, injuring him so severely that he died in a few hours.

Republican Convention at Chicago!—The City full of People!—Harmonious Organization!—Wm. H. Seward probably Nominated!

For several days before the time for organizing the Republican Convention, crowds flocked to Chicago to secure early accommodations. As many as 40,000 strangers were in the city on Tuesday evening, and at an early hour on Wednesday the crowd around the great wigwam was immense. The convention assembled at 12 o'clock, Gov. Morgan of New York calling it to order, and naming Hon. David Wilmot of Pa., for temporary President. His motion was carried, and a committee appointed to report a list of officers for a permanent organization, subsequently reported the name of Hon. George Ashmun of Springfield, Mass., for President. The report was accepted with great applause. On taking the chair he made a short but pertinent speech, which was frequently applauded. From it we quote the following:

"Gentlemen, we have come here to-day at the call of the country, to fulfill a great and imperative duty. No ordinary call has brought us together. Nothing but a momentous question could have called this vast multitude together. Nothing but the deep sense of danger into which the government is fast running could have rallied the people thus in this city to-day, for the purpose of rescuing the government from the deep degradation into which it has fallen. [Loud applause.] We have come here at the call of the country for the purpose of preparing for the most solemn duty that freemen can perform. We are here, in our ordinary capacity as delegates of the people, to prepare for the formation and the carrying on of a new administration, and with the help of God we will do it. [Loud applause.] No mere controversy about miserable abstractions brought us here to-day. We do not come here on any idle question. The sacrifice which we have made in an extended journey, and the time devoted to it, would not have been made, except on some solemn call. The stern look which I see on every face, and the earnest behavior which has been manifested in all the preliminary discussions, show that all have a true and deep sense of the solemn obligations which are resting upon us."

Great excitement prevailed in the city, the friends of the several candidates laboring earnestly for a concentration upon this or that man as the only one who could succeed. Horace Greeley was in the convention as a delegate from Oregon. He labored hard for Bates.

Up to Thursday night no ballot had been taken, but it had become quite certain that Seward of New York would be the candidate for President. In that case Frank Blair, jr., of Missouri, or Trumbull of Illinois, would probably be the candidate for Vice President. The Convention had adopted a strong anti-slavery platform, and in all its proceeding had manifested good temper. The ticket was undoubtedly made, and an adjournment effected yesterday.

The Calamity in South Carolina.—The brief paragraph published last week, announcing the drowning of a pleasure party at Camden, S. C., is confirmed. A large party had been holding a pic-nic near Boykin's mill pond, and to close off a portion of them took a ride in an old boat. The boat was run on a stump in the middle of the pond, which made a hole through the bottom and all were cast into the water.—

Piercing cries and shrieks, and calls for help, both from those on shore and those in the boat, filled the air. The boat seems to have committed them to the bosom of the water, huddled together, mainly in a mass. The water is supposed to have been about twenty feet in depth. Thus thrown together, one clinging to the other, with that grasp which belongs only to those in a drowning condition, there was little opportunity for the males in the company to rescue the ladies or even to save themselves. But a few, we have not been apprised of the exact number, were saved, of those upon the boat One act of daring, manly, and gallant rescue, demands especial notice. Mr. Jones, a fireman upon the Camden train, rushed to the spot, and by almost superhuman efforts, coupled with most cool and manly courage, brought three of the drowning persons to the shore. The flood gates of the dam were soon hoisted, but the water could not be soon drawn off. Twenty-five bodies have been recovered, mostly young ladies and children.

Mr. Ashmun and the Chicago Convention.—A correspondent of the Boston Journal says that Hon. George Ashmun's name for President of the Convention was received with great applause.

Voice—What Ashmun? George?

Reply—Yes.

Another voice—Good fellow.

Great applause was elicited. Massachusetts rose and cheered him, New York rose and followed heartily, Ohio did the same, and other States followed suit.

Mr. Ashmun's speech on taking the chair was brief and able, and showed at once that he was in the right place. Mr. Ashmun's allusions in his speech were heartily appreciated and enthusiastically applauded. The business transacted was finished up very promptly. The Convention is much pleased with Mr. Ashmun's prdsiding.

A Bloodless Duel.—A duel recently took place between two Dutchmen, near Stockton, Cal., which grew out of the remark made by the challenged party that he would sooner believe a Chinaman or a negro than the challenger. Three shots were fired by each party without any injury, when the offensive remark was modified by the challenged party, who stated that he would believe his opponent as readily as he would a Chinamen or a negro, and the latter declared himself satisfied with the apology (?).

Graves of the Heroes Violated.—The London Times publishes a letter from Sebastopol, stating that the English graves there had been violated, and that the remains of Commander Hammet were entirely exhumed, and lie bleaching in the sun. The letter eulogises the conduct of Colonel Gowan, (the American contractor at Sebastopol,) for the expense and trouble he has voluntarily incurred to keep the cemeteries in order and repair dilapidations.

The Boston Post, in its writhings over the smash of its party, consoles itself in the following paragraph—

"The Abolitionists anticipate recruits from nominal Democrats who go half way with them, and the sooner their anticipation are realized the better for the Democratic party."

Child Murder.—Some scavengers while cleansing the sink at No. 90 Cherry street, in New York, found the body of an infant, with its throat cut from ear to ear. The child was about two months old.

The Homestead bill has been so changed as to give actual settlers lands for a quarter of a dollar an acre after two years settlement.

Political Matters.

Mr. Bell, the nominee for President of the dishwater party, has made a speech at Philadelphia, accepting the nomination. He, like his party, discards all platforms, and prefers to avoid all discussion on the topics of the day. He says the whole controversy is between slaveholding and free labor, which should be dropped. Then of course, setting aside this subject, there are no issues at stake and the country might as well have a dead President as a live one. People like Americans cannot stupify themselves with such opiates as Mr. Bell gives them. It is contrary to the nature of the enterprising and wide-awake spirit of the nation. It is possible that Edward Everett will not accept the nomination of Vice President.

—Ben Butler made a speech in Lowell last Tuesday evening, taking ground against Douglas. In the Convention at Charleston he went for him. This turning from the Little Giant now indicates that powerful influences are at work with the Douglasites. Butler and Whitney will be pretty likely to carry the Massachusetts delegation against Douglas at the June Convention. The New York Times, a Douglas organ, considers that the democratic party is hopelessly broken down, and that the Republicans have a bright prospect ahead. It says—

"They have a broken and hopelessly demoralized enemy to encounter. They may not be entirely harmonious among themselves, but all their differences are upon minor points and unessential issues. They are cordially agreed in opposition to this (the slave code) demand of the South, and to everything which looks like compliance with it on the part of the nation."

—The leading democratic paper in Kentucky, the Louisville Courier, says—

"There is no use, however, of thinking about electing Douglas. He can't be elected if he is nominated. The South will not vote for him, and even Kentucky, where he has as many friends as in any other Southern State, will not vote for him. He will lose Kentucky by more thousands than the last democratic governor carried the State."

—The President favors the nomination of Guthrie, preferring him to Breckinridge.

—A democratic mass meeting at Mobile, Ala., has sustained the seceders from the Charleston Convention. Public meetings in other Southern cities have done the same thing.

—Judge Douglas has made a speech in the Senate in reply to Jeff. Davis, in which he condemned the Southern secessionists in unmeasured terms. He didn't care much for office himself. He had rather be in the Senate than in the White House, which the people won't believe at this time. He stands on the Cincinnati platform, and does not want to stand on one that does not mean anything.

The Majority Platform.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce says that the sixty-nine Southern delegates to the Charleston Convention who did not secede, unite with the fifty-one seceders in demanding the adoption of the majority platform. The correspondent adds:

The general opinion is that, under these circumstances, the seceders will be induced to defer or abandon their proposed Southern Convention at Richmond, and return to their seats in the adjourned Convention at Baltimore.—With the expected aid of the New York delegation, the majority platform will then be adopted. It will throw Mr. Douglas aside, no doubt, as he cannot stand upon the platform. The platform was framed with a view to the repudiation of the popular sovereignty doctrine, and its champion.

Riot.—A firemen's riot took place at Hoboken, N. J., one evening last week, on the occasion of the return of a hose company from an excursion. They were assailed by over two hundred rowdies, with clubs, stones and other weapons. The police interfered and the rowdies retreated. Thirty or forty persons were badly hurt.

Peter Parley Dead.—S. G. Goodrich, the Peter Parley whom every school boy of this generation will remember with pleasure, died suddenly in New York on the 9th inst., at the age of 67. His juvenile books and larger works were generally compiled from other authors, he having more talent for doing that than originating a volume of his own.

Taken In.—The people of Davenport, Iowa, were beautifully "taken in" recently, by a young man who pretended to be a cousin of Wm. B. Astor of New York, and to be possessed of untold wealth, but they were not "done for," because they found him out before he got hold of any of the large purchases which he made on forged drafts.

A Penny Sold for $50.—One of the "Higley coppers" of 1737, struck by Higley of Granby, Ct., (a blacksmith) out of copper from the old Simsbury mine (Newgate prison) one hundred and twenty-three years ago, was recently sold in Hartford for the sum of fifty dollars. There are but three of these coppers now known to be in existence.

A Remarkable Fact.—We heard a democrat from Illinois remark the other day that in the States where democracy is weakest Douglas is strongest. This is really true and the administration is conscious of it. It may safely oppose him without fear of harm from his supporters.

Large Defalcation.—Isaac V. Fowler, postmaster at New York, proves to be a defaulter to the Government to the amount of $150,000. The treasury bleeds in various ways, and we cannot expect anything better till we can have a change in the political administration of the country, which will be next spring.

A Lovter in a Mudhole.—A drover worth $20,000 has gone crazy at Syracuse, N. Y., because a Kentucky girl refused to take him and his money for better or worse. A few days ago he was found waist deep in a mudhole.

A Champion of the Case.—The editor and publisher of the Abington Standard, C. G. Easterbrook, claims that he can set 2200 ems per hour. Pretty fast, for a short run, but we reckon he cannot go on many hours at that rate.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

There is a report that the cattle disease has broken out in Monson, but we cannot learn that such is the case. People are getting to be terribly frightened, and every sick cow or ox is supposed to have the pleuro-pneumonia.

War upon Dogs.—We are requested to state that those who own dogs not licensed, will be complained of unless they comply with the law immediately. The fine is $10. Only ten dogs have as yet been enrolled on the clerk's books.

Jurymen.—Joseph Dale has been drawn for grand juror for the year. Roswell S. Hastings and Livy McMaster are additional jurymen to those previously drawn for the supreme judicial term, which commences on the 23d inst.—Gilbert Barker and Henry Blodgett have been drawn for traverse jurors for the term commencing May 28.

Around Town.—The assessors have commenced the disagreeable business of taking the valuation of the town. It is always an unpleasant position, and the innocent assessors are apt to get more kicks than thanks for doing their duty. The present board are men of good judgment, gentlemanly in their official capacity, and tax payers ought to be satisfied with their labor.

Hung Himself.—Almy Lyon, a farmer over 70 years of age, hung himself at Wales on Wednesday. He lost his wife about a year ago, and though he had taken to himself a second wife, he had been melancholy for some time. Several years ago an uncle of his hung himself, and the two men who took him down both hung themselves a few years after.

Small Items.—Five persons from Palmer went on to Chicago, to be present at the Republican Convention.——Fruit trees in this region are literally loaded with blossoms.——The highway surveyors have commenced repairing the roads.——Hall & Trumble will add to their already extensive works a plaster mill the coming summer.

Wales.—The Hawkins Division of the Sons of Temperance in Wales numbers 90 members and 70 visitors, and has been in operation only about six months. It embraces many entire families and is working a good work for the temperance cause in that town. A Band of Hope, numbering about 100 children has also been organized through the instrumentality of the Sons.

Houseless and Homeless.—Last Saturday night a young white girl and an older colored girl wandered through the village, enquiring for a barn to sleep in. They were not in a fit condition to be taken into any house, and so they strolled about, committing acts of mischief with flower beds and door yards during the night. Next day an older colored girl joined them and they spent the Sabbath in lounging about the streets, begging. They said they were from a town in Franklin county.

A Correspondent expresses doubts that a lady wrote the letter we published last week in relation to to the adultery case in Staffordville. We can assure him that the letter was genuine and that the lady who wrote it is not only a woman of good ideas, but one of examplary character. Stebbins, the adulterer, is stopping at his father's in Monson, and his wife with true womanly devotion, is with him, willing to forget and forgive an error that he will not be likely again to commit.

Hot and Dry.—A severe drouth is prevailing in this region. No rains have fallen for five or six weeks, and even the April showers have failed. For a week the atmosphere has been smoky, the sun rising and setting like a red ball, and the stars shining as through a crimson veil. The earth is dry as ashes; no feed in the pastures, no grass of any consequence in the meadows. Rains have fallen around us, and we have had every indication of showers, but the old maxim that "all signs fail in a dry time," seems to prove true. For two or three nights we have had frosts, and the weather is evidently growing cooler. Another week of dry weather will make hay scarce next autumn.

Hats.—A man is never well dressed unless he has a good hat on. So says N. P. Willis, who is the pink of fashion in New York, and so say almost everybody, whether in city or country. We never realized this more sensibly than when we found a new spring style hat on our head from the store of Cross & Co., of this village. This firm have just received a large supply of hats and caps intending to keep as good an assortment as can be found at any hat store. In fact they intend to make good the loss of our hat store by supplying the demand with the latest styles the market affords. Those in want of hats and caps will please take notice.

Warren.—The cattle disease has been the prominent theme for discussion in Warren and adjoining towns for a week or two. Dr. Loring, one of the State Commissioners, came into town on Monday to examine several suspected cattle, and in the evening he was invited to address a large meeting held in the town hall. Several others also addressed the meeting. The Doctor said he had examined all the suspected cases in Warren and ascertained that no cases of pleuro-pneumonia existed. Committees of three for each school district were chosen to organize the town with quarantine cattle circles, so as to prevent the introduction of the disease. The selectmen were also requested to appoint a special cattle police, to prevent the introduction of cattle from other towns and to keep all cattle within the town limits, and it was recommended to other towns exposed to the disease to establish a similar quarantine.—The Commissioners seem determined to prevent the spread of the disease, and in this effort they are indefatigable. A vote of thanks was given to Dr. Loring for his able address.—Much has been said pro and con about the pleuro-pneumonia being contagious. Physicians disagree, and all agree that they know little or nothing about it anyway. One thing is certain, that no disease has yet shown itself but that the animal having it has *come in direct contact* with other diseased animals. And no other remedy has been proposed or tried with any prospect of success but the one now adopted in Warren, namely: that all cattle be kept free from association with other herds—that no one herd be permitted to see another herd, and that oxen be kept at home as much as possible. This seems to be the only known remedy, and the certainty of it depends on the faithfulness with which it is complied with. ——At a recent meeting the town of Warren voted to purchase a beautiful spot of ground for a cemetery, at a cost of about one thousand dollars.——An organ is being put into the Congregational church, said to be the best in the State for the price, costing one year ago $1200. It comes from the quarreling church in South Hadley.

Scandal in Wales.—A gentleman from Wales informs us that a domestic catastrophe recently transpired in that place. For some time the tongue of scandal had wagged freely concerning a married man and a married woman, and the husband of the latter, who did not believe in his wife's unfaithfulness, was prevailed upon to stand watch for a little season. He did so, secreting himself under his own bed. He had not waited long before his neighbor came to the unlawful embrace of his wife. The injured husband rushed out from under the bed and attacked neighbor—neighbor flew to the window and husband flew after him—a squabble ensued between husband and wife—neighbor drew a knife and stabbed husband through the hand—husband gave way and neighbor escaped—husband was awfully riled and tore about considerably, but wife, who is supposed to wear the breeches, threatened to expose the man who fired the Methodist church if he didn't "dry up"—husband did "dry up" and left for parts unknown.

Elopement in Enfield!—A Boarding-house Keeper Runs Away with a Pretty French Girl!—A Letter from the Girl!—The romance of love and crime so prevalent at the present day, has reached the quiet little village of Enfield, developing itself in the following circumstances: In the early part of last winter a party of wandering Indians pitched their tent near the village and for several weeks made and peddled baskets. Among them was a French girl young and bewitching, as all pretty French girls are apt to be. She made the acquaintance of one Otis S. Ward, a comparatively young man, who could boast of a large pair of whiskers, an affectionate wife and two children. He kept the boarding house for the Minot manufacturing company, and was considered a very respectable man. When the Indians struck their tent and left town the French girl went into the family of Ward and assisted his wife through the winter. On the first of April she left town, Ward taking her to the cars in Palmer. A correspondence soon commenced between Ward and the girl, the frequency of which excited the suspicions of the postmaster. On the 3d inst., Ward suddenly left town and on the same day a letter came for him from Cliftondale, in the town of Saugus. The letter remained in the office a day or two, when the postmaster received a line from the French girl recalling the letter she had sent to Ward, stating that she had made a great mistake, as she had learned that Ward had left town. The letter was taken to Ward's wife, who was overwhelmed with grief on reading it. It revealed the whole mystery of her husband's absence, and opened the floodgates of village gossip. The following is a copy of the letter, verbatim—

Cliftondale, May 1.

My dear and beloved husband if i may be permitted to call you so, i received your longed for letter and would rather have it than a five dollar bill. how i have longed for the time to come when we shall meet to part no more. when i can set in your lap and hug and kiss you as much as i please and bury my face in your whiskers. i have been to Boston and find that the steamboat leaves Foster's wharf for Bangor on tuesday and Fridays at 5 o'clock. i will meet you at the Worcester depot on the 4th. be sure and come. your affectionate wife. Annie Hattie.

P. S.—be sure and cut off a part of your whiskers.

It is supposed that Ward and the girl have gone to Canada. He left debts behind to the amount of three or four hundred dollars, which is a poor consolation to his injured wife and children.

Death of Centenarians.—The Ogdensburg Journal reports the death in that town of Susan Wadsworth, a colored woman, in the 125th year of her age. She was born in the family of a Mr. Burritt, in Middletown, Ct.—The Troy Arena records the death of a beggar named James Weeden, in Grafton, Rennselaer county, who was reported to be 120 years old. He was a native of Rhode Island.

The Price of College Fun.—The result of elevating a cow to the high's of Parnassus, and presenting her as a candidate for the degree of A. B., at the university of Troy, has been the suspension of three students for one month, two students for two months, and the unconditional expulsion of one young gentleman.

Slaves Rescued.—Two slaves who had escaped from Hamilton, Ky., were last week caught at Aurora, Ind., and taken back to service. A fight took place when the arrrest was made, but the officers came off victorious.

Distinguished Visitors.—The Japanese ambassadors have arrived at Washington, and are feasting their eyes with the wonders of the New World. Crowds of people are also feasting their eyes on the singular-appearing ambassadors.

Old Fences.—The cedar fences in East Tennessee are a feature that would surprise our Northern farmers. There are fences, standing sound and true, that have been built for fifty years—Virginia worm fence fashion. So says a Tennessee authority.

Cotton and Coffee.—They are trying to cultivate cotton and coffee in New Zeland, the old home of the cannibals. No niggers are used, yet they are thought by some economists to be indespensible in such culture.

Guns for the Celestials.—The Chinese have been importing guns of the largest calibre from the United States, in order to give the Anglo-French forces shotted salutes, and so open the ball well.

Girls and Gold.—Young women are exported to Pike's Peak, in order that the men may be transported. They send gold to the East, and the East send them girls.

Items from the Ware Standard.

A Ware Merchant Disappears.—Mr. Charles Wilcox, a dry goods merchant in Ware, went to New York week before last (as he said,) to purchase goods, carrying with him a considerable sum of money, and saying he should be at home on Monday of last week without fail. The time for his return passed with no tidings of him. Fears were manifested for his safety; dispatches were sent to his father in Middletown, Ct, who has neither seen or heard from him, and some began to suspect foul play. Mr. J. H. Storrs, his former partner, went to N. Y. and ascertained that he had been there, and in his investigations ascertained that he had taken passage in a steamer from N. Y. up North River. No other traces of him have yet been discovered. He bears a good character, being amiable and gentlemanly, and of a good family. It is, however, suspected that he has gone to California. He is said to owe considerable, and one or two New York firms have attached his goods. We also learn that he owes his father about $3000.

Pleuro-Pneumonia in Ware.—There is some reason to fear that this dreaded disease has at last made its appearance in our midst, although not alarmingly so as yet. About three weeks ago Mr. C. P. Morse purchased a cow of Mr. Gleason, of West Brookfield, without in the least fearing any danger, because hitherto there had not been even a suspected case in the town; the disease being most prevalent in the northern part of North Brookfield. The commissioners, however, last week, visited some herds in West Brookfield, and found evidence to their minds that it was spreading there also, although no very severe cases were found. Several cattle were killed which upon examination were supposed to have the disease in its incipient stages. Further search was made, and herds of cattle in the pastures in the west part of the town near the Ware line were pronounced diseased, among them Mr. Gleason's herd, from which Mr. Morse had purchased his cow. Mr. Gleason's cattle were killed, and all pronounced diseased, fifteen in number. Other herds in the vicinity were condemned. They examined the cow Mr. Morse had bought and she was pronounced diseased and ordered to be killed. His remaining five cows having been exposed to the disease, were, as a precaution, ordered to be slain to prevent any further spread of the disease. Accordingly, last Monday they were all killed. It was thought by the commissioner, Dr. Loring, that no danger would arise from these cows, they having been only exposed to the disease, and not as yet having it.—Each of these cows, upon examination of the lungs, was pronounced by physicians to have the pleuro-pneumonia. A further examination of a fine healthy heifer which had in no way been exposed, but had been stall-fed for beef, which was killed at Mr. Sheldon's slaughter-house, showed the same appearance of the lungs, and which is said by experienced butchers to be of very common occurrence, and being in fact no disease at all, but a result from the killing, whereby air and blood are forced into the air-cells of the lungs, causing the dark red spots, sometimes on one lung and sometimes the other, depending upon which side the creature fell when knocked down.—This was the ground taken by Mr. Emery Ball, who has had much practical experience as cattle doctor, and whose skill in managing diseases of cattle is well known in this vicinity.—Too much caution cannot be taken in this calamity, but it would seem that some other means might be devised better than an indiscriminate slaughter of the "innocent with the guilty," some remedies discovered or way of treating those exposed or sick, and, if possible, to save the lives of most of the cattle.

An Insulting Appointment.—President Buchanan has insulted the whole country, by appointing to the office of District Attorney of California, the murdering scoundrel who acted in the (so called) duel in which Senator Broderick was assassinated. The criminal is appointed prosecuting officer, and so receives from the President's hand the price of blood.

A Wife's Stratagem.—Owen, convicted in Halifax, county, Va., of robbery has been sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. A day or two before his trial, his wife visited him in prison, and he escaped in her attire, but got lost in the woods and was recaptured the next morning, a few miles from the jail.

Dangerous Fall.—Three girls in New York while looking out of a window in the third story of a building last week to witness a procession passing at the time, were precipitated to the sidewalk below by the breaking of a railing against which they were leaning. All of them were injured very dangerously.

A Shaking Down South.—Two shocks of earthquakes were experienced at Lexington, Ga., on the evening of the 24th ultimo, the same day of the shock in Tennessee. One of the concussions was sufficient to "dash water out of a tumbler on the tea table, and rattle the crockery considerably on a sideboard.

Ice in Japan.—The Rev. Henry Wood reports that the U. S. officials who visited Pekin obtained ice in that city which was twenty-six inches thick; he could not say it was formed there, though probably it was, for it was found at almost all the towns between the capital and the Gulf.

Discussion at the South.—It has frequently been charged against the abolitionists, that they don't discuss the slavery question in the slaveholding States. Considering how well the democracy are there discussing it, there is no occasion for the abolitionists doing so.

An Expensive Lawsuit.—At Grayson Court House, Va., last week, the jury in a case of Mitchell V. Waddle, a slander suit, rendered a verdict for the plaintiff, putting his damages at $3000.

Fire in the Woods.—On the 16th inst, hundreds of acres of woodland on Wantastiquet Mountain, near Brattelboro,' Vt., were burned over.

Young Incendiary.—William Pitman, a lad only 14 years of age, has been arrested in Providence for setting fire to two barns. The youthful incendiary confessed the crime.

☞In France, last year, marked cases of the pleuro pneumonia were completely cured in twelve days by the use of sulphate of iron.

A Sharp Speech from a Woman.—The women held a convention at New York last week, at which one Mrs. J. Elizabeth Johns of Ohio made a speech, in which she declared that "woman's sphere cannot be bounded," which is quite true in this erinoline uge. She said—

Talent, and not choice, should determine one's position. It is so in art, and should be so everywhere. The other day she saw a man-milliner holding up a bonnet on his soft hands, and expatiating on its merits. A lady tried it on, and he went into ecstacies; it was *such* a fit, and *so* becoming! He complimented the bonnet, and then he complimented the lady. She could but think this man was out of his sphere, and had crowded some woman out of her sphere. In a shoe store, instead of a sprightly girl to try on women's gaiters, you find a strong man, who tries it and fusses over the gaiter and over the foot, until the lady is almost tempted to propel him into his true sphere. [Laughter.] When and where was it first discovered that God made men to fit ladies' gaiters? [Laughter.] If woman can write good verse, let her. If she can build ships, let her be a shipbuilder. If she can keep house, let her be a housekeeper; and that requires about as much brains as anything else. [Laughter.] She had found three women out West who plowed, and plowed well, and she had rather see a young lady hold a plow than to see her decked out finely, and sitting in the parlor, waiting for an offer of marriage.

A Texas Delegate at Baltimore.—A Baltimore correspondent, in speaking of the late Union Convention in that city, thus describes one of the delegates.

"A Texas delegate with a vow, and plenty of hair on his head and face made his appearance. He wore a green baize jacket, and carried a formidable cane. His vow was, never to shave or have his hair cut till Henry Clay was President, and he intends to keep his vow."

A Fight for Liberty.—Two fugitive slaves escaped from Hamilton, Ky., were discovered and arrested near Aurora, Ind., by their owners, last week. On their return through Aurora, the slave owners were attacked by a party designing to rescue the negroes, when a general fight ensued, in which knives, stones, and pistols were freely used. The Kentuckians managed to get off with their slaves, however, by the aid of some friends, and nobody was killed on either side.

A Monster.—A monster was recently born in Acra, Netherlands. A foreign paper says: "The being is said to have been all covered with hair, to have had six fingers on each hand, and six toes on each foot. It had three heads and a tail, eyes at the back of each head and three pair of horns. The account adds that the child was buried alive, and that the mother died eight days afterwards."

From the description we should judge that it was a democrat.

Like to Have Shot the Wrong One.—A short time ago a married lady of South Memphis, Tenn., returning home from a party late at night, saw a burglar in her bed-room, and procuring a revolver from the drawer of a bureau, fired at him. The ball missed the rouge, but passed in close proximity to the head of her husband, who was lying asleep in the bed under the influence of chloroform, administered to him by the adroit thief.

The Supposed Murderer.—An Englishman named Henreques is supposed to be the murderer of the woman found in the Jersey dock. He has fled to Europe.

Texas.—The "La Grange True Issue" is o the opinion that the federal census, to be taken this year, will show for Texas a population of 500,000, including 150,000 slaves.

☞ For Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Rheumatism, Gout, Numbness Partial Paralysis, and Loss of Sleep, use the celebrated TOLUAN ODYNE.

For every species of Throat or Lung Difficulties, from that of Sore Throat to extreme Consumption, use the UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY.

We say to all, try them; and in purchasing, or before purchasing, call for and read the pamphlet which is a full description of all plans. Patients will find in them everything to strengthen confidence; and in reading should any question suggest itself, the proprietors will consider it a favor to have such questions put to them, which shall be answered without delay. The pamphlet, which is quite a family necessity, and will be extended in journal form, as ideas suggest themselves, or questions asked, can be had of all dealers, or will be cheerfully sent on application to General Agents. As no locality should be without these Remedies, respectable dealers not already supplied, can be, on application to the General Agents.

☞ See Advertisement

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 39—1y

[From the Chicago (Ill.) Democrat.]

The Saponifier, made by the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company.—Every family can become, without labor or expense, their own Soap Maker; and with it and their ordinary kitchen grease, make all the soap they can use—hard, soft or fancy. For use in a Printing Office it is admirable, as we have ourself proved. It is six times cheaper than potash, and cleans forms beautifully. Two pounds of it will last as long as twenty pounds of potash. It saves much time and trouble, and we commend it to the attention of printers and families.

Great Remedies of the Day. The Tolu Anodyne.

The Great Neuralgic, Nervous Headache and Rheumatic Remedy, and the UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY, for every description of Lung and Throat Complaints.

These Remedies after six years' private use are now fairly before the public. Pamphlets giving a full prospectus of all plans, and testimonials which can in every case be relied on, and to which the proprietors ask the most rigid inquiries, will be found with all dealers. The proprietors in confidence ask all to read the pamphlet, as nothing like justice can be done by advertising, excepting that of notoriety, which is indispensable.

GENERAL AGENTS:

J. W. Hunnewell & Co., 3 & 8 Commercial Wharf, Boston. | Geo. Hunnewell, 145 Water Street, New York.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

50 Years! Dr. S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters has succeeded for the period of half a century in maintaining its supremacy over all other medicines. It gives immediate tone and action to the Stomach and Bowels, and imparts to the patient cheerful and happy anticipations, which are never attendant upon an inactive state of the important functions of the body.

The alterative and purifying action of our medicine upon the Stomach and Bowels, is the means of curing many hopeless diseases, which other medicines have failed to reach; in proof of which we have frequent testimouials from all parts of the country, of our Bitters having cured diseases which have been abandoned by attending physicians; among which are enumerated Scrofula, Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Salt Rheum, &c. Consumption in its early stages has often been averted by their use. Its unprecedented success, however, is based upon its certain and immediate cure of Billious Complaints, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Stomach and bowels, for which it is conceded that Dr. Richardson's Bitters has no rival. For sale by Druggists everywhere, and at the Doctor's office, 61 Hanover street, Boston. m10—3m.

"Discordant Elements."—In times past the "discordant elements of which the Republican party is composed," has been a favorite subject with Democratic stump speakers and newspaper writers. We affectionately invite the attention of all such persons to the present condition of the Democratic party, as exhibited by its representatives at Charleston.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

The qualities of this medicine have place it upon n imperishable foundation. In destroying disease, and inducing health, it has no parallel.

For the following complaints these Bitters are a Specific: Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Heartburn, Acidity, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

Statement of Mr. E. S. Callender, proprietor of the Callender House, Sheffield, Mass., who used the Oxygenated Bitters upon the recommendation of Dr. Kellogg:

Sheffield, Jan. 25, 1860.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co.—Gentlemen: For the benefit of the thousands suffering from that most distressing of all diseases, Dyspepsia, I cheerfully add a word in recommending your already highly celebrated Oxygenated Bitters.

In the summer of 1854 I was suffering severely from this dreadful affliction, and though consulting several physicians of the highest standing in their profession, for a long time it availed nothing. As a last resort, *by the advice of one of these*, I obtained a bottle of the Oxygenated Bitters, though skeptical with regard to their medicinal virtues at the time, and before using two bottles I was completely cured of this bane of my existence. I cannot refrain from expressing my gratitude to the proprietors of this valuable remedy.

E. S. CALLENDER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Longley, Belchertown. 1

Liver Complaint.—This dangerous and often fatal disease had long baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, when the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills solved the difficulty, and presented to the world the Great Specific, which has attained such wide-spread celebrity for its certainty of cure. This successful remedy was the result of many years' study, in which the symptons were narrowly observed, and are thus described by the Doctor himself:

"Symptons of a Diseased Liver.—Pain in the right side, and sometimes in the left, under the edge of the ribs—the patient being rarely able to lie on the left; pain sometimes under the shoulder blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder—often mistaken for rheumatism in the arm; sickness of stomach, and loss of appetite; bowels mostly costive, but sometimes alternate with lax; dull, heavy sensation in the back part of the head; loss of memory, with uneasiness of having neglected something; sometimes dry cough; weariness and debility; nervous irritability; feet cold or burning, and prickly sensation of skin; low spirits, lassitude, with disinclination to exercise, although satisfied it would be beneficial. In fact, the patient distrusts every remedy."

Have you any, or all of these symptons? If so, you will find a certain remedy in Dr. M'Lane's Pills. Prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburg.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, manufactured by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburg, Pa.—There are no other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of Fleming Bros

☞ Life has few charms for the Dyspeptic, which is not to be wondered at, when we take into account the amount of bodily suffering which he endures. By use of the Oxygenated Bitters, the picture is reversed, and the bright side of life appears.

☞ It is often a disgrace to the country to see the manner in which members of Congress demean themselves in the National Capitol. In many respects they exhibit many of the characteristics of rowdies—quarrelling, fighting and duelling. One cause is that many are men of sedentary pursuits, whose mode of life has injured their digestion, making them dyspeptic, and consequently irritable and quarrelsome. To make our National Legislature more respectable, nothing would have a happier effect than to send each member a bottle of Dr. Ham's Dyspepsia Remedy, or Invigorating Spirit, which cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Bad Spirits, &c., and soon brings a broad grin on the face of the ugliest mortal.

BORN.

In Ware, 7th, a son to William Harper.

MARRIED.

In Springfield, 8th, by Rev. A. Dumond, Geo. F. Sedgwick and Maria M. Southwick, both of Palmer.

In Three Rivers, 16th, by Rev. L. Bolles, Perry Amidon of Belchertown, and Sophia Shumway of Palmer.

In Monson, April 3rd, Willard Leach and Caroline Stacy, both of Monson.

In Burlington, Kansas, March 29, Silas Fearl, Esq., of Burlington, to Miss Dora Denecke, of Avon township, formerly of Palmer, Mass.

In Ware, 19th, George P. Eaton of Fort Madison, Iowa, and Catherine E. Field of Ware; 12th, Jonathan Lancaster and Elvira E. Stedman.

In Greenwich, 10th, William E. Lewis and Sarah S. Gray; 10th, William W. Barnes and Martha M. Gray.

In Monson, 11th, by Ira G. Potter, Esq., Geo. H. Powell of Monson, and Addie H. Bowen, of North Adams.

DIED.

In Three Rivers, 12th, Lucy Ann Howe, 42.

In West Stafford, Ct., 7th, of consumption, Charles F. Pasco, 25.

In Springfield, 14th, Charles Chester, infant son of C. R. Chaffee.

In Three Rivers, 11th, Elizabeth Ashton, 37.

In Hardwick, April 29, of consumption, Mary A., 17, daughter of Daniel and Thirza Collins.

☞ **IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.** ☜

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company's

SAPONIFIER,

The ready Family Soap Maker, and Universal Cleaner.

Will make hard water soft, clean paint, remove ink from type, grease from kitchen utensils, &c.

One Box costs 25 cts.

4 to 4½ lbs refuse grease, usually given away, at about ½ cent ₩ lb, say 20—25 cts.

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of FIRST RATE SOFT SOAP.

Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing Depot of Company.

LEWIS, JAMES & Co., Philadelphia.

☞ The Saponifier can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the country. 1—1y.

List of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Palmer, May 16, 1860:

Allen Messrs M A & B W	Hurlburt Edward
Brown H A	Hooker Clara
Cutler Messrs W & G	Lothian Charles
Cutler H C 2	Makepeace J R
Calkins F I	Parks Francisco C
Clark Lewis	Palmer Hiram N
Condon Elizabeth	Smith F
Crocker F G	Strickland James S
Dow John M	Shurtleff Jane E
Dodge Wm	Tucker Mr
Fosket Charles M.	Tiffany D
Goodwin Sarah E	Thompson William W
Hale Henry	Walker Sylvanus
" S H	Weston Carrie

Persons calling for the above will please say "advertised." D. GRANGER, P. M.

M. K. of K.—Meeting Monday Eve., 21st, at 7½ o'clock. Per order Grand Vizer.

A Variety of Wives.—Thos. Brochy was recently arrested in Adrian, Michigan, for having six wives, one of whom was a negress, and two others squaws. If all were collected, what a pictorial menagerie they would make.

25 CORNHILL, BOSTON. 29

BROWN & TAGGARD,

Publishers and wholesale Booksellers. Among their many valuable publications are,

	4 vols., 12 mo.
Carlyles Essays,	
Mrs. Strickland's Queens of England,	7 vols.
Encyclopedia Americana,	14 vols.
Parley's Cabinet Library,	20 vols.
Margaret Fuller's Works,	6 vols.
Rollo's Tour in Europe.	10 vols.

IN PRESS:

Complete Works of Francis Bacon, 15 vols.

Messrs. BROWN & TAGGARD keep constantly on hand a very large and complete stock of Letter and Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, Slates, the various School Books in use in New England, Bibles, Gift Books, Standard and Miscellaneous Books, and everything in any way pertaining to a general Book and Stationary business.

They will be pleased to supply orders from Booksellers, Country Merchants, Teachers, &c., at satisfactory prices, and would invite them, when visiting the city, to call and examine their large stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & TAGGARD,

Publishers and Wholesale Booksellers, Boston. tn19—3w.

REPAIRS COMPLETED

AND

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF

SUMMER MILLINERY,

AT THE

BONNET ROOMS

OF

CROSS & COMPANY,

Having completed the addition to our Millinery Rooms, we are now prepared to show the LARGFST, RICHEST, and PRETTIEST Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Ever shown in this town, which we respectfully invite all who want the best styles, to call and see.

BONNETS BLEACHED AND PRESSED, in the best possible manner,

FOR 13 CENTS.

CROSS & CO.

A	FINE LOT	OF GOODS
B	OUGHT AT	THE LATE
C	HEAP	PRICES,
D	OWN,	Down.
E	LEGANT,	Durable,
F	FRESH,	And staid,
G	OOD IN	Also,
H	ANDSOME	To look at;
I	N GOOD	Colors and Finish,
J	UST the things	Of all
K	INDS and	Qualities to
L	OOK at and	Admire,
M	AY be found	At all times, and
N	OW, Particularly,	Just
O	VER the	South Side
P	ALMER,	MASS.
Q	UEER Place,	But known all
R	OUND as	The best
S	HOP of all	At which to
T	URN a	Dollar or two
U	NDER all	Circumstances,
V	ERY profitably	Indeed.
W	E shall try to	Make it
X	ACTLY the	Place for
Y	OU to examine	
&	FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.	

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,

McGilvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GAITERS & SLIPPERS,

PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,

SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &.

THE GREAT DOWNFALL

IN

MILLINERY GOODS.

HAS BEEN FULLY REALIZED!

The attention of the trading public is invited by

J. H. STORRS

To the large additions made to his stock during the past week, purchased at ruinous prices, which we are bound to sell at prices that will astonish.

100 SILK AND CRAPE HATS,

15 CARTONS RIBBONS,

50 BOXES WREATHS,

NEW STYLES OF FANCY SILKS,

and

EVERY STYLE OF BONNETS,

From 25 cents to $10 00.

The Low Priced System of

HOOP SKIRTS

Is introduced.

13 Springs,	50 cts.
15 "	62 "
20 "	75 "
25 "	1 00
30 "	1 25

More WHITE HOSE, 7 cts.

" COL'RD " "

" of those LINEN HANDKERCH'FS.

New Styles of MANTILLAS,

" " LACE POINTS,

" " PARASOLS,

" " MITTS,

And many Goods too numerous to mention, which will all be sold at very low prices.

A particular invitation is extended to all to visit and make a full examination of our stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Respectfully, J. H. STORRS.

Ware, May 19, 1860.

SCRAP IRON.

I WILL PAY THE FORGE PRICE, viz, $1 per 100 lbs, for all good wrought scrap iron offered in exchange for Goods. E. BROWN.

WILLOW CRADLES and EMPIRE CHILDREN'S CABS. in great variety, for sale at low prices, by Palmer, May 5. E. BROWN.

THE Best and Latest Styles of DRESS GOODS May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

Housekeeping and Domestic Goods For sale low at CROSS & Co.'s.

PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!

A large and extensive assortment of Parasols, new and beautiful styles, just received by CROSS & Co.

PRINTS!
PRINTS!
PRINTS!

Cases of New Prints just received and selling very low at CROSS & Co.'s.

CROCKERY.

A large invoice of Crockery received this week by CROSS & Co.

PAINTING!

THE subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand

PAINTS, OILS,

and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.

WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.

Palmer, April 14, 1860.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysteries, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

☞ These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the Second page of Pamphlet are well observed. ☜

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and six postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS

ARE A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION.

THEY ARE SAFE AND NEVER FAIL

TO REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS,

AND CURE ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

WHEN the DIRECTIONS are FOLLOWED.

THEY are a BLESSING and a CURE,

AND CAN BE SENT BY MAIL

FOR $1 AND 6 POSTAGE STAMPS.

Agents.—G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs. 25—1y.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of

MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.

Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassowanno Block.

Palmer April 28, 1860.

NEW SILKS, Just received by CROSS & Co.

REFRIGERATORS.

THE subscriber has been appointed manufacturer's agent for the sale of the most approved article before the public. Purchasers are invited to call at my store and examine a very desirable article. E. BROWN.

Palmer, May 12, 1860.

NOTICE.—I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting Jeremiah Hurley on my account, as I shall pay no debts of his contracting from this date. CALVIN ROOT.

Greenwich, May 12, 1860.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Lewis Carpenter, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

ALFRED M. RINGMAN, Administrator.

Brimfield, April 24, 1860. m5 3w*

LOOK HERE!

THE LAST CHANCE.

"Procure the shadow while the substance yet remains."

WM. COOPER

BEGS to return his heartfelt thanks for the generous patronage he has received, and would remind those who have not had one of his life-like Pictures to call and procure one before he leaves.

P. S.—We guarantee satisfaction in all cases. Call and see our specimens. W. A. COOPER.

Palmer Depot.—m12 3w. Artist.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

SAVE THE PIECES! DISPATCH! ECONOMY!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c. SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cane, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.

Address Wholesale Depot, 48 Cedar St., New York. HENRY C SPALDING & CO., Box No 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends	ACCOUNT BOOKS	A
B	Mends	BUREAUS	B
C	Mends	CRADLES	C
D	Mends	DOLLS	D
E	Mends	ETAGERES	E
F	Mends	FANS	F
G	Mends	GUITARS	G
H	Mends	HARPS	H
I	Mends	INLAID WORK	I
J	Mends	JARS	J
K	Mends	KNOBS	K
L	Mends	LEATHER WORK	L
M	Mends	MIRROR FRAMES	M
N	Mends	NEWEL POST	N
O	Mends	OTTOMANS	O
P	Mends	PIANO-FORTES	P
Q	Mends	QUILT-FRAMES	Q
R	Mends	ROCKING-HORSES	R
S	Mends	SOFAS	S
T	Mends	TABLES	T
U	Mends	UMBRELLA-STICKS	U
V	Mends	VASES	V
W	Mends	WORK-BOXES	W
X	Mends	XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK	X
Y	Mends	YARD-STICKS	Y
Z	Mends	ZEPHYR WOOD-WORK	Z
&	Mends	Broken Articles	&

In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.

1	S	Mends Sofas	1
2	P	Mends Pitchers	2
3	A	Mends Accordeons	3
4	L	Mends Letter-Sealing	4
5	D	Mends Daguerreotype Cases	5
6	I	Mends Images	6
7	N	Mends New Breakages	7
8	G	Mends Gun Stocks	8
9	S	Mends School Books	9
10	P	Mends Parasols	10
11	R	Mends Rulers	11
12	E	Mends Electrical Machines	12
13	P	Mends Paper Hangings	13
14	A	Mends Arm Chairs	14
15	R	Mends Rickety Furniture	15
16	E	Mends Eraser Handles	16
17	D	Mends Desks	17
18	G	Mends Globes	18
19	L	Mends Loosened Leaves	19
20	U	Mends Upholstered Furniture	20
21	E	Mends Egg Beaters	21
22		Mends Acorn Work	22
23		Mends Chess Boards	23
24		Mends Fiddles	24
25		Mends Shell Work	25
26		Mends Fillet Work	26
27		Mends Hobby Horses	27
28		Mends Kaleidoscopes	28
29		Mends Money Boxes	29
30		Mends Picture Frames	30
31		Mends Secretaries	31
32		Mends Veneering	32
33		Mends School Furniture	33
34		Mends Papier-mache	34
35		Mends Wardrobes	35
36		Mends Pariau Marble	36
37		Mends Cribs	37
38		Mends Baby Jumpers	38
39		Mends Ivory Work	39
40		Mends Match Safes	40
41		Mends Pictures	41
42		Mends Quill-Wheels	42
43		Mends Towel Racks	43
44		Mends Wash Stands	44
45		Mends Bedsteads	45
46		Mends Drums	46
47		Mends Chessmen	47
48		Mends Ballot Boxes	48
49		Mends Herbariums	49
50		Mends Backgammon Boards	50
51		Mends Band boxes	51
52		Mends Black boards	52
53		Mends Bass viols	53
54		Mends Billiard-Tables	54
55		Mends Billiard Cues	55
56		Mends Bird Cages	56
57		Mends Broomsticks	57
58		Mends Book Cases	58
59		Mends Boot Crimps	59
60		Mends Brush Handles	60
61		Mends Brushes	61
62		Mends Cabinets	62
63		Mends Churns	63
64		Mends Clock cases	64
65		Mends Crutches	65
66		Mends Cupboards	66
67		Mends Curtains	67
68		Mends Caslins	68
69		Mends Caddies	69
70		Mends Cameras	70
71		Mends Chairs	71
72		Mends Charts	72
73		Mends Clothes frames	73
74		Mends Cards cases	74
75		Mends Closets	75
76		Mends Diaries	76
77		Mends Work stands	77
78		" Draught Boards	78
79		" Dishes	79
80		" Doors	80
81		" Divans	81
82		" Dice Boxes	82
83		" Dominoes	83
84		" Fireboards	84
85		" Flutes	85
86		" Balusters	86
87		" Glassware	87
88		" Handles	88
89		" Guttapercha Ware	89
90		" Kites	90
91		" Tops	91
92		" Organs	92
93		" Models	93
94		" Sewing-machine Stands	94
95		" Panels	95
96		" Pasteboard Work	96
97		" Patterns	97
98		" Side Boards	98
99		" Wooden-ware	99
100		" Willow-ware	100

Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 29 1y

GREAT ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING

AND

SUMMER GOODS.

P. P. KELLOGG,

PALMER DEPOT,

IS NOW RECEIVING

A FRESH SUPPLY

—OF—

Seasonable Goods,

Consisting of

Everything New and Beautiful,

TO WHICH WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC.

May 5, 1860.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Josiah Potter, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

S. MARIA POTTER.

Palmer, May 12, 1860.

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞ One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

Troy, Oct. 28, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.

Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞ Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours pains and weakness in breast, sides and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.

HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N. Y.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine. f11—1y.

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers

these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists. Price 25 per box. JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y.

VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS

WILL FIND BRYAN'S WAFERS

INVALUABLE TO REMOVE

HOARSENESS AND SORE THROAT,

AND GIVE CLEARNESS TO THE VOICE.

THEY RELIEVE IN TEN MINUTES,

COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES,

OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

AT 25 CENTS A BOX

AGENTS—Dr. Wm. Holbrook; Palmer, L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

ROSE ELMER;

OR,

A DIVIDED HEART AND A DIVIDED LIFE.

BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH.

It was early on the marning of a lovely day in June, A.D. 1809, that a rather large gronp of idlers gathered in front of the Etheridge Arms, a quaint old tavern, in the ancient little town of Swinburne, in the west of England.

By their looks and conversation, it was evident that some event of unusual importance was expected to come off.

They were, in fact, awaiting the arrival of the mail coach, which was to bring down Colonel Hastings, and his son Albert, who was the bridegroom elect of Lady Etheridge, Baroness of Swinburne, the last of her race, and sole heiress of the immense wealth and vast estates of her lordly ancestors.

The nuptials were to be celebrated on the following day: and the retainers and neighbors of the noble bride, who almost worshipped her for her goodness of heart, were anxious to see the man who was to be their beloved "lady's" husband.

They had not long to wait. The coach soon came thundering up to the door; and as soon as the steps were let down by the obsequious landlord, Colonel Hastings issued forth. He was an elderly gentleman, tall, spare, and stooping; was clothed in a suit of clerical black; and his pale, thin, long face was surrounded by hair and whiskers prematurely gray. He was closely attended by his secretary, Ferdinand Cassinove, an Italian, of such graceful mien and dignified bearing, that he might have been taken for a prince of the blood attended by an old gentleman in waiting.

Next came forth a young gentleman, whose handsome person and haughty manner at once attracted general attention. His form was tall, and finely proportioned, crowned by a haughty head and face, with high, aquiline features, fair and fresh complexion, light blue eyes, and very light, flaxen hair. His expression of countenance, in keeping with his whole manner, was stern, almost to repellant severity. Great beauty of person, with great dignity of manner, forms a combination very attractive to most young women, and perhaps it was this that fascinated the young heiress of Swineburne Castle, for this was Albert Hastings, the bridegroom elect. He was followed into the house by his valet, bearing his dressing-case.

After a slight repast, Colonel Hasting, attended by Cassinove, drove off to the castle to have a preliminary interview with Lady Etheridge, (who was his ward) and arrange the marriage settlements. On arriving at the lordly castle, Cassinove was shown into a sitting-room, while the colonel proceeded to his library, whither his ward was requested to come to meet him.

As the young Italian paced up and down the room, occasionally pausing before a full length mirror, which reflected the spacious window (reaching from ceiling to floor) and the picturesque landseape beyond, suddenly, among the roses outside, glided a purple-draped female ggure, that immediately riveted his attention. It was a woman in the earliest bloom of youth. As young Cassinove gazed upon her reflected image, as he never gazed upon *her*, he felt as though a goddess had suddenly deseended among the flowers. Her form was above the medium height, and well rounded. Her head was finely formed, and covered with a profusion of jet black, glittering hair, that was plainly parted over her broad, expansive forehead, and gathered into a rich and massive knot at the back of the head. Her eyes were large, luminous, dark gray orbs, that seemed, whenever the long veil of lashes was lifted, to throw a light wherever they glanced. Her nose was straight and well formed, her lips rounded, and, like all the rest, full of character. In the carriage of her h ad and neek, and in her stately footsteps, there was a certain natural majesty that, even in a peasant's dress, would have proved her one of Nature's queens.

The impression made upon the enthusiactie heart of Ferdinand Cassinove was at once vivid, deep and strong—quick as sun-painting, permanent as sculpture. He saw this goddess of the intellectual brow and stately step open the window and advance into the room, and as she approached him he felt his whole frame thrill with a strange emotion of blended pain and delight. He dreaded to move, yet, as the needle turns to the magnet, he felt himself turning from the reflected image to face the original. He stood before that queenly form, and met those large, luminous, dark eyes fixed upon him in royal graciousness, as she said:

"You are Colonel Hasting's secretary, I believe, sir. Pray, sit down. You will find the London papers on that table." And, with a graceful bow, the lady passed him, and seated herself on a sofa at the extremity of the room, took up a portfolio, and was soon deeply engaged with its contents.

After the profound bow with which he had returned her courtesy, Ferdinand Cassinove remained motionless where she had left him. But ten minutes had elapsed since she had glided in among the flowers, and passed him like a vision seen in some beautiful dream. But ten minutes, and life, the world, himself, were all changed for Ferdinand Cassinove. *He felt, from that moment, that his fate must take its character for good or evil from the will of that royal-looking woman.*

In the midst of the pleasing pain of his dream the door opened, and a gray-haired servant entered softly, and stepping across the room to where the lady sat, and speaking in the low, subdued tone in which royal personages are addressed, said—

"My lady, Colonel Hasting's respects, and he awaits your ladyship in the library."

"Very well, Williams; go and say to Colonel Hastiugs that I will attend him immediately," answered the lady, rising.

This queenly woman, then, was Laura, Baroness Etheridge of Swinburne! For ever and for ever unattainable by him! Oh, despair! His castle in the air tumbled all about him, and buried all his hopes and aspirations in its fall.

After greeting Colonel Hastings, on her entering the library, Lady Etheridge took a parchment from a drawer in the centre table, and handed it to her guardian. On examining the document, the colonel found it to be a deed of gift, absolute, of her entire magnificent estate to Albert Hastiags, her intended husband. The colonel pretended much surprise, and refused to accept the deed, alleging that such an act migh give rise to unpleasaut criticism.

"Oh, Colonel Hastings! there can be no question of mine and thine between me and Albert. The deed of gift that transfers all my possessions to my fatore husband is made out; let it be executed. He shall then never be jealous of his wife's riches, for she will come to him as poor as a cottage girl," exclaimed Lady Etheridge, with a pure devotion of love flushing her cheek and lighting her eyes.

After protesting somewhat farther against such noble generosity, the colonel allowed himself to be persuaded to accept the deed, and called in Cassinove to witness its execution in due form. The poor secretary could scarcely hold the pen which the colonel handed him so great was his agitation. His employer could not help remarking upon the unusually poor signature which the Italian affixed, as witness, to the deed; *but little did the colonel or the baroness know the terrible passions that were seething in the secretary's soul, or the important results that they were destined to bring about.*

We will now return to the bridegroom elect, whom we left at the Swiaburne Arms.

Colonel Hastings had scarcely left the room ere Mr. Albert Hastings arose, stretched himself with a weary yawn, and began to pace thoughtfolly up and down the floor, murmuring—

"Men think me a very fortunate and happy man: and, doubtless, an unusual number of good gifts have been showered upon me by the favor of the blind goddess—not the least among them would be esteemed the hand of this wealth young baroness, my bride expectant. Well, we cannot have everything we want in this world, else sweet Rose Elmer only should be the wife of Albert Hastings. Poor girl! she little dreams that the man who has wooed her, under the name of William Lovel, is really Albert Hastings, the envied bridegroom of the high-born Lady Etheridge of Swinburne. It cannot be helped. I cannot pause for lady's right, or maiden's honor. Here, then, for a divided life; my hand to the lady of Swinburne—my heart to the lovely cottage girl; only Lady Etheridge must never know of Rose Elmer and William Lovel, nor must Rose Elmer know Lady Etheridge and Albert Hastings. And now to persuade Rose to go before me into Wales, where myself and my lady-bride are to spend our honeymoon."

And so saying, he took his hat, and strolled out into the street.

Taking a course opposite to that which led to Swinburne Castle, Albert Hastings soon came to a cross-country road, which he followed for some two miles, and then turning into a by-path, he went on until he came to a secluded and lovely cottage. Opening the door of this elegant retreat with a latch-key, he passed in. It was a lovely abode, fit for the home of a fairy. And for a fairy Albert Hastings had had it furnished. The fairy's name was rose Elmer, and she was the daughter of the village laundress. Albert had accidentally met her on one of his visits to the castle, and, as his soliloquy, given above, shows, had fallen desperately in love with her; and under the assumed name of William Lovel, had won the beautiful and innocent maiden's heart.

He had had the cottage furnished, and was that morning to meet Rose there, where they had so often met, by appointment. Rose came at last; and as soon as the first joyous greetings were over, the intriguing lover set at work to persuade her to consent to a secret marriage; as he well knew by a thousand tests of character, that he could never gain his purpose unless Rose believed herself to be his wife, his task was a hard one; but he finally succeeded, by promising that she should stay with her mother just the same, as long as she lived.

This was not all that Mr. Hastings wished, but neither logic nor eloquence could convince or persuade Rose Elmer to desert her ailing mother; and upon no other condition than that of being allowed to remain with her, would she consent to the secret marriage.

And, finally, he obtained a promise from Rose that she would meet him at the cottage that same night, where by a previous arrangement, his confidential servant, disguised as a clergyman, was to be in attendance to perform the marriage ceremony. After which, Rose should return to her mother, to remain during the few weeks of his absence in Wales, whither, he said, important business forced him. This agreed upon, they took leave of each other for a few hours, and returned to the village by different routes. Mr. Hastings went to his inn, and summoned his confidential servant to his presence. And Rose Elmer, full of hope and joy turned down the street leading to her mother's cottage.

When Rose entered the house, there was a smouldering fire in the grate, and beside this fire, in an old arm chair, sat a female whom no one would have passed without a second look. She was a woman of commanding presence. Her form was tall, and must once have been finely rounded; but now it was worn thin, almost to skeleton meagreness. Her features were nobly chiselled, and might once have been grandly beautiful; but now they were sunken and emaciated as those of death; Under her broad and promiuent forehead, and heavy black eyebrows, shone a pair of dark-gray eyes, that burned fiercely with the fires of fever or of frenzy. Her jet black hair, slightly streaked with silver, was half covered with a red handkerchief, tied beneath her chin and had partly fallen in elf locks down one side of her face. A rusty black gown and shawl completed her dress.

As the door opened, admit ing Rose, she turned quickly in her chair, fixiog her eyes with a look of fierce inquiry upon the intruder.

"How are you now, mother dear? I hope you feel in better spirits," said Rose, laying off her bonnet, and coming to the woman's side.

"Better. Where have you been? I have wanted you."

"I have been—taking a walk through the woods, dear mother; and see, here are some wild strawberries I picked for you on my return. Will you eat them?" said Rose, offering her little basket.

"No; I want none of them. You care little for me."

"Mother, don't say that. You don't know how much I love you."

"Hush, girl, you have little cause—oh!"

And the woman suddenly struck her hand upon her heart, dropped her head upon her breast, and seemed convulsed by some great agony. Her features worked frightfully, her frame shuddered.

"Mother! mother! what is the matter?" exclaimed Rose, throwing her arms around the woman in great alarm.

"It is—past," gasped the woman, breathing with great difficulty.

"What was it dear?"

"A spasm. It is gone."

"Oh, mother, will it return?"

"Perhaps."

"Let me run for a neighbor, or the doctor."

"Nay, you must ruu somewhere else! To-morrow, Laura—Lady Etheridge of Swinburne, weds with Albert Hastings, of Hastings Hall. It is so, is it not?"

"Surely, dear mother, the village is full of the wedding, and talks of nothing else. The village children have been employed all day in bearing flowers to decorate the castle church, and to strew in the path of the bride as she comes—they love her so well."

"Yes, she is a high and mighty lady; yet, sweet and gracious as becomes one so exalted. Come hither, girl, kneel down before me, so that I may take your face between my hands!" said the woman, growing more strange in her talk.

Rose obeyed, and her mother, bowing her own stern, dark face, shut that of the girl between her hands, and gazed upon it wistfully, critically, murmuring—

"Fair face, delicate features, complexion pure as the inside of a conch shell, white, and flushed with red; hair like fine yellow silk, and eyes blue and clear as those of infancy; hands, small and elegant. I have not let poverty spoil your beauty, have I, my child?"

"No, dear mother, you have let kindness more likely, spoil me," said Rose, in simple wonder, at her words.

"I have not let your person grow coarse with hard work, have I, dear?"

"No, mother; notwithstanding that I ought to have worked with you, and for you."

"Your hands have never been roughened by helping me in the laundry?"

"No, mother; though they ought to have been."

"Nor have your sweet eyes been spoiled by needle-work?"

"No, good mother; I have been as useless as a fine lady, to my shame."

"And I have worked hard to save you from work, and to pay for your schooling, have I not?"

"Dear mother, you have! You have been the best mother in the world, and only too good to me. But I will try to repay you."

"Think of all that to-morrow, child; and when *all the country around shudders at my crime, when all the people call down imprecations upon my name*, do not *you* curse one who has nourished you at her bosom, when that bosom is cold in death," said the woman, solemnly.

"Oh, she is mad! mad!" exclaimed Rose, in dismay, at hearing these words; then lowering her voice, she said, "Mother! mother! try to collect yourself! It is I, your poor daughter Rose, that kneels before you. Do you not know me?"

"Ay, I know you well, and I kuow what I say," repeated the woman, solemnly.

"Mother! oh, why do you talk so wildly? It is very dreadful! But you are not well!—let me go for some one."

"Yes; you must go for some one. You must go to the castle this afternoon," said the woman in the same tone of deep gravity.

"Go to the castle! I, mother!" exclaimed Rose, in surprise.

"Yes, you must go to the castle; and when you get there, ask to see her who calls herself Lady Etheridge."

"The baroness? Dear mother, why does your thoughts so run upon the baroness? What is she to us? Besides, is it likely that she will see me, a poor girl, a perfect stranger, this day of all others, when she sees no one?"

"Hush, Rose! and for once obey one *whom you have so long looked upon as your mother.*" It will be the last time I will ask you to do so. Demand to be admitted to the presence of the baroness. Say that you have come upon a matter of life and death that nearly concerns her ladyship; insist, and she will not venture to refuse you. When you stand before Lady Etheridge, say that her old nurse, Magdalene Elmer——"

"Her nurse, mother! You Lady Etheridge's nurse! I never knew that before!" interrupted Rose, in surprise.

"There are many things you never knew, my child. But attend! Say to the baroness that Magdalene Elmer is dying!"

"Dying! Oh, mother, do not say so! it is very cruel! You are not sick in bed—you are sitting up! You are not old either, but have many years of life before you."

"Child, hear my words, but do not judge them! Say to Lady Etheridge that Magdalene Elmer, her dying nurse, prays—nay demands—to see her this night! Tell her that *I have a confession to make that she must hear to-night, or never!* Conjure her by all she holds dear on earth! by all her hopes of Heaven! by all her fears of hell! to come to me to-night! Tell her *if she would escape the heaviest curse that could darken a woman's life*, to come to me to-night! to come to me at once! There; get on your bonnet, and go!"

The above is all of this story that will be published in our columns. The continuation of it from where it leaves off here can be found only in the New York Ledger, the great family paper, which is for sale at all the stores throughout the city and country, where papers are sold. Remember and ask for the New York Ledger of May 29, and in it you will find the continuation of the story from where it leaves off here.

The Ledger is mailed to subscribers at $2 a year, or two copies for $3. Address your letters to Robert Bonner, publisher, 49 Park Row, New York. It is the handsomest and best family paper in the country, elegantly illustrated, and characterized by a high moral tone.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS,

Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

SAMUEL BLAIR, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. A large assortment of Gold and Silver Goods kept constantly on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Palmer, Jan. 2, 1859.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.
M. W. FRENCH. JOHN GAMWELL.

G. S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

E. JONES & Co., Manufacturers of Gilt and Rosewood Picture Frames. Also, Frames for Hair Wreaths, which will be delivered at any place ordered. French Looking Glasses, Picture Glasses, and Prints for Grecian Painting kept constantly on hand and for sale cheap. North Wilbraham.

V. GUILD & Co., manufacturers of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Calf Brogan Shoes, Main street, Ware, Mass.

To Boot and Shoe Manufacturers.

WE wish to call your attention to the following GOODS which we are prepared to sell on the most favorable terms:

Lastings, Serge de Berri's and Italian Cloths.
Black and Colored Doeskin, } Finished especially
Black, Brown & Drab Cassimeres, } for Congress tops.
Brown, Black and Drab Feltings, for Snow Shoes.
Rubber Gusset Webs, of beautiful quality for Congress Shoes.
Boot and Congress Webs, from ¾ inch to 1¼ inch, new styles.
Galloons, Blacks and Colors, ¾, ⅞, and ¾ inch widths.
Shoe Ducks; Congress and Linen Canvass.
Shoe Ribbons, Rosettes and Sandal Webs.
Eyelets, Cords, Shoe Laeetts and Strings, all sizes and lats. Shoe Buttons, of all deseriptions.
XXX LINEN MACHINE THREADS of the well-known Golden Flax Stamp, of every description, required in the manufactory of Boots, Brogans, Shoe and Congress work, from No. 18 to 100, from 2 to 10 cord, in Black, Drab, Grey, Orange, Yellow and W. Brown, in hanks, balls and spools, for sideing, closing, stitching and binding straps and counters, top stitching and under threads; also, Shoe Threads; Machine Silk, all colors and sizes; Sea Island Hank Cotton, black, colored, unbleached and white; Spool thread, and sewing cotton all deseriptions.

Manufacturers of CLOTHING will find in our stock every thing in linen and cotton threads required in their work, and the quality much superior to any other in use. JOSEPH DIX & Co.,
JOSEPH DIX, 52 Milk street, Boston.
ELIAS C. CHAPIN.

To Painter, House Builders,

And Consumers of WHITE LEAD & COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & Brothers, of Philadelphia, continue to manufacture White Lead and Colors of the same reliable qualities manufactured by their predecessors, Mord'k Lewis & Co. The White Lead is of the same superior quality that has always distinguished their Lead, and for whiteness and durability is unsurpassed by any Lead of any manufacture.

Particular attention is called to the fact that Messrs. John T. Lewis & Brothers' Lead is put up *full weight*, and every keg contains the quantity marked upon it, and not, as is the custom generally, of charging for weight of keg as well as lead.

Their Colors—Green, Yellows, Blues, Reds, &c.—can be depended upon, not only as regards their brilliancy and fastness of color, but for their uniformity—the same to-day, yesterday and to-morrow.

For sale by all the principal dealers in Paints throughout New England, and by
THAYER, BRIGHAM & FIELD.
32 India Street, Boston.

LEWIS'S PURE WHITE LEAD. JOHN T. LEWIS & BROTHERS' COLORS.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN & PALMER R. R.

On and after April 9, 1860, trains will run as follows: Leave Amherst for Palmer at 8,00 A.M. Leave Palmer for Amherst at 2,00 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains to and from Boston, Springfield, Albany and New York.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, trains will be run between Amherst and Palmer, leaving Amherst at 4.60 p.m., arriving at Palmer in season to connect with evening trains from Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany, Hartford, New Haven, and New York. Returning leave Palmer at 6.15.

Stage accommodation at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley and Sonderland. W. DIXEY, General Agent.
Amherst, April 9, 1860.

PLASTER,

FRESH GROUND EVERY DAY.

THE subscribers have on hand on for sale in quantities to suit customers, a superior article of Nova Scotia Plaster, to which they respectfully invite the attention of gentlemen wishing to purchase.

Having unequalled facilities for obtaining supplies direct from the quarries, they are confident that they can furnish an article superior to any to be found in Hampshire county. Buyers desirous of obtaining the best in the market are requested to examine our stock before purchasing.

PRICE $8 per ton at the Mill.

☞ A liberal discount made to parties buying five tons and upwards.

GUANO, SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, and other fertilizers on hand and for sale at market prices, BLANCHARD & DARLING,
Proprietors Belchertown Steam Works.
Belchertown, April 14, 1860—6wis.

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!
Of the newest patterns, call and see them at
CROSS & Co.'s.

STOVES! STOVES!

May be found at the old stand of Allen & Porter,

TIN, JAPANNED & WOODEN WARE,

Good Air Tight Cook Stoves,

Furnished complete for $16, $17, and $19, The NEW ENGLAND STOVE, never before sold in the State, the AMAZON, PATRIOT, CONQUEST, Parlor and Parlor Cook Stoves, Farmers' Boilers, &c., &c., &c.,

Stoves wanted by any one, not found in the Shop, will be procured and delivered as low as can be bought in the State.

☞ Stoves delivered at any depot within fifty miles free of expense.

RUSSIA PIPE, 17 cts. ℔ lb; common do. 10 cts.

All Kinds of Jobbing Done at Short Notice.

Rags, Old Copper, Brass, Iron, Pewter and Lead taken in exchange.

CALL AND SEE.
Palmer, April 7, 1860. E. NICHOLS.

LIVERY STABLE REMOVED.

THE subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the

NASSOWANNO BARN,

where he will keep

HORSES & CARRIAGES,

As usual, and let them at reasonable prices.

☞ He will also furnish feed for horses any length of time. WILLIAM FULLER.
Palmer, April 21, 1860—tf.

BLOOD FOOD.

HEALTHY human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, indueing Consumption, use No. I, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediatly into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.

Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—1y

Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,

and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acility of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other fits. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 109 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT
SEWING MACHINE!

JUST LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being

ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS

for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.

☞ These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.

W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.
Palmer, March 31, 1860.

COFFINS!

COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of

MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,

and

WHITE WOOD COFFINS,

of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.
Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

M. S. MOULTON

WOULD call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinity to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

☞ Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.

N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL!!

WE have just received a cargo of the celebrated

FRANKLIN COAL,

Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of

CUMBERLAND,

And another of

LACKAWANNA.

We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.

FAIRBANK'S
CELEBRATED
RAILROAD, HAY, COAL & STOCK
SCALES,
Of every variety.
FAIRBANKS & BROWN,
34 Kilby Street, Boston.

EMORY S. BROOKS has opened a shop in Waite's Building, opposite the Antique House, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay.

N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!

DORCHESTER Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.

Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.

WM. F. TEMPLE, Sec'y. ASAPH CHURCHILL, Pr.
CHARLES A. WOOD, General Agent.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.

BOSTON—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohier, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq; DORCHESTER—Alpheus Hardy, Esq, Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.

☞ Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property.	$934,613
Real estate,	3,202,541—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid,	$38,088,20
Deposit notes,	00,409,63
Stock Co.—1740 policies—amt. at risk,	$2,409,927,02
Capital,	$50,000
Cash surplus,	21,254,94—$71,254,94

Oct 15—1y O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that I wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.
R. G. PALMER.
Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m

New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad.

Summer Arrangement! Commencing Thursday, July 4, 1859. Trains leave Palmer for Willimantic, Norwich and N. London, at 7.30 a.m., and 1.50 p.m., or on arrival of trains from Springfield and Albany. Trains leave New London, at 7.00 a.m., and 1.30 p. m. R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, July 4, 1859.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF NEW YORK.

Cash Capital, (all paid in) $1,000,000 00
Cash Surplus, nearly 500,000 00

THIS SOUND and RELIABLE COMPANY Insures Buildings, Merchandize, Household Fornitore, Hay, Grain, Live Stock, and most other kinds of Real and Personal Property against loss or damage by Fire, on as favorable terms as any responsible Company.

No liability to assessments in this Company.

☞ Losses equitably adjosted and promptly paid.

☞ Apply to JAMES G. ALLEN, of Palmer. our duly authorised Agent for Eastern Hampden.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, Prest.
May 21—1y. J. M. SMITH, Secretary.

☞ The *prudent* man will insure his life when he sees its advantages.

☞ The *sensible* man will certainly insure his property, when the slightest accident may burn him out and *ruin* him.

☞ The *trusty* and *safe* merchant *always* insures his merchandize.

☞ The business that will not pay to keep insured, *will not pay to carry on.*

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency.

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE undersigned is agent for the following sound and responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing an aggregate capital of over

$3,000,000!

STOCK COMPANIES....CAPITAL and ASSETTS.

The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
The CHARTER OAK, Hartford,	350,000.

MUTUALS.

The QUINCY and CONWAY.

Insurance effected on cotton and woolen mills churches, schoolhouses, and all other descriptions of Real and Personal property, at favorable rates.

☞ All losses promptly adjusted at this agency.

☞ All policies registerrd at this agency.

Also, agent for the Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co. Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to
Palmer, March 12. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

Dyspepsia Remedy

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILARATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPEFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUS TREMENS, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Dose.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder, or Urinary organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

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Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

PROF. WOOD: Thee wilt please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by an eruption on the head. A continual course of sufferiug through life, having reduced me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair, thiek and black, though short. It is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"The reward s to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIRBY.

LIGONIER, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the

The Palmer Journal.

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THE SLAUGHTER AT WYOMING.

The history of Col. Bigelow is so interwoven with that of the Revolution that it is difficult to separate the two. We shall, therefore, give in this chapter a short account of the bloody butchery of the inhabitants of that beautiful little colony at Wyoming, and what Col. Bigelow thought of that demoniac cruelty, the bare remembrance of which makes us shudder. Wilkesbarre is the shire town of Luzerne county, Pa. It is situated in the Wyoming valley, one hundred and fourteen miles north-east from Harrisburg, and one hundred and twenty noth-west from Philadelphia. This place was settled by emigrants from Connecticut in 1773, under the auspices of one Col. Durkee, who gave it the compound name it bears in honor of two eminent and zealous advocates of the American cause in the British parliament, Wilkes and Barre. Wyoming contained eight townships, each containing a square of five miles, beautifully situated on both sides of the Susquehanna. Wilkesbarre is one of those towns. The inhabitants of this beautiful valley were much engaged in their country's cause, and nearly one thousand of their young men had joined the army and were absent from home. Most of those remaining at home were tory, altho' these were not so numerous as the friends of liberty. Yet they formed an alliance with the Indians, and the first of July there appeared before the fort at Wilkesbarre about sixteen hundred armed men, two-thirds of whom were tories and one-third Indians. The colony of Wyoming could muster only about five hundred men. In this condition the tories and Indians fell upon them and put them nearly all to death; only about sixty escaped. Never was a rout so deplorable; never was a massacre attended with so many horrors. The barbarians took the men, women and children promiscuously into houses and barracks, and set fire to them, and consumed them all, listening, delighted, to hear the moans and shrieks of the expiring multitude.

The crops of every description were consigned to the flames. The habitations, granaries, and other constructions—the fruits of years of human industry—sunk in ruins under the destructive strokes of those cannibals. Their fury was also wreaked upon the very beasts. They cut out the tongues of the horses and cattle, and left them to wander in the midst of those fields lately so luxuriant, and now in desolation, to undergo the torments of a lingering death. Capt. Bedlock was stripped naked, and stuck full of pine splinters and set on fire. Captains Ransom and Durgee were thrown alive into the fire. One of the tories, whose mother had married a second husband, butchered her with his own hand, and then massacred his father-in-law, his own sisters, and their infants, in the cradle. Another killed his own father, and extirminated all his family. A third imbued his hands in the blood of his brothers, his sisters, his brother-in-law, and his father-in-law. Other atrocities, if possible, still more abominable, we leave in silence. The tories appeared to vie with, and even to surpass the savages in barbarity. Such men as these Col. Bigelow had to contend with in Worcester, in 1774, and upon hearing of this bloody massacre, it is said that Colonel Bigelow was filled with horror and indignation, and swore eternal vengeance and condign pudishment upon all the tories. Col. Bigelow at this time was at his post in Rhode Island, and on hearing of this bloody tragedy, it was said, by the same informant, that he walked the room for one hour, without speaking. At length he exclaimed, "Our worst enemies are those of our own household."—*Worcester Transcript.*

AFRAID.—This story is told to illustrate the way in which old Touchwood's sons "feared the Lord:" These sons were sadly addicted to wicked practices; and one Sunday morning the minister of the parish met one of them starting for the woods with a gun on his shoulder. Seeking out the father, the clergyman told him that he ought to admonish his sons, and bring them up in the fear of the Lord. "Fear the Lord," replied old Touchwood; "they are so afraid of him now, that they daren't stir out on Sunday without a double-barrelled shot-gun in their hand!"

COULDN'T FOOL HER.—The Lafayette, Courier tells an amusing story of some young ladies and gents of that place, who were taking a social walk in the cemetery, when a ghost appeared. They all ran but one sturdy woman of the strong-minded class, who stood her post, when she seized it, and thrust out of his frightful disguise a mischievous fellow who had heard the project of walking round the graveyard discussed, and hid himself there to give the party a fright She led him back to the house, and in reply to the questions that now poured in upon her said: "Can't fool me! I've seen too many men in sheets to get frightened at them!"

POETRY AND PATRIOTISM.—One editor, of a fanciful turn of mind, having remarked that "Washington guided the tottering steps of the infant Republic along the path of Empire"—a cotemporary adds: "So he did. And more; he made the little codger toe the crack of progress; he cuffed him along the trail of safety; he kicked him clear over the pools of peril; and by the scruff of the neck dragged him howling up the hill of greatness. It will be seen that we can talk in figures as well as our neighbor."

☞ There is a man in Connecticut who has such a hatred for everything appertaining to monarchy that he wont wear a crown to his hat.

☞ If a man is bitten by a dog, he is most likely to get mad whether the dog has the hydrophobia or not.

Menora Waits for Me.

I.

My bark is on the bounding wave,
My home is o'er the sea—
One waits me where yon waters lave—
Menora waits for me.
She comes each morning, as the day
Looks o'er my native strand,
O'er dimpling waves, that softly play
And kiss her waiting hand,
As now she dips it in the spray,
As tho' its wreathing white,
Had floated o'er a pathless way,
Some token of deligh.

II.

I see Menora on the beach,
As night draws o'er the sea—
She watches sails that dusky dawn,—
Menora waits for me.
I hear her voice as when of old,
It thrilled my native air;
In language sweet, as e'er was told
From lips that earth can share.
I see her wait till evening's fold
Is pinned with many a star—
Till winds come moaning, deep and cold,
And sadly from afar.

III.

Then hies she to her lowly cot,
Where oft in love we've met;
Most sacred vows she's not forgot,
And shall I e'er forget?
Ah, no! and when from o'er the blue,
The breezes waft me home—
I'll greet Menora, tried and true.
And no more track the foam.
I'll lead her to the bridal shrine,
My queen beyond the sea—
I long to call Menora mine,
Who loves and waits for me.

Springfield, May 19. SIENTIA.

When I First Went a Courting.

'Twas Saturday night,
The moon shone bright,
From her dizzy height,
With her silvery light,
On that beautiful night,
When I first went a courting.

As I started along,
I began a song,
When I met a skunk,
Behind a stump;
I hit him a thump,
On that beautiful night,
When I first went a courting.

With pace quick and smart,
I reached my sweet-heart,
But we quickly did part,
For she told me to start,
And be off with my cart,
On that beautiful night,
When I first went a courting.

THE IRISH HEROINE.

A gentleman residing in B—— street, New York, left the city, as he was often accustomed to do, on Saturday evening, to visit his friends in the country, and return home on Monday morning. Having a family, his wife usually preferred remaining at home with her children, trusting the charge of her house to two female domestics, in whom she placed the most implicit confidence. The custom of early washing obliged Ellen, a sprightly Irish girl, to make due preparation for the event on Sunday eve: such as filling the boiler, and gathering fuel upon the hearth. For this purpose she descended a few steps into an adjoining cellar, and on approaching a box in which coals were deposited, she saw a man crouched into it, gazing upon her with the most savage wildness. By the glitter of steel which flashed in the lamplight, she promptly concluded that his design was robbery and perhaps murder, and of course the shriek that her terrified feelings could ill suppress, would prove her death. Determined, therefore to conceal every emotion of fear, she calmly asked, "Who are you?" The man sprang out and pointed a pistol at her breast: "Your life," said he, "or assist me in robbing this house. This is the only condition of your safety. You know where the silver plate and other valuables are deposited, and if you do not immediately show me, I'll blow your brains out." "Oh, stay! and if that be all, I'll show you all, I will."

The man gazed at her as if doubtful whether she might be trusted. "Come, then, off shoes," said he, "and if you make a breath of noise you know what to depend upon." "An' faith, ain't I still as an oyster? It's you making all the noise." "Lead on," said he. They then ascended the stairs into the dining-room. Ellen pointed him to a small portable desk, and a trunk beneath the sideboard. "There's master's money," said she, "and here," throwing open the door of the pantry, "is where the plate is kept." The man secured the desk and the contents of the trunk, and proceeded to the pantry which was filled with silver plate of high value. The girl assisted the plunderer to dispose of it, with as little noise as possible, in bags which he had brought for the purpose. This service, and her voluntary act of handing him several valuable articles from the drawers completely secured his confidence. "Girl," said he, "you must leave the house with me to-night, and do your part in helping off with this luggage." "In truth, I will," answered she, "for I likes neither master nor mistress, child nor chick, in the house."

At this instant the measured tread of the watchmen was heard, and shortly after there came a slight tap on the window. The man motioned her to be silent. "It's either the watch," whispered he, "or one of my comrades; we must clear the watch—that's certain—and Joe Simms if we can, for I guess its his signal, and if I answer it we shall have to go snacks in our prize. Suppose we stop an hour or so; he will then think I did not succeed, and be off." The man returned to the pantry to bring out the bags which he had prepared, when the girl followed and suddenly closed and locked the door. She then flew to the window, and throwing open the blinds, uttered the most audible cry of murder, at the highest pitch of her voice. In an instant the guardians of night were on their duty. She unlocked the hall door, and in they rushed. The undaunted heroine produced the key of the pantry and delivered her captive to the hands of justice. The villain cast upon her a demoniac look of revenge as he was hurried from his place of fancied security, while a broad Irish laugh repaid the confidence which he had reposed in the faithful domestic. She briefly related the circumstances to the watchmen, who pledged themselves answerable for his appearance next morning.

Alarmed at the uproar below, her mistress hastened down to learn the cause, she found the heroic girl in the act of locking the hall door; which having done, nearly exhausted by the variety of emotions which she had experienced, she threw herself upon the sofa and burst into tears; it was some moments before the generous girl could describe the perilous scene through which she had passed, or express her joy at having been instrumental in saving the lives and property of a family to whom she was truly attached.

Her master, who returned home the next morning, on learning this extraordinary act of courage and ingenuity, presented her with a hundred dollars, and on her marriage with a worthy young man, which occurred in a few months after, her mistress furnished for her a small, neat house in the neighborhood. The cottage of Ellen is the abode of peace and industry, while happy in the confidence of her respected friends, she has scarcely a wish ungratified. Warned thus of the imprudence of leaving his family without a suitable protector, the gentleman has never since been absent from home on Sunday; a circumstance truly gratifying to his family, who seldom saw him depart without regret. ADA.

Staffordville, Ct.

HOW A FRENCH WIDOW CHOSE A SECOND HUSBAND.—A young, beautiful and wealthy French lady, widow of a French officer who lost his life at the assault of the Malakoff, has chosen a second husband, after somewhat eccentric manner, arising from a martial disposition or the difficulty of a selection between no less than ten sighing aspirants for her hand. Madame C. invited the ten gentlemen to breakfast, at her country villa, and, having thus united her suitors, informed them that she would unite herself to that one of them who would consent to hold in his hand a watch for her to fire at and break with a pistol at twenty paces. Nine of the party didn't care to run the risk exacted by this female Travis, but the tenth, a young merchant, courageously determined to fulfil the condition imposed. Madame C. loaded her pistol forthwith and stepped into the garden, followed by the company. The twenty paces were carefully measured, the mercantile hero pulled out his watch, gallantly refusing one not much larger than a franc, offered by the lady, and fearlessly assumed his place. The amazon took deliberate aim, bang! went the pistol and down tumbled the watch, pierced to the cap. The gentleman unharmed by the adventure, has since married the rich widow, and bought a new time-piece.

ADVANTAGES OF POVERTY.—You wear out your old clothes. You are not troubled with many visitors. You are exhonorated from making calls. Bores do not bore you. Sponges cannot haunt your table. Itinerant hands do not play opposite your house. You avoid the nuisance of serving on juries. No one thinks of presenting you with a testimonial. No tradesman irritates you by asking, "Is there any other little article to day, sir?"—Begging letter writers leave you alone. Impostors know it is useless to bleed you. You practice temperance. You swallow infinitely less poison than others. You are saved many a deception many a headache. And lastly if you have a true friend in the world you are sure to find out the agreeable fact.

PROVERBS WORTH PRESERVING.—Hasty people drink the wine of life scalding hot. Death is the only master who takes his servants without a character. Content is the mother of good digestion. When pride and poverty marry together, their children are want and crime. Where hard work kills ten, idleness kills a hundred men. Folly and pride walk side by side. He that borrows binds himself with his neighbor's rope. He that is too good for advice is to good for his neighbor's company. Friends and photographs never flatter. Wisdom is always at home to those who call. The firmest friends ask the fewest favors.

☞ A pious old lady, too unwell to attend church on Sunday, begged her husband to go in her place and remember the words of the text, so that he might thereby administer to her some spiritual consolation. The worthy minister gave out, "An angel came down from Heaven and took a live coal from the altar." In due time the husband returned home full of confidence in his ability to gratify his afflicted spouse, and thus rendered the foundation of the minister's sermon: "An Ingen came down from New Haven and took a live colt by the tail and jerked him out of the halter

A MAN.—What a glorious being a real upright downright man is! Bold, courageous, heroic; he fears no evil; seeks truth and fears not to proclaim it. Dares to call persons and things by their right names. Before him emperors, kings, princes, and presidents are no larger than peasants. He has the courage to say yes or no, and to give free expression to his sentiments on all suitable occasions. He cannot be bribed, driven nor persuaded to deviate from the course which he believes to be right. These are a few characterisies of the true man, and are worthy of imitation by all. Children, strive to be real men and women—honest, bold in truth and right, independent, noble and heroic.

"OLD ABE'S" PERSONAL APPEARANCE.—Mr. Trumbull, of Ohio, speaking of the nominations at Chicago, says of Mr. Lincoln;—"They call him "Old Abe," and yet he is in the prime of life—about fifty one years of age. He is a giant in stature, six feet three inches high, and every inch a man. He is a giant without the prefix of "Little" to it. A giant in intellect as well as in stature.

A GREAT FISHING SEASON.—The New Bedford (Mass) *Mercury*, says that the fishermen are quite lucky this season. Besides many great hauls of herrings and other small fry, the schooner Daniel McPhee has brought into Gloucester, 45,000 lbs, of halibut, from the Western Bank, which were sold for $1,185 and the schooner Cyrisea brought into the same port, over 40,000 lbs.

☞ It is strange that among all the monuments and statues that have been reared in this country, not one exists to the memory of John Hancock. His remains sleep unnoticed beneath the soil which he with others, freed from a tyrant's grasp.

☞ "Sweet voices from the spirit-land I hear," sang a young lady. "Sweet drinks from the spirit-bottle are the most dear" sang a heartless scamp beneath her window, trying to steady himself against the wall.

ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.—MARRIED, DIVORCED AND RE-MARRIED.

A few years ago a young and beautiful lady, living not a thousand miles from Boston, had two suitors, one poor and the other rich, the latter having less favor in the eyes of his mistress than his rival. And as is also usually the case in such instances, the young lady's preference conflicted with that of her relatives and friends. So decided were they in their opposition to a match with the poor mechanic, and so loud in their praises of the other, that the young lady finally consented to become the rich man's wife. They lived happily together. But in the progress of years reverses came; the best calculations cannot always put off misfortune; and her husband announced one day that his failure had swept away his property. But he did not blow his brains out, nor take poison, nor did she go back to her mother, or regret the day she ever married him. No. Both were too sensible to act so foolishly. He spent a few days with creditors in arranging matters, and then the couple moved away very quietly.—In a week everybody knew that Mr. —— had failed, and a week later the gossips added to their statements the fact (for a wonder!) that he had gone to California to try and repair his fortunes, leaving his wife, with two young children, with means enough for many months to come.

A year passed, and Mrs. —— heard from her husband but once, and then only by a few lines, which accompanied a small remittance, and announced that his stay might be longer than he had anticipated.

Another year went by, and only one more letter came, this time full of business, and stating the period of his return still more indefinitely.

Then came a blank of several years, with no letter, no money, no news of any kind from her husband.

The tongue of scandal was not silent during this period of doubt, but every circumstance reflecting on the fidelity of her husband to the wife was magnified, till she was led to believe herself deserted. Without means, she was compelled to depend on her friends for subsistence.

Thrown occasionally into the society of her former rejected suitor, a part of her old love returned, and believing that he had remained single for her sake, and having nothing to hope for from her missing husband, she finally applied for and obtained a divoree on the ground of desertion.

One can imagine what her feelings were when she learned that her former lover had never, since his rejection by her and her marriage with another, cherished other feelings for her than those of friendship.

Her disappointment was sharpened with anguish when, a few days after, she received a letter from her husband, stating that he had at last accumulated a fortune beyond his most sanguine expectations, and was then on his way home, with a closing request that she would meet him at New York. She gathered from the letter that money had been sent her often during those years, but which she had never received. She knew her husband, if affectionate, was also proud, and feared that he would never forgive the slight involved in her act of obtaining a divorce. But she finally resolved on a full confession, and on the day of the arrival of the steamer, she was the first to greet her late husband, who, after hearing all the particulars of her conduct during his absence, was at first inclined to refuse his forgiveness, but finally decided to overlook the past, with its mistakes and errors, and again accompanied to the altar the object of his early affections.—*Boston Traveller.*

LIFE'S CHANGES.—Our life is hastening along. One scene presents itself and then vanishes; a second follows, and disappears in like manner. Now we are all well; anon sickness seizes us. At this moment everything is prosperous and comfortable; the next all is dark and miserable. From reflecting upon these changes, however, we may learn two important lessons; the one solemn, the other encouraging. It is a solemn consideration that, amidst all the fluctuations of life, we are still making rapid advances towards eternity.

Every wave, whether placid or turbulent, wafts us nearer to that awful shore. Like a ship which continues to make its way whatever the passengers on board may be doing, we are perpetually hurried forward, whatever may be our employment. But as this is a solemn thought, so is it encouraging to contrast the uncertainty of all things here below with the unchangeableness of our gracious and Almighty Lord. This is our safety, and there is one who hath said, "Because I live, ye shall live also;" and there is an unfailing fountain of love and mercy in Him to remedy all the evils of time, and to crown us with every blessing.—*Life of Bishop Wilson, of Calcutta.*

ROMANTIC MARRIAGE—JANUARY WEDDED TO MAY.—Yesterday the citizens of Newport were not a little interested by the announcement of the marriage of Mr. E. J. Hooper, Secretary of the Horticulttral Society of Cincinnati, to Maria Smith, a pretty girl of very humble circumstances, only in her nineteenth year. Maria is a native of Canada, and resided in the romantic neighborhood of Niagara Falls, until about three years ago, when she was thrown without friends upon the wide, wide world, by the death of her father, a railroad contractor, who was killed in a smash-up on the Grand Trunk Railroad. A few weeks since, Maria and a younger sister came to this city, where they succeeded in finding employment in respectable families, and it was during a visit Maria paid her sister at the residence of one of those contignous to that of Mr. Hooper on the hill back of this city, that he first saw and admired her. Mr. Hooper is sixty years old, and one might think that the frosts of so many winters sprinkled upon his head would chill all its romance, but the genial influence of youth and beauty often turn the head of age and make January sue to May.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

☞ "My name is Somerset. I am a miserable bachelor. I cannot marry; for how could I hope to prevail on any young lady possessed of the slightest delicacy *to turn a Somerset.*

ANOTHER REAL LIFE ROMANCE.

The citizens of Columbus and visitors at the Capitol will recollect a beautiful young girl, apparently "sweet sixteen," who daily carried about the legislative halls and State offices a handsomely wrought basket containing the plumpest and sweetest oranges. Oh, yes; everybody remembers Ettie, the beautiful orange girl, and have wondered in what nook she has hidden for the past two months; for no more her sweet face and girlish form is seen in the Capitol, and interesting clerks with a great admiration for the rotunda, are obliged to forego glimpses of the neatest gaitered foot tripping up the marble stairs.

Everybody about the State House admired Ettie, but it was with a respectful admiration, and if a gruff legislator was tempted to jest with the girl or make light remarks, he was restrained by the modest demeanor and pure soul look appealing from her heaven-blue eyes.

Ettie always brought a full basket and went tripping home with an empty one, and her scarlet silk purse filled with silver coin. She was the sole dependence of a widowed, palsied mother, and her noble efforts to keep away want were known, and made the fruit ten times sweeter.

When the great Union meeting of the Tennessee, Kentucky and Ohio Legislatures was held in Ohio's capital, the beautiful orange girl was tripping about, disposing of her fruit to the "sons of the South," and receiving the homage of admiring glances from all.

At the end of one of the halls, viewing the noble row of princely residences on Third street, stood alone a youthful member of the Tennessee Legislature, when he was startled by a silvery voice asking:

"Buy an orange, sir?"

"How do you sell them?" said the stranger looking into her eyes.

"Five cents each," said the maiden holding a large one towards him.

"Cheap."

"Indeed they are,"

The introduction opened the way for a prolonged and serious conversation, in which the girl artlessly revealed to the stranger the poverty of her home, and the necessity of supporting her sick mother. He was so struck with the girl's manner and singular beauty that he secretly resolved to visit he home and become more intimately acquainted. He did so, and after successive visits won the confidence and love of the maiden, and the mother's consent to the marriage; and when he went back to his southern home it was with a promise to return in a fortnight for his bride. He came, and now the manly Southerner and the beautiful orange girl are man and wife. He has taken her, the fairest of the fair, to his southern home, to dwell with him and her mother in opulence.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

SEA GRANDEURS.—There is a peculiar charm about the sea; it is always the same yet never monotonous. [illegible] has well observed, that you soon get tired of looking at the loveliest fields, but never at the rolling waves. The secret perhaps, is that the field does not seem alive; the sea is life abounding. Profoundly mysterious as the field is, with its countless forms of life, the aspect does not irresistibly and at once coerce the mind to think of subjects so mysterious and so awful as the aspect of the sea does—it carries with it ineradicable associations of terror and awe, such as are borne on every murmur of old ocean, and thus is neither so terrible nor so suggestive. As we look from the cliffs, every wave has its history; every swell keeps up suspense; will it break now, or will it melt into that larger wave. And then the log which floats so aimlessly on its back, and now is carried under again like a drowning wretch—is it the fragment of some ship, which has struck miles and miles away, far from all help and all pity, unseen except of Heaven, and no messenger of its agony to earth except this log, which floats so buoyantly on the tide? We may weave some such tragic story as we idly watch the fluctuating advance of the dark log; but whatever we weave, the story will not be wholly tragic, for the beauty and serenity of the scene are sure to assert their influences. O mighty and unfathomable sea! O terribly familiar! O grand and mysterious passion! In thy gentleness thou art terrible when sleep smiles on thy scarcely quiet heaving breast; in thy wrath and thunder thou art beautiful. By the light of rising or setting suns, in gray dawn or garish day, in twilight or sullen storms of darkness, ever and everywhere beautiful; the poets have sung of thee, painters have painted thee—but neither the song of the poet, nor the cunning of the painter's hand has more than caught faint reflexes of thy incommunicable grandeur and loveliness inexhaustible.

THE LAW.—A good lawyer writes thus of his profession: "As I continue to practice law, more fully am I convinced that there is almost daily occasion for the exercise of better qualities of head, heart and conscience than I fear I possess;—occasions for composing quarrels, for leading suitors to a consideration of manly justice, mercy and forbearance. I earnestly desire, and perhaps to some extent strive to have it a source of daily satisfaction, and in old age a retrospect of professional life, that I have lent myself to no man for revenge, oppression or injustice; that I have never allowed a man to go to law without his eyes fully open to its risks, delays, and my probable charges; nor even then, unless all reasonable efforts to compromise have been exhausted. I am, I think, very clear in the notion that a lawyer is bound not only to promote justice between parties, but also to neglect no opportunity for leading the mind of his client to the perception of justice, in all the comprehensiveness of the term.

☞ "If there is anything I hate, it is a woman with a lap-dog! I always want to drown it and put a baby in its place, says cruel Fanny Fern, forgetting that lap-dog owners feel the same way, but take the dog because they can't get the baby. Shouldn't be hard on the sex, Fanny, because you have done a little something for your country.

☞ There is no arena in which vanity displays itself under such a variety of forms as in conversation.

A WESTERN ADVENTURE.

There is a spot in the south-western part of this State, known as the "Fifty Fork of Honey Rum," a delicious locality; no doubt as the rum of honey is of course accompanied by a corresponding flow of "milk." A mixture of milk and honey, or at any rate, honey and "peach," is the evidence of sublime contentment in every place where they have preaching.

"Honey Rum" is further Christianized by the presence of an extremely hospitable family, whose mansion, comprising one apartment, neither more nor less, is renowned for not being shut against the traveller; and so our friend found it, during the chill morning air, at the expense of a rheumatism in his shoulder—its numerous unaffected cracks and spaces clearly showing that dropping the latch was a useless formality. The venerable host and hostess, in their own apartment usually enjoyed the society of two sons, four daughters, sundry dogs and niggers, and as many lodgers as they might deem it prudent to risk the somewhat equivocal allotments of sleeping partners.

On the night in question our friend, after a hearty supper of ham and eggs, and a canvas of Fifty Forkers, the old lady having pointed out his bed, felt weary and only looked for an opportunity to "turn in," though the mosquitoes were trumpeting all kinds of wrath, and no net appeared to them The dogs flung themselves along the floor, or again rose restlessly and sought the door-step, the niggers stuck their feet into the yet warm ashes, the old man stripped, unscrupulously, and sought his share of the cumbrous looking pillow; and the sons cavalier followed his example, leaving the old woman, gals and stranger to settle any questions of delicacy that might arise.

The candidate yawned, looked at his bed, went to the door, looked at the daughters, and finally, in downright recklessness seated himself upon the "downy cot" and pulled off his coat. Well, he pulled off his coat, and then he yawned, and then twisted, and then he called the old lady's attention to the fact that it would never do to sleep in his muddy trowsers; and then he undid his vest, and then he twisted again, and then suddenly an idea of her lodger's possible embarrassment seemed to flash upon the old woman, and she cried:

"Gals, turn your backs round till he gets into bed;" and they did so in less than no time; when the hostess again spoke:

"Reekon, stranger, as you ain't used to us, you'd better kiver up till the gals undress, hadn't you?"

By this time our friend's sleepy fit was over, and though he did "kiver up" as desired, somehow or other the old counterpane was equally kind in hiding his blushes and favoring his sly glances. The nymphs soon stowed away, for there were neither bustles to unhitch nor corsets to unlace; when their mamma, evidently anxious [illegible] guest, considerately relieved him:

"You can unkiver now, stranger; I'm married folks, and you ain't afeared of me, I reckon!"

The stranger happened to be married folks himself; he unkivered and turned his back with true connubial indifference, as far as the ancient lady was concerned, but with regard to the gals, his half-raised curiosity inspired the most tormenting dreams of mermaids that he ever experienced in his life.

A PARAGRAPH MATRIMONIAL.—Chosing a wife is a perilous piece of business. Do you suppose there is nothing of it but evening visits, bouquets and popping the question?—My dear simple young man, you ought not to be trusted out by yourself alone! Take care that you don't get the gilt China article, that looks exceedingly pretty on the mantle-piece until the gilt and ornament are all rubbed off, and then is fit only for the dust-pile! A wife should be selected on the same principle as a calico gown. Bright colors and gay patterns are not always the best economy. Get something that will wash and wear. Nothing like the suns and showers of matrimony to bleach out all these deceptive externals!—Don't choose the treasure by gas-light or in a parlor sitting. Broad day light is the best time—a kitchen the most sensible place.—Bear in mind, sir, that the article once bargained for, you can't exchange it if it don't suit. If you buy a watch and it don't run as you expected, you can send it to a jeweller to be repaired; in the case of a wife, once paired, you can't *re*-pair. She may run in the wrong direction—very well, sir; all that is left for you is to run after her, and an interesting chase you will probably find it! If you get a good wife, you will be the happiest fellow alive; if you get a bad one, you may as well sell yourself for a quarter at once!—Just as well to consider all these things beforehand, young man!

FLOWERS.—Of all the minor creations of God, flowers seem to be most completely the effusions of His love of beauty, grace and joy. Of all the minor objects which surround us they are the least connected with our absolute necessities. Vegetation might proceed, the earth might be clothed with a sober green, and all the processes of fructification might be perfected without being attended by the glory with which the flower is crowned; but beauty and fragrance are poured over the earth in blossoms of endless varieties, radiant evidences of the boundless benevolence of the Deity. They are made solely to gladden the heart of man, for a light to his eyes, for a living inspiration of grace to his spirits, for a perpetual admiration. The Greeks, whose souls pre-eminently sympathized with the spirit of grace and beauty in everything, were enthusiastic in their love and lavish in their use of flowers. They scatter them in the porticoes of their deities, they were strewed in the path of their conqueror, on all occasions of festivity and rejoicing they were strewo about or worn in garlands. The guests at banquets were crowned with them—the bowl was wreathed with them; and whenever they wished to throw beauty, and to express gladness like sunshine, they cast flowers.

☞ A very heart-rending affair recently occurred at Mount Vernon. A lady was found weeping hitterly at the ice house. Mistaking it for the tomb of Washington,

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1860.

Rewarding Rascality.

Before Fowler the defaulting postmaster at New York, left the country his friends made him up a purse sufficient to set him up in style in Cuba or some other foreign land. This statement we have no doubt is true. Fowler had stolen from one hundred and fifty to two hundred thousand dollars from the Government, and he is not only allowed to go clear of punishment, but he is rewarded for his rascality. This is a sad commentary upon our treatment of crime, and a bad example to set before thousands of men who are placed in responsible position. If Fowler had been a poor Irishman and had stolen ten cents worth of postage stamps from the Government the police of New York would have hunted him from one end of the city to the other till they had found him and thrust him into the tombs. Or if he had been a starving pauper, who had taken uninvited a penny roll, he would have been hastened to the lock-up without being allowed a word of explanation. This kind of justice seems to prevail in this country, verifying the remark of the wise Athenian, who said that laws were made forthe poor and that the rich could break through them as though they were spider's webs.

This Fowler game will be played by others who have influential friends to help them out of a scrape. A cashier of a bank will steal his thousands and be helped off; treasurers of corporations will fall short a quarter of a million, and to avoid the trouble of clearing up the matter, step out; so will other financial agents in public and private capacities, and if you ask why they do so, the case of Fowler may be pointed at as an example worthy of imitation. Making money by an honest, industrious occupation is getting out of fashion.—It must be done by robbing and stealing on a large scale. The man who obtains his money in this way is no better than a highwayman, yet he is petted and fawned upon—his rascality called smartness and his crime of robbery only a "defalcation." Why not call him a scoundrel, a thief, a villain? Oh, that will not do. He has a host of friends, made at gambling saloons, at champagne dinners, in club rooms and in beer shops. He is called "liberal," a "good fellow," a "whole-souled gentleman," while his neighbor who has by industry and frugality laid up a few hundred honest dollars is termed "close-fisted," "small potatoes," and "narrow-souled." This kind of discrimination is poor encouragement for people to continue honest, and if things are to be allowed to go on Fowler fashion it will not be long before every man will be obliged to turn robber and cut-throat for self-protection.

Why not deal with all rascals alike? Why not call crime by its right name? Why not encourage honesty and fidelity, instead of rewarding knaves? Why not mete out punishment to those who deserve it, in high places, as well as to those in humble circumstances?—These are questions which [illegible] justice should answer—questions which honest people would be glad to have explained, and we call upon the friends of the defaulting Fowler for an essay upon the subject.

Gov. Seward on the Nomination.—Mr. Seward has addressed a letter to the Central Republican Committee at New York, who invited him to attend at a ratification meeting in that city. Owing to his anxiety to reach Washington to attend to his Senatorial duties, he declines. Speaking of the results of the Chicago Convention, he says: "I find in the resolutions of the Convention a platform as satisfactory to me as if it had been framed with my own hands, and in the candidates adopted by them eminent and able Republicans, with whom I have cordially co-operated in maintaining the principles embodied in that excellent creed. I cheerfully give them a sincere and earnest support."

Ratification Meeting at Springfield.—The Republicans at Springfield opened the campaign on Wednesday evening by a grand rally at City Hall, which was filled to overflowing. The meeting organized with Mayor Harris as President, and a Vice President from each town in the county. Speeches were made by R. A. Chapman, Judge Wells, George Ashmun and Erastus Hopkins. The Wide Awake Club headed by the Springfield band performed escort duty. Delegates were present from Holyoke, Chicopee, Wilbraham and Longmeadow, and great enthusiasm prevailed.

The New Statutes.—The General Statutes as revised by the Legislature of 1859, went into effect yesterday. It was expected that they would have been ready for distribution the 15th of May, that the people might have an opportunity to see them before they went into operation, but by the dilatoriness of the State printer, we must for a few days, be subject to laws that we have no knowledge of.

A Slave Girl.—A handsome mulatto slave girl appeared in the ante-room of the House of Representatives on Wednesday, in charge of Dr. Davidson, with a statement that she had been sold to a negro trader, but by raising $500 cash and securing the payment of $700 more by the 1st of August, she could purchase her freedom. The amount was promptly raised among the Republican members.

A Trifling Mistake.—The Secretary of State summoned the representatives of last year in Hampden county, to attend the extra session of the legislature, but he discovered his mistake in a day or two and countermanded the order, at the same time notifying the right ones.

The Unmarrying Business.—During the present session of the Supreme Court at Salem, no less than seventeen couple have been divorced from the bonds of matrimony. Connubial felicity must have been at a discount in Essex county during the past year.

Letter from Boston.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Boston, May 31st, 1860.

The extra session of the Legislature assembled at noon yesterday. There was a full attendance, nearly every seat being filled, but whether the importance of the cattle disease, or a desire to serve the Commonwealth for $3 per day, drew the members so promptly to their seats is not quite certain. Both branches immediately proceeded to the business of the session, and at half past twelve the Governor met them in Convention to deliver a message. The document set forth the importance of the subject which the lesislature had been summoned to consider, giving statistics and suggestions that will no doubt prove valuable. The Commissioners have slaughtered 842 cattle valued at $20,432 83, and yet the disease has not been stayed. The Governor thinks the law of last session was imperfect, and not what the case demands. He is evidently opposed to the wholesale slaughter of cattle, and recommends stringent sanitary laws to prevent a further spread of the disense. Isolation of the sick and exposed herds, with delegated power to towns to make rules concerning the introduction of cattle from other places, or the passage of strange cattle through any town, the Governor thinks will put an embargo upon the further progress of the distemper. He believes that some other remedy than money should be tried before an extravagant appropriation is made. Also he recommends that a line should be established beyond which no cattle should be passed. This would seem to be a courtesy which existing friendly relations between States absolutely demand. The Governor's ideas were pretty generally liked by the members, and I hear but one opinion in regard to the wholesale slaughter of cattle, and that is a decided opposition to it. The Brookfield people and the Commissioners urge an extinction of the cattle in all the infected region, but on this point they will not be gratified.

A special committee of five from the Senate and fourteen on the part of the House will be appointed to-day to hear testimony and report a bill. The committee will sit for several days, during which time the legislature as a body will have nothing to do, unless it departs from its legitimate duty and takes to making other laws. An attempt will be made to introduce a bill for supplying the city of Charlestown with water from Mystic pond. A bill for this purpose was vetoed by the Governor an hour or two before the close of the last session, and but for the lateness of the hour it would have been passed over His Excellency's head. The session will probably continue during next week, at least that is the talk here.

The annual anniversaries are in session in the city and have brought their annual soaking rain, which will do as much good to the country as the meetings themselves. The Massachusetts Medical Society have appointed a committee to examine into and report on the cattle disease. Their investigations may be of much value to the owners of stock in the infected districts. I have heard several members of the Association express the opinion that Dr. Dadd is a humbug, in which opinion they are sustained by many who do not belong to the medical profession. X. Y.

The Eclipse of the Sun July 18th.—We have received from Asa Smith a colored diagram of the great solar eclipse which will occur the 18th of July next, which will give one an excellent idea of the shadow of the moon upon the earth's surface, showing when it commences in all parts of the country and when it ends. A dime and a three cent stamp will procure the diagram if sent to Mr. Smith at Post Office E 8th Avenue New York. It contains more than a dollar's worth of information:—This eclipse will be total in the Pacific ocean 100 miles west of Oregon, also at a little southeast of the Columbia River, at Hudson's Bay, Labrador and Cape Chidley, which will be the most favorable position for viewing the total eclipse. It will then enter the Atlantic ocean, passing due east till nearly south of Cape Farewell, the Southern Cape of Greenland, where the sun will be totally eclipsed at noon. The eclipse will also be total in the north of Spain, in the Mediterranean Sea, Algiers, Tripoli, a corner of Egypt, and a portion of Nubia.—The breadth of the total eclipse will be about 70 miles, and the partial eclipse about 6000 miles, the latter extending from the Gulf of Mexico to 20 deg. upon the opposite side of the North Pole. The eclipse will commence at Springfield, Mass., at 7.17 in the morning, and close at 9.21. The greatest obscuration will be at 8.19 The shadow will strike the earth nearly the whole day, leaving it in Nubia just before the setting of the sun.

Mr. Smith says it will be the 61st periodical return of this eclipse since the creation, the first one occurring in the year of our Lord 958, old style. It has appeared every nineteen years since, and will continue to do so till April 25, 2274, which will be its 76th periodical and last appearance until the expiration of 12,192 years, when it will come again, at the south pole, and go through a similar course. The velocity of the moon's shadow across the earth, next July, will be about 1850 miles per hour, or four times the velocity of a cannon ball. Great interest is manifested by astronomers in the coming eclipse, and many of them will go to Labrador and other favorable points to make observations. To us the northern limb of the sun will be more than half eclipsed; to the people of Europe, and in northern British America the eclipse will be on the southern limb.

A Singular Cave.—A beautiful limestone cave, embracing a number of fine chambers, glittering with stalactites, has been discovered near the town of Place, El Dorado county, California. One chamber is 100 feet long by 30 wide. At one end there is a magnificent pulpit in the Gothic style. It is completed with the most beautiful drapery of alabaster sterites of all colors, varying from white to pink-red, all over-hanging the beholder. Immediately under the pulpit there is a beautiful lake of water. Another chamber, still more splendid, measures 200 by 100 feet.

A Village Burned.—The village of Monson, Piscataquis Co., Me., was almost entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday last. About forty buildings, including the only church in the place, two public houses, the post office, stores, &c., were destroyed. The fire caught in a stable connected with the Monson House.

Sam Houston.—It is positively asserted—probably by some one who don't know anything about the matter—that Sam Houston will run for the Presidency.

Elopements.

The weekly list of runaways—young people absconding from parental control, to get married, husbands eloping with other men's wives or daughters, and wives fleeing from home with their paramour—is so rapidly increasing that there is danger of a complete overthrow of all bounds to licentiousness. Were such cases confined to the lower classes—to those who have been bred to loose morals and illiterate society, we should have hope of the rising generation: but the majority of cases occur in what is called good society—among men and women who move in the first circles. The number embraces rich merchants, distinguished lawyers, skillful doctors and pious (?) clergymen. Only last week we chronicled the elopement of a minister's wife with a member of her husband's church. Both professed to be followers of the teachings of Christ, and in committing the crime of which they are guilty they exhibited a weakness of the flesh not common to people in the ordinary walks of life, or a hypocrisy which the non-professor of religion would blush to possess. There are often good reasons among the unmarried for elopements—and half the public are glad to witness them; but with the married there can be no excuse. With such it is a crime against nature, a crime against society, a crime against God.—So long as a sense of right fails to prevent outrages of this kind, there should be penalties more severe than our present laws inflict.

Last week Silas Howard, Esq., of Lisbon, N. H., eloped with the wife of Isaac Howland of the same town. They went to Boston and were arrested on their arrival in the latter city. He had several thousand dollars with him, and seemed to take the matter very coolly. Nothing being heard from their friends in New Hampshire they were discharged, the woman stating that she should go home and hush up matters.

J. R. Burd, a magistrate in Navarre, Stark county, Ohio, eloped on Monday morning with a girl who had been employed in his family as a domestic for the past year. The Squire is about forty years old, has been twice elected magistrate in Nevarre, and has heretofore borne an unblemished character. He deserts a wife and four children. The girl is about twenty-two years old and quite pretty. It is supposed that her winning ways infatuated the magistrate.

A gentleman well known in New Orleans has become enamored of the graceful blandishments of a leading *artiste* in the late Opera troupe at the Orleans Theatre, and forgetting his social *status*, his numerous relative, and last but not least, his devoted and really pretty wife, he left the city for parts unknown accompanied by the attractive *artiste*. It is rumored that the runaways have gone to New York.

Camden, a quiet village in Oneida county, has been thrown into a great state of excitement by the sudden elopement of Mr. Sears, a married man, fifty years of age, with his wife's sister. The guilty couple met at Rome, went thence to Utica, where they passed the night at the Mansion House, and then left for parts unknown.

The Cattle Plague.—The first account we have of the cattle plague is in the ninth chapter of Exodus, where Pharaoh was threatened with it for his tyranny over the people of Israel. The account is as follows:

Behold the hand of the Lord is upon thy cattle which is in thy field, upon the horses, upon the asses, upon the camels, upon the oxen, and upon the sheep; there shall be a very grievous murrain.

And the Lord shall sever between the cattle of Israel and the cattle of Egypt; and there shall nothing die of all that is the children of Israel.

And the lord appointed a set time, saying, to-morrow the lord shall do this thing in the land.

And the lord did that thing on the morrow, and all the cattle of Egypt died; but of the cattle of the children died not one.

The same plague is upon the people of Massachusetts, and we have no Moses to stay it; but the legislature has got together, and if it does not succeed in stopping the disease, like Pharaoh we shall have to go without our beef.

Death of Theodore Parker.—Rev. Theodore Parker died at Florence, Italy, May 10th, of consumption. He is widely known for his eccentric theological views, and his independence of thought. He was unostentatious in his habits, but really a great man in natural and acquired abilities. Though his common sense view of things often caused him to be held up by others as an infidel, he possessed virtues of infinite worth and lived the life of a practical Christian. He was not a man who made creed his religion, but whose everyday acts and examplary character were worth more to society than thousands of empty professions.

Gold Found.—Gold has been found in Epsom, N. H., on the farm of Franklin Goss, two young men profess to have found $30 in gold on that farm, and they exhibited one chunk worth $10. Two returned Californians have visited the spot, and they found gold but whether it exists in quantities which will repay digging remains to be seen.

A Murderer Caught.—Lant McComb, the murderer of Laura J. Harvy, at Ottumwa, Iowa, has been caught at Omaha, Nebraska. She was the girl who advertised for a husband, and ran away from Rockford, Ill., with McComb, who is a noted horse thief. He first deceived her with a sham marriage and then murdered her.

Robbery of a Lone Woman.—A woman by the name of Fraser, who lived by herself in a town of Dinwidde county, Virginia, was robbed of the large sum of nine thousand dollars, which she persisted in keeping in the house, though advised by her friends to deposit it in a bank.

The Hoosac Tunnel.—The number of men now employed on the eastern division of the Hoosac Tunnel is about sixty, divided into three gangs, each laboring eight hours per day, and driving both the heading and bottom at once. Over 1700 feet have been excavated.

Senator Seward.—Senator Seward has returned to Washington. He was called on by numerous friends, who found him in good spirits, and cordially endorsing the Chicago nominations.

Small Paragraphs.

The Boston Courier is afraid of the plan proposed by some foreigner to put out the fires of Vesuvius by digging a canal to the sea and letting the waters flow into the crater. The Courier fears a terrible explosion would take place that would tear the earth to pieces.

—The weather continues to be splendid—perfectly heavenly, and vegetation is doing finely.—The world is about as fresh and beautiful as was the garden of Eden.

—Rev. I. S. Kalloch took leave of his society last Sunday. This is the second time he has left them.

—The Japanese embassy will visit Boston about the middle of June.

—Every Opposition paper in Indiana supports Lincoln, including eight or ten which supported Filmore in 1856.

—An old fence at Decatur, Illinois, composed of rails split by Abe Lincoln, is being bought up at $10 per rail, and forwarded by express to all parts of the country. The lucky owner of the timber is turning his possession to good account.

—A Boston thief stole $3000 in watches from Josiah Gooding's jewelry store in that city on Sunday.

—The people of St. Louis are eating strawberries and cream, while our strawberries are just in blossom.

—Mary J. Cullias attempted to kill her husband at New York, with an axe. He had got drunk and she resorted to a desperate remedy.

—Twelve persons have been killed by lightning this spring in the Western States.

—Three hundred negroes were baptized the other day in a Virginia river. Do the Virginians allow negroes to go to heaven?

—It is predicted that 1860 is to be another 1840; but it will not do for the Republicans to promise roast beef, in view of the pleuro pneumonia's pranks.

—Congress talks of adjourning on the 15th.—We fear the talk is too good to be true.

—The Chicago Times says that twenty thousand persons at least will go from Illinois to the Baltimore Convention.

—The Worcester Transcript says that one thousand cattle have been slaughtered in No. Brookfield and vicinity. Probably not more than one in fifty was diseased.

Horrible Crime.—The Journal del' Avine gives an account of a laborer, 30 years old, who has lived for a long period with his sister. Several children, the off-spring of their incestuous intercourse, were killed, most of them at birth. A little girl who was spared, lately at a neighbor's house said that her mother had been recently confined, and that the baby was dead. The guilty couple were arrested, and the father confessed that he had strangled it as well as four others. The bodies of two have been discovered. The brother and sister, with their father and mother, who were accomplices in these murders, are awating their trial at Laon. This state of affairs has long been well known in the village, but nothing was done as the father was a terrible fellow and generally feared.

Good Pluck.—A young lady of this city, for many years an assistant teacher in one of our grammar schools, left yesterday in company with a sister on a journey of over a thousand miles to meet and marry a man she had never seen. The engagement was brought about by means of a piece of poetry, written by her while residing in a neighboring city, and published in the local paper of the place. The article, signed by a fictitious name, was seen by the gentleman, and so much admired that he wrote to the address, and the correspondence thus begun was kept up for nearly two years, and has resulted as above. May they both realize all their anticipations.—*Lowell News, 4th.*

Rapid Increase of the Slave Trade.—A despatch from Washington to the New York Post asserts upon the best authority that the slave trade is assuming new and important features, and that the President is in possession of undoubted information that a large number of slavers have been captured off the coast of Cuba. The impression that has prevailed for some time as to the complicity of the Captain-General of Cuba is said to be confirmed. The Custom House and other officials of the island, also, are said to be largely interested in the trade. It is believed that the names of these parties, or some of them at least, are in the hands of the executive.

The Cattle Disease is creating much alarm in Connecticut, and a committee in the Legislature have reported a bill, providing for the appointment of three Commissioners with power to visit all parts of the State, and take measures to isolate all cattle disensed or suspected of being diseased; also compelling owners of cattle that are suspected of being diseased, to report them to the Selectmen, under penalties; also compelling Selectmen to take means for isolation of diseased herds; also punishing severely the sale of diseased animals.

Taking to Drink.—Correspondents write that in Washington, where the Japanese are now enjoying Yankee hospitality, they take to champagne and strong drinks with avidity.—They eat sparingly but drink freely. Getting drunk is a new sensation to them for intoxication is unknown in their own country, and it is to be feared that they will follow the example of the Indians, who commence a series of "big drunks" as soon as they are introduced to "fire water."

Sudden Death of Children.—Two little girls, aged respectively 3 and 4 years, daughters of Mr. Gnlease and Mr. Holland of Woonsocket, died very suddenly last Sunday morning, under circumstances that lead to the supposition that they had been poisoned. They were out playing together on the previous afternoon and evening, and it is thought they picked up and ate some deadly poison. They died within a few hours of each other.

A Severe Rebuke.—In a town in Michigan three boys were lately imprisoned, charged with stealing, one of whom was a negro boy. On the day after the boys were put in confinement, the father of the colored boy called to see his reereant son, and thus addressed him: "Haven't I whipped you, talked to you, and and locked you up? And haven't I told you if you associated with any of the d——d little white cusses you'd bring up here?"

Prognostication.—The weather, eleven times out of twelve, is exactly the same during the whole moon as on the fifth day if on the sixth day it resembles the fifth; and nine times of twelve it is exactly the same as the fourth day if the sixth day resembles the fourth.—This rule is found invariable eight months in the year. The exceptions have hitherto been October, February, March and April.

Fatal Fall.—On Tuesday last week, as a daughter of Mr. Lemuel Phillips of Quincy, aged thirteen years, was feeding some tame pigeons she fell from the dove-cote, a distance of six or eight feet, the back of her head striking upon a block, breaking her neck and causing her death. It is but a few weeks since Mr. Phillips buried his wife.

Palmer and Vicinity.

The wild animals come to town to-day.—The collection is said to be large.

Another Horse Trot.—This afternoon a trot for $100 comes off between "Lady of the Lake" and "Bonner," on the Park track.

Wilbraham.—D. L. Atchinson, of Wilbraham has had most of his lambs killed or badly mutilated by dogs this spring.

J. H. Stowrs of Ware, will open at Stafford, next week, a large and attractive stock of Millinery, Dry Goods, &c.

A Wide Awake Club.—Palmer must form its Wide Awake Club for the campaign. The town committee will soon call a meeting for this purpose. The Republicans of Palmer are always "wide awnke" in any election.

A Lincoln Rail.—Wm. N. Flynt of Monson returned from Illinois on Saturday last, bringing a piece of one of Lincoln's rails, which the Monson Republicans will grow enthusiastic over as the Presidential campaign advances.

Police.—The case of Wm. G. Young and Mrs. Harriet Gale, of Wales, on a charge of adultery came before Justice Collins on Tuesday, when the complaint was dismissed on account of alterations made in the warrant after it was issued.

The Wrong Agent.—An Irishman with a young couple called at the store of the town liquor agent a few days ago, and asked if the agent was in. Being told that he was, he called the modest young couple into his presence and informed them that the agent was ready to marry them. This took the agent all aback, and he politely informed the verdant trio that he was only an agent to sell intoxicating spirits, instead of an agent to unite kindred spirits. The party left and sought another agent.

The Mysterious Letters.—The notice calling together the "M K. of K." club has excited considerable curiosity. The club meets semi-occasionally at "Artist's Hall," Strong's block, and the mysterious letters under which the late call was made stand for "Modern Kalithumpian Kompany," and the members meet to practice on those enormous tin horns which were recently used to celebrate a tin wedding. Superstitious people need lose no more sleep over the mysterious call, for we can assure them that there is not spirit enough in a tin "horn" to hurt anybody.

Change in Business.—Mr. James K. Child, for many years agent of the New London & Palmer and Amherst & Belchertown Railroads, at this place, has resigned, and formed a copartnership with Mr. Arnold of Three Rivers, under the firm of Child & Arnold. The new firm have purchased the stock of goods belonging to George Brown, and will continue the mercantile business at Duckville. They are both worthy men and we wish them abundant success in their new business. Andrew J. Pinney of Stafford, Ct., succeeds Mr. Child as station agent at this place.

Fatal Accident—A Girl Killed in a Factory.—A shocking accident occurred in Ward & Bardwell's factory in South Belchertown, about three o'clock last Saturday afternoon. Miss Henrietta Fuller, a girl of 20 years, and daughter of Willis Fuller of that neighborhood, had her dress caught by the coupling of an upright shaft, which was revolving at the rate of 120 times a minute, and was whirled around with fearful rapidity, her head striking against an iron frame at every revolution. The gate was immediately shut, but before relief came to the poor girl, she was a mangled corpse, her brains having been dashed out and scattered upon the floor.

Gold More Plenty.—The Bellows Falls (Vt) *Times* says that it is getting to be quite a busy time among the Vermont gold hunters. New discoveries of gold have been made on the brook running from the west part of Reading, into "Hale Hollow." Messrs. Hayward and Sweetland, of Springfield, Mass., are now at work on the stream, and are said to be doing tolerable well, and they have bought the whole brook. On Buffalo brook (from Reading Pond) there are seven companies at work and are said to be making fair wages.

Death of Byron's Widow.—Died May 16th at No. 11 St. George's-terrace, Regent's Park, London, Anne Isabella, Noel Byron, widow of the late Lord Byron. She was married to the great poet, in 1815, but the union, as is well known, was a most unhappy one for both the husband and wife. Their only child, Ada, was married to the Earl-Lovelace, and died in 1852.

Brutal Treatment of a Horse.—In Troy, on Monday last, Thomas Downing in a fit of anger pulled off three inches of the tongue of a horse he was driving. The team had a heavy load of stones, and did not draw. Downing thinks that the tongue had been cut by the bit, and that that was the cause of its parting when he took hold of it.

Acquittal of Burnham.—The Boston Courier says: "We observe that District Attorney Cooley has entered a *nolle prosequi* upon the indictment against Geo. P. Burnham, the late State Liquor Agent, for alleged violation of the law creating that office, and the defendant was fully discharged." Comment is needless.

Convicted of Murder.—The trial of Alexander Desmasteau, for the rape and murder of Augustine Lucas, a girl of eight years of age, was concluded at Springfield on Friday, last week, and the prisoner found guilty of murder in the first degree. Law exceptions have been taken and his sentence postponed.

☞ Pullinger, the English defaulter, has met his deserts in a sentence of twenty years penal servitude.

☞ The name of Idaho for the new Territory of Pike's Peak, is an Indian name signifying "Gem of the Mountain."

Pleuro-Pneumonia.—Although this disease is not prevailing in town, nor do we know of a case of actual disease having occurred, still it is the prevailing topic of conversation, and for good reasons; therefore we trust it will not be amiss to allude to it again by giving our readers an extract from a communication made to the Mark Lane Express, Feb. 8, 1858, by R. Magston, and copied from that paper into the "Country Gentleman" March 11 of that year. Mr. Magston says: "I have seen several remedies recommended for that fatal disease called pleuro-pneumonia, which is now so prevalent among cattle and sheep in all parts of the country, to the great loss and almost ruin of many stockmasters, and which I think may be, in many cases, prevented by a little care and the following treatment, which I have applied for many years with great success; indeed I never knew it to fail if properly carried out, and I have had some little experience, having had the management of stock for many years in different counties. The pleuro-pneumonia visits us at all seasons, but most in the autumn and winter, no doubt from the foggy and wet state of the atmosphere, which affects the lungs, particularly of those that are predisposed; therefore, about the last week in October, when the stock are generally taken into the yard, I give to each beast, according to size and age, from half a pound to a pound of Stockholm tar, and a handful or two of salt, mixed, taking care at the time to rub it well into their nostrils. This I repeat once a week if the disease is prevalent near us, but in less quantity; if not, I repeat it once a month; and at all times when I buy in a fresh lot of beasts, I give them a dose of tar and salt. When I first heard of the disease, we had about 90 head of cattle, and a two year old heifer was attacked, which died in four days. The disease was very destructive all around the neighborhood; I gave all the other stock a dose of tar and salt and we had no more taken. I then recommended to my neighbors the same dose, and had the pleasure of seeing the same result. There is no doubt about the disease being contagious.—What I have stated is from my own practical experience."

Ware, May, 1860.

The Speed of a Tornado.—Speaking of the fearful tornado which swept through the valley of the Ohio last Monday, the Cincinnati Enquirer says:

"The velocity with which this tornado travelled may be estimated from the fact that it was only about two hours in going from Louisville to Portsmouth, a distance by an air line of 160 miles. When it is borne in mind that this tornado pursued to sinuosities of the river, it will be seen that its speed must have been immensely beyond that of the fastest locomotive ever run. This tornado, in common with all which have been observed, possessed a rotary motion upon its own axis.

A Lady Fencer.—The best fencer in Paris is a beautiful young lady of Polish origin, M'lle. Linowska. At a soiree at the house of an aristocratic widow in the Faubourg St. Honore, who, it appears, is fond of fencing, and has an apartment in her house devoted to that sort of exercise, the evening closed with a grand assault-at-arms. Dressed in the handsome costume of her country, M'lle. Linowska held her sword with so much grace and precision, that no gentleman present was able to compete with her.

Bell and Everett in Massachusetts.—The Worcester Spy thinks that if any inscrutable providence should remove the Boston Courier to "another and a better world," the Bell and Everett ticket might receive, perhaps, 5000 votes in Massachusetts. But as it is, with a reasonable prospect that the Courier will continue to exert its customary influence during the campaign, we do not see how Mr. Bell can rely upon more than fifteen hundred or two thousand votes.

A Fiend.—A fiend in human shape, named William H. Rodney, enticed a young lady from her home at Waterloo, N. Y., one evening last week, on the pretence that a sick neighbor desired her assistance, and turning off upon a cross road, out of hearing, by threats and violence succeeded in outraging her person. The villain then fled but was subsequently pursued and arrested.

The Scripture Rule as to Divorces.—The Methodist Conference now in session at Buffalo, N. Y., has resolved that the marriage relation can only be dissolved by a violation of the seventh commandment or by death, and that a subsequent marriage by either party, while both are living, is contrary to the teachings of the Holy Scriptures.

Couldn't Kill Herself.—Mary West made an unsuccessful attempt to leave this world on Tuesday evening, at Brooklyn, N. Y.,—once by drowning and again by hanging herself.—The unfaithfulness of her husband, who was living with another woman, was the cause of Mary's disgust at all sublunary things.

A Caution to Scolding Wives.—A woman named O'Connell, residing in Albany, so enraged her husband by constant abuse and tongue-lashing, that on Saturday night, while she was administering a curtain lecture to him, he seized her by the throat, choked out her tongue, and nipped off the top of it with a pair of shears. O'Connell has left the city.

A Good Article.—J. C. Bridgman of Springfield imports an excellent pencil, which we have tried and found better than any other pencil we have ever used. We take this occasion to inform others where they may get a better article than they have been in the habit of using.

An Unkind Cut.—Senator Benjamin was uncommonly severe upon Mr. Douglas, in his speech of the 21st. Among other things he charged him with stealing thunder from Mr. Lincoln, whom the Louisianian spoke well of.

Garibaldi.—The London correspondent of the New York Times fears that the end of the heroic Garibaldi is nigh. Disappointed and heart-sore, he has, it is said, a desire to meet a glorious death, and it is likely that his fancy will be indulged.

Behindhand.—The nomination of Lincoln has made the Democracy of Illinois "lay up for repairs" already. They have just deemed it best to postpone the time of holding their State Convention to the 11th of July.

Suicide.—B. F. Farrell, a clothing merchant of Corning, N. Y., committed suicide by hanging himself in his own barn, Friday morning. Some few year since he attempted suicide and was saved by the rope breaking.

☞ The colored people of Canada West are making preparations to welcome the Prince of Wales to the "home" of the fugitive slave.

END OF A PIC-NIC MARRIAGE.—The Court of Chancery of New Jersey has granted an application for the divorce of Mary J. Snyder from Simeon Remner, both of Newark. These parties it will be remembered, were married some two years since, while on a pic-nic excursion of the Park Presbyterian Church Sunday School, at Rahway. Both were under age and the girl was married against the wish of her parents.

☞ The St Paul *Times* learns that last week there was a battle between the Sioux and the Chippeways, on the Main Prairie, in that State in which the Sioux had five killed and three wounded.

☞ Some six months since Leonard Edwards of Troy lost a valuable gold watch, which he had laid upon a stand on retiring. Last Saturday he found it snugly stowed away in a rat'hole.

☞ Another resident of New York testifies to the good effects of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros.

NEW YORK, August 30, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the Liver Complaint for five years, during which time I have tried almost all known remedies, but to no purpose. Hearing of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, I concluded to try a box. I did so, and am now almost cured. I think one box more will effect a permanent cure. I can cheerfully recommend these Pills to all who may suffer from Liver Complaint. I have also known them used with the most happy results in cases of sick headache, or dyspepsia. MR. SWIFT, 116 Attorney St.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburg, Pa.—There are no other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

The qualities of this medicine have place it upon a imperishable foundation. In destroying disease, and inducing health, it has no parallel.

For the following complaints these Bitters are a Specific: Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Heartburn, Acidity, Costiveness, Lossof Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

STATEMENT OF MR. E. S. CALLENDER, proprietor of the Callender House, Sheffield, Mass., who used the Oxygenated Bitters upon the recommendation of Dr. Kellogg:

SHEFFIELD, Jan. 25, 1860.

Messrs. S. W. FOWLE & Co.—Gentlemen: For the benefit of the thousands suffering from that most distressing of all diseases, Dyspepsia, I cheerfully add a word in recommending your already highly celebrated Oxygenated Bitters.

In the summer of 1854 I was suffering severely from this dreadful affliction, and though consulting several physicians of the highest standing in their profession, for a long time it availed nothing. As a last resort, *by the advice of one of these*, I obtained a bottle of the Oxygenated Bitters, though skeptical with regard to their medicinal virtues at the time, and before using two bottles I was completely cured of this bane of my existence. I cannot refrain from expressing my gratitude to the proprietors of this valuable remedy.

E. S. CALLENDER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Longley, Belchertown, 1

HERRICK'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 39—1y

50 Years! Dr. S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters has succeeded for the period of half a century in maintaining its supremacy over all other medicines. It gives immediate tone and action to the Stomach and Bowels, and imparts to the patient cheerful and happy anticipations, which are never attendant upon an inactive state of the important functions of the body.

The alterative and purifying action of our medicine upon the Stomach and Bowels, is the means of curing many hopeless diseases, which other medicines have failed to reach; in proof of which we have frequent testimonials from all parts of the country, of our Bitters having cured diseases which have been abandoned by attending physicians; among which are enumerated Scrofula, Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Salt Rheum, &c. Consumption in its early stages has often been averted by their use. Its unprecedented success, however, is based upon its certain and immediate cure of Billious Complaints, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, and all diseases of the Stomach and bowels, for which it is conceded that Dr. Richardson's Bitters has no rival. For sale by Druggists everywhere, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. m10—3m.

HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANODYNE developes in the most perfect form all the requirements of opium with producing any of its horrors. The physician or patient, who, for the want of a good substitute, has witnessed the destructive effects of Opium, will not fail to make trial of the Anodyne, and see its perfect results, not only upon disease, but the natural state it leaves the patient. For Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous and Chronic Headache, Actual and Partial Paralysis, Tooth and Ear Ache, Bowel Complaints, Delirium Tremens, through all the minor Nervous Complaints to that of Loss of Sleep, it has no parallel. Purchasers of both the Anodyne and the Cough Remedy, should be cautious to purchase of those they can depend on, that the perfect result of the genuine may not be disturbed. Sold by all dealers. See advertisements and call for pamphlets.

BE OF GOOD CHEER.—Debility and Languor.—Out of many there is but one infallible remedy, "Holloway's World renowned Pills," and only one source of this disorder, the stomach. When we consider the sympathetic affinity existing between the condition of the stomach and the action of the brain, we can easily understand the *rationale* of Holloway's treatment. Through the stomach and the circulation his Pills act on the general system, and by purifying the blood, renovating the digestive organs, and stimulating the secretions of the liver, they give buoyancy to the animal spirits, elasticity to the body, and vigor to the whole constitution. Holloway's ointment is the only sure remedy for old sores, ulcerated legs, cutaneous eruptions, &c.

☞ At Tarsus, in Cilicia, Alexander the Great, while pursuing his career of conquest, bathed in the chilly waters of the Cydmus, which nearly proved fatal to him. By constant care and attention, together with the most extraordinary skill, his physician, Phillip, succeeded in saving his life. The case would not have been at all serious had Dr. Ham's Famous Aromatic Invigorating Spirit been discovered in that day. One wine-glass full, taken after he came out of the Cydmus, would have immediately removed all the bad effects of his imprudence.

Enquirer Office, Memphis, May 16, 1859.

THE SAPONIFIER, made by the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company.—No better article was ever manufactured, and now, after a fair trial, both in the printing office and in the family, I am prepared to say, that it fully comes up to your recommendation. Send us a box of four dozen.

L. D. STICKNEY.

FOUR PERSONS POISONED AT LOUDON, N. H. The Manchester (N. H.) Mirror has the particulars of a poisoning case at Loudon, in which one Alexander Moore is charged with poisoning his wife, daughter, son-in-law, and servant girl, all of whom are in a dangerous condition.

BIG HAILSTONES.—A telegraphic dispatch gives the particulars of a violent hailstorm at Lexington, Mo., 30th ult. breaking nearly all the exposed glass in the city. Some of the stones weighed seven ounces.

THE PERILS OF COD FISHERY.—Since January, five vessels, with their crews, have been lost in the Georges Fishery, and within the past thirty years over thirty vessels and two thousand men have been lost in this hazardous branch of the fishing business.

☞ Have you the Dyspepsia? the Asthma? the Liver Complaint, or General Debility? does your food distress you? do you suffer from nervous irritation, or ennui? Take the Oxygenated Bitters, which cures all these.

BORN.

In Ware, April 19, a daughter to HENRY P. LEMON.
In Monson, May 29th, a son to LEONARD G. CUSHMAN.
In Stafford Springs, May 24, a daughter to D. P. SMITH; 29th, a son to JOHN A. BROWN.
In Ware, May 24, a daughter to ANDREW BLANCHARD; 29th, a daughter to WM. STAFFORD.

MARRIED.

In Monson, May 23d, by Ira G. Potter, Esq., HIRAM J FERRY and LOUISA J. CALKINS, all of Monson.
In Amherst, May 23d, by Rev. C. L. Woodworth, A. H. LONGLEY and MARY S. HASTINGS.
In Ware, May 24th, by Rev. Mr. Martin, JULIUS BARNES and SARAH J. GREEN.

DIED.

In Wilbraham, May 29, FANNIE MARIE, 6 mos., daughter of Clinton C., and Lucy A. Leech.
In Northampton, May 25, Mrs. MARY HASKELL, 60, formerly of Ware.
In Wales, May 29th, SOPHIA, 67, widow of Joseph Stewart.
In Warren, May 26, SALLY, 83, widow of William Tufts, of New Braintree.
In Granby, May 25, of consumption, Mr. QUARTUS MOODY, 66.

Every One Read This,

AND

LEARN HOW TO ECONOMISE!

CROSS & CO.'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE!

NOW OPENING

A New and Splendid Stock of

SUMMER DRY GOODS.

New Silk Mantillas.
New Lace Mantillas.
New Lace Points.
New Lace Shawls.
New Talma, Dress and Mantilla Trimmings.
New Gloves and Hosiery.
New Prints and Ginghams.
New Challies and Muslins.
New Embroideries.
New White Goods.
New Millinery.
New Parasols.
New Curtain Goods.
New Carpets.
New Paper Hangings.
New Cotton and Linen Goods.
New Goods for the Boys.
New Goods for the Misses.

REMEMBER!

We have now on hand the

LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS

To be found in this part of the Country, and we are bound to sell it cheaper than any other man.

DON'T FORGET,

We have never been undersold and we never will be.

Our mode of dealing is Cash—one price only—no misrepresentations. Don't fail to call and see our Goods before you purchase, as we will show them cheerfully, whether you buy or not, at prices cheaper than the cheapest; and if you buy of us, and are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

OUR LARGE EXPERIENCE

In the business enables us to defy competition in any form and from any source.

REPAIRS COMPLETED

AND

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF

SUMMER MILLINERY,

AT THE

BONNET ROOMS

OF

CROSS & COMPANY,

Having completed the addition to our Millinery Rooms, we are now prepared to show the LARGEST, RICHEST, and PRETTIEST Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Ever shown in this town, which we respectfully invite all who want the best styles, to call and see.

BONNETS BLEACHED AND PRESSED, in the best possible manner,

FOR 13 CENTS.

CROSS & CO.

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

OR Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron Combined. This well known Remedy has been used extensively and with great success for DYSPEPSIA, or Impaired and Imperfect Digestion; for the consequent Deterioration of the Blood, and for the following forms of Disease, most of which have their origin in Dyspepsia:

LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, NEURALGIA and NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, LOSS OF APPETITE, HEADACHE, LANGUOR and DEPRESSION of SPIRITS, CARBUNCLES and BOILS PILES, SCURVY, AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, CONSUMPTIVE TENDENCIES, BRONCHITIS, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, & ALL COMPLAINTS ACCOMPANIED BY GENERAL DEBILITY, AND REQUIRING

A TONIC AND ALTERATIVE MEDICINE.

Note.—The failure of IRON as a remedy for *Dyspepsia*, a bad state of the blood, and the numerous diseases caused thereby, has arisen from the want of such a preparation of Iron as shall enter the stomach in a PROTOXIDE state, and assimilate at once with the blood. This want the PERUVIAN SYRUP supplies, and it does so in the only form in which it is possible for Iron to enter the circulation. For this reason the PERUVIAN SYRUP often radically CURES diseases in which other preparations of Iron and other medicines have been found to be of no avail.

Certificate of A. A. HAYES, M. D., of Boston.

It is well known that the medicinal effects of Protoxide of Iron are lost by even a very brief exposure to air, and that to maintain a solution of Protoxide of Iron, without further oxidation, has been deemed impossible.

In the PERUVIAN SYRUP this desirable point is attained by COMBINATION IN A WAY BEFORE UNKNOWN; and this solution may replace all the proto-carbonates, citrates and tartrates of the Materia Medica.

A. A. HAYES, Assayer to the State of Mass.
16 Boylston Street, Boston.

Certificate of Jas. R. Chilton, M. D., of N. York.

It is well known that it has been found very difficult to preserve in a PALATABLE form, for a desirable length of time, compounds of the Protoxide of Iron.—The "Peruvian Syrup," I am pleased to say, accomplished this desirable end.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.
93 Prince Street, New York, Aug. 8, 1859.

Certificate from well known Citizens of Boston.

The undersigned, having experienced the beneficial effects of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, do not hesitate to recommend it to the attention of the public.

Rev. John Pierpont,	Peter Harvey,
Thomas A. Dexter,	James C. Dunn,
S. H. Kendall, M. D,	Samuel May,
Thomas C. Amory,	Rev. Thos. Whittemore.

Certificate from well known Citizens of N. York.

New York, Nov. 17th, 1859.

The experience which we have had of the PERUVIAN SYRUP and the evidence which has been exhibited to us of its great success in the cure of many diseases, satisfies us that it is a medicinal agent of remarkable power and deserving the attention of invalids.

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Esq., President of the Metropolitan Bank.
Rev. AB STEVENS, Editor Christian Advocate & Journal.
JOHN G. NELSON, Esq., Firm of Nelson & Richmond, St John St.
Rev. P. CHURCH, Editor New York Chronicle.
ISAAC V. FOWLER, Esq., Post Master, New York City.

TESTIMONIALS FROM CLERGYMEN,

On the efficacy of the Peruvian Syrup and the benefits they have derived from its use:

Rev. JOHN PIERPONT, Medford, Mass.—Its efficacy in Salt Rheum and other Cutaneous Diseases.
Rev. WARREN BURTON, Boston, Mass.—Its efficacy in Headache, Loss of Appetite, Oppression, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. ARTHUR B. FULLER.—Its Efficacy in Nervous Headaches, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Substitute for Alcoholic Spirits, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. AUGUSTUS R. POPE, Somerville, Mass.—Cure for Boils and General Debility.
Rev. GURDON ROBBINS, Hartford, Conn.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Substitute for Alcoholic Stimulants.
Rev. SYLVANUS COBB, Boston Mass.—Its Use and Efficacy in family; Restoration of Strength after Typhoid Fever.
Rev. THOM. WHITTEMORE, Boston, Mass.—Its Use and Value Paralysis, Dyspepsia, and Dropsy on the Chest; He adds "It gives me new Vigor, Buoyancy of Spirits, Elasticity of Muscle.
Rev. OSBORN MYRICK, Provincetown, Mass.—Its Efficacy in St. Vitus's Dance, and Chronic Bronchitis.
Rev EPHRAIM NUTE, Jr., Lawrence, Kansas Territory.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Debility, Prostration, and Adaptation to Western Climate Diseases.
Rev THOMAS H. PONS.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Exhaustion of Nervous System.
Rev. RICHARD METCALF, Boston, Mass.—Its Use as a Promoter of Digestion; He says: "It has proved just the Tonic that I wanted."
Rev. M. P. WEBSTER, Boston, Mass.—Its Value in Dyspepsia Chronic Diarrhœa, Derangement of Liver and Stomach.
Rev. JOS. H. CLANCH, Boston, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Diarrhœa and General Debility.
Rev. ABRAHAM JACKSON, Walpole, N. H.—Its Efficacy in Piles, Dyspepsia, and Unhealthy Appetite.
Rev. J. PEARSON, Jr., Newburyport, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Debility.
Rev. ARTHUR B. R CRAWLEY, Hershads, Bermah, E. L Climatic Debility, Swelling of the Extremities.
Prof. F VITALIS SCHERB, Boston, Mass.—Its Restorative Power after Fever, Exhaustion of the Nervous System, and Dyspepsia; Recommendation to "Scholars, Teachers Clergymen and Editors."
Rev. HENRY UPHAM, Boston Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Affections of the Liver.
Rev. S. H. RIDDEL, Boston, Mass. — Its value in cases of Bronchitis, Indigestion Torpid Liver, Neuralgia, and Nervous Debility.
Rev. P. C. HEADLEY, Greenfield Mass.—Its Genuineness as a Medical Agent and Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa and Pleurisy.
Rev. J. W. OLMSTEAD, Boston, Mass.—General Recommendation, and Confidence in its Genuineness as a Medicine; Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

N. B. Pamphlets containing Letters from the above named Gentlemen and others, and giving full information of the Syrup, can be had on application to the Agents, or to

N. L. CLARK & Co.

PROPRIETORS,

CODMAN BUILDINGS,

No. 78 SUDBURY STREET,.....BOSTON.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

STATEMENT OF THE

Atlantic Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,

Of Providence, R. I., Nov. 1, 1859.

Amount of Capital actually paid in,	$150,000 00
Number of shares,	3,000
Par value of each share,	$50 00
Amount of Fire Risks outstanding,	8,599,543 00
" Marine Risks outstanding,	211,419 00
" Bank Stocks, (market value)	199,950 00
" Cash on hand and in bank,	4,941 91
" " in hands of agents,	19,016 85
" loaned on mortgage of Real estate,	6,000 00
" all other investments and debts due the Company,	2,950 00
" premium notes on Risks terminated,	1,951 96
" losses claimed and unpaid,	4,892 00
" losses reported, upon which the liability of the Company is not determined,	10,200 00
" Cash received for premiums on fire risks	112,391 34
" Cash received for premiums on marine risks,	13,666 10
" notes received for premiums on marine risks,	26,068 00
" cash received for interest,	12,500 00
" fire losses paid the last year,	82,776 62
" marine losses " "	27,545 73
" dividends " "	17,194 00
" expenses of office,	4,700 00
" other expenditures,	24,618 28
" cash received for fire risks not terminated,	112,138 40
" required to re-insure all outstanding risks,	56,069 20
" premium notes on risks not terminated,	26,068 60
Highest rate of interest received,	6 per cent.
Balance to credit of profit and loss account,	101,194 20

S. MAURAN, President.
J. S. PARISH, Secretary.
GEO. W. REED, Gen. Agt., Boston.
R. E. LADD, Springfield. j2—2w.

HATS! HATS!

THE Subscriber has just receive a GOOD ASSORTMENT of

Gentlemen's Fashionable Dress Hats,

Which will be sold cheap.

Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere.
Palmer, June 2—tf. H. W. MUNGER.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERship.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing in this town under the name of Fletcher & Wilcox is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All bills against said partnership must be presented, and all the debts due to said partnership must be paid to Samuel R. Fletcher, who alone is authorized to settle the partnership concerns. SAMUEL R. FLETCHER.
MARCUS L. WILCOX.

Ware, May 30, 1860—3w.

Important Remedies.—If there is in the list of Remedies given to the world for acceptance and approval, any which are entitled to confidence by their perfect adherence to the laws and intention of the Creator, one is

THE UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY,

for every species of Lung, Throat and Bronchial difficulty, even that of ACTUAL CONSUMPTION, and the other the justly celebrated

TOLU ANODYNE,

a most perfect remedy for Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, Partial and Actual Paralysis, St. Vitus Dance, Chronic, Spasmodic, and Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, and that chief of all causes of disease, LOSS OF SLEEP.

If our friends will accept the declaration that for six or eight years these preparations have been through tests that would satisfy all, in place of sweeping declarations that mean nothing, and then procure and read the pamphlets, to be found with dealers and and agents, they will be able to judge how far they can be relied on.

GENERAL AGENTS:

J. W. HUNNEWELL & Co., 7 & 8 Commercial Wharf, Boston. | GEO. HUNNEWELL, 145 Water Street, New York.

Under the special supervision of JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Chemist and Pharmaceutist, Boston, Mass., whose signature covers the corks of the genuine only, and to whom address all communications. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

NOW READY! The Life and Public Services of

HON. ABRAM LINCOLN,

of Illinois, and

HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

of Maine,

Republican Candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States.

Illustrated with handsome portraits. 1 vol. 12mo. 128 pages. Price 25 cents. For sale everywhere.

AGENTS WANTED—to sell the above in all sections of the country. Terms liberal. Address THAYER & ELDRIDGE, Publishers, 114 and 116 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

TO STONE WORKERS.—The Selectmen of Palmer will receive sealed proposals, till June 5th, for building the stone abutments, by railroad perch, of the bridge near the factory at Three Rivers. GEORGE MOORES, JAMES S. LOOMIS, GILBERT BARKER, } Selectmen of Palmer.

Palmer, June 2.

MARK THESE FACTS!

THE TESTIMONY OF THE WHOLE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

BAD Legs, Bad Breast, Sores and Ulcers.—All description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation, To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a folly; for should the skin unite, a boggy diseased condition remains underneath to break out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment, as salt is forced into meat.

Diptheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.—Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system, ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the unguent in the above manner for the diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest or throat, will find themselves relieved as a charm.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.—The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should not lose a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be well rubbed in for some considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only sure treatment for females, cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth; Sores and Ulcers.—Blotches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended in the printed Instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time, with the use of the Pills to ensure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.—Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of such diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time, when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the parts affected, even after every other means have failed. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs,	Chego-foot.	Fistulas,	Sore Throats,
Bad Breasts,	Chilblains,	Gout,	Skin diseases,
Burns,	Chap'd hands,	Glandular	Scurvy,
Bunions,	Corns, (Soft)	swellings,	Sore heads,
Bite of Mosquitoes and sand flies,	Cancers,	Lumbago.	Tumors,
	Contracted and stiff Joints,	Rheumatism,	Ulcers,
Coco-bay.	Elephantiasis,		Wounds,
Scalds,	Sore Nipples,		Yaws.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unles the words, "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. 2—1y

SCRAP IRON.

I WILL PAY THE FORGE PRICE, viz, $1 per 100 lbs, for all good wrought scrap iron offered in exchange for Goods. E. BROWN.

WILLOW CRADLES and EMPIRE CHILDREN'S CABS, in great variety, for sale at low prices, by
Palmer, May 5. E. BROWN.

WHEREAS my wife, Elvira Hadgeney, has left my bed and board, without just provocation, I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

PHILO HADGENEY.

Belchertown, May 26, 1860—3w*

PRINTS!
PRINTS!
PRINTS!

Cases of New Prints just received and selling very low at CROSS & Co.'s.

FOUND—in Palmer, between Tenneyville and the Depot Village, a purse containing a sum of money, which the owner can have by calling upon the subscriber, and proving the property.
Monson, June 2—3w* GEORGE ELLIS.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of

MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.

Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to

CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassawanno Block.

Palmer April 28, 1860.

REFRIGERATORS.

THE subscriber has been appointed manufacturer's agent for the sale of the most approved article before the public. Purchasers are invited to call at my store and examine a very desirable article. E. BROWN.

Palmer, May 12, 1860.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cane, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.

Wholesale Depot, 48 Cedar St., New York.

Address HENRY C SPALDING & CO.,
Box No 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends	ACCOUNT BOOKS	A
B	Mends	BUREAUS	B
C	Mends	CRADLES	C
D	Mends	DOLLS	D
E	Mends	ETAGERES	E
F	Mends	FANS	F
G	Mends	GUITARS	G
H	Mends	HARPS	H
I	Mends	INLAID WORK	I
J	Mends	JARS	J
K	Mends	KNOBS	K
L	Mends	LEATHER WORK	L
M	Mends	MIRROR FRAMES	M
N	Mends	NEWEL POST	N
O	Mends	OTTOMANS	O
P	Mends	PIANO-FORTES	P
Q	Mends	QUILT-FRAMES	Q
R	Mends	ROCKING-HORSES	R
S	Mends	SOFAS	S
T	Mends	TABLES	T
U	Mends	UMBRELLA-STICKS	U
V	Mends	VASES	V
W	Mends	WORK-BOXES	W
X	Mends	XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK	X
Y	Mends	YARD-STICKS	Y
Z	Mends	ZEPHYR WOOD-WORK	Z
&	In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.		&

I	S	Mends	Sofas
2	P	Mends	Pitchers
3	A	Mends	Accordeons
4	L	Mends	Letter-Sealing
5	D	Mends	Daguerreotype Cases
6	I	Mends	Lounges
7	N	Mends	New Breakages
8	G	Mends	Gun Stocks
9	S	Mends	School Books
10	P	Mends	Parasols
11	R	Mends	Rulers
12	E	Mends	Electrical Machines
13	P	Mends	Paper Hangings
14	A	Mends	Arm Chairs
15	R	Mends	Rickety Furniture
16	E	Mends	Eraser Handles
17	D	Mends	Desks
18	G	Mends	Globes
19	L	Mends	Loosened Leaves
20	U	Mends	Upholstered Furniture
21	E	Mends	Egg Beaters
22		Mends	Acorn Work
23		Mends	Chess Boards
24		Mends	Fiddles
25		Mends	Shell Work
26		Mends	Fillet Work
27		Mends	Hobby Horses
28		Mends	Kaleidoscopes
29		Mends	Money Boxes
30		Mends	Picture Frames
31		Mends	Secretaries
32		Mends	Veneering
33		Mends	School Furniture
34		Mends	Papier-mache
35		Mends	Wardrobes
36		Mends	Parian Marble
37		Mends	Cribs
38		Mends	Baby Jumpers
39		Mends	Ivory Work
40		Mends	Match Safes
41		Mends	Pictures
42		Mends	Quill-Wheels
43		Mends	Towel Racks
44		Mends	Wash Stands
45		Mends	Bedsteads
46		Mends	Drums
47		Mends	Chessmen
48		Mends	Ballot Boxes
49		Mends	Herbariums
50		Mends	Backgammon Boards
51		Mends	Band boxes
52		Mends	Block boards
53		Mends	Bass viols
54		Mends	Billiard-Tables
55		Mends	Billiard Cues
56		Mends	Bird Cages
57		Mends	Broomsticks
58		Mends	Book Cases
59		Mends	Bust Olimpa
60		Mends	Brush Handles
61		Mends	Brushes
62		Mends	Cabinets
63		Mends	Churns
64		Mends	Clock cases
65		Mends	Crutches
66		Mends	Cupboards
67		Mends	Curtains
68		Mends	Casings
69		Mends	Caldies
70		Mends	Cameras
71		Mends	Chairs
72		Mends	Charts
73		Mends	Clothes frames
74		Mends	Cards cases
75		Mends	Chests
76		Mends	Diaries
77		Mends	Work stands
78		ends	Draught Boards
79		ends	Dishes
80		ends	Doors
81		ends	Divans
82		ends	Dice Boxes
83		ends	Dominoes
84		"	Fireboards
85		"	Flutes
86		"	Ballusters
87		"	Glassware
88		"	Handles
89		"	Guttaperchа Ware
90		"	Kites
91		"	Tops
92		"	Organs
93		"	Models
94		"	Sewing-machine Stands
95		"	Parels
96		"	Pasteboard Work
97		"	Patterns
98		"	Side Boards
99		"	Wooden-ware
100		"	Willow-ware

Put up for Dealers in Cases cantaining four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 29 1y

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞ One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

TROY, Oct. 28, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.

Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞ Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours pains and weakness in breast, sides and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.

HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N. Y.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine.

f11—1y.

A FINE LOT OF GOODS
BOUGHT AT
CHEAP THE LATE
DOWN, Down, PRICES,
ELEGANT, Stylish, Durable,
FRESH, Fanciful And staid,
GOOD IN Design: Also,
HANDSOME To look at;
IN GOOD Colors and Finish,
JUST the things Of all
KINDS and Qualities to
LOOK at and Admire,
MAY be found At all times, and
NOW, Particularly, Just
OVER the South Side
PALMER, MASS,
QUEER Place, But known all
ROUND as The best
SHOP of all At which to
TURN a Dollar or two
UNDER all Circumstances,
VERY profitably Indeed:
WE shall try to Make it
XACTLY the Place for
YOU to examine
& FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,

McGillvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GAITERS & SLIPPERS,

PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,

SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &c.

☞ IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES. ☜

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company's

SAPONIFIER,

The ready Family Soap Maker, and Universal Cleaner.

Will make hard water soft, clean paint, remove ink from type, grease from kitchen utensils, &c.

One Box costs 25 cts.

4 to 4½ lbs refuse grease, usually given away, at about ½ cent ₱ lb, say 20—45 cts.

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of FIRST RATE SOFT SOAP.

Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing Depot of Company.

LEWIS, JAMES & Co., Philadelphia.

☞ The Saponifier can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the country. 1—1y

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional h

THE MADNESS OF TRIFLING WITH DISEASE.

TRUTHS FOR THOSE WHO REASON.

There are thousands of lunatics at large. Is the man sane who shows more solicitude to keep his house in good repair than to preserve his health or prop his failing constitution? Such a man is, as Shakspeare has it, essentially mad, without seeming so. Besides, there is no excuse for remaining sick, when the means of recovery have been placed within the reach of every valetudinarian. The great and good HOLLOWAY, volunteering the resources of a well-stored and powerful intellect in the service of humanity, has sought, found, combined, and applied the antidotes to every disorder, which assails the system, either from within or without. His two world-celebrated remedies are achieving, in all regions and climates, and over the most frightful forms of disease, the most signal triumphs. Bulletins of Holloway's victories appear in every public journal that issues from the press, and more than ten thousand certificates of cures accomplished by his Pills and Ointment, are published annually in Europe and in this country. No longer are mineral poisons and paralyzing narcotics considered necessary in the practice of physic. The two medicinal wonders of the nineteenth century have superseded them.

The dyspeptic, the scrofula-stricken, the victims of liver complaint, of eruptive disease, or, worse, than all, of MINERAL MEDICINES, rejoice in the salutary revolution.

Above all, the feebler sex in every condition of life, and in all countries, have reason to congratulate themselves that Professor Holloway's remedies have been given to the world. It would seem that their mild, conservative action has a peculiar and most beneficial effect upon the female system and constitution at the critical periods of life. In girlhood, maturity, and old age as maiden and as wife and mother, fragile and sensitive woman finds in these preparations the surest means of quieting every pain, regulating every disordered function, and replacing torpor and debility with activity and strength.

The value of such a medicine as Holloway's Pills as a household remedy cannot be over-appreciated. Husbands and fathers know little of the many aches and pains to which the feebler members of their families are subjected, in consequence of their sedentary habits and the susceptibility of their nervous systems. They suffer uncomplainingly. Diffidence, perhaps, prevents them from applying to a physician; or if they do seek medical aid, it is to no purpose. But in Holloway's remedies they have a sure means of relief, and in the accompanying directions and advice, a chart that, if implicitly followed, will guide them to renewed health and cheerfulness.—*Home Journal.*

☞ A clergyman making the closing prayer in the U. S. House of Representatives, supplicated in behalf of the members of Congress as follows: "Be with them in their weakness, strengthen them with thy strength, scan with thy searching eye all their legislative acts, and we pray thee, O' Lord, that thou wilt *over-rule all their doings!*" To the last appeal the people say, "*Amen.*"

☞ Bulwer calls a newspaper "the common reservoir into which every stream empties its living waters, and at which every man may come and drink. A good many men would never drink unless the editorials were full of spirit.

HUMPHREYS'
Specific Homœopathic Remedies
FOR THE PEOPLE.

HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.

The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Roble, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.

No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4.—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5.—For Colic, Gripings, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE IRREGULARITIES, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13.—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS.—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Ill Mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Falling, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, either with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.

In all acute diseases, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas, the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened, and rendered less dangerous.

Coughs and Colds, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.

In all chronic diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaints, Piles, Female Debility, and Irregularities, old Headaches, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles or Catarrh, Headache or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.

PRICE.

Case of 20 vials complete, in morocco, and Book	$5
Case of 20 vials, and Book, plain	4
Case of 15 numbered boxes, and Book	2
Case of 6 boxes, unnbered, and Book	1
Single numbered boxes, with directions	25 cents.
Single lettered boxes, with directions	50 cents.
Large case of 2 oz. vials, for planters and physicians	$15

ALSO SPECIFICS.

FOR ASTHMA OR PHTHISIC.—Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, attended with Cough and Expectoration. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR EAR DISCHARGES AND DEAFNESS.—Discharges from the Ear, the result of Scarlet Fever, Measles, or Mercurials. For Noises in the Head, Hardness of Hearing, and Ringing in the Ears, and Ear-ache. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR SCROFULA.—Enlarged Glands, Enlarged and Indurated Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers, Scrofulous Cachexy of Children. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR GENERAL DEBILITY.—Physical or Nervous Weakness. Either the result of Sickness, Excessive Medication, or Exhausting Discharges. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR DROPSY.—Fluid Accumulations, Timid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR SEA-SICKNESS.—Deathly Sickness, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting. Sickness from riding or motion. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR URINARY DISEASES.—For Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult, Painful Urination, Diseases of the Kidneys. Price, 50 cents per box.

FOR SEMINAL EMISSIONS.—Involuntary Discharges and Consequent Prostration and Debility, Bad Results of Evil Habits. The most successful and efficient remedy known, and may be relied upon as a cure. Price, with full directions, $1 per box.

Persons who wish to place themselves under the professional care, or to seek advice of Prof. HUMPHREYS, can do so, at his office 562 Broadway, daily from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. or by letter.

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL.

Look over the list; make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps by mail to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge.

AGENTS WANTED.—We desire an active, efficient Agent for the sale of our Remedies in every town or community in the United States. Address DR. F. HUMPHREYS & Co. No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B Hitchcock, Ware; and by druggists and apothecaries generally.

GREAT ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING

AND

SUMMER GOODS.

P. P. KELLOGG,

PALMER DEPOT,

IS NOW RECEIVING

A FRESH SUPPLY

—OF—

Seasonable Goods,

Consisting of

Everything New and Beautiful,

TO WHICH WE INVITE THE ATTENTION

OF THE PUBLIC.

May 5, 1860.

THE GREAT DOWNFALL

IN

MILLINERY GOODS.

HAS BEEN FULLY REALIZED!

The attention of the trading public is invited by

J. H. STORRS

To the large additions made to his stock during the past week, purchased at ruinous prices, which we are bound to sell at prices that will astonish.

100 SILK AND CRAPE HATS,
15 CARTONS RIBBONS,
50 BOXES WREATHS,

NEW STYLES OF FANCY SILKS,

and

EVERY STYLE OF BONNETS,

From 25 cents to $10 00.

The Low Priced System of

HOOP SKIRTS

Is introduced.

13 Springs,	. . . . .	50 cts.
15 "	. . . . .	62 "
20 "	. . . . .	75 "
25 "	. . . . .	1 00
30 "	. . . . .	1 25
More WHITE HOSE,		7 cts.
" COL'RD "		"
" of those LINEN HANDKERCH'FS.		

New Styles of MANTILLAS,
" " LACE POINTS,
" " PARASOLS,
" " MITTS,

And many Goods too numerous to mention, which will all be sold at very low prices.

A particular invitation is extended to all to visit and make a full examination of our stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, May 19, 1860.

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency.

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE undersigned will issue policies for the following responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing a capital of nearly

THREE MILLION DOLLARS!

STOCK COMPANIES.....CAPITAL and ASSETS.	
The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
The CHARTER OAK, Hartford,	350,000.
The HOME of New Haven,	222,000.

And the QUINCY and CONWAY Mutuals.

Insurance effected on all descriptions of Real and Personal property, from one month to five years, at favorable rates.

☞ Policies registered and losses adjusted and PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

Also, agent for the Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co. Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to

Palmer, May 26. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

Paper Hangings.

WE are now opening, and shall be daily receiving during the Spring, directly from the manufacturers in this country and in Europe, entirely new styles of

Plain and Decorative Wall Paper
AND
BORDERS,

Gilt, Velvet, Satin Ground and Black Papers of every grade from 6c. to $4,50 per roll.

CURTAINS. Gilt, Fancy, Plain, and Figured Curtains, of entirely new and beautiful patterns.

Bailey's Patent Curtain Fixtures,
The most perfect fixture in use.

FIRE BOARD PRINTS, &C.

Liberal discounts to those buying in quantities. Please call and examine our stock and prices, that cannot fail to suit. At the old stand of Merriam, Chapin & Co., Corner Main and State streets, Springfield. BRIDGMAN & CO.

DAVID F. McGILVRAY & Co.,

(Successors to Brodhead & Co.,)

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Nos. 53 and 55 Tremont Street Boston.

☞ All kinds of Merchandise solicited for Sale as above. 42—1y

25 CORNHILL, BOSTON. 29

BROWN & TAGGARD,

Publishers and wholesale Booksellers. Among their many valuable publications are,

Carlyles Essays,	4 vols., 12 mo.
Mrs. Strickland's Queens of England,	7 vols.
Encyclopedia Americana,	14 vols.
Parley's Cabinet Library,	20 vols.
Margaret Fuller's Works,	6 vols.
Rollo's Tour in Europe.	10 vols.
IN PRESS:	
Complete Works of Francis Bacon,	15 vols.

Messrs. BROWN & TAGGARD keep constantly on hand a very large and complete stock of Letter and Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, Slates, the various School Books in use in New England, Bibles, Gift Books, Standard and Miscellaneous Books, and everything in any way pertaining to a general Book and Stationary business.

They will be pleased to supply orders from Booksellers, Country Merchants, Teachers, &c., at satisfactory prices, and would invite them, when visiting the city, to call and examine their large stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & TAGGARD,
Publishers and Wholesale Booksellers, Boston.
m19—3w.

To Boot and Shoe Manufacturers.

WE wish to call your attention to the following GOODS which we are prepared to sell on the most favorable terms:

Lastings, Serge de Berri's and Italian Cloths.
Black and Colored Doeskin, } Finished especially
Black, Brown & Drab Cassimeres, } for Congress Tops.
Brown, Black and Drab Feltings, for Snow Shoes.
Rubber Gusset Webs, of beautiful quality for Congress Shoes.
Boot and Congress Webs, from ½ inch to 1¼ inch, new styles.
Galloons, Blacks and Colors, ½, ⅝, and ¾ inch widths.
Shoe Ducks; Congress and Linen Canvass.
Shoe Ribbons, Rosettes and Sandal Webs.
Eyelets, Cords, Shoe Laccets and Strings, all sizes and lots. Shoe Buttons, of all descriptions.
LINEN MACHINE THREADS of the well-known XXX Golden Flax Stamp, of every description, required in the manufactory of Boots, Brogans, Shoe and Congress work, from No. 18 to 100, from 2 to 10 cord, in Black, Drab, Grey, Orange, Yellow and W. Brown, in hanks, balls and spools, for sideing, closing, stitching and binding straps and counters, top stitching and under threads; also, Shoe Threads; Machine Silk, all colors and sizes; Sea Island Hauk cotton, black, colored, unbleached and white; Spool thread, and sewing cotton all descriptions.

Manufacturers of CLOTHING will find in our stock everything in linen and cotton threads required in their work, and the quality much superior to any other in use. JOSEPH DIX & Co.,
JOSEPH NIX, 52 Milk street, Boston.
ELIAS C. CHAPIN.

GENTLEMEN, we have just received the Spring Style of GENTS' SILK HATS, Call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

DRESS GOODS!
DRESS GOODS!
DRESS GOODS!

Elegant New Spring Dress Goods received this week by CROSS & Co.

BOOTS & SHOES.—A good assortment always on hand at CROSS & Co.'s.

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!

Of the newest patterns, call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

THE Best and Latest Styles of DRESS GOODS May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

1000 AGENTS WANTED! $15 per week and expenses paid will be allowed to acceptable Agents for the present season, to travel in a light, easy business. Territory secured to first applicants free. Full particulars sent on receipt of red stamp, or one dollars worth of samples and particulars to those wishing an agency, for 25 cents. Address G. F. KIMBALL.
May 26, 1861.—2w. East Canaan, N. H.

PAINTING!

THE subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand

PAINTS, OILS,

and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.

WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.
Palmer, April 14, 1860.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

SAMUEL BLAIR, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. A large assortment of Gold and Silver Goods kept constantly on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Palmer, Jan. 2, 1859.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.
M. W. FRENCH. JOHN GAMWELL.

G. S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of job hang done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

BLOOD FOOD.

HEALTHY human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediately into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.

Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—1y

Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,

and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cald in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other fits. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 409 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT
SEWING MACHINE!

JUST LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being

ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS

for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.

☞ These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.

W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.
Palmer, March 31, 1860.

COFFINS!

COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of

MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,
and
WHITE WOOD COFFINS,

of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.
Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

M. S. MOULTON

WOULD call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinity to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

☞ Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.

N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL.!

WE have just received a cargo of the celebrated

FRANKLIN COAL,

Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of

CUMBERLAND,

And another of

LACKAWANNA.

We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.

FAIRBANK'S
CELEBRATED
RAILROAD, HAY, COAL & STO
SCALES,
Of every variety.
FAIRBANKS & BROWN,
34 Kilby Street, Boston.

EMORY S. BROOKS has opened a shop in Waite's Building, opposite the Antique Horse, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay.

N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!

DORCHESTER Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.

Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.

WM. F. TEMPLE, Sec'y. ASAPH CHURCHILL, Pr.
CHARLES A. WOOD, General Agent.

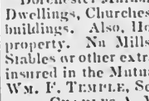
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.

BOSTON—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohier, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq; DORCHESTER—Alpheus Hardy, Esq, Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.

☞ Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property, $931,613
Real estate, 3,202,541—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid, $38,068,20
Deposit notes, 99,109,63
Stock Co.—1749 policies—amt. at risk, $2,409,927,02
Capital, $50,000
Cash surplus, 21,251,91—$71,251,91
Oct 15—1y O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.
R. G. PALMER.
Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m



New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad.
Summer Arrangement! Commencing Thursday, July 4, 1859. Trains leave Palmer for Willimantic, Norwich and N. London, at 7.50 a.m., and 1.50 p.m., or on arrival of trains from Springfield and Albany. Trains leave New London, at 7.00 a.m., and 1.30 p. m.
R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, July 4, 1858.

Dyspepsia Remedy

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILARATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPEFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Dose.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder, or Urinary organs.
Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions, should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy, and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities from the menstrual organs, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the care worn face.

During pregnancy it will be found an invaluable medicine to remove disagreeable sensations at the stomach.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts $1. 43—1y

General Depot, 48 Water Street, New York.

Agents.—Weeks & Potter, Boston; Dr. Wm. Holbrook and Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

DR. La CROIX'S Private Medical Treatise on the
PHYSIOLOGICAL View of MARRIAGE
250 PAGES and 130 Engravings.—Price only 25 cts. Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union. On the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginings, involuntary imaginations, blushings, defective memory, indigestion and lassitude, with confessions of thrilling interest of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, &c., &c. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled.

Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing of the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's New Paris and London Treatment.

We have, for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in visiting the European Hospitals, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and Surgeons on the Continent. Those who place themselves under our care will now have the full benefit of the many new and efficacious remedies which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy and attention being paid to their cases which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore, as a Physician in our peculiar department of professional practice for the past 25 years.

FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.—Ladies who wish for Medicine, the efficacy of which has been tested in thousands of cases, and never failed to effect speedy cures without any bad results, will use none but Dr. DeLamey's Female Periodical Pills. The only precaution necessary to be observed is, ladies should not take them if they have reason to believe they are in certain situations, (the particulars of which will be found on the wrapper accompanying each box,) though always safe and healthy so gentle, yet so active are they.

Price $1 per box. They can be mailed to any part of the United States.

TO THE LADIES—Who need a CONFIDENTIAL medical adviser with regard to any of those interesting complaints to which their delicate organization renders them liable, are particularly invited to consult us.

The "Electro-Galvanic Protective."—For married ladies whose health will not admit, or who have no desire to increase their family, may be obtained as above. It is perfectly safe, and has been extensively used during the last 8 years. Price reduced to $10.

Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning till 9 at night and on Sunday from 2 till 5 P. M.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

Dr. L.'s office is still located as established, under the name of Dr. La Croix, at No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 copies of a medical book of 32 pages, on Spermatorrhea, for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, lassitude, depression of spirits, drowsiness, pains in the limbs and back, timidity, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples, loss of memory, &c., resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in this book, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of Consumptive and Nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will therefore send free to any address, on the receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box 379, P. O., Albany, N. Y.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN & PALMER R. R.
On and after April 9, 1860, trains will run as follows: Leave Amherst for Palmer at 8,00 A.M. Leave Palmer for Amherst at 2,00 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains to and from Boston, Springfield, Albany and New York.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, trains will be run between Amherst and Palmer, leaving Amherst at 4.00 p.m., arriving at Palmer in season to connect with evening trains from Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany, Hartford, New Haven, and New York. Returning leave Palmer at 6.15.

Stage accommodation at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley and Sunderland. W. DIXEY, General Agent.
Amherst, April 9, 1860.

To Painter, House Builders,

And Consumers of WHITE LEAD & COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & Brothers, of Philadelphia, continue to manufacture White Lead and Colors of the same reliable qualities manufactured by their predecessors, Mord'k Lewis & Co. The White Lead is of the same superior quality that has always distinguished their Lead, and for whiteness and durability is unsurpassed by any Lead of any manufacture.

Particular attention is called to the fact that Messrs. John T. Lewis & Brothers' Lead is put up *full weight*, and every keg contains the quantity marked upon it, and not, as is the custom generally, of charging for weight of keg as well as lead.

Their COLORS—Green, Yellows, Blues, Reds, &c.—can be depended upon, not only as regards their brilliancy and fastness of color, but for their uniformity—the same to-day, yesterday and to-morrow.

For sale by all the principal dealers in Paints throughout New England, and by
THAYER, BRIGHAM & FIELD.
32 India Street, Boston.

LEWIS'S PURE WHITE LEAD. LEWIS'S COLORS.

THE PRETTIEST BONNET,

May be found at CROSS & Co's.

THE ONLY PREPARATION

That has STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, and grows more and more popular every day!

AND testimonials, new, and almost without number might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

PROF. WOOD: Thee wilt please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life, having reduced me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair, thick and black, though short. It is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"The reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIRBY.

LIGONIER, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray; so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars worth of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect.

Very respectfully, yours, A. M. LATTA,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least 20 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent; more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Nov. 26

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and Female Physician, presents to the attention of MOTHERS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is SURE to Regulate THE BOWES. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other article of medicine, never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely us d.—Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction in the out trary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of its magical effects and in this matter what we can conscientiously and truthfully declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in 15 or 20 minutes after the syrup is administered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the bowels, and wind convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the above complaints—Do not let your own prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes absolutely sure—to follow the timely used. Directions to accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price only 25 cents per bottle.—Principal office, No. 13, Cedar st., New York. Dec.

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1860. NUMBER 4.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
—BY—
FISK & GOFF.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum. To those who pay STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. Twenty-five Cents will be deducted. For six months 75 Cents; for three months 38 Cents.

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JOB PRINTING of nearly every description, and in the neatest styles, promptly executed.

THE DEATH BED OF A LION.

Every one may not be scientific; but every one may at least be a close observer of nature animate and nature inanimate. If plain people with good eyes and open hearts, would but keep a note book for their original observations, and jot down in a few words the simple facts of life among God's lower creatures, the great men of the day would always have a good store of fine materials to deal with. The philosopher would stand at ease on the grand platform of truth, and build with stones readily hewn to his hand, instead of having to send his thoughts wide over the land in search of straw wherewith to make bricks for the house of his wisdom or perhaps to gather oziers for the waddled wigwam of a nomadic theory.

"Do animals understand what death is? Do they recognize its coming signs?" asks the uninitiated. "No," says a gifted philosopher of our acquaintance, "you never see animals comprehending the meaning of death." Very well, then, here is a fact:

The writer once strayed into a menageric in the north of England, which had camped for a day or two in a little mountain metropolis. A large elderly lion was making an involuntary tour of the country in company with his wife and a fine family of young people. What an insult to put the desert monarch into such a vulgar clap-trap traveling carriage as this!

But what is the matter with that grand old lion? He is in pain; surely he is in pain. His breathing is short, and is drawn with effort; his nostrils are spread wide, lips drawn back, and that great shaggy chest heaves uneasily. He is suffering from bronchitis, for evidently he cannot bear the keen air of the north. He is couchant; but now he lifts his head high, and look round and round the show into the hundred faces of that unfeeling crowd, as if searching for sympathy.

But no; they cannot read his eye of mute appeal; he is nothing to them but a great tawny lion, with a shaggy mane and tufted tail. Suddenly he rears himself up to his full stature, throws back his grand head, utters a tremendous desert roar, and falls down heavily on his side—dead; but with an imperial gesture, such as Cæsar when he fell.

Look at the widow! She has has been taking short and stately turns up and down the den—a very Juno in her gait, and in her temper too. But she stops, looks inquiringly at the prostrate figure, draws nearer, bends her head with an anxious, bewildered look, and then, as if at last receiving the great idea, she throws herself down upon the dead monarch with great abandonment. Presently up comes the heir; crown prince he was—he is the young king now. He stops short, in a fierce brusque attitude, spreads his nostrils, flashes his eyes, and snorts aloud. That was a long and searching gaze truly. But at last, he, too, flings himself down with a great sounding *flop* upon the dead body of the old lion. Up comes the coarse looking keeper, and flogs away the widow and the son. But they watch their opportunity, and stalk forward again, and throw themselves down in the same attitude of grief. Again the hateful whip, and again they spring to the further end of the room, with a short, impatient roar. Three times did this take place, and three times did they return to the same position, abandoning themselves to the same eloquent symbols of grief. Not many can say that they have been present at the death bed of a lion; and never can the scene, so touching and yet so grand, be forgotten.

CAMPAIGN SONGS.—Our Republican friends seem to be mindful of the power of music, and the campaign has opened with songs as well as speeches. We have already seen several campaign lyrics, which, though not to be judged by the ordinary rules of poetica criticism, are well calculated to arouse the enthusiasm of political meetings. Here are specimen verses from one which was sung at a ratification meeting in Milford, N. H., on Saturday evening.

"From the fertile Western plains, to New Hampshire's rugged hills.
The news that comes on wings of fire, each loyal bosom thrills.
It is the voice of millions, deny it ye who can,
Shouting till the welkin rings, 'Lincoln is the man.
CHORUS—Then shout with joyous cheer, then shout with joyous cheer,
The brave Lincoln shall lead us on, and be our Pioneer.

He's one of old Kentucky's sons, brimful of valiant fight.
And best of all, he's always been where waved the flag of Right.
We've given him our banner, and bade him lead the van,
And Buchanan feels it in his bones, that Abe's the Coming Man.
CHORUS—Then shout with joyous cheer, then shout with joyous cheer,
The brave Lincoln shall lead us on, and be our Pioneer.

THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION.—While the Democratic Convention at Charleston was quarrelling "about niggers," it seems Sambo took advantage of the "noise and confusion" to run away. A Charleston paper says:

"We understand that about fifteen negroes have been missing since the adjournment of the Convention, which evidently shows that that body was accompanied by some private emissaries of the under-ground railroad."

FIREMENS' AMUSEMENT.—A terrible riot occurred amongst the firemen of Memphis, Tenn., on Sunday last, in which nearly all the fire companies participated. Pistols were fired, bricks thrown, and one of the most terrible fights ever witnessed in Memphis took place.—Between thirty and forty shots were fired, but strange to say, only one man was seriously injured. He was a laborer, and did not belong to either company.

The Stream of Life.

Beside a stilly brook,
That winds through grassy nook,
I've watched the sleepy waters flow—
So calm and quiet on their way,
And with a pulse of life at play,
E'en hardly beating soft and low.

So oft beside life's stream,
I've seemed to catch a gleam,
E'en, of many a streamlet glide
Without a wave or flake of foam,
As thus it left its childhood home,
To mingle in life's changing tide.

Beside a laughing brook,
That leaps through pebbly nook,
I've watched the bubbles rise and go—
Sometimes the sunlight glances there,
And leaves its gold-touch everywhere
On crystal flakes of streamlet snow.

So, oft beside life's stream,
I've seemed to catch a gleam,
Of many a troubled form—
But when there dawns an upper light,
It brings the heart more full to right,
Reflecting light beyond the storm.

Ludlow, June, 1860. SIENTIA.

To Mary Cook.

My simple heart in my breast to-day,
Like a fish in the peaceful waters lay,
Till, ah, alas! and well-a-day!
I felt thee, Mary, hook it.

In vain I strive to break away,
The more I struggle the more I may;
I yield it then—and only pray—
O, dearest Mary, Cook it!

WOMAN'S EMPLOYMENT CHANGED.—Within the course of the last few years, two immense events have changed the lot of European women. Woman has only two grand trades to follow, spinning and sewing. The others (embroidery, flower-making, &c.,) are hardly worth reckoning. Woman is a spinner, woman is a seamstress. That is her work in all ages; that is her universal history. Well, such is no longer the case: a change has lately taken place. Firstly, flox-spinning by machinery has suppressed the spinner. It is not her wages only, that she has hereby lost, but a whole world of habitudes. The peasant woman used to spin, as she attended to her children and her cookery. She spun at winter evening meetings. She spun as she walked, grazing her cow or her sheep. The seamstress was the workwoman of the town. She worked at home, either continually, or alternating her work with domestic duties. For any important undertaking, this state of things has ceased to exist. In the first place, prisons and convents offered a terrible competition with the isolated workwoman; and now, the sewing machine annihilates her. The increasing employment of these machines, the cheapness and perfection of their work, will force their products into every market, in spite of every obstacle. There is nothing to be said against the machines, nothing to be done. These grand inventions are, in the end, and in the totality of their effects, a benefit to the human race. But these effects are cruel during the moments of transition.—*Dicken's "All the Year Round."*

A DIFFICULT QUESTION ANSWERED.—"Can any reader of Life Illustrated tell why, when Eve was manufactured from one of Adam's ribs, a hired girl wasn't made at the same time to wait upon her?"

We can, easy! Because Adam never came whining to Eve with a ragged stocking to be darned, a collar-string to be sewed on, or a glove to be mended "right away, quick now!" Because he never read the newspaper until the sun got down behind the palm-trees, and then stretched himself, yawning out, "Ain't supper most ready, my dear?" Not he! He made the fire and hung over the tea-kettle himself, we'll venture, and pulled the radishes, and did everything else that he'd ought to! He milked the cows, and fed the chickens, and looked after the pigs himself. He never brought home half-a-dozen friends to dinner, when Eve hadn't any fresh pomegranates, and the mango season was over! He never stayed out until eleven o'clock to a "ward meeting," hurrahing for the out-and-out candidate, and then scolded because poor dear Eve was sitting up and crying inside the gates. To be sure he acted rather cowardly about apple-gathering time, but then that don't depreciate his general usefulness about the garden! He never played billiards, nor drove fast horses, nor choked Eve with cigar smoke. He never loafed around corner groceries while solitary Eve was rocking little Cain's cradle at home. In short, he didn't think she was specially created for the purpose of waiting on him, and wasn't under the impression that it disgraced a man to lighten his wife's cares a little.

That's the reason that Eve did not need a hired girl, and we wish it was the reason that none of her descendants did!—*N. Y. Life Illustrated.*

DREAMS.—Sir William Johnson had great influence and popularity among the Indian tribes. Without adopting the Indian habits, he gratified the savages by accommodating his manners to theirs. He even descended to imitate and retort their tricks and knavish maneuvres; and the Indians were better pleased to have their ingenuity foiled in this manner, than to be addressed with the insolence of a grave rebuke. A sachem who came to pay Johnson a visit, announced one morning, that he had dreamed, the preceding night, that his host presented him a rich suit of military apparel. Johnson, according to the Indian custom on such occasions, fulfilled the dream; but next morning related, as a dream of his own, that his guest had presented him with a valuable tract of land. The Indian, regarding him with a sly look, replied: "The land is yours; but let us dream no more."—*Dwight's Travels.*

PETTY TYRANNY.—The New York Tribune states that Postmaster Peck of Brooklyn has ordered all the letter carriers attached to his office to shave their upper lips, under pain of dismissal from office, and the order has been complied with. This piece of post-magisterial despotism is worthy of Bomba or the Emperor Joseph.

FOUND.—The missing sketch book of Mooragake, the Japanese artist, was not stolen by any "special artist," or anybody else, but he lost it in a hack. The driver of the hack passed the book into the hands of some one who exhibited it all over Washington, and then returned it to its owner, who received it with many expressions of delight.

THE INCA'S DAUGHTER.

A LEGEND OF PERU.

Huasca, the Inca of Peru, who reigned at the beginning of the sixteenth century, and who was remarkable for his love of the arts, especially those connected with the improvement of his capital, proclaimed that whoever would find means of conveying water with facility to his palace and to Cuzco, should receive in marriage his youngest daughter, then a beautiful girl in the first bloom of womanhood. This offer was no sooner made than a young man appeared, called Hassan, who declared himself capable of peforming the great work. He was immediately furnished with as many men, and all the materials which he thought proper to demand, and the work was commenced.

While the work, however, was in progress, an event occurred which damped the ardor of the youth for the accomplishment of what he had undertaken, and seemed to overthrow all expectation of its ever being accomplished. Among the numerous attendants upon the workmen for the preparation of their food, and the care of the camp in which they dwelt, there appeared a girl of great beauty, who, while attending upon her father, was observed by the youthful engineer, who became so violently enamored that his attention was distracted and turned from the object upon which his mind had been hitherto bent. He saw that the accomplishment of the work he had undertaken would result in his marriage with the daughter of the Inca, and this, though accompanied by all the honors the sovereign could bestow, would deprive him of that which he valued more than life, and tie him to a bride whom he had never seen, and now ceased to desire to know.

Owing to this state of Hassan's mind, neglect, languor and disorder reigned in the encampment of the workmen, which at first seemed to every one to arise from a conviction on the part of the engineer that the accomplishment of the work was beyond his power. Some time passed without any change, during which Hassan had frequent opportunities of meeting the young attendant to whom he had become attached. This, however, was by and by remarked by the people in such a manner as to induce the young girl to retire, and return no more to the camp—distracting still more the mind of the engineer, who was unable to obtain any further information concerning her.

The confusion into which everything was now thrown reached the ears of the Inca, who soon learned also the real cause of the engineer's default, and determined to take his revenge by putting to death the subject who had so grossly and so openly insulted his sovereign. The character, however, of the offence was such that Hassan was sent for before his execution, and appeared, guarded, in the presence of the Inca, who sat upon his throne, surrounded by his nobles. Hunsca, happening to be a man of moderate passions, asked the culprit, in the presence of his nobles, whether he had anything to say before his execution in extenuation of the crime he had committed by treating his sovereign with contempt.

To this the young man replied, that he had only to thank his sovereign for all the favors he had received, and more especially for that he was about to receive, which would place him beyond the reach of such suffering as he had endured since he had become acquainted with the innocent cause of his misfortune.

At the moment that the Inca was about to commit him to the tender mercies of the executioners, the girl we have mentioned suddenly appeared among the crowd of nobles, dressed as she had been in the camp of the workmen, and, rushing into the centre of the hall, exclaimed:

"Stay, Inca! Arrest the hand of justice for a moment, while I put one question to the unfortunate culprit. It will be such as the Inca will not disapprove."

From the moment of this strange apparition until the demand of the girl there was not a sound heard. The whole of the nobles present remained motionless and silent. But, had no embarrassment overwhelmed them, the presence of their sovereign would have restrained equally their words and their acts.—Huasca, who alone seemed unmoved, nodded assent to the demand of the girl, who now walked up to the youth, and, laying her right hand upon his left shoulder, and standing a little on one side, that his countenance might be well seen by the Inca, said:

"Young man of the hills where the Inca is ever known! subject of Huasca! hast thou chosen the child of the vales in preference to the daughter of thy sovereign?"

To which the youth, after steadfastly regarding the Inca, replied:

"The will of the great Source of Light be done. The sentence of the Inca is just."

"Then, turning to the girl, he added:

"I go now with joy to dwell where I shall await thy coming, to possess thee forever."

"But wherefore couldst thou not," then said the girl, "accomplish that which thou hast undertaken?"

"It had been done," said the youth, "had the labor been cheered by the hope of possessing thee."

At this reply the young girl, suddenly throwing off her upper garments, which had hidden those which would have betrayed her true character, and taking the entranced youth by the hand, advanced up to the foot of the throne of the Inca, and exclaimed:

"Great father of the children of the sun, I whom thou lovest as thyself, demand the remission of the sentence against the youth now bowed down before thee, until it be known whether the great work he has undertaken can be accomplished or not."

Inca Huasca, whose affection for his daughter was beyond all other feelings, electrified by the occurrence, signified his assent to the proposal. A few months after this, the great aqueduct was completed, and the engineer and the princess became man and wife.

AN OLD RULE REVERSED.—The old legal rule that a tenant was bound to continue to pay rent to the end of his lease, notwithstanding the premises might be destroyed by fire, has been reversed by act of the New York Legislature, and in case of the destruction of the building, or its injury so as to be untenantable, "by the elements or any other cause," without fault of the tenant, he may surrender possession.

A ROMANTIC YOUTH BADLY SOLD.

A correspondent of the Portland Argus, writing from Louisiana, Pike Co., Mu., gives the following amusing account of a "love affair" which has recently created a hearty laugh in that locality:

A youth became desperately in love with one of the fair ones in this city, who had just turned "sweet sixteen." His passion was not reciprocated, but the young lady gave him some encouragement, "just for the fun of it." The "fond parients" were wroth, and sent the sinning daughter to a distance from the city. A correspondence sprung up between the lovers and some young bloods, who, for sport, assumed to write billet duxx in the name of the lady beloved, but entirely without her knowledge. A plan for elopement and marriage was the consequence. By the help of his young friends everything was arranged. The marriage was to take place in the tobacco factory and the happy pair were to spend the first night in that delightful locality. A youngster of suitable size and proportions to personate the young lady, and closely veiled, got stealthily into the carriage, as the triumphant lover appeared at the appointed time and place.

They drove to the tobacco factory, where friends were waiting. The heart of the person who was to solemnize the marriage failed him, and the play was very near coming to an abrupt termination. A youth of seventeen years, however, the son of a Maine man who, in his youth, had been an equal adept in roguery, came to the rescue, performed the ceremony, "beautifully" and made a touching prayer for the happiness of the loving couple. The bride retired, and the bridegroom had put off the most of his clothes when the arrival of the enraged father of the bride was announced, accompanied by several friends and armed to the teeth. The bridegroom and his friends were equally well armed, and the discharges of revulvers (loaded only with powder) were rapid and terrible. The latter appeared to get the worst of the fight and the bridegroom was compelled to fly through the streets at the dead hour of the night, with little more than his shirt upon his back. A more absurd affair could scarcely be imagined, and in all its details it was so supremely ridiculous that one would not suppose anybody could be thus imposed upon for a moment; yet so well were the parts played that the "bridegroom" swallowed the whole and actually consulted counsel the next day as to how he should get possession of his wife!—When the truth was revealed to him and he convinced that it was truth, he immediately left for parts unknown, probably never to return.

THINKING.

We cannot refrain from grief when we make an estimate of loss—loss sustained by ourselves, by the world, and by every individual. Do you inquire what this lamentable loss is? The term, in its universal application, does not comprehend money, lands, buildings, or any property of this class, for individuals may be found who possess a sufficiency of these uncertainties. But who has not lost opportunities for mental improvement? Does any one say that he has had no such opportunity? It is a mistake. Every person has talents and can exercise them at pleasure. The exercises of the mind are beyond the control of any but the possessor of that mind, and they may be so directed as to correct the perceptions and enlarge the understanding, and even regulate the affections.—Let us, in reference to this pursuit, consider several rules. First, *Spend no time in useless thinking.* Time so spent is as really lost as is that spent in useless work, and if this rule were strictly observed we should not hear so much complaint about the want of opportunity. Business may occupy the attention during portions of almost every day, but no occupation calls for unremitted attention. Every one finds time to think of other subjects, and, if these opportunities were properly employed, much might be gained. Second—*Acquire the habit of thinking abstractly.* This consists in the ability to fix the attention upon one subject and keep it there as long as we wish so to do. The undisciplined mind flies from one subject to another without investigating anything; indeed it does not commence investigation, but merely takes a superficial view of all subjects as they present themselves. This is the great difficulty among all those students who cannot advance in science and literature; if they attempt to study, their attention is not fixed upon it, uninterruptedly, during a moment. No chain of reasoning can thus be followed out, and insulated fragments of knowledge are all the acquisition made by such minds.—Let scholars acquire this habit, and it will be of more value than all which can be derived from years of study in the usual way.

New Braintree. J. B. B.

HISTORIC.—The name and exploits of Israel Putnam, or Old Put, as he is familiarly termed, have become so much like household words that there is scarcely a child of the years of discretion, who is not able to recount some of his numerous and daring exploits. Among the most prominent of these is his entry into the wolf's den and the destruction of that voracious creature which had for a long time been the pest of the farmers' flocks in the vicinity. Having occasion, a few days since, to journey into the land of steady habits, near the place where the thrilling scene transpired, we were greeted with a pleasant reminiscence of the olden time in the shape of a button said to have been found in exploring the cave during the past summer, and is recognized as a vest button of the veritable old hero. The relic is worthy of a place in the museum as a record of the peril and danger which on every side beset our forefathers in the settlement of a wild country, and also to remind us of the rich legacy of liberty which their blood and treasure purchased.

STAFFORD, Ct. COM.

A LOUD BELL.—The new bell which has recently been placed in the belfry of the Unitarian church at Quincy, Mass., can be distinctly heard a distance of seven miles. It weighs 3012 lbs.

A MEAN ACT.—The Legislature of Maryland, at its last session, passed a law prohibiting the manumission of slaves, by deed or will, after the 1st of next month.

LOVE IN HUMBLE LIFE.—In East Boston a few weeks ago was borne to the grave, a maiden wife of less than twenty years of age. Her husband and lover, a young man of twenty-three, was a mechanic. They loved each other from childhood, and were to have been married some six or seven months since when she was prostrated by consumption. Nearly all his leisure from labor was spent by her bedside, cheering her with prospects of restored health, and a life of happiness; but the fell disease was too firmly implanted in her system to leave any hope of her recovery. When the physician informed her that death was inevitable, she expressed a wish to partake of the Lord's Supper and her wish was gratified. Her lover procured a carriage, sat by her side, and bore her in his arms to and from the table. She returned to her bed never again to leave it in life. About a fortnight before her death, she said that she had but one earthly wish that remained ungratified; she desired to be united to him who had loved her so long and so truly, in the hope of being his in heaven. He could deny her nothing—he married death! Bolstered up by pillows and supported in the arms of her mother, she was united to her lover, her feeble voice was scarcely audible in responding to the questions of the marriage ceremony. She was his and she could die without regret. From then until she passed away, she was unable to speak above a whisper; but to skin and bone a pleasant smile left its impress on her face, as her soul returned to God who gave it.

Many cases have been recorded of people being married on the brink of the grave, to accomplish some material end—such as to give a legal title to property, or to render an act of long delayed justice; but rarely if ever have we heard of poor people marrying under such circumstances purely for love; The stern realities of life press so hardly upon the laboring poor, that the finer feelings of their souls have to make way for the cares and toil of providing for the wants of the body.

The only legacy which this affectionate maiden left her husband was a lock of her hair, and a favorite copy of the Bible.

FEMALE PHYSICIANS.—The question has arisen whether Doctor or Doctress is the better term and title for a lady physician. It seems clear that if both sexes are to be represented in the profession, a distinction of sex should be indicated by a difference of title.—And it is much more convenient to use the terms, Doctor and Doctress, than to employ the words, male physician, female physician, &c. No one would use the words, female Emperor fur Empress, nor female master for mistress. And as we speak of the Empress Eugenie, instead of the Emperor Eugenie, we would, in speaking of a lady physician, say Doctress Jones, instead of Doctor Jones. If we needed a gentleman physician we would send for a Doctor, if a lady physician we would send for a Doctress; and would inquire if the doctor was at home, or the doctress was at home, as the case might be. The title, Doctress, will be rendered familiar by use and honorable by the merits of those who bear it. It is a title to which ladies have an exclusive right, and not, like Doctor, to be shared promiscuously with various professions of gentlemen.

A WORD FOR OLD MAIDS.—As a class, and on the whole, the world's least sinful inhabitants, we have always thought! And we are glad to see a kind word in their favor in the London Saturday Review. Thus says the writer:

"There is something touching in the lot of a woman who has courageously got over an early disappointment, and who sets herself to do good in her generation, and give her neighbors as much happiness as she can.—That she should preserve her beauty undiminished at fifty, and foster a permanent but hopeless affection in the breast of some curate or doctor, are rewards of her goodness, which, if they could but be transferred from fiction to real life, we certainly should not grudge her. But although there are old maids who bear disappointment in this noble manner, there are other old maids whose disappointment consists in never having had any disappointment to bear; and this is a trial which, at one period of life, is very hard to bear, and ought to awaken more sympathy than it does."

CONVERTING COLORED FOLKS.—When (said an old darkey preacher) I can't 'swade 'em, I fritens 'em—dat is great art, and white preachers don't always understand de nature ob colored folks. Now, Pompey, dere is one nature of Massa Buckra. You can't scare our people by telling 'em they'll go to berry hot place if dey is sinners, for no place is too hot for dem dat sleep on pillow of hot-roasted sand in de boilin' heat ob day, wid dere faces turned up to it like a sunflower. I scare dem by cold. I talk of frozen ribbers dat dey must walk on barefoot, and ob snow drifts, and ob carrying great chunks ob ice on dere bare heads forever and ever, like dischargin' cargoes of Yankee ice from Boston vessels, which kills more ob dem dan yeller fever. I can't talk hook larnin' 'cause I can't pronounce 'em. But I friten dem to death almost, so dey call me old Scare Crow.

☞ Some of the English papers profess to doubt whether Heenan is a hard hitter.—There is a story current, that at the Buston Gymnasium, where they have a contrivance to test the weight of a blow, the best pupil struck 70 pounds. After a few days' practice the teacher was able to strike 130 pounds.—Heenan put himself in training there for a short period, and the weight of his blow was 620 pounds—nearly a third of a ton! Can any one tell how hard a horse kicks?

PRIZE FIGHT.—On the 18th there was a prize ring affair at New Orleans, between two persons named Bell and Donnelly, for a purse of $600. The contest lasted two hours and Bell won the battle. Bell was backed by his aunt, who furnished his stake, was present and cheer'd him during the battle, and at the close carried the conqueror home in triumph.

TO HORSE SHOERS.—The Manchester N. H. Mirror is going to publish a series of articles on horses' feet, and horse shoeing, which will extend through the year. The articles will be illustrated, and be very valuable for horse men.

THE JAPANESE.

A Washington letter in the New York Commercial says of these people: "They are very cleanly, more so, Mr. Willard says, than the same number of our people would be.—Each and every one bathes daily, and spittoons are not needed in their rooms. The only habit they have not pleasing to us, is the substitution of small pieces of silk paper for pocket handkerchiefs. A supply of this paper is carried in their vests, or rather in the many folds of their under garments."—As yet, no signs of any description of worship have been observed by those having them in charge. The medical members of the embassy having expressed a desire to converse with some American physicians, a number of distinguished medical gentleman at Washington called upon them on Friday evening, when an interchange of professional knowledge took place, but nothing remarkable was elicited, judging from an account in the Philadelphia Bulletin. The Japanese appeared to be quite as well "up" in medicine as their Yankee congeners. They do not practice amputation. Their medicines are chiefly vegetable, but they are familiar with quicksilver as a remedial agent. Also with quinine. The celebrated Dosia powder, of the secret of which Japan is supposed to be the only possessor, was explained to be a sort of sand, from a mineral, which is blown into the ears of the dead, and chafed over the corpse's limbs, producing revival. The American theory of this virtue is supplied by animal magnetism. Obstetrical science is ordinarily in the hands of female practitioners, but in difficult cases male assistance is called in. The same policy prevails in the general treatment of female diseases, and by consequence female physicians are numerous.

C. HENRY T—., NEW YORK.—"BROTHER DAVIS: What is the effect of fine culture on coarse natures or temperaments?"

We would attempt a reply did we not know that Emerson has anticipated us. He says: "The first period of a nation as of an individual is unconscious strength. Children cry, scream, and stamp with fury, unable to express their desires. As soon as they can speak and tell their wants, and the reason of it, they become gentle.

"Whilst the perceptions are obtuse; men and women talk vehemently and superlatively, blunder and quarrel: their manners are full of desperation; their speech full of oaths. As soon as with culture things have cleared up a little, and they see them no longer in lumps and masses, but accurately distributed, they desist from their weak vehemence, and explain their meaning in detail.

"If the tongue had not been framed for articulation, man would still be a beast in the forest. The same weakness and want of a higher plane, occurs daily in the education of grown persons. I don't understand me; I have never met with any one who comprehends me;" and they sigh and weep, and walk alone fault of power to express their precise meaning. In a month or two, through the favor of their good genius, they meet some one so related as to assist their volcanic estate; and good communication being once established, they are thenceforward good citizens. It is ever thus. The progress is to accuracy, to skill to truth, from blind force."

A FICKLE HOOSIER GIRL.—The Terre Haute Journal tells a story of a fickle Hoosier girl who went from that State to Marshall, Ill., recently, to get married, which deserves to stand as a companion to that of the Mississippi girl who married one man in the afternoon, eloped with another at night, and came back to her husband repentant next day. The girl with her lover was at a hotel where a returned Californian was stopping, and while the lover was out hunting a preacher to marry them, the Californian saw her name on the register and sought her out.—He proved to be an old lover to whom she was once engaged. He reproached her for deserting him. She begged forgiveness. A stormy scene ended in her promising to break off her present engagement and go back to the arms of the Californian. Just as this arrangement was completed the other lover returned, and was naturally astonished at finding another man in his place. Explanations followed, and the girl being puzzled as bad as Macbeth between her two lovers, for she "could be happy with either were t'other dear fellow away." The lovers withdrew to decide the matter themselves, The Californian finally withdrew his pre-emption, and the other married the girl at once, the Californinn acting as groomsman.

☞ Some years ago a servant girl, who robbed her mistress, a milliner in London, was sent to Sydney for a term of years. Since the discovery of Barhurst plains, she has written to her former mistress that the colony was a good place; that she now kept her carriage, she recommended her to come out there and set up shop, and she would be happy to extend her patronage to a lady she so much esteemed

A CALIFORNIA CABBAGE.—There is a cabbage tree growing in a garden in Sonora that has attained the great height of eight feet. The stalk is about the size of a man's wrist, and stretches up about four feet before it exhibits any leaves or branches. It is more than one year old. A sparrow has built her nest among its branches, which already contains three little eggs.

☞ On Thursday evening, a German, named Frederick Staley, residing in Rochester, killed himself by blowing his brains out with a pistol. A woman whom he loved, but from whom he differed in religion had pertinaciously refused to marry him. Hence the slaughter.

COUNTERFEIT BILLS—LIABILITY OF BANKS. By the newly revised statutes of Massachusetts, bank officers are required to stamp all counterfeit and spurious bills which may be received in the course of business, under a penalty of paying the full amount of the bill or bills allowed to pass without being so stamped.

☞ A Mr. Emil Schober was recently lost in the woods of Northern Michigan, and wandered about for nine days, subsisting on roots and barks of trees. When found he was very much emaciated and reduced in strength.

☞ The quickest way to make eyewater is to run your nose against a lamp-post.

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1860.

What Shall Massachusets Do?

In the political campaign on which we have just entered there is a vast amount of active labor for the Republican party. The democracy has its horde of office holders, who are dependent on goverment pap for their daily bread, and against these the opposition have to contend. They have government money to spend as freely as water; they have inducements of spoil to hold out, and rods of judgment to hold over those who lust after subordinate favors. Thus established in harness they will make use of every available means to keep in the ascendant of political honor. It is necessary to repulse such an enemy, that the united strength and earnest effort of the Republican party should be called into the field. But what has Massachusetts to do? Is she not Republican to the core? Does she not year after year elect her Republican officers, and year after year reaffirm her righteous priaciples? Then why need the old Commonwealth increase her efforts, or grow more enthusiastic in the present campaign? Because the sister states look to her for an example! Wendell Phillips has truly said that Massachusetts is the brain of the Union. She is the great thinking center, the mainspring which moves the outer machinery of thought and principle in this great country of ours. If she relaxes her energies there is a relaxation of energy elsewhere; if she steps boldly into the front, with a determination of success, other States catch inspiration from her tongue and follow her to victory.

There is then, more need of an enthusiastic rally of the Republicans of Massachusetts now, than ever before. The country has long groaned under a corrupt party rule; dangers thick and threatening have accumulated, till there is no longer time for delay; there comes a shout for reform from every quarter of the land; Massachusetts hears the cry, and shall she not respond? Ever ready for her country's good; ever willing to labor for Right, she will respond with a voice so loud and earnest that a thrill of enthusiasm shall vibrate over the Union, cheering the supporters of LINCOLN and HAMLIN and making the corrupt government of the sham democracy to tremble.

HOW TO KEEP OFF BUGS.—The striped bug is the pest of the gardner, and a thousand remedies have been tried to keep him away from the squash and cucumber vines, without succeeding. There is a remedy however, although it is not generally known. Go out in the morning and place around each plant a bunch of light cotton, filling all the space under the leaves around the stalks. When this is done Mr. Bug will not touch the vines. In the first place he is afraid of the cotton, and in the second place if he crawls under the leaf he gets caught among the fibres of the cotton. Experiment with two hills and it will be found that the one protected with cotton has not a hug on it, while the unprotected plants are ruined. A little plaster sprinkled on the top of the leaves will keep the bug from working on the top of the leaves.

THE STATUTES.—The new statutes were promptly issued on the first of June, though the number was limited. The volume contains 1126 pages, and is got up in good style. It is a wonder how a book of that size can be printed so cheap, the price being only $1,40. The printers inform us that by the most rigorous economy they are able to make *three cents* profit on each book! This is poor encouragement to mechanics who have toiled night and day for the last month or two to get the statutes ready for the first of June.

IN POLITICS.—For the next four or five months we shall be full of politics, and if any of our readers dislike to read them they must bear with us till the presidential election is over. We shall try to do our best towards electing LINCOLN and HAMLIN, and as they are bound to win, there will be a grand warming up of political elements as the campaign advances. We shall not, however, neglect local and general news, but shall endeavor to make our sheet as racy and readable as ever.

CONFESSION BY HICKS, THE PIRATE.—Hicks, the oyster sloop pirate, has made a full confession. He admits killing Capt. Burr, and the two Watts boys, giving the details of the circumstances attending the murders. He also confesses that he was one of the mutineers of the barque Saladin. He is dictating a story of his life and adventures, to be published after his execution.

THE CATTLE DISEASE.—The Connecticut legislature has passed a bill appropriating $25,000 and authorizing the Governor to appoint three Commissioners with certain powers to suppress and prevent the cattle disease in that State. The malady which has carried off so many cattle in Massachusetts, has made its appearance, it is said, in the neighborhood of Newark, N. J.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.—The following is the official return of the vote, on the 7th of May last, on the question of adopting the Constitutional amendments relative to filling vacancies in the Senate and in the Council:

First amendment—Yes 4422; No 1263.
Second amendment—Yes 4103; No 1531.

FOR BUCHANAN.—The Boston Post comes out in favor of Buchanan for renomination, and pretends to think that the old codger is the only man that can save the democratic party. Has the party got to so low a condition as this.

THE POISONING CASES AT LOUDON, N. H.—Alexander Moore, of Loudon, N. H., arrested for poisoning his wife, daughter, son-in-law and servant girl, was arraigned on Tuesday last, and the examination was postponed for two weeks. It is thought some of those who were poisoned cannot possibly live.

Letter from Boston.--The Extra Session.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BOSTON, June 7th, 1860.

The testimony before the legislative committee on the cattle disease closed on Tuesday afternoon. It has been a patient and thorough investigation of all the facts in relation to the matter, making a pamphlet of over 100 pages. On Saturday the committee and a large number of members went over to Belmont to witness the disease as exhibited in Mr. Chenery's herd. A couple of animals were killed, both of which had the disease, but were apparently recovering. His animals are all together, and some of them have not taken the disease at all. He says the Commissioners have damaged him $16,000, inasmuch as their report concerning his cattle has prevented his selling any. Several drafts of a bill have been submitted to the committee, none of which will be adopted as presented, but from them all their bill will be made up. It was expected that the committee would report yesterday, but they did not get ready. We are promised a report to-day, and it is possible that the legislature may pass an act and finish its business the present week, yet this is by no means certain. When the session assembled a week ago the opinion among the members was almost universal that the slaughter of cattle would be prohibited, but the committee have come to the almost unanimous conclusion that all sick cattle should be exterminated. It has been shown that the disease will linger for six or nine months in an animal, and that such animal, though it recover, would bear the stigma of the disease and be almost worthless. No person would purchase the animal, or any animal that had associated with it; neither can milk, butter or cheese be sold from a farm where a diseased animal is supposed to exist. Under these circumstances it is thought to be cheaper for the farmer to put his diseased animals under the turf than attempt to cure them. An intelligent gentleman from South Carolina has been listening to the evidence for several days. He has seen the disease in various parts of Europe and says it is the same here as there, and believes there is no cure for it. There, he says, preventive measures have rendered it mild and at times almost extinct. A Mr. Barns from Lansingburg, N. Y., is circulating about the State House, prophesying that the disease is a judgment of God, and that it will spread all over the country, and will also attack persons. He says this information was revealed to him by God ten years ago. The committee on the pleuro-pneumonia have not yet consulted him, considering him to be one of those false prophets we read of. The interest which is felt in the subject may be judged from the fact that agents from Maine, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio and other States are here to gain information concerning it. Say what people will to the contrary, the disease is of vast importance to the people of this State and country. If it can be crushed out now it should be, though it cost a hundred thousand dollars. If it is contagious only, I believe it will be surrounded and subdued; if an epidemic, it will be pretty sure to have its run notwithstanding all attempts to stay it. Yesterday the lungs of a cow from Canton were dissected at the State House and found to be badly diseased. She was an imported animal, but had not been exposed to the distemper here. Her calf is also diseased. The disease must, therefore, have lain dormant in her system for two years, or been communicated to her in some way that cannot be accounted for.

Petitions are presented daily, praying for immediate measures to prevent a spread of the disease. The Charleston people have also petitioned for water from the Cochituate works, and the committee on mercantile affairs and insurance will report a bill to-day.

Since writing the above the committee have reported, and the Senate is now debating the bill. There are two bills, one in addition to the other. Sec. 1st provides that the selectmen of towns and the mayor and aldermen of cities shall cause all sick and affected cattle, or those that have been exposed to any contagious disease, to be isolated from all well cattle and maintained, one-fifth at the expense of the town or city where the animal is kept and four-fifths at the expense of the State; Sec. 2d gives the above officer power to order the killing and burying of diseased cattle; the other sections, ten in number, provide that the expense of killing and burying shall be borne by the towns and cities where cattle are killed; to take possession of any lands or barns to keep sick or exposed cattle in, the rent to be appraised by assessors; to make regulations in relation to the passage of cattle from, to or through said towns and cities; to brand with the letter P. on the rump, all cattle infected or exposed to the disease, and no cattle so branded shall be sold without leave from the officers making these regulations. Any persons driving or transporting cattle contrary to these provisions shall be subject to a fine of $500 or imprisonment for a term not less than one year. Any person who knows of the existence of the disease, whether owner or not, shall give notice to the proper officers, and a failure to do so subjects such person to a fine of $500 or imprisonment for a term not less than one year. Towns and cities neglecting to act in this matter are liable to a fine of $500 for each day's neglect.

The second bill provides for the appointment of two additional commissioners, to give the commission power to direct the officers in towns and cities concerning the disease; to establish hospitals for treating and experimenting on the distemper and authorizing the Governor to appoint a board of physicians to treat cattle placed in such hospitals, the expense of said commission not to exceed $10,000. The bill requires town and city officers to give immediate notice to the commissioners of the existence of the disease, and also gives the latter powers which supercede all powers given to towns and cities. Cattle are prohibited from being driven out of the State or West of the Connecticut River till next April. The sum of $115,000 is appropriated to pay for cattle already killed and all future expense incurred on account of the disease. A warm debate is going on concerning the placing of any portion of the expense on the towns. There is a prospect of from three to six days' debate on these bills.

The members of the House made a third attempt to grab the Statutes yesterday. The "honest" of the Senate for a third time defeated the attempt, and, on a proposition to reconsider this morning, a vote of 19 to 9 gave the House to understand that repeated attempts of this kind are not only considered no better than attempts at robbery, but insults to the higher branch of the legislature. X. Y.

THE FOURTH IN WORCESTER.—The City Government of Worcester has appropriated $1300 for a celebration on the fourth of July in that city. There will be a balloon ascension, a civic procession escorted by the military and firemen, a public collation, and a procession of Sabbath School children.

THE ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.—An informal conference of the principal Democratic Senators was held last Saturday, at which they agreed to expedite business so as to accept the House resolution to adjourn on the 18th.

☞ The Governor of Ohio has appointed a commission to visit Massachusettss and investigate the nature of the cattle disease.

Western Correspondence.

KEWANEE, ILL., May 29, 1860.

MR. EDITOR:—I have much to awaken interest as I have prosecuted my Western trip. To some things I have already alluded in my former communication. In addition to what I saw and heard in Chicago during the week of that marvelous convention, I cannot forbear to notice my visit to the great prairies of this great prairie State. In accordance with previous engagements I went out to Clifton, seventy miles from Chicago, on the Chicago branch of the Illinois Central Railway. This brought me into the midst of the most beautiful prairie on which my eyes ever rested. In its centre there rises the little village of Clifton, standing eminently out of doors. Through this village passes the railroad, and so open is the country that the cars can be seen at a great distance, and it is wonderful to behold the length of the freight trains passing one way or the other almost continually, evincing the great amount of business done out here. I counted in one train sixty-eight cars, any number of which were filled with cattle for the New York and Boston markets. Nearly the first settlement of this town was made by three young men from Brookfield, Mass., who were eminently pioneers in laying the foundations for society in this place, scarcely five years since. It was to visit these young men and their families that brought me out on to this magnificent prairie, and a most delightful visit I had. Here I passed a Sabbath, and by special invitation addressed a goodly number in their little village schoolhouse, who came together with a good appetite to hear a New England preacher. It was doubtless fortunate for me that the people were hungry for preaching, as you know, Mr. Editor, that even plain food will then be received with a good relish. Many thanks were lavished upon me even for my poor sermons, and an earnest wish expressed that I would tarry and give them more of the same sort. It enters into the plans of the few who have already made this their adopted home to build a house for God, provided their eastern friends shall lend them an helping hand, of which they have very gratifying encouragement, and such a measure cannot be too highly commended as one of the earliest to be taken by the settlers of these great and rising States of the West.

The place we visited is not only prolific in vegetation but in children, for we found two young mothers in the same neighborhood with a pair of infants apiece—all alive and kicking. This is very well, as there is room enough, and the sooner the country is filled up the better. But to return to the prairies. These young men from Brookfield have in their possession a most extended and beautiful plantation, embracing many hundreds of acres and spread out almost as far as the eye can reach. Their dwellings, together with that of a gentleman from Chicago, stand at pleasant distances from each other, and being, with their barns and out houses, far in advance of what you generally find in these more recent settlements, strike the eye very pleasantly as you approach the railroad station from either direction. Through the courtesy of my friends here, I was taken, with another gentleman, to ride over their extended farms, as to walk would be quite too herculian a task for men of our age. I viewed with astonishment the luxuriant growth of vegetation thus early in the season. Fields of rye and wheat were in process of heading; indeed I saw an extensive field of rye from four, to six feet in height on the 20th of May, and other vegetation was equally luxuriant and promising. Strawberries are cultivated here with great success, and come forward very early. We have already had them in profusion on the tea table. The fields of corn we witnessed at Clifton were magnificent; not for the growth of the corn at this date, but from their extent. They were spread out before me in all directions, in lots from fifty to a hundred acres, and equally extensive were the fields of the earlier grains, while the more distant fields, yet unsubdued from the wild grass of the prairie, were dotted with numerous herds of cows and flocks of sheep, and I saw no lack of swine or poultry.

Farming is carried on by the young men of whom I have spoken to admirable advantage, and this is true of others, who were able to launch out a little in starting their agricultural pursuits. Labor-saving machinery is very extensively employed, among which is the corn planter, whose operations I had the pleasure of witnessing at the plantation of these young Brookfield friends. Two men with a pair of horses will plant from thirty to forty acres in a day, and it is done as effectually as the old fashioned hand dropping and covering with a hoe. Two, and with some machines three rows, are dropped and covered simultaneously, and the movement of the team is rather a fast walk. On the farms of these young men at Clifton extensive orchards had been planted, and from their rapid growth and healthy appearance give promise of soon affording an abundance of fruit. Everything pertaining to the incipient movements of my young friends at Clifton was of a most gratifying character. Surely they are laying the foundations deep and broad for those who shall come after them, who will have occasion to honor their memory.

I left Clifton with regret, but with grateful emotions in view of what Providence was doing for my Clifton friend, and in view of what these great prairies are capable of doing for their industrious and prudent settlers, and especially if they have the means of taking a fair start in the world. Surely I would encourage young men to come out here, whose habits are good and who have a mind to work—but the more advanced in life, who have decent means of sustenance, had better remain in New England. Industrious men can get a living there, but for idle fellows and drones there is no room anywhere. VIATOR.

ELOPEMENT WITH A DEAD MAN.—A married man named James Owen, living near Vincennes, Ind., lately went to St. Louis and procured the insertion in a paper there of a notice of his own death by drowning, and then while his relatives were mourning his death, he managed to get back to the neighborhood from whence he came, and held a secret interview with the partner of his shame, the wife of another man, and made arrangements to elope, which were carried out last Tuesday, and the twain are now supposed to be on their way to New Orleans.

HEENAN AND SAYERS.—A private letter from London, to a gentleman in Albany, states that Sayers, in a confidential conversation with a friend, admitted that Heenan was too heavy and too strong for him, and expressed satisfaction that he had come out of the ring alive. The writer adds, "it is the serious belief of many who saw the fight, that had not the blow, by which Sayers arm was so terribly injured, been warded by him, but fallen on his head, it would have put a fatal end to the fight.

LARGE CLAIM ALLOWED.—The United States Attorney General has given an opinion in favor of allowing the State of Missouri about four hundred thousand dollars, being the two per cent. arising from the sale of the public lands in that State, heretofore reserved by the Federal Government on account of the construction of a national road, but which was never extended to Missouri. A draft for the amount will be issued in a few days.

☞ The cattle disease has made its appearance in Vermont and New Hampshire.

Small Paragraphs.

It has been growing weather for a week past, or at least vegetation has grown in such weather.

—Wide Awake Clubs are forming all over the Western States and the prairies are on fire with enthusiasm for the Republican candidates.

—The losses being sustained by farmers in the counties of Cork and Tipperary, Ireland, by starvation of their cattle, owing to scarcity of fodder, are unprecedented.

—A cart horse backed over a precipice at Ottawa, Ill., last week, falling about 150 feet perpendicular. The harness and cart were used up, but the horse was unhurt.

—It is a significant fact that Lincoln and Hamlin have each polled the highest vote ever polled in their respective States.

—A New York Alderman, at a meeting of the board, presented resolutions to have the sidewalks widened, on account of the extent of the ladies' hoops.

—The New York Journal of Commerce has the impression that before the campaign has far advanced Mr. Bell and Mr. Everett will withdraw as the only means of defeating Lincoln and Hamlin.

—The drought still continues in Kansas, and fears are entertained of the complete failure of the crops.

—The artesian well, at Columbus, Ohio, is well a-going again. The auger has reached a depth of 2344 feet.

—The cost of New York Central Park thus far has been $7,000,000. The sum of $2,500,000 will be expended on further improvements.

—Bears are making sad havoc among the sheep and cattle of Readsborough, Vt.

—The rush to Pike's Peak gold mines still continues very great.

—The subscription for Sayers in England now amounts to $25,000. Three hundred members of Parliament subscribed one guinea each.

AN ANTI DUST CAR.—We had the pleasure of riding from Worcester to Boston a few days ago in an anti-dust car, and never performed a journey of forty miles in a warm, dusty day in a more pleasant manner. The invention was made by A. HAPGOON, a conductor on the road, who has for many years had the subject under consideration. On the top of the car are five boxes to collect air, which may be opened or shut so as to convey a draft into the car or out of it, or to prevent any draft at all, as may be desired. In a wet day, when it is disagreeable to keep the windows of a car open, and also disagreeable to keep them shut, half of the draft boxes can be adjusted to take in air and half of them to take it out, so that passengers may enjoy a pure atmosphere and escape the dampness that would be admitted by an open window. In a warm, dusty day the windows may be wholly or partially raised and such is the draft from the inside of the car that it is impossible for dust to enter or remain therein. The air in its passage from the top to the inside of the car passed through numerous fingers attached to a cylinder, which is made to revolve by fan wheels. These fingers dip into a dish of water, and are consequently wet all the time, and whatever dust there may be in the air is prevented from entering the car, and at the same time the atmosphere is rendered refreshing by its contact with the water. We have rode in several anti dust cars on various railroads, but never before found one that was really dust proof. Mr. Hapgood deserves the thanks of the public for his useful invention, and we have no doubt that railroad companies will universally adopt it. If so, Mr. H. will become a great public benefactor, and realize an independent fortune.

THE MEDICAL FRATERNITY STIRRED UP WITH A LONG POLE.—Dr. Holmes delivered the address before the Massachusetts Medical Society at its annual meeting in Boston last week. It was so scathing in its condemnation of pills, powders and physic, that the Society took offence and hesitated about having it printed.—The Boston Journal says:—

Holmes has thrown a bomb-shell fairly into the stronghold of the drugging system, scattering the pills and powders, blunting the lancets, frightening the apothecaries and creating a general consternation among those who imagine that the world is stationary, and that all advance in medical science ceased with Hippocrates and Galen. Dr. Holmes did not hesitate to express the opinion that the public had been over-medicated. It had insisted on being poisoned and had been humored by the faculty; that every noxious agent which hurts a well man hurts a sick man, and that the human race would be better off if the whole materia medica was thrown into the ocean, though the fishes would not be the gainers. We do not wonder that such extreme views should have made a sensation among those who act upon the idea that they are the masters and not the servants of nature.

THEODORE PARKER'S FUNERAL.—The funeral of Rev. Theodore Parker occurred at Florence, Italy, on the 13th of May. His request was that only five persons whom he named should follow him to the grave. A plain stone is erected over his remains bearing only his name. A letter from Florence of May 14th says:—"The giant head and heart now rests in the Protestant Campo Santo of Florence, buried yesterday, and followed to the grave by the few friends desired by him as mourners in his last moments. No service was there at the funeral save the reading of the twelve Beatitudes by the Rev. Francis Cunningham of Milton, Mass. Such was his request."

LINCOLN VS. BELL.—The old Americans in this vicinity generally go in for Lincoln instead of Bell. They say they are not going to throw away their votes on a lifeless ticket as they did on Fillmore. They also consider the contest between Slavery and Freedom, in which they wish to express themselves. This is correct ground to take in a campaign of such importance as the present one.

THE LATE TORNADO.—The loss of life and property in the West by the recent tornado is enormous. As far as ascertained, the lives sacrificed number nearly 150; the amount of property destroyed is more than a million of dollars.

KILLED IN BED.—At Salem, Ind., May 24, the residence of Mr. Joseph Spurgeon was struck by lightning, killing instantly his daughter, Mary, aged thirteen years, who was lying in bed asleep at the time.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

JURORS.—A. N. Dewey and John Foster have been drawn jurors for the June term of the Superior Court.

DAMAGES PAID.—The towns of Palmer and Monson have settled with Royal Rindge of Wilbraham, for injuries which he received by the falling of a bridge near this village last fall. They paid him $740.

HORSE TROT.—There was a match between "Lady of the Lake" and "Bonner," for $100, on the Park last Saturday. "Bonner" won the money in three straight heats, making his mile in 2:53, 2:49, 2:48. Considerable money changed hands among the spectators at the conclusion.

BRASS BAND.—A number of the young men of this village propose organizing a Band, and are making arrangements to secure a competent teacher. Our citizens have subscribed liberally to aid them in their enterprise, and there is no reason why Palmer should not furnish as good a band as any other village of its size. Success to it.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—Daniel Cook, jr,, of Palmer Center, broke the ankle of his left leg on Thursday morning. He was at work trimming stone for the underpinning of the new building next to our office, when a large flat stone, which stood near, was pushed over upon his leg, breaking it. Dr. Holbrook was called, and after setting the limb, Mr. Cook was conveyed home,

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SUPERIOR COURT.—The criminal term of the Superior Court for this county, held by Judge Vose, adjourned last Thursday. Much the larger portion of the cases tried were for violations of the liquor law. There was no trouble in obtaining convictions till they came to John Madden's cases, and then both the juries were stuck. Two cases against him were tried, one before each jury. Both juries remained out all night, and both disagreed. Reason, because there were two or three men on each jury that would not agree except to disagree or acquit. Verily, John is king in Springfield.—The only case for this vicinity was that of Jerome Burlingame of Monson, for larceny of a watch from Harrison Calkins—appealed from Justice court. The proceedings were quashed on account of informalities in the papers.

A PIC NIC EXCURSION.—About sixty girls in L. M. Hill's bonnet shop at East Amherst came to Palmer on Saturday on an excursion. They trimmed a car with evergreens for the trip, and having provided themselves with a boat, cooking stove and other necessary articles, stopped at Bridgman's pond in Belchertown, where they set up rural housekeeping by the water's side. With hooks and lines they proved themselves good disciples of Isaac Walton, catching strings of perch and bullheads, which were made into a grand fry. After satisfying a keen appetite they came on to Palmer, and visited the horse trot on the Park. It was near dark when they returned to Amherst, each face full of fun, roses and blushes, which were partially concealed by shaker bonnets and wild flowers; but they got home in season to "keep Saturday evening," to attend meeting the next day, and sit up "a sparking Sunday night."

JUVENILE ELOPEMENT!—GOING TO SEE THE ELEPHANT!—Last Saturday Van Amburg's menagerie was in town, and most of the schools in this and the adjoining towns didn't keep.—In one district, however, the schoolmarm kept on teaching the young idea regardless of the neighboring monkeys and "beasteses." Little Johnny, a lad of thirteen, and rosy-cheeked Nellie, a girl of twelve, were neighbors, and had asked pa and ma to go to the show, but had been refused, so they planned an elopement. Johnny put on his best trowsers and took a dollar in change from his till, while Nellie put on a clean pink apron, which, with a brown shaker bonnet, made her look "sweet pretty." Johnny and Nellie met at the school house, but instead of going to their lessons both started for the menagerie as happy as larks on a June morning. They visited the show, expressed their surprise at the roaring lions and big elephant, but were most pleased with the pranks of the monkeys and the mule performance in the ring. School closing in the afternoon and Nellie not returning home, her parents became alarmed. Upon enquiry it was found that she had eloped with Johnny, her fellow schoolmate. A messenger was dispatched after the runaway couple, and they were found near one of the side tents on the menagerie ground, listening to the negro minstrels within and eating a large cake of gingerbread. They were taken home, soundly spanked and sent to bed without their supper.—Moral: Parents should let their children go and see the monkeys.

DEATH SENTENCE OF A PIRATE.—At a special session of the U. S. Circuit Court, for the New York District, held Monday, Albert W. Hicks, was convicted of robbery and piracy on board an oyster sloop, killing her captain and his two sons and robbing the vessel. The prosecuting attorney, in moving for sentence of death said "the three victims of this prisoner were his companions on board that small sloop; but a few hours before he had broke bread with them; they had gone to their berths in conscious security, yet ere dawn they were ruthlessly, violently, brutally and cowardly butchered, and the evidence shows that one of the victims, whilst trying to save himself from the horrors of the deep ocean by clinging to the sides of the sloop, had his hands chopped off in order to facilitate his fate. The judge remarked that the annals of crime present few cases of greater atrocity and horror, and said that he must build no hopes upon executive clemency. He was then sentenced to be hung at Bedlow's Island on the 13th of July.

SENTENCED TO BE SHOT.—The man Williams, who murdered Captain Otis of Boston, in the railroad cars while crossing the Isthmus last year, has been sentenced to be shot. The sentence has to be confirmed by the Government at Bogota before being carried into effect.

SPEEDY JUDGMENT.—A man in Farmington, Iowa, while horribly blaspheming God, was struck with palsy, and almost immediately died.

Items from the Ware Standard.

WELL DONE.—Seven hundred and seventy dollars have been collected by the East Congregational church and society as a special contribution to aid in reducing the debt of the Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. This is in addition to the annual collections.—The same society are about purchasing a new library for the Sabbath school.

A RAGGED HILL NOTICE.—The following notice was posted in one of the stores in this village, but as the Standard is extensively circulated, we have thought best to give it one insertion gratis, for the benefit of the dweller on "Ragged Hill:"

Ragit hill west Brookfield May the 28 1860 rund way from william Delahunty a boy of the name of gorge brown infermations of him will be thankfuly Received
west brookfeld Raagit hill Many the 28

GOING AWAY.—Rev. C. T. Mills has disposed of his dwelling house in this village in anticipation of leaving for the Sandwich Islands, for which he is making preparation. He has been elected President of the College, and is intending to depart at as early a day as possible. He is well fitted for the place assigned him and his heart is in the work, although we regret to lose him from our community.

WARE SAVINGS BANK.—At the annual meeting of the Ware Savings Bank, held Monday, June 4, the following officers were chosen for the year ensuing: President, Wm. Hyde Esq.; Vice Presidents, Orrin Snge, J. B. Woods, Joseph Hartwell; Trustees, A. Sandford, Chas. A. Stevens, George H. Gilbert, William Mixter, W. S. Brakenridge, S. J. Wetherell: Secretary and Treasurer, Otis Lane, Esq. The following persons were elected members of the corporation: S. J. Wetherell, Calvin Hitchcock, J. A. Cummings, Geo. T. Hill, Henry Ives, G. K. Cutler of Ware, Rufus D. Woods, Daniel B. Gillett of Enfield.

The amount of deposites May 26, 1860, $278,595 33. No. of depositors 1317.

Amount deposited during the year,	$96,067 62
Amount of dividend for the year,	11,678 42
Total,	$107,746 04
Amount paid depositors,	943,171 51
Increase the past year,	$31,571 53

By the foregoing it will be seen that this institution is steadily increasing in importance, and it appears to be very judiciously managed by Otis Lane Esq., the Secretary and Treasurer An extra dividend is to be paid at the end of the present quarter from the surplus of earnings, so that those who have been depositors more than a year will realize nearly 7 per cent. on their deposites.

AN HISTORICAL WEAPON.—The pistol that Ex-Postmaster Fowler provided himself with for the purpose of committing suicide, in case of arrest, is the same weapon which was presented to Fowler by Hon. Robt. J. Walker and with which Fowler accidentally wounded Mr. Samuel F. Butterworth. Fowler at the time made a present of the pistol to the injured party, which was one of the weapons used by Daniel. E. Sickles in shooting Barton Key in Butterworth's presence.

ROPE WALKING.—The rope walking mania has broke out again this season, and promises to rage violently until some adventurous wight breaks his neck. Mons. De Lave walked a rope stretched across the falls at Patterson, N. J., on Thursday. Mons. Blondin has got his rope up at Niagara Falls, and promises to perform various astounding feats in the course of the season.

PAY OF DEPUTY MARSHALS.—The pay Assistant Marshals are to receive for taking the census, is two cents a head for the population reported; the same for each death; fifteen cents for each industrial establishment, and ten cents for each farm for which they report the statistics. They also receive a travelling fee necessary to the discharge of their duties.

AN EXTRA SESSION.—There is talk of a special session of Congress, as the house will refuse to pass the bill for the payment of the public debt, unless accompanied by the tariff amendment, which the Senate is likely to reject, thus leading to an adjournment without the passage of the bill, and an extra session.

A MINISTER ELOPING WITH ANOTHER MAN'S WIFE.—A clergyman of New York, a practical believer in the doctrine of "passional attraction," has taken "French leave" of his spiritual flock, and with him the wife of one of his parishioners and her child, a little girl about eight years old,

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MR. EVERETT ACCEPTS.—Mr. Everett, in a letter addressed to Washington Hunt, has accepted the nomination for the office of Vice President, tendered to him by the Baltimore Convention.

☞ Green corn, mature enough for roasting or boiling, has been received in New York in four days from New Orleans. In this part of the country Indian corn is just out of the ground.

THE CAPTURED AFRICANS.—Accounts from Key West say the captured Africans are dying so fast that not more than seven or eight hundred will be left to send back of all the cargoes.

A CHALLENGE.—Heenan, who is now the acknowledged champion of England, has issued a peremptory challenge to John Morrissey, to fight him for any sum from 5 cents to $5000.

☞ A stringent bill has passed the Legislature of Rhode Island to prevent any importation of cattle from Massachusetts during the pendency of the cattle disease.

☞ Slaves are regularly imported into Florida, from Cuba, by fishermen, who may be called fishers of men.

WITHDRAWN.—A Dispatch from Utica, announces that a letter has been published from Horatio Seymour, withdrawing his name from the Baltimore Convention.

☞ Hon. Samuel D. Ingham, Secretary of the Treasury under President Jackson, died at Trenton, N. J., last week, at the age of 86.

SENATOR SEWARD announces the close of forty years' political career, and the conclusion of his public life, July 4th, 1861.

A GOOD COMPARISON.—The Rev. William Roulatt, a well-kuown Methodist clergyman, residing at Naples, draws the following amusing but apt comparison between Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros, of Pittsburg, Pa., and a ferret:

"A ferret, when placed at the entrance of a rat-hole, enters the aperture, travels along the passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his existence, and draws the animal's defunct carcass to the light. And, in like manner have I found Dr. M'Lane's American Vermifuge to operate upon worms, those dreadful and dangerous tormentors of children. This remedy, like the ferret, enters the aperture of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, lays hold of the worms, shakes the life out of the reptiles, sweeps clear their den, and carries their carcasses clear out of the system. This, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children."

A neighbor of Mr. Roulatt, Mr. John Briggs, adopts the simile of the reverend certifier, thus both giving their most unequivocal approval of this great specific, after having witnessed its operation upon their own children. Let others try it, and be satisfied.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. ☞None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. [32]

CARBUNCLES AND BOILS.—These tormentors of Job seem to be uncommonly prevalent at the present time. Like the volcano, boils give issue to the foul and fiery contents of the deep interior. How much better it is to remove the cause of such suffering by stimulating the absorbents to healthy activity through the agency of the PERUVIAN SYRUP and to change the disordered secretions into health-giving elements.

Extract of a letter from Rev. Richard S. Edes:

Bolton, Mass., June 1, 1859.

Messrs. N. L. Clark & Co.—Gentlemen: For years I was a sufferer from boils, so that my life became wearisome through their frequent and persistent recurrence. In 1854 a carbuncle, which ultimately occupied a space of three or four square inches, formed in the small of my back. During its progress large pieces of decomposed flesh were every day or two cut away, and the prostration and general disturbance of the system were great. Before I had recovered from this attack two smaller carbuncles broke out higher up, and I was again threatened with a recurrence of the sufferings to which I had been so long subjected. It was at this time that I commenced taking the PERUVIAN SYRUP.

I continued taking the Peruvian Syrup until I had used five bottles of it. Snce then I have had nothing of the kind, although occasions have since occured which would have given rise to acute sufferings, had my system been in its former diseased condition.

I attribute this improved state of my system entirely to the Peruvian Syrup, and I feel that I cannot express my obligations to it in terms too strong. For years I was one of the greatest sufferers. Other medicines gave me partial and temporary relief, but this remarkable remedy, with a kind of intuitive sense, went directly to the root of the evil, and did its work with a thoroughness worthy of its established character.

Respectfully yours, RICHARD S. EDES.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

The qualities of this medicine have place it upon an imperishable foundation. In destroying disease, and inducing health, it has no parallel.

For the following complaints these Bitters are a Specific: Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Heartburn, Acidity, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

STATEMENT OF MR. E. S. CALLENDER, proprietor of the Callender House, Sheffield, Mass., who used the Oxygenated Bitters upon the recommendation of Dr. Kellogg:

SHEFFIELD, Jan. 25, 1860.

Messrs. S. W. FOWLE & Co.—Gentlemen: For the benefit of the thousands suffering from that most distressing of all diseases, Dyspepsia, I cheerfully add a word in recommending your already highly celebrated Oxygenated Bitters.

In the summer of 1851 I was suffering severely from this dreadful affliction, and though consulting several physicians of the highest standing in their profession, for a long time it availed nothing. As a last resort, *by the advice of one of these*, I obtained a bottle of the Oxygenated Bitters, though skeptical with regard to their medicinal virtues at the time, and before using two bottles I was completely cured of this bane of my existence. I cannot refrain from expressing my gratitude to the proprietors of this valuable remedy.

E. S. CALLENDER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Longley, Belchertown, 1

Important Remedies.—If there is in the list of Remedies given to the world for acceptance and approval, any which are entitled to confidence by their perfect adherence to the laws and intention of the Creator, one is

THE UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY,

for every species of Lung, Throat and Bronchial difficulty, even that of ACTUAL CONSUMPTION, and the other the justly celebrated

TOLU ANODYNE,

a most perfect remedy for Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, Partial and Actual Paralysis, St. Vitus Dance, Chronic, Spasmodic, and Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, and that chief of all causes of disease, LOSS OF SLEEP.

If our friends will accept the declaration that for six or eight years these preparations have been through tests that would satisfy a l, in place of sweeping declarations that mean nothing, and then procure and read the pamphlets, to be found with dealers and and agents, they will be able to judge how far they can be relied on.

GENERAL AGENTS:

J. W. HUNNEWELL & Co., 7 & 8 Commercial Wharf, Boston.

GEO. HUNNEWELL, 145 Water Street, New York.

Under the special supervision of JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Chemist and Pharmaceutist, Boston, Mass., whose signature covers the corks of the genuine only, and to whom address all communications. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

HERRICK'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 39—1y

HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANODYNE developes in the most perfect form all the requirements of opium with producing any of its horrors. The physician or patient, who, for the want of a good substitute, has witnessed the destructive effects of Opium, will not fail to make trial of the Anodyne, and see its perfect results, not only upon disease, but the natural state it leaves the patient. For Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous and Chronic Headache, Actual and Partial Paralysis, Tooth and Ear Ache, Bowel Complaints, Delirium Tremens, through all the minor Nervous Complaints to that of Loss of Sleep, it has no parallel. Purchasers of both the Anodyne and the Cough Remedy, should be cautious to purchase of those they can depend on, that the perfect result of the genuine may not be disturbed. Sold by all dealers. See advertisements and call for pamphlets.

KILLED.—Dwight G. Morton, while removing sawdust from under the saw-mill of James Newton in Greenfield, Mass., was struck in the face by a swiftly revolving fly wheel, and instantly killed. He was 18 years of age much loved by all his friends, and parents, who had had some premonitions of his death.

MANY SUFFER, rather than take nauseous medicines. All such, who suffer from coughs and colds, irritation of the bronchial tubes, and tendency to consumption, have in Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, a remedy as agreeable to the palate as effectual in removing disease.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—An indisputable fact.—Costiveness of the Bowels.—Many diseases which afflict mankind originate in the sluggish nature or impaired functions of the stomach and viscera, viz: indigestion, headache, nervous disorders, piles and cutaneous eruptions, for which cathartics are usually prescribed. These may relieve the bowels for the time, but will not reach the active cause of the complaint. Ordinary purgatives create a necessity for repetition, until eventually the bowels become powerless. Holloway's Pills not only seek the seat of the disorder, but after evacuating the depraved humors from the stomach and intestines, so renovate and invigorate them as to prevent a future recurrence. Read the Advertisement elsewhere.

☞At Tarsus, in Cilicia, Alexander the Great, while pursuing his career of conquest, bathed in the chilly waters of the Cydnus, which nearly proved fatal to him. By constant care and attention, together with the most extraordinary skill, his physician, Phillip, succeeded in saving his life. The case would not have been at all serious had Dr. Ham's Famous Aromatic Invigorating Spirit been discovered in that day. One wine-glass full, taken after he came out of the Cydnus, would have immediately removed all the bad effects of his imprudence.

BORN.

In Staffordville, 1st, a son to WM. HORTON.

MARRIED.

In East Longmeadow, May 31, by Rev. Mr. Lovell, F. K. LATHROP and LOCLA MCGREGORY; also F. A. PEASE and FRANCINA MCGREGORY, all of East Longmeadow.

In West Stafford, 6th, by Rev. A. W. Ide, WM. ADAMS and ABBY HATFIELD, all of Stafford.

DIED.

In Palmer, May 18, MARGARET, 78, widow of Dea. Benj. Converse, and mother of Hiram Converse.

In Springfield, 24, ANSEL PHELPS, jr. 45, mayor of Springfield, for 1856, '57 and '58, and attorney for the Western railroad since 1846.

In Ware, 2d, JOSHUA TUCKER, 91.

At South Wilbraham, 7th, ELEAZER SCHIPTER, 45.

MASONIC NOTICE.—Special communication of Thomas Lodge of F. and A. M., next Monday afternoon. (June 11) at 3 o'clock P. M.

PER ORDER.

Every One Read This,

AND

LEARN HOW TO ECONOMISE!

CROSS & CO.'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE!

NOW OPENING

A New and Splendid Stock of

SUMMER DRY GOODS.

New Silk Mantillas.
New Lace Mantillas.
New Lace Points.
New Lace Shawls.
New Talma, Dress and Mantilla Trimmings.
New Gloves and Hosiery.
New Prints and Ginghams.
New Challies and Muslins.
New Embroideries.
New White Goods.
New Millinery.
New Parasols.
New Curtain Goods.
New Carpets.
New Paper Hangings.
New Cotton and Linen Goods.
New Goods for the Boys.
New Goods for the Misses.

REMEMBER!

We have now on hand the

LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS

To be found in this part of the Country, and we are bound to sell it cheaper than any other man.

DON'T FORGET,

We have never been undersold and we never will be.

Our mode of dealing is Cash—one price only—no misrepresentations. Don't fail to call and see our Goods before you purchase, as we will show them cheerfully, whether you buy or not, at prices cheaper than the cheapest; and if you buy of us, and are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

OUR LARGE EXPERIENCE

In the business enables us to defy competition in any form and rom any source.

REPAIRS COMPLETED

AND

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF

SUMMER MILLINERY,

AT THE

BONNET ROOMS

OF

CROSS & COMPANY,

Having completed the addition to our Millinery Rooms, we are now prepared to show the

LARGFST,

RICHEST, and

PRETTIEST

Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Ever shown in this town, which we respectfully invite all who want the best styles, to call and see.

BONNETS BLEACHED AND PRESSED,

in the best possible manner,

FOR 13 CENTS.

CROSS & CO.

HAMPDEN ss.—At a Court of Probate holden at Springfield, within and for the county of Hampden, on the fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty. On the petition of Alfred Trumble, administrator of E. M. Trumble, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of eighty-six dollars and seven cents for the payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law. Ordered—that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said county, on the first Tuesday of July next, at ten o'clock, A. M., then and there to be heard and decided upon, and that the said administrator give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same. JOHN WELLS, Judge.

Copy—attest WM. S. SHURTLEFF, Register.

j9—3w.

What Everybody Wants.

EVERYBODY'S LAWYER

AND COUNSELLOR IN BUSINESS,

By FRANK CROSBY, of the Philadelphia Bar.

IT TELLS YOU how to draw up partnership papers, and gives general forms for agreements of all kinds, Bills of Sale, Leases and Petitions.

IT TELLS YOU how to draw up Bonds and Mortgages, Affidavits, Powers of Attorney, Notes and Bills of Exchange, Receipts and Releases.

IT TELLS YOU the Laws for the Collection of Debts, with the Statutes of Limitation, and amount and kind of property exempt from Execution in every State.

IT TELLS YOU how to make an Assignment properly, with forms for Composition with Creditors, and the Insolvent Laws of every State.

IT TELLS YOU the legal relations existing between Gaurdian and Ward, Master and Appreuticc, and Landlord and Tenant.

IT TELLS YOU What constitutes libel and slander, and the laws as to marriage dower, the wife's right in property divorce and matrimo y.

IT TELLS YOU The law for mechanies' liens in every state, and the naturalization laws of this country, and how to comply with the same.

IT TELLS YOU The law concerning pensions and how to obtain one, and the pre-emption laws to public lands.

IT TELLS YOU The law for patents, with mode of procedure in obtaining one, with interferences, assignments and table of fees.

IT TELLS YOU How to make your will, and how to administer on an estate, with the law and the requirements thereof in every state.

IT TELLS YOU The meaning of law terms in general use, and explains to you the legislative, executive and judicial powers of both the general and state governments.

IT TELLS YOU How to keep out of law, by showing how to do your business legally, thus saving a vast amount of property, and vexatious litigation, by its timely consideration.

Single copies will be sent by mail, potsage paid, to every farmer, every mechanic, every man of business, and everybody in every state, on receipt of $1, or in law style of binding at $1,25.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, by selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher, No. 617 Sansom st., Philadelphia, Pa.

What Everybody Wants.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR:

Containing remedies, easily obtained, for the cure of diseases in all forms, by

PROF. HENRY S. TAYLOR, M. D.

IT TELLS YOU How to attend upon the sick, and how to cook for them; how to prepare drinks, poultices, &c., and how to guard against infection from contagious diseases.

IT TELLS YOU Of the various diseases of children, and gives the best and simplest mode of treatment during teething, convulsions, vaccination, whooping cough, measles, &c.

IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of croup, cholera infantum, colic, diarrhœa, worms, scalled head, ringworm, chicken-pox, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.

IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of fever and ague, and billious, yellow, typhus, scarlet, and other fevers, and gives you the best and simplest remedies for their cure.

IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of influenza, consumption, dyspepsia, asthma, dropsy, gout, rheumatism, lumbago, erysipelas, &c., and gives the best remedies for their cure.

IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of cholera morbus, malignant cholera, small pox, dysentery, cramp, diseases of the bladder, kidneys, and liver, and the best remedies for their cure.

IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of pleurisy, mumps, neuralgia, apoplexy, paralysis, the various diseases of the throat, teeth, ear and eye, and the remedies for their cure.

IT TELLS YOU The simplest treatment for wounds, broken bones and dislocations, sprains, lockjaw, fever sores, white swellings, ulcers, whitlows, boils, scurvy, burns and scrofula.

IT TELLS YOU Of the various diseases of women, of children, and of menstruation; whites, barrenness, &c. &c., and gives the best and simplest remedies for their cure.

The work is written in plain language, free from medical terms, so as to be easily understood, while its simple receipes may save you many times the cost of the book. It is printed in clear and open type; is illustrated with appropriate engravings, and will be forwarded to your address, neatly bound and postage paid on receipt of $1.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to ageots, with other information, apply to or address JOHN E. POTTER Publisher,

mh31 6m. 617 Sansom St., Philahelphia, Pa.

STATEMENT OF THE

Atlantic Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,

Of Providence, R. I., Nov. 1, 1859.

Amount of Capital actually paid in,		$150,000 00
Number of shares,		3,000
Par value of each share,		$50 00
Amount of Fire Risks outstanding,		8,599,543 00
"	Marine Risks outstanding,	211,419 00
"	Bank Stocks, (market value)	193,950 00
"	Cash on hand and in bank,	4,944 91
"	" in hands of agents,	19,016 85
"	loaned on mortgage of Real estate,	6,000 00
"	all other investments and debts due the Company,	2,950 00
"	premium notes on Risks terminated,	1,951, 96
"	losses claimed and unpaid,	4,892 00
"	losses reported, upon which the liability of the Company is not determined,	10,200 00
"	Cash received for premiums on fire risks	112,391 34
"	Cash received for premiums on marine risks,	13,666 19
"	notes received for premiums on marine risks,	26,063 00
"	cash received for interest,	12,590 00
"	fire losses paid the last year,	82,776 62
"	marine losses " "	27, 545 73
"	dividends " "	17,194 00
"	expenses of office,	4,700 00
"	other expenditures,	24,618 28
"	cash received for fire risks not terminated,	112,138 40
"	required to re-insure all outstanding risks,	56,069 20
"	premium notes on risks not terminated,	26,068 60
Highest rate of Interest received,		6 per cent.
Balance to credit of profit and loss account,		101,194 20

S. MAURAN, President.
J. S. PARISH, Secretary.

GEO. W. REED, Gen. Agt., Boston.
R. E. LADD, Springfield. j2—2w.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed agent for the several Insurance Companies for which Mr. B. F. Goff was agent at the time of his decease, is now prepared to effect Insurance on any risk, or to renew any Policy that may expire in any of said Companies. OTIS LANE.

Office at Ware Savings Bank,
Ware, Nov. 26, 1859—tf.

GREAT ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING

AND

SUMMER GOODS.

P. P. KELLOGG,

PALMER DEPOT,

IS NOW RECEIVING

A FRESH SUPPLY

—OF—

Seasonable Goods,

Consisting of

Everything New and Beautiful,

TO WHICH WE INVITE THE ATTENTION

OF THE PUBLIC.

May 5, 1860.

SCRAP IRON.

I WILL PAY THE FORGE PRICE, viz, $1 per 100 lbs, for all good wrought scrap iron offered in exchange for Goods. E. BROWN.

WILLOW CRADLES and EMPIRE CHILDREN'S CABS. in great variety, for sale at low prices, by

Palmer, May 5. E. BROWN.

WHEREAS my wife, Elvira Hadgeney, has left my bed and board, without just provocation, I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting. PHILO HADGENEY.

Belchertown, May 26, 1860—3w*

PRINTS!
PRINTS!
PRINTS!

Cases of New Prints just received and selling very low at CROSS & Co.'s.

FOUND—in Palmer, between Tenneyville and the Depot Village, a purse containing a sum of money, which the owner can have by calling upon the subscriber, and proving the property.

Monson, June 2—3w* GEORGE ELLIS.

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and Female Physician, presents to the attention of MOTHERS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will almay all pain and spasmodic action, and is SURE to Regulate THE BOWES. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other article of medicine, never has it failed, in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medicinal virtues. We speak in this matter what we do know, after 10 years experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in 15 or 20 minutes after the syrup is administered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the bowels, and wind colic, and overcome convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the above complaints—Do not let your own prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes absolutely sure to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price only 25 cents per bottle.—Principal office, No. 13, Cedar st., New York. Dec. 18.—1y.

HATS! HATS!

THE Subscriber has just receive a GOOD ASSORTMENT of

Gentlemen's Fashionable Dress Hats,

Which will be sold cheap.

Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere.

Palmer, June 2—tf. H. W. MUNGER.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of

MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.

☞Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.

Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to

CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassowanno Block.

Palmer Ayril 28, 1860.

REFRIGERATORS.

THE subscriber has been appointed manufacturer's agent for the sale of the most approved article before the public. Purchasers are invited to call at my store and examine a very desirable article. E. BROWN.

Palmer, May 12, 1860.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cane, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.

Wholesale Depot, 48 Cedar St., New York.

Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO.; Box No 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which, if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends ACCOUNT BOOKS	A
B	Mends BUREAUS	B
C	Mends CRADLES	C
D	Mends DOLLS	D
E	Mends ETAGERES	E
F	Mends FANS	F
G	Mends GUITARS	G
H	Mends HARPS	H
I	Mends INLAID WORK	I
J	Mends JARS	J
K	Mends KNOBS	K
L	Mends LEATHER WORK	L
M	Mends MIRROR FRAMES	M
N	Mends NEWEL POST	N
O	Mends OTTOMANS	O
P	Mends PIANO-FORTES	P
Q	Mends QUILT-FRAMES	Q
R	Mends ROCKING-HORSES	R
S	Mends SOFAS	S
T	Mends TABLES	T
U	Mends UMBRELLA-STICKS	U
V	Mends VASES	V
W	Mends WORK-BOXES	W
X	Mends XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK	X
Y	Mends YARD-STICKS	Y
Z	Mends ZEPHYR WOOD-WORK	Z
&	In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.	&

1	S	Mends Sofas	1
2	P	Mends Pitchers	2
3	A	Mends Accordeons	3
4	L	Mends Letter-Scaling	4
5	D	Mends Daguerreotype Cases	5
6	I	Mends Images	6
7	N	Mends New Breakages	7
8	G	Mends Gun Stocks	8
9	S	Mends School Books	9
10	P	Mends Parasols	10
11	R	Mends Rulers	11
12	E	Mends Electrical Machines	12
13	P	Mends Paper Hangings	13
14	A	Mends Arm Chairs	14
15	R	Mends Rickety Furniture	15
16	E	Mends Eraser Handles	16
17	D	Mends Desks	17
18	G	Mends Globes	18
19	L	Mends Loosened Leaves	19
20	U	Mends Upholstered Furniture	20
21	E	Mends Egg Beaters	21
22		Mends Acorn Work	22
23		Mends Chess Boards	23
24		Mends Fiddles	24
25		Mends Shell Work	25
26		Mends Fillet Work	26
27		Mends Hobby Horses	27
28		Mends Kaleidoscopes	28
29		Mends Money Boxes	29
30		Mends Picture Frames	30
31		Mends Secretaries	31
32		Mends Veneering	32
33		Mends School Furniture	33
34		Mends Papier-mache	34
35		Mends Wardrobes	35
36		Mends Parian Marble	36
37		Mends Cribs	37
38		Mends Baby Jumpers	38
39		Mends Ivory Work	39
40		Mends Match Safes	40
41		Mends Pictures	41
42		Mends Quilt-Wheels	42
43		Mends Towel Racks	43
44		Mends Wash Stands	44
45		Mends Bedsteads	45
46		Mends Drums	46
47		Mends Chessmen	47
48		Mends Ballot Boxes	48
49		Mends Herbariums	49
50		Mends Backgammon Boards	50
51		Mends Hand boxes	51
52		Mends Black boards	52
53		Mends Bass viols	53
54		Mends Billiard Tables	54
55		Mends Billiard Cues	55
56		Mends Bird Cages	56
57		Mends Broomsticks	57
58		Mends Book Cases	58
59		Mends Boot Crimps	59
60		Mends Brush Handles	60
61		Mends Brushes	61
62		Mends Cabinets	62
63		Mends Churns	63
64		Mends Clock cases	64
65		Mends Crutches	65
66		Mends Cupboards	66
67		Mends Curtains	67
68		Mends Casings	68
69		Mends Caddies	69
70		Mends Cameras	70
71		Mends Chairs	71
72		Mends Charts	72
73		Mends Clothes frames	73
74		Mends Cards cases	74
75		Mends Chests	75
76		Mends Diaries	76
77		Mends Work stands	77
78		ends Draught Boards	78
79		ends Dishes	79
80		ends Doors	80
81		ends Divans	81
82		ends Dice Boxes	82
83		ends Dominoes	83
84		" Fireboards	84
85		" Flutes	85
86		" Ballusters	86
87		" Glassware	87
88		" Handles	88
89		" Guttapercha Ware	89
90		" Kites	90
91		" Tops	91
92		" Organs	92
93		" Models	93
94		" Sewing-machine Stands	94
95		" Panels	95
96		" Pasteboard Work	96
97		" Patterns	97
98		" Side Boards	98
99		" Wooden-ware	99
100		" Willow-ware	100

Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 29 1y

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

TROY, Oct. 28, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.

Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours palns and weakness in breast, sides and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.

HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N Y.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine. f11—1y.

A FINE LOT OF GOODS
BOUGHT AT THE LATE
CHEAP PRICES,
DOWN, Down, Down,
ELEGANT, Stylish, Durable,
FRESH, Fanciful And staid,
GOOD IN Design: Also,
HANDSOME To look at;
IN GOOD Colors and Finish,
JUST the things Of all
KINDS and Qualities to
LOOK at and Admire;
MAY be found At all times, and
NOW, Particularly, Just
OVER the South Side
PALMER, MASS;
QUEER Place, But known all
ROUND as The best
SHOP of all At which to
TURN a Dollar or two
UNDER all Circumstances;
VERY profitably Indeed:
WE shall try to Make it
XACTLY the Place for
YOU to examine
& FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,

McGilvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GAITERS & SLIPPERS,

PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,

SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &.

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers

these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists. Price 25 cents per box. JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y.

VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS

WILL FIND BRYAN'S WAFERS

INVALUABLE TO REMOVE

HOARSENESS AND SORE THROAT,

AND GIVE CLEARNESS TO THE VOICE.

THEY RELIEVE IN TEN MINUTES,

COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES,

OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

AT 25 CENTS A BOX

AGENTS—Dr. Wm. Holbrook; Palmer, L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

☞These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the Second page of Pamphlet are well observed. ☜

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and six postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS

ARE A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION.

THEY ARE SAFE AND NEVER FAIL

TO REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS,

AND CURE ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

WHEN the DIRECTIONS are FOLLOWED.

THEY are a BLESSING and a CURE,

AND CAN BE SENT BY MAIL

FOR $1 AND 6 POSTAGE STAMPS.

AGENTS.—G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs. 25—1y.

NOW READY! The Life and Public Services of

HON. ABRAM LINCOLN,

of Illinois, and

HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

of Maine,

Republican Candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States.

Illustrated with handsome portraits. 1 vol. 12mo. 128 pages. Price 25 cents. For sale everywhere.

AGENTS WANTED—to sell the above in all sections of the country. Terms liberal. Address THAYER & ELDRIDGE, Publishers, 114 and 116 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

My First Born.

A little precious baby
Came to my heart one day,
And folded there most lovingly,
A long sweet time she lay.

Her little fairy fingers
O'er my bosom softly crept:—
A faint thrill ever lingers
There, where her pure cheek slept.

Her eyes were dark and beautiful
As evening's starry sky;
Her voice was clear and musical
As birds that sing on high,

Like lilies gleamed her snowy skin,
Like pale gold shone her hair,
Like pearls, her rose-bud lips within,
Shone tiny teeth so fair!

So fair, so pure, my little gem,
That angels came to see,
And seeing, bore her home with them,
Their angel-babe to be.

And ever, when cast down apart,
In agony I weep,
There thrills within my stricken heart
A thought that ne'er shall sleep;

That cradled in an angel's arms—
From every sorrow free—
A little bright-winged seraph child
Waits lovingly for me!

SIGHTS AND SOUNDS IN THE AIR.—Several correspondents in the London Times have sent to that paper, accounts of wonderful sights and sounds in the air, which they have lately seen and heard. One writer saw a broad, illuminated pillar of mist, which proved to be a portion of an arc, in all respects resembling a rainbow, except that no prismatic colors were visible. Others twenty miles apart, heard the discharge of a gun high up in the air. The report was sharp and as instantaneous as cannon. Some believed it to be a clap of thunder.

☞ A wag says it is "folly to expect a girl to love a man whom everybody speaks well of. Get up a persecution, and her affections will cling so fast that a dozen guardians can't begin to remove them."

☞ There are refined kinds of sentiment as there are sugar; a man for, instance, takes his in the lump—hard though easily melted with a tear; but with a woman, it is always moist.

☞ Many who would not for the whole world utter a falsehood, are yet eternally scheming to produce false impressions on the mind of others, respecting facts, and opinions.

☞ The thumb is a useful member; but because you have got one, you needn't necessarily try to get your neighbors under it.

☞ Can't we make your lover jealous, miss?" Oh, yes, sir, I think we can, if we *put our heads together.*"

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS,

Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

SAMUEL BLAIR, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. A large assortment of Gold and Silver Goods kept constantly on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Palmer, Jan. 2, 1859.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.
M. W. FRENCH. JOHN GAMWELL.

G. S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

Health and its Pleasures, or Disease with its Agonies. Choose between them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

NERVOUS DISORDERS.—What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one: drink but little wine, beer or spirits, or far better none; take no coffee, weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget that you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.—If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite. These feelings which so sadden us, most frequently arise from annoyance or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follows, as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

Disorders of the Kidneys.—In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel or with aches and pains settled in the loins, over the region of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed-time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs out of Order.—No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasm—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Ague,	Dropsy,	Inflammation,	Sore Throats,
Asthma,	Dysentery,	Jaundice,	Stone and Gravel,
Billious complaints,	Erysipelas,	Liver Complaints,	Secondary Symptoms,
Blotches on the Skin,	Female Irregularities,	Lumbago,	Tumors,
Bowel complaints,	Fevers of all kinds,	Rheumatism,	Ulcers,
Colics,	Fits,	Retention of Urine,	Venereal Affections,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Gout,	Scrofula, or Kings,	Worms of all kinds,
	Headache,	King's Evil,	Weakness from whatever cause.
	Indigestion,		
	Consumption,	Debility,	&c., &c., &c.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unles the words, "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. 2—1y

THE GREAT DOWNFALL

IN

MILLINERY GOODS.

HAS BEEN FULLY REALIZED!

The attention of the trading public is invited by

J. H. STORRS

To the large additions made to his stock during the past week, purchased at ruinous prices, which we are bound to sell at prices that will astonish.

100 SILK AND CRAPE HATS,

15 CARTONS RIBBONS,

50 BOXES WREATHS,

NEW STYLES OF FANCY SILKS,

and

EVERY STYLE OF BONNETS,

From 25 cents to $10 00.

The Low Priced System of

HOOP SKIRTS

Is introduced.

13 Springs,	50 cts.
15 "	62 "
20 "	75 "
25 "	1 00
30 "	1 25

More WHITE HOSE, 7 cts.
" COL'RD " "
" of those LINEN HANDKERCH'FS.

New Styles of MANTILLAS,
" " LACE POINTS,
" " PARASOLS,
" " MITTS,

And many Goods too numerous to mention, which will all be sold at very low prices.

A particular invitation is extended to all to visit and make a full examination of our stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Respectfully,
J. H. STORRS.

Ware, May 19, 1860.

THE ONLY PREPARATION

That has STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, and grows more and more popular every day!

AND testimonials, new, and almost without number might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

PROF. WOOD: Thee will please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life having reduced me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This indueed me to pay Brigg & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair, thick and black, though short. It is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"The reward s to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIRBY.

LIGONIER, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray; so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars worth of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect.

Very respectfully, yours, A. M. LATTA,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

The Restorative is put up in buttles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least 20 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent; more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Nov. 26

LIVERY STABLE REMOVED.

THE subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the

NASSOWANNO BARN,

where he will keep

HORSES & CARRIAGES,

As usual, and let them at reasonable prices.

☞ He will also furnish feed for horses any length of time. WILLIAM FULLER.

Palmer, April 21, 1860—tf.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We have received a large addition to our stock of Spring Clothing, and are selling Cheaper than the Cheapest. CROSS & Co.

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

OR Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron Combined. This well known Remedy has been used extensively and with great success for DYSPEPSIA, or Impaired and Imperfect Digestion: for the consequent Deterioration of the Blood, and for the following forms of Disease, most of which have their origin in Dyspepsia:

LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, NEURALGIA and NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, LOSS OF APPETITE, HEADACHE, LANGUOR and DEPRESSION of SPIRITS, CARBUNCLES and BOILS PILES, SCURVY, AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, CONSUMPTIVE TENDENCIES, BRONCHITIS, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, & ALL COMPLAINTS ACCOMPANIED BY GENERAL DEBILITY, AND REQUIRING

A TONIC AND ALTERATIVE MEDICINE.

Note.—The failure of IRON as a remedy for ***Dyspepsia,*** a bad state of the blood, and the numerous diseases caused thereby, has arisen from the want of such a preparation of Iron as shall enter the stomach in a PROTOXIDE state, and assimilate at once with the blood. This want the PERUVIAN SYRUP supplies, and it does so in the only form in which it is possible for Iron to enter the circulation. For this reason the PERUVIAN SYRUP often radically CURES diseases in which other preparations of Iron and other medicines have been found to be of no avail.

Certificate of A. A. HAYES, M. D., of Boston.

It is well known that the medicinal effects of Protoxide of Iron are lost by even a very brief exposure to air, and that to maintain a solution of Protoxide of Iron, without further oxidation, has been deemed impossible.

In the PERUVIAN SYRUP this desirable point is attained by COMBINATION IN A WAY BEFORE UNKNOWN; and this solution may replace all the proto-carbonates, citrates and tartrates of the Materia Medica.

A. A. HAYES, Assayer to the State of Mass.
16 Boylston Street, Boston.

Certificate of Jas. R. Chilton, M. D., of N. York.

It is well known that it has been found very difficult to preserve in a PALATABLE form, for a desirable length of time, compounds of the Protoxide of Iron.—The "Peruvian Syrup," I am pleased to say, accomplished this desirable end.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.
93 Prince Street, New York, Aug. 8, 1859.

Certificate from well known Citizens of Boston.

The undersigned, having experienced the beneficial effects of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, do not hesitate to recommend it to the attention of the public.

Rev. John Pierpont,	Peter Harvey,
Thomas A. Dexter,	James C. Dunn,
S. H. Kendall, M. D,	Samuel May,
Thomas C. Amory,	Rev. Thos. Whittemore.

Certificate from well known Citizens of N. York.

New York, Nov. 17th, 1859.

The experience which we have had of the PERUVIAN SYRUP and the evidence which has been exhibited to us of its great success in the cure of many diseases, satisfies us that it is a medicinal agent of remarkable power and deserving the attention of invalids.

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Esq., President of the Metropolitan Bank.
Rev. AB STEVENS, Editor Christian Advocate & Journal.
JOHN G. NELSON, Esq., Firm of Nelson & Richmond, 61 John St.
Rev. P. CHURCH, Editor New York Chronicle.
ISAAC V. FOWLER, Esq., Post Master, New York City.

TESTIMONIALS FROM CLERGYMEN,

On the efficacy of the Peruvian Syrup and the benefits they have derived from its use:

Rev. JOHN PIERPONT, Medford, Mass.—Its efficacy in Salt Rheum and other Cutaneous Diseases.
Rev. WARREN BURTON, Boston, Mass.—Its efficacy in Headaches, Loss of Appetite, Oppression, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. ARTHUR B. FULLER.—Its Efficacy in Nervous Headaches, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Substitute for Alcoholic Spirits, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. AUGUSTUS R. POPE, Somerville, Mass.—Cure for Boils and General Debility
Rev. GURDON ROBBINS, Hartford, Conn.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Substitute for Alcoholic Stimulants.
Rev. SYLVANUS COBB, Boston Mass.—Its Use and Efficacy in family: Restoration of Strength after Typhoid Fever
Rev. THOM. WHITTEMORE, Boston, Mass.—Its Use and Value Paralysis, Dyspepsia, and Dropsy on the Chest; Its adds It gives me new Vigor, Buoyancy of Spirits, Elasticity of Muscle.
Rev. OSBORN MYRICK, Provincetown, Mass.—Its Efficacy in St. Vitus's Dance, and Chronic Bronchitis.
Rev EPHRAIM NUTTER, Jr., Lawrence, Kansas Territory.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Debility, Prostration, and Adaptation to Western Climate Diseases.
Rev THOMAS H. PONS.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Exhaustion of Nervous System.
Rev. RICHARD METCALF, Boston, Mass.—Its Use as a Promoter of Digestion; He says: "It has proved just the Tonic that I wanted."
Rev. M. P. WEBSTER, Boston, Mass.—Its Value in Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Derangement of Liver and Stomach.
Rev. JOS. H. CLINCH, Boston, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Diarrhœa and General Debility.
Rev. ABRAHAM JACKSON, Walpole, N. H.—Its Efficacy in Piles, Dyspepsia, and Unhealthy Appetite.
Rev. J. PEARSON, Jr., Newburyport, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Debility.
Rev. ARTHUR B. R. CRAWLEY, Hersheds, Burmah, E. I. Climatic Debility, Swelling of the Extremities.
Prof. E VITALIS SCHERB, Boston, Mass.—Its Restorative Power after Fever, Exhaustion of the Nervous System, and Dyspepsia; Recommendation to "Scholars, Teachers, Clergymen and Editors."
Rev. HENRY UPHAM, Boston Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Affections of the Liver.
Rev. S. H. RIDDEL, Boston, Mass.—Its value in cases of Bronchitis, Indigestion Torpid Liver, Neuralgia, and Nervous Debility.
Rev. P. C. HEADLEY, Greenfield Mass.—Its Genuineness as a Medical Agent and Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa and Pleurisy.
Rev. J. W. OLMSTEAD, Boston, Mass.—General Recommendation, and Confidence in its Genuineness as a Medicine; Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

N. B. Pamphlets containing Letters from the above named Gentlemen and others, and giving full information of the Syrup, can be had on application to the Agents, or to

N. L. CLARK & Co.

PROPRIETORS,
CODMAN BUILDINGS,
No. 78 SUDBURY STREET,.....BOSTON.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency.

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE undersigned will issue policies for the following responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing a capital of nearly

THREE MILLION DOLLARS!

STOCK COMPANIES.....CAPITAL and ASSETS.	
The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
The CHARTER OAK, Hartford,	350,000.
The HOME of New Haven,	222,000.

And the QUINCY and CONWAY Mutuals.

Insurance effected on all descriptions of Real and Persoual property, from one month to five years, at favorable rates.

☞ Policies registered and losses adjusted and PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

Also, agent for the Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co. Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to
Palmer, May 26. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

DAVID F. McGILVRAY & Co.,

(Successors to Brodhead & Co.,)

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Nos. 53 and 55 Tremont Street Boston.

☞ All kinds of Merchandise solicited for Sale as above. 42—1y

☞ **IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.** ☜

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company's

SAPONIFIER,

The ready Family Soap Maker, and Universal Cleaner.

Will make hard water soft, clean paint, remove ink from type, grease from kitchen utensils, &c.

One Box costs	25 cts.
4 to 4½ lbs refuse grease, usually given away, at about ½ cent ₰ lb, say	20—45 cts.

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of FIRST RATE SOFT SOAP.

Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing Depot of Company.

LEWIS, JAMES & Co., Philadelphia.

☞ The Saponifier can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the country. 1—1y

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!

Of the newest patterns, call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

CROCKERY.

A large invoice of Crockery received this week by CROSS & Co.

BLOOD FOOD.

HEALTHY human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediatly into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria. Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.

Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—1y

Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,

and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other fits. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 409 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT SEWING MACHINE!

JUST LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being

ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS

for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.

☞ These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.

W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.

Palmer, March 31, 1860.

COFFINS!

COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of

MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,

and

WHITE WOOD COFFINS.

of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.
Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

M. S. MOULTON

WOULD call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinty to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

☞ Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.

N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL!!

WE have just received a cargo of the celebrated

FRANKLIN COAL,

Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of

CUMBERLAND,

And another of

LACKAWANNA.

We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.

EMORY S. BROOKS has opened a shop in Walte's Building, opposite the Antique House, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay.

N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!

DORCHESTER Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.

Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.

WM. F. TEMPLE, Sec'y. ASAPH CHURCHILL, Pr.
CHARLES A. WOOD, General Agent.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.

BOSTON—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohier, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq; DORCHESTER—Alpheus Hardy, Esq, Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.

☞ Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property. $934,613
Real estate, 3,202,541—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid, $38,088,20
Deposit notes, 69,469,63
Stock Co.—1740 policies—amt. at risk, $2,409,927,02
Capital, $50,000
Cash surplus, 21,251,94—$71,251,94
Oct 15—1y O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that I wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.
R. G. PALMER.
Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m

PAINTING!

THE subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging,

and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand

PAINTS, OILS,

and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.

WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.
Palmer, April 14, 1860.

THE Best and Latest Styles of DRESS GOODS May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

Dyspepsia Remedy

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

IT STIMULATES, EXHILARATES, INVIGORATES BUT WILL NOT INTOXICATE OR STUPEFY.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the DELIRIUM TREMENS, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

DOSE.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.
One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.
One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.
A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder, or Urinary organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions, should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy, and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities from the menstrual organs, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the care-worn face.

During pregnancy it will be found an invaluable medicine to remove disagreeable sensations at the stomach.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the INVIGORATING SPIRIT in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts $1. 43—1y

General Depot, 48 Water Street, New York.

Agents.—Weeks & Potter, Boston; Dr. Wm. Holbrook and Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

DR. LA CROIX'S Private Medical Treatise on the

PHYSIOLOGICAL View of MARRIAGE

250 PAGES and 130 Engravings.—Price only 25 cts. Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union. On the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginings, involuntary imaginations, blushings, defective memory, indigestion and lassitude, with confessions of thrilling interest of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, &c., &c. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled.

Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing of the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's New Paris and London Treatment.

We have, for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in visiting the European Hospitals, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and Surgeons on the Continent. Those who place themselves under our care will now have the full benefit of the many new and efficacious remedies which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy and attention being paid to their cases which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore, as a Physician in our peculiar department of professional practice for the past 25 years.

FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.—Ladies who wish for Medicine, the efficacy of which has been tested in thousands of cases, and never failed to effect speedy cures without any bad results, will use none but Dr. DeLancy's Female Periodical Pills. The only precaution necessary to be observed is, ladies should not take them if they have reason to believe they are in certain situations, (the particulars of which will be found on the wrapper accompanying each box,) though always safe and healthy so gentle, yet so active are they.

Price $1 per box. They can be mailed to any part of the United States.

TO THE LADIES—Who need a CONFIDENTIAL medical adviser with regard to any of those interesting complaints to which their delicate organization renders them liable, are particularly invited to consult us.

The "Electro-Galvanic Protective."—For married ladies whose health will not admit, or who have no desire to increase their family, may be obtained as above. It is perfectly safe, and has been extensively used during the last 8 years. Price reduced to $10.

Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, and on Sunday from 2 till 5 P. M.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptons by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

Dr. L.'s office is still located as established, under the name of Dr. La Croix, at No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 copies of a medical book of 32 pages, on Spermatorrhea, for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, lassitude, depression of spirits, drowsiness, pains in the limbs and back, timidity, dizziness, dimness from early errors, by following the instructions given in this book, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of Consumptive and Nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will therefore send free to any address, on the receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box 579, P. O., Albany, N. Y.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN & PALMER R. R.

On and after April 9, 1860, trains will run as follows: Leave Amherst for Palmer at 8.00 A.M. Leave Palmer for Amherst at 2.00 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains to and from Boston, Springfield, Albany and New York.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, trains will be run between Amherst and Palmer, leaving Amherst at 4.00 p.m., arriving at Palmer in season to connect with evening trains from Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany, Hartford, New Haven, and New York. Returning leave Palmer at 6.15.

Stage accommodation at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley and Sunderland. W. DIXEY, General Agent.
Amherst, April 9, 1860.

To Painter, House Builders,

And Consumers of WHITE LEAD & COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & Brothers, of Philadelphia, continue to manufacture White Lead and Colors of the same reliable qualities manufactured by their predecessors, Mord'k Lewis & Co. The White Lead is of the same superior quality that has always distinguished their Lead, and for whiteness and durability is unsurpassed by any Lead of any manufacture.

Particular attention is called to the fact that Messrs. John T. Lewis & Brothers' Lead is put up *full weight*, and every keg contains the quantity marked upon it, and not, as is the custom generally, of charging for weight of keg as well as lead.

Their COLORS—Green, Yellows, Blues, Reds, &c.—can be depended upon, not only as regards their brilliancy and fastness of color, but for their uniformity—the same to-day, yesterday and to-morrow.

For sale by all the principal dealers in Paints throughout New England, and by
THAYER, BRIGHAM & FIELD.
32 India Street, Boston.

LEWIS'S PURE WHITE LEAD. LEWIS'S COLORS.

THE PRETTIEST BONNET,

May be found at CROSS & Co's.

HUMPHREYS' Specific Homeopathic Remedies FOR THE PEOPLE.

HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.

The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.

No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4.—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5.—For Colic, Gripings, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE IRREGULARITIES, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13.—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS.—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, and Mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore,

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1860. NUMBER 5.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

—BY—

FISK & GOFF.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum. To those who pay STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. Twenty-five Cents will be deducted. For six months 75 Cents; for three months 38 Cents.

ADVERTISING,—The space occupied by twelve lines advertising type constitute a square. For one square, one week, 75 cents; for two or three weeks, $1 00. For each subsequent insertion 20 cents. Legal advertising 20 per cent. in advance of these rates. Special and obituary notices 10 cents per line. A discount made to yearly advertisers. Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

JOB PRINTING of nearly every description, and in the neatest styles, promptly executed.

PLEASANT READING.

—When a thought strikes you what should you do with it? *Hit it again.*

—Slanders issuing from red and beautiful lips are like foul spiders crawling from the blushing heart of the rose.

—Dogs are said to "speak with their tails." Would it be proper to call a short tailed dog a stump orator?

—Fever and ague is one of the most impartial of diseases—it always gives its victims a fair shake.

—"Union is not always strength," as the sailor said when he saw the purser mixing his rum with water.

—Surely it is a blessed privilege to be kissed by the breeze, that has kissed all the pretty women in the world.

The Gospel Banner gives a recipe for preventing cream from rising on milk. It is to buy the article of the milk-man.

—A young naval officer of the name of Moore, having presented a gold anchor to his affianced bride, a wag remarked that she was *moored.*

—A teacher of vocal music asked an old lady if her grandson had an ear for music.—"Wall," said the old lady, "I rately don't know; won't you take a candle and look?"

—Old Bachelor Sneer would like to know what kind of a broom the young woman in the last new novel, used, when she swept back the raven ringlets from her classic brow.

—We don't exactly know what the "height of ambition" is, but we have seen many fussy little specimens of it not much more than five feet high.

—"Where are you going?" asked a little boy of another, who had slipped and fallen on the icy pavement. "Going to get up!" was the blunt reply.

—How many a man, by throwing himself to the ground in despair, crushes and destroys forever a thousand flowers of hope that were ready to spring up and gladden all his pathway.

—It is a good state of mind for mortal man when he is content to leave no more definite memorial than the grass, which will sprout kindly and speedily over his grave, if we do not make the spot barren with marble.

—As a late professor was one day walking near Aberdeen, he met a well known "natural." "Pray," said the professor, "how long can a man live without brains?" "I dinna ken," said Jemmy, scratching his head; "but how old are ye yerself?"

—Colonel Slobkins says that out in Indiana, where he keeps tavern, the hoosiers drink so much new corn whiskey that "tassels" grow out through the crowns of their hats, and the "silk" hangs through the holes of their trowsers.

—The man once accused goes forth into society never the same as before; he keeps his position, he practices his profession, his friends know him to be true and honest; but, for years after, the oblivious world, remembering only the accusation, and forgetting the fullness of the refutation, asks, "But were there not some suspicious circumstances?"

—"I don't know how it is," soliloquized a drunken loafer, "but it seems to me there is the thunderingest hopping up of things to-night that I ever did see; even the meeting-houses are dancing jigs, and the moment I lets go the post, up jumps the sidewalk and hits me a confounded dig in the forehead. It won't do; I want's to go home to Suke, but I'm afraid to stir; it is as much as my life is worth; and if I did go home to her, she'd give me a dig too—that's her way."

A DIFFERENCE.—The English are slow people most assuredly Instead of making up a handsome sum for the defaulting cashier of the Union Bank of London, Mr. Pullinger, they have sentenced him to a penal servitude of twenty years' duration. *Our* defaulter to the Union, Mr. Fowler, not only escapes, but has a property made up for him to render exile endurable, and he is spoken of tenderly as if he were a patriot martyr, who had sacrificed his fortune to the welfare of his country.

INDIAN TROUBLES.—There has been severe fighting between the whites and Indians in Washoe country, and the reds got the best of it on the 12th of May, killing 50 of the pale faces, and wounding others. Nearly two thirds of the whites, 105 in number, were cut off. Great preparations were making to retrieve the disaster, but it is feared that the Washoe miners would suffer much, as they had neither arms nor ammunition.

PAPAL SOLDIERS.—The English government have put a stop to the enlistment of Papal soldiers in Ireland, a very proper proceedure. The Sergeant Kites of Rome can turn their attention to this country, where the Irish are numerous, and where there is no government that would dare to interfere with their doings. They might beat up for recruits under the very banner of Keys, without any one venturing to bring their proceedings to a deadlock.

HEENAN AND SAYERS COMING TO THIS COUNTRY.—Among the first fruits of the settlement of the dispute about the belt is the laying out of two campaigns by the champions, from which they will no doubt reap a golden harvest. After a tour of eight weeks in England and Ireland in the course of which they will give exhibitions in the principal towns, Heenan and Sayers will come to this country together.

A YOUTHFUL ELOPEMENT.—At Havre De Grace, Md., recently a young man by the name of Cox, only 19 years old, eloped with a young lady named Watkins, who had reached the advanced age of 14. The telegraph was put in operation, but the babies were married before the officer could get hold of them.

Tired of Life.

I'm tired of life—a poor man said—
The world has nothing now for me,
Save toiling for my daily bread
In hopeless misery.

I'm tired of life—a maiden sung,
Whilst cruel pangs beset her breast—
Betrayed by one whose serpent tongue
Has robbed my soul of rest.

I'm tired of life—a young man sighed—
Fame, fortune, friends were sought in vain;
False-hearted pomp and purse blown pride,
Were found where these should reign.

I'm tired of life—a mother said,
Who held her dead babe to her breast—
O would to God that I were dead,
And with my babe at rest.

I'm tired of life—the skeptic cried—
'Tis but a round of endless pain;
And all that ever lived and died
Have lived and died in vain.

I'm tired of life—an aged seer
Lisped forth in accents sweet and low;
Life's but a smile and death a tear—
My soul is weary and would go.

Yes, tired of life's the burden still
Of broken hearts, from morn till even;
Take cheer, O, weary soul! there will
Be endless rest in heaven!

A REPUBLICAN SPEECH.

At a Republican mass meeting held in New York on Thursday evening, to ratify the nomination of Lincoln and Hamlin, Geo. William Curtis was introduced and spoke as follows:

FELLOW REPUBLICANS:—I have a watch as well as you; I am aware that there must be short words about a long man. [Laughter]. There is but one thing to say, as there is but one thing thought by all earnest and resolute men at this time. The question itself is perfectly understood; the enemy that we have to meet is not an enemy of our seeking. It is the old Sphynx of Slavery, set there in the path of our progress, eating up candidates, presidents and men of every kind, as fast as they present themselves, and, as we have seen with reference to the history of the Democratic party, since that party has failed to settle the question of Slavery, the question of Slavery has settled the party. [Laughter.—"Guud! good!"] Look for a moment at the actual state of affairs at the present time.—Remember that at this very time you have a man, who, as Senator of the United States, voted to tamper with the mails in the interests of Slavery, now sitting in his chair at Washington; you have a man rising in the seat of John Jay endeavoring to infuse, with the solemn sanction of the Supreme Court, his private opinion that, wherever the flag of the country floats—a flag spangled with stars of glory, but also with stripes for our dishonor—that man has proclaimed that wherever that flag floats there slavery goes. You find a vast ramification of the feudal system in all its offices, each one of them but a loophole through which hot shot is to be fired at the great distinctive idea of the country; every little postmaster in every little town the advocate of this system sought to be made national or holding his tongue as the price of his salary; every small custom-house officer expected to carry primary meetings in his pocket; to insult at Fourth of July dinners men who openly quote the Declaration of Independence. You find the slave trade in fact, though not in law, re-opened; and at length the Slave party, grown violent, with disdain stands before the country, holding before you your sacred Constitution, and saying to you: "If you will admit that there is in that Constitution what we confess the fathers did not put there; if you will admit that that is pledged to a policy which we ourselves confess they did not contemplate; If you will agree to use the full force of the Union, which is now beneath our feet, for the purpose of enforcing that interpretation, then we will allow you that Constitution; but failing that, we will tear your Constitution to tatters, and trample your Union into the mud beneath your feet." Now, the Democratic party have lately met at Charleston, and they have sought to resolve this question. A friend who returned from that Convention said: "It seems to me the Democratic party is looking up."—"How," said I, "is that? how can it be looking up when it has just been so completely knocked down?" "That seems to be the case," he replied; "the Democratic party is looking straight up, because it has been knocked down, and if it looks any way it must look up." [Laughter and applause.] It is like the case of a cooper I knew in Massachusetts.—He was sent out by his friends into the country on account of scarcity of employment, but was presently found in town again.—"How is this," they asked him, "did you find no business to do in the country?" "Oh, yes," said he, "there were tubs to mend, and pails to mend, and taps to put in little hoops, but I have been used to building hogsheads, and doing a great business. I thought I would hold on, until one day a man came to me and said, "Are you a cooper?" "Yes, I am a cooper." "Pretty smart workman?" "Yes, I am a pretty smart workman." "Well, won't you undertake to make a new barrel to this old hunghole of mine?" [Laughter.] "Then," said the cooper, "it seemed to me that the business had gin out in that town, and I came back to the city." [Laughter and applause.] The man whose name is presented to you at Chicago, remember, is a man whom you cannot buy or sell, nor scare. [Applause.] He stands on a platform of three planks, and the first of these is Honesty, so that his name is a proverb, as the name of Aristides was in Greece for justice; and the second of these is ability; so that he has met the greatest debater upon the other side, and defeated him before the eyes of the country, for the difference between Mr. Douglas and Mr. Lincoln is this, that Mr. Douglas is a little giant, and Mr. Lincoln is a great giant; and Mr. Lincoln took the little giant into his hand and looked at him for a moment, and laughed at him for an instant, then closed his hand, and the little giant disappeared, even as the substance of the rails which the boy Abraham Lincoln used to split upon the prairies.—[Great cheering.] Fellow citizens, at some other time we shall all meet, when you are less weary, but I cannot leave this platform without recording my allegiance to the great leader whom we supported at Chicago, and saying that, in the midst of that swarm of people, representing all parts of the country, while I felt that it was better for his renown that he should retain the name of Seward than that he should fill the seat of Buchanan, yet when the great shout went up for the adopted candidate at Chicago, I, too, was there, and I heard the thousands and tens and hundreds of thousands, not only in that wigwam, but wherever the telegraph could carry the great tidings, and my heart beat with others in the name of God, in the name of the Constitution and the men who made it, "Honest Old Abe and Victory!" "Honest Old Abe and Victory!" [Repeated cheering.]

THE PHRENOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF SAYERS.

Mr. Frederick Bridges, a phrenologist of Liverpool, has examined Tom Sayer's head, and publishes the following manifesto thereon: "The excitement that Sayers has caused by his visit to this town shows that brute courage has a large number of admirers. In a scientific point of view I felt anxious to see whether he came up to the true zoological rank of the professional fighting man. For many years I have made this class a study, and I have invariably found that those who were the most noted for brute courage had a configuration of brain of a special type. Tom Sayer's development shows how faithful nature is to herself, not only in the formation of the brain but in that of his physical system. His temperament shows a close, compact, dense, tough, enduring, elastic organization; no way bulky, but indicating that compactness and texture of muscle which so distinguish the fine, compact muscle of the race-horse from that of the draught horse. Indeed his physiological characteristics show mingled vivacity and capability for continued exertion. His complexion is very uncommon except amongst the Gipseys—it is a kind of red-olive color. The expression of his features is lively, showing animal vivacity; the eye quick and keen, but there is nothing of the mental expression in his face. The formation of his head is strikingly marked. It is narrow in the region of the reflective faculties and ideality, and gradually grows wider backward to combativeness, and rises in the region of firmness, self-esteem and love of approbation. Indeed, his very large combativenes, self-esteeem, love of approbation and firmness, give pluck and hull dog courage, and the ambition to be the most distinguished in the display of those qualities.

The peculiar courage displayed by Sayers appears to be much admired by persons in all ranks of life, but a moment's reflection will show that the courage he manifested in the late fight was nothing more than the same kind of pluck and courage which is displayed by the bull-dog and game-cock. There is nothing moral in it, because those qualities of mind which distinguish a human being from the brute are averse to such encounters.

FREDERICK BRIDGES,
Author of "Physiognomy External and Internal."

HOW AMERICANS BEAR PAIN.—Dr. Bacon, at a recent meeting of the New York Historical Society, made a statement which is very singular if true. He asserted that General Stark stated that Americans never groaned when wounded in battle. His statement was corroborated by other Generals of the Revolution. He said they always knew by the screams and groans after a volley, that the British had the worst of it. He desired to have this put in print; he thought the same power of enduring pain without any external manifestation, which existed in the aborigines, had descended to their successors in the country. It seemed to be the result of the climate. It existed in all Americans, even if they were Irish born, and emigrated to this country when they were but two years old.

SINGULAR PRESERVATION OF A CHILD.—The late English papers tell a story of a remarkable character, to the following effect. In one of the interior towns of England two gentlemen, on an exploring expedition, were peering down a well, said to be a hundred feet deep, when one of them distinguished the voice of a child in distress. After satisfying themselves that there was indeed some one in the well, they procured aid, and a boy, stimulated by the promise of a handsome reward, consented to descend, and was lowered to the bottom. He found there a living child of a few months old, who was brought to the surface, and found not to be seriously injured, though nearly famished for want of food. A young woman of the neighborhood is suspected of having lowered this child to the bottom by a cord and left it there to perish. It is thought that it had been there for nearly two days when it was discovered.

THE RELIGION OF PAYING DEBTS.—One of our religious exchanges has the following strong remarks on this subject. They drive the nail in to the head and clinch it: Men may sophisticate as they please. They can never make it right, and all the bankrupt laws in the universe can never make it right, for them not to pay their debts. There is a sin in this neglect as clear and as deserving of church discipline as is stealing or false swearing. He who violates his promise to pay, or withholds the payment of a debt when it is in his power to meet his engagement, ought to be made to feel that in the sight of all honest men he is a swindler. Religion may be a very comfortable cloak, under which to hide, but if religion does not make a man deal justly, it is not worth having.

OLD BUT GOOD.—Mr. Partington remarked to his wife that he had decided to make several oppositions to his house, and had actually purchased some of the immaterials for the purpose. "What do you propose to do," said Mrs. P.? "Why, my dear, I mean to build a lemonade in front, and then set out a revenue from the street to the front door." "And why not, my dear husband, run a position through the large room, and make it snug like, so that when our friends call, we can treat them kind of hostile?" "It will be a good place," said he; and I have been thinking of bringing down the wolf-pit spring, in an anecdote, so as to have a fountain." "It will be to costive, my dear, said Mrs. Partington to which he scented.

☞ Up to the present time, seventy five thousand eight hundred and ninety three bodies have been interred in Greenwood Cemetery. It may well be called the city of the dead.

THREE THINGS A WOMAN CAN'T DO.

The Ledger, through Fanny Fern, has some sharp hints for its lady readers. According to Fanny, "There are three things a woman can't do. 1st: She can't sharpen a lead pencil. Give her one and see. Mark how jaggedly she hacks away every particle of wood from the lead, leaving an unsupported spike of the latter, which breaks immediately you try to use it. You can almost forgive the male creature his compassionate contempt, as chucking her under the chin, he twitches it from her awkward little paw, and rounds and tapers it off in the most ravishing manner, for durable use. I wish to hear no argument on *that point*, because when I once make up my mind, "all the king's men can't change it." Well, then secondly: a woman can't do up a bundle. She takes a whole newspaper to wrap up a paper of pins, and a coil of rope to tie, it and it comes undone at that. When I go shopping—which it is sometimes my hard lot to do—I look on with the fascinated gaze of a bird in the neighborhood of a magnetic serpent, to watch clerks do up bundles. How the paper falls into just the right crease; how deftly they turn it over, and tuck it under, and and tie it up, and then throw it down on the counter, and, as if they had done the most commonplace thing in the world, instead of a deed which might—and faith—does! task the ingenuity of "angels!" It is perfectly astonishing!

Thirdly—I might allude to the fact that women cannot carry an umbrella; or rather to the very peculiar manner in which they perform that duty: but I won't. I scorn to turn traitor to a sex, who, whatever may be their faults are always loyal to each other. So I shall not say, as I might otherwise have said, that when they unfurl the parachute alluded to, they put it right down over their noses—take the middle of the sidewalks, raking off men's hats and women's bonnets as they go, and walking right into the breakfast of some unfortunate wight, with that disregard of the consequent gasp which to be understood must be felt as the offender cocks up one corner of the parachute and looks defiantly at the victim who had the effrontery to come into the world and hazard the whalebone and handle of her "umberil!" No, I won't speak of anything of the kind; besides, has not a celebrated writer remarked that when "dear woman is cross, it is only because she is sick!" Let us hope he is right. We all know that is not the cause of man's crossness. Give him his favorite dish and you may dine off him afterwards—if you can.

HEROIC SISTERS.—There dwelt in the village of Montague, at the period of the French revolution, two girls, named Felicite and Theophile Fernig. Both possessed beauty of a sweet and attractive kind, both were modest, reserved and apparently timid. The young—attacks demanded an immediate and strong resistance. Soldiers being wanted, the sisters put on their brother's clothes, armed themselves; and charged the plundering parties in the front rank of the National Guards. Notwithstanding every effort to disguise themselves effectually, General Buernonville discovered them, marked ther intrepid conduct, and presented them to General Dumouriez, who attached them, together with their father and brother, to his staff. Not only pure, but free from suspicion, they were the admiration and pride of the whole army. They distinguished themselves in every action previous to April 5, 1793. In an engagement near Brussels, they rushed headlong into the midst of the enemy, when a general officer called to them to surrender. The reply was a ball from the pistol of the younger, which laid him dead at her feet, and in the momentary confusion they drew back in safety. The same sister, at the battle of Jemappes, charged a Hungarian battalion with a small party of horse, and herself disarmed and took prisoner one of the most formidable of the grenadiers. His height on fuot was nearly the same as her own when mounted, and he was in despair when the musical tones of her voice saying, "General, this is a prisoner I have brought you," revealed to him the sex of the brilliant officer. Felicite attended the Duke of Chartres, and never failed to charge the enemy at his side. Both the sisters aided the escape of Dumouriez, accompanying him to the Austrian lines, the soldiers firing on them as they passed. Once beyond pursuit they resumed the attire of their sex, made no unnecessary display of courage, but labored industriously in support of their aged father. Theophile died at Brussels unmarried. Felicite wedded a Belgian General.

THEORY.—"Did you say, Ellen, that Mr. B. is poor?"

"Yes; he has only his profession."

"Will your uncle favor his suit?"

"No; and I can expect nothing from him."

"Then, Ellen, you will have to resign fashionable society."

"No matter, I shall see the more of Fred."

"You must give up expensive dress."

"Oh, Fred admires simplicity."

"You cannot keep your carriage."

"But we can have delightful walks."

"You must take a small house and furnish it plainly."

"Yes, for elegant furniture would be out of place in a cottage."

"You will have to cover your floor with a cheap thin carpet."

"Oh, then I shall hear his step the sooner."

☞ Steele says finely of a pure and noble woman of his day, that "to love her, was a liberal education." With equal truth can it be said, that not to love a pure and intelligent woman, betrays an ignorance for which no education can compensate.

☞ There are said to be some six hundred doctors in convention in New Haven. What a (temporary) relief from physic it must be to the towns where all these medicine men reside.

☞ The Milwaukee News says the best protector from musquitoes will be "obtained by marrying a pretty woman." These pests never bite a man when they can find something sweeter.

☞ It is a good sign to see the color of health in a man's face, but not to see it all concentrated in his nose.

HOW A MAN FEELS WHEN HE IS HUNG.

One would naturally suppose that a man who had suffered the horrors of hanging, just short of actual death, would never risk the gallows again; but such in one case at least was not the result. A house-breaker named Smith was hanged at Tyburn, Dec. 24, 1705, and when he had hung nearly fifteen minutes, the people shouted "a reprieve!" He was cut down, bled, and recovered! When asked what his feelings had been, he replied, in substance, that "when he was turned off he was for some time sensible of very great pain occasioned by the weight of his body, and felt his spirits in a strange commotion, forced their way to his head, he, as it were, saw a great blaze of glaring light, which seemed to go out of his eyes with a flash, and then he lost all sense of pain. That after he was cut down, and began to come to himself, the blood and spirits forcing themselves into their former channels, put him by a sort of pricking or shooting, to such an intolerable pain, that he could have wished those hung who cut him down." Ever afterwards he went by the name of "half-hanged Smith." This fellow soon returned to his former evil habits, and was again tried at the Old Baily for house breaking; and the jury brought in a special verdict, leaving the affair to the decision of the twelve judges, who decided in favor of the prisoner. Even after this second wonderful escape did not deter him from resuming his malpractices, and a third time he was to have been brought to trial, but the prosecuter died before the day appointed, and thus he once more got free. Nothing is known of his subsequent history.—*Chamber's Journal.*

ONE OF THE STONES.—One of the aerollte stones that fell in Summit Co., Ohio, during a meteoric shower last summer, has been found deeply buried in the earth. Its weight is 193 pounds, and it contained a considerable quantity of sulphurate of iron, and some nickel.—Very many of these stones fell during said shower. A professor of Yale is making such examinations of them as he thinks will enable him to tell whence they fell. What if that stone had hit any body?

AFTER THE WEDDING.—The sparkle of the notorious "Diamond Wedding" has departed, and nothing but dull, dead paste remains. The father of the bejewelled bride has been sued for $134 for wines and groceries delivered at the Brevoort House for that immortalized wedding, and to the judgment obtained the sheriff has returned "no effects!" Lieut. Bartlett, the fortunate father of the happy bride, has been shamefully outraged by being summoned before a judge to make oath as to his financial affairs.

CAPTURED AFRICANS AT KEY WEST.—There are now at Key West upwards of twelve hundred Africans taken from slavers by our cruisers under the guardianship of the agents of the Colonization Society in Liberia, for a season.—The New Orleans Delta, however suggests that they be apprenticed for a term of years to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

UNDRESS TOILETTES.—A painful feature of the gorgeous ball at the Hotel D' Albe in Paris was the total disregard to delicacy in the greater part of the ladies' costume; the generality of the toilettes being a complete *undress*; shoulderstays and sleeves were discarded, and in most cases replaced by a string of precious stones lightly holding together the scanty draperies of the corsage, which left exposed the bust and shoulders.

PERJURED HERSELF.—A girl of about fifteen years, named Mary Eugenia Plummer, has been convicted in England of perjury, in swearing to certain indecent assaults upon her by Rev. J. H. Hatch, that gentleman having been put upon his trial in consequence of her statements, and acquitted. The girl was sent to a reformatory institution.

DEATH OF A SOMNAMBULIST.—Mrs. Ann Hennessey, who walked out of a fourth story window at her residence in Hicks street, Brooklyn, while asleep, about a week ago, died on Tuesday night. She did not appear to have been hurt at the time, but sustained internal injuries which resulted in her death.

A GENERAL SCATTERING.—Other delegations besides the Massachusetts carried off negroes from Charleston. A paper published in that city say:—

"We understand that about fifteen negroes have been missing since the adjournment of the convention, which evidently shows that that body was accompanied by some private emissaries of the underground railroad.

THREE of the four ex-Presidents of the United States were in New York city last week, Messrs. Van Buren, Fillmore and Pierce, and all of them in excellent health. Mr. Van Buren is aged 78; Mr. Fillmore aged 60; Gen. Pierce aged 56.

A SLEEPY FERRYMAN.—A ferryman in Troy, recently, while in a somnambulic state, heard the call of a passenger, rose from his bed, ferried him across the river, and made change for his pay. He knew nothing of the transaction when he awoke.

SERIOUS DIFFICULTY.—Mr. Jones, master caulker in the Norfolk Navy Yard, got into difficulty with a workman he had discharged, on the 29th ult., and in a fracas which ensued he shot three men, one of them it is supposed fatally.

A GENEROUS BEQUEST.—The late Theodore Parker bequeathed his private library of more than 3000 volumes, to the city of Boston. Many of the volumes were selected in Europe, and cover a wide range of subjects, including works in over sixty different languages.

MORE "SNAIX."—A vessel landed at Salem last week with a boa constrictor 25 feet long and two feet in circumference; also another snake 16 feet long. Who wants to buy a snake?

A SPLENDID FUNERAL.

After Alexander the Great, had conquered the world, he died a drunkard at Babylon, and was subsequently buried at the mosque of St. Athanasius, in Alexandria. Aridæus was appointed grand commissioner to prepare for the august funeral, and spent two whole years in the service, and untold gold with lavish profusion. All things prepared, the description runs thus:—

"At length the day arrived for this magnificent procession to begin its march. Hills were leveled, all uneven places were made smooth, and every obstacle that could impede the funeral train was removed by a vast number of workmen. The chariot that contained the collin of the monarch was adorned with such wealth of jewels and diadems, that it is said to have emitted brilliant flashes like those of lightning. The spokes of this chariot were covered with gold. It was drawn by sixty four mules of the largest size, and each was adorned with a crown of gold and a collar enriched with precious stones and gold bells. On this chariot was erected a pavilion of solid gold, twelve feet wide and eighteen in length. The inside surpassed the outside in splendor and magnificence, being one blaze of jewels, arranged in the shape of shells. Golden net-work beautified the circumference, and the golden threads were an inch in thickness, to each of which were fastened large bells, which could be heard at a great distance. It would worry the reader to mention all the jewels and golden crowns that were borne in this procession."

AN OFT-TOLD TALE.—During the month of September last, the household of a worthy citizen of Portland, Me., was thrown into great confusion by the sudden disappearance of the eldest daughter of the family, a handsome young lady of about twenty years. It was afterwards ascertained that that she had visited a circus, performing at the time in Portland, and, having made there the acquaintance of one of the employees, had eloped with him. Ever since, the unhappy father was in search of his missing daughter, until, a short time ago, he was informed that she was leading a life of ill-fame in New York.—He immediately started to find his unfortunate child; and, arriving there, he went to the Mayor's office to claim the assistance of the authorities. He was introduced to Capt. Hartt of the Twenty-sixth Precinct, and thro' his assistance she was at last detected in a house of ill-fame in that city. She informed the Captain that she had only lived a short time with her seducer when he had left her in Boston, but there she remained only about two weeks, and then she started for New York, where, being utterly destitute of the necessities of life, she resolved to become an inmate of one of the kind of houses where she was found. On Friday morning she was brought before the Mayor, where her father was scene which ensued was painfully affecting. She was then allowed to leave with her father, and promised to lead a better life henceforth.

AN AFRICAN MOTHER MEETS SOME OF HER CHILDREN AT KEY WEST.—Among the rescued from the bark Wildfire is a middle aged woman and three children. She seemed quiet and subdued in manner, and excited no special attention, other than that she had a part of her family with her. Her great hope was to meet the others from whom fate had separated her. On the landing of the William's cargo, she, with others of the first arrival, peeped over the fence which separated the new comers from the old. Quick maternal instinct discovered no less than four among the crowd whom she claimed as her daughters. She gave vent to her joy in the loud language of song, and the children, hearing the familiar air of home, caught sight of the singer, in whom they found their lost mother. The meeting was one of tumultuous joy; shouts rose from three hundred voices, in the gladness of a simple mother, and with her four daughters entwined in each others arms, the mother took them with her, to meet the long separated, of whose fate each party was in utter ignorance.

HOME.—We have rarely seen a simple child story that touched us more than the following which we find in an exchange:

"This is my house!" cried a little one, a treasured boy of four summers, as fresh and rosy, he came in from school after a short winter's afternoon. "Indeed, little Willie," said the mothers' visitor, "how is this? Suppose that you go out on the sidewalk and try the next door; suppose you step into the entry, throw off your little sack, and proceed to the parlor, wouldn't that be your home?" "No, indeed," said Willie, "that wouldn't be it." "But tell me why not?" Willie had never thought of this. He paused for a moment, then directing his eyes to where his mother quietly sat, he replied with earnest gesture: *She lives here!*"

A PRINTER FOR VICE PRESIDENT—Hannibal Hamlin commenced life as a farmer boy, and afterwards became a printer, and continued "setting up type" till he commenced the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1843, when he was 24 years of age.

☞ A curious cotemporary asks: "If all the babies in the world were seated together and spanked, at the same time, how many sugar plums would it take to quiet them?"

☞ "I hope you are not disposed to question the character of my milk," said a landlord. "Oh, no, it has evidently been pumped enough already."

☞ An old author remarks; "In borrowing money be precious of your word; for he that hath care of keeping days of payment is lord of another man's purse."

☞ A pretty woman is like a great truth, and has no more right to bundle herself under a green veil, or any other abomination, than the sun has to put on green spectacles.

☞ Good dinners have a harmonizing influence. Few disputes are so large that they cannot be covered by a table-cloth.

☞ A Spanish proverbs says—"Drinking water in moderation neither makes a man sick nor in debt, nor his wife a widow."

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1860.

The Right Talk.

The Douglas democrats had n gathering at Faneuil Hall in Boston one evening last week, at which Hon. Reverdy Johnson of Kentucky, made a lengthy speech, setting forth the grievances of the progressive members of his party. He said the National Administration had degenerated from its profession on the slavery question, and had consequently split at Charlestown. This is all true, and just what the Republicans have been saying for a long time. For making this declaration the Republican party has been called sectional, and has been visited with all manner of abuse. Now Mr. Johnson tells us that the Administration is as bad as its opponents have represented it. This honest confession, coming from the democratic side, is worth considering. It proves that the democratic party knows its own degeneracy; it proves that it is aware of the dangerous doctrine it avows in regard to slavery; it proves that the party in power is void of all principles of justice. Were there no Republican party the Douglas faction would be called anti-slavery, but now, while admitting all that is charged by the Republicans against the Administration, it professes true democracy, and charges degeneracy upon the ultra pro-slavery portion. There is about as wide difference between the Douglas and old line democrats as between either wing of the rebellious party and the Republicans; so that the right course is clear to all seekers after truth in politics.

It is edifying to witness the contest going on between the two wings of the broken party.—A good deal of plain truth is elicited by the controversy, and while it works defeat to those engaged in it, the Republicans will not fail to profit by it. Let him who readeth understand.

DASTARDLY CONDUCT TOWARDS SENATOR SUMNER.—On Friday evening, at last week, Hon. Chas. Sumner was called on at his rooms in Washington, by a Capt. Henry, and threatened with violence. Mr. Sumner ordered him out, but he subsequently returned with two or three other persons, but they were not admitted. They threatened to assassinate him at a more convenient opportunity. The next day the mayor took the subject in hand and bro't Capt. Henry into Mr. Sumner's presence, when he apologized, stating that he had been entertaining some friends and had got a little tight. Capt. Henry is an officer under Government, holding a place in the patent office. Mr. Sumner's friends, knowing the vindictive spirit of slavery, feel that he ought not to be left alone, when he might be assassinated.

THE EMPEROR OF JAPAN ASSASSINATED.—There comes a report by way of San Francisco that the temporal emperor of Japan was assassinated on the 14th of March, while on his way to the palace. Two of the assassins were to destroy themselves by letting out their bowels. Thirty others were beheaded for complicity in the crime. He had reigned three years. He was opposed to intercourse with other nations, and consequently drew upon him the enmity of the mercantile classes. What effect this news will have upon the embassy in this country remains to be seen.

A CIRCUS FRACAS.—Mr. Boulware, a citizen of Port Royal, Va., was killed in an affray with some circus men at that place last week. The circus, the next day, exhibited at Fredericksburg, where all of the company (about sixty men) were arrested by the aid of the military, who were called into requisition in consequence of the insufficiency of the police force for such a purpose. The whole party were acquitted for want of evidence sufficient to justify their being sent before an examining court.

LINCOLN AT HOME.—In 1832, when Mr. Lincoln was first a candidate for the Legislature of Illinois, there were cast in the New Salem precinct, where he resided, for candidates for Congress 276 votes—Gov. Duncan, the Jackson candidate, receiving 97 votes, and Pugh, the Clay candidate, receiving 179 votes. Mr. Lincoln at the same time received for representative to the legislature 277 votes, being all which were cast for both the Whig and the Democratic candidates for Congress, and one to spare.

CROPS AT THE WEST.—A letter from a subscriber in Illinois says the prospect for a large crop of all kinds of grain and fruit never was better. Though money has been rather tight at the West, it would hardly be known by the signs of prosperity among the farmers there. New buildings are going up, and all external improvements indicate better times for the agriculturist.

BETTER THAN NOTHING.—A woman at Detroit, 58 years of age, on the 25th ult., married a verdant looking youth apparently about 18 years old. She said he didn't amount to much as a man, but then he would be handy to have around, and she thought she might as well have him, as she had more money than she knew what to do with, and wanted some one to spend it.

COAL IN LIBERIA.—A letter from a reliable source in Liberia states that a vein of mineral coal, ten miles in length, has been discovered in Bassa County. Miners are to be immediately set to work. If the coal proves to be plenteous and good the discovery will be one of much importance to Liberia.

FOR PIKE'S PEAK.—Three thousand and four teams, averaging five men to each, were met on the road to Pike's Peak last week, by the Platte route, between Denver and Kearney. Over six hundred teams were met between Fort Kearney and the Missouri river—making three thousand more.

COTTON IN VERMONT.—Mrs. Abbott of Glover has raised some cotton as white and nice as any from Georgia.

Letter from Boston.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BOSTON, June 13th, 1860.

The Pleuro-legislature, or the "bovine inquest," at the State House closed its labors at fourteen minutes after one o'clock this morning, and the country members are now on their way home. The session has lasted only fourteen days, which is short indeed, considering the amount of labor performed by the committee on the cattle disease. The cost of the session has amounted to $13,920, the members taking $50 each for services and the usual traveling fees. The House voted $4 per day, but the Senate insisted on $3, and a committee of conference, after half a day's bantering, compromised the matter by allowing the above salary. A dozen or more bills besides that concerning diseases among cattle were passed. One of them was an act authorizing the city of Charlestown to purchase water of the city of Boston, and another allowing counties to borrow money for the payment of criminal costs. The pleuro-pneumonia bill passed substantially as I reported last week, except that the Governor and Council are authorized to terminate the Commission whenever they may think proper, which is a wise provision. The sum of $100,000 is appropriated for carrying out the provisions of the bill—$15,000 of which goes to pay for cattle already killed, and $10,000 for the establishment of a hospital and scientific investigation into the disease. This will leave $75,000 for the expenses of the Commission and for the extirpation of cattle. A larger sum was reported ($115,000) but it was cut down, first to $65,000 and then raised to $100,000. Very little has been heard concerning the disease for the last fortnight, and if the session had kept on for a month I presume it would have entirely died out. Under the present sanitary laws I cannot conceive how it can spread much farther, unless the commissioners "carry it in their clothes" Very little confidence is reposed in the commission, and this was freely stated in the House. Walker is said to be a nervous, radical fellow, easily excited and badly balanced in his judgment. There are objections to Dr. Loring, yet he is considered the smartest of the three. He is the man who is reported to have got up a petition for an appointment as postmaster, the names on which were fictitious. The two new commissioners should be men who are conservative enough to keep from running wild with excitement, and cool enough to look the disease in the face without thirsting for the blood of all exposed animals.

The House members didn't get their copies of the Statutes at the expense of the State after all. The Senate having killed resolves ordering the books four times, the House then passed an order that the Clerk should put a copy in each member's desk. He accordingly procured 240 of the $3 copies, and informed the members that they would be furnished when an appropriation should be made to pay for them. The finance committee accordingly reported in the appropriation bill $720 for that purpose, but the Senate indignantly struck out the appropriation, and the House was compelled to concur. So for once, at least, the legislature has been kept from committing a petty theft on the treasury.

The selectmen of towns and cities will be immediately furnished with the laws concerning the cattle disease, so that they may act promptly in the matter. X. Y.

TRADE WITH JAPAN.—An article published in the Philadelphia Inquirer, and written by the articles which we may purchase from that land are porcelain ware, crapes and silks superior to the Chinese articles, vegetable wax, camphor, lacquered ware, and perhaps hides, hemp, and the material of which they make paper. The Japanese may receive from us cheap cotton goods, agricultural implements, and machinery for making sugar, for sawing logs, and for preparing rice for food.

SINGULAR WILL.—The late Daniel Fanshaw of New York, bequeathed a large part of his property to religious and philanthropic societies. A codicil to his will gives a son an additional legacy of five lots of land, provided he shall abstain from the use of tobacco for a period of six months before the testator's death, and if after he gets possession of the lots he should resume the use of tobacco, said property is to be taken from him and devoted to building a home for supernnuated *sober* printers.

OLD SETTLERS GONE.—Old Billy Babcock, a venerable basket maker on the highlands of the Hudson, died last week in his wild wood shanty, at the great age of one hundred and seven years. Polly Wood, a friend and companion of the old patriarch, died a short time since at the age of one hundred and three years. She made her own grave clothes forty years before, and kept them folded and put away, for all that time, like a Sabbath dress.

FROM GRAVE TO GAY.—The English papers report that a funeral had been appointed in Berwick, to take place at half-past two o'clock on Thursday afternoon, and the clergyman appointed received a request from the funeral party to the effect that they hoped he would make the funeral an hour earlier than that proposed, as they *wished to go to the circus in the afternoon*.

☞ Benjamin Pinney of Ellington, one of the prominent men of Tolland county, died on Saturday, aged 80 years. Mr. Pinney has represented Ellington in the legislature, and was once elected to the Senate from the 20th district. He was for several years judge of the Tolland county court, and in 1841 was the democratic nominee for lieutenant governor.

TRIAL POSTPONED.—The trial of Amasa Holcomb, of Southwick, indicted for the infamous attempt to murder his wife, has been put over to the December term, in accordance with the urgent solicitation of his council who, represented the delicate state of health of Mrs. Holcomb as the reason.

☞ The Boston Courier enthusiastically states that the Bell and Everett ticket in Massachusetts "*will unquestionably sweep all before it in the fall election.*"

Yes, it will sweep its party into a perfect nonentity. There won't be a grease spot left of it after election.

THE Springfield people will celebrate the Fourth of July in the usual way, and in addition Prof. Wise will make a balloon ascension and some other Prof. will exhibit several "panceraticals" on a tight rope over Connecticut river.

A LARGE PATCH.—Fifteen hundred acres of watermelons have been planted in Driftwood township, Jackson county, Ind. It is calculated that these fifteen hundred acres will produce $30,000 worth of melons.

A STRIKE AT PIKE'S PEAK.—The printers at Pike's Peak have struck for higher wages.—They want $100 per month and they have been receiving $75. Day labor at the Peak is from $2 to $3 per day.

Western Correspondence.

PEORIA, ILL., June 5, 1860.

MR. EDITOR:—I hope not to burden you or your readers with my communications, but having seen one of them in your columns, I am encouraged to address you n third time, rather supposing that my second letter has already found n place. You are certainly very indulgent in allowing me to say a word through this medium, and, had I nothing else to say, I would fain ask your readers to unite with me in gratitude to the Giver of all good for the prosperity that has thus far attended our western trip. More smiling faces have I seen, and more scenes of interest have passed in review than ever before, in the same length of time. It has been one grand moving panorama. Nature and art have seemed to vie with each other in efforts to add to our enjoyment, and they have not been unsuccessful. Some of your readers will be interested in what I may say of the pleasant and business-like town of Monmouth, where we have spent the best part of two days very agreeably. This is no mean place. Its location is beautiful and its soil fertile enough to requite the labor of any man. I should think this the great corn depot of Illinois, should I judge from the immense cribs on every hand, crammed with the yellow and variegated ears. What I have seen in this regard has opened a new chapter in my note of western operations. It was my privilege to visit these cribs and to witness the process of shelling by horse and steam power. This was, as it seemed to me, doing business to advantage, while it gave me a fresh exhibition of the wonderful ingenuity of man in his invention of labor-saving machinery. All other means of removing corn from the cobs that I had ever witnessed were thrown into the shade compared with this steam and horse power operation. But necessity is the mother of invention. Where so much corn is raised as is the fact out here, as some farmers raise from two to three hundred acres devoted to this crop it would be quite out of the question to shell it without some wholesale labor-saving machinery. I visited the plantation of one of my young farming friends from Palmer, and accompanied him over his beautiful fields. I was delighted at witnessing the luxuriance of the vegetation, notwithstanding a slight check was being experienced by the drought, which has since been relieved by timely and copious rains. My young friend had got in nearly an hundred acres of corn that looked finely, and fields of barley and oats to match; and as for swine, the premises were graced with any quantity, from the mammoth grunter to the plump little roaster, and fowls in all stages of growth.—There is but one drawback on these rich prairie farms, and that is their *sameness* both in soil and surface. "Variety," it is said, and not without some truth, "is the spice of life." A more spice of this sort would suit my fancy better than this almost endless flat surface.—A medium between the perpetual hills and rocks and valleys of New England and these unbroken plains as far as the eye can reach, would come nearer to my taste than either the one or the other; hence it gave me pleasure, in my drives about Monmouth, in which my friends there indulged us to a very gratifying extent, to find myself occasionally descending a slight declivity or rising a moderate hill, and it was indeed a rare luxury to see a little purling stream making its way between the gentle hills, a luxury with which New England abounds, but as rare out here as angel's visits. And then, again, the magnificent timber grounds of New England are not found here but in very stinted quantities, and one would suppose there might be great difficulty on the score of fuel, but what is not found on the surface is in many sections very bountifully supplied from the bowels of the earth. Indeed, throughout these great western prairies one great bed of coal, inferior somewhat to the Lehi coal of Pennsylvania, and yet answering a most valuable purpose for all the uses of fuel.

One thing that strikes me unfavorably in these rising cities of the West is the absence of cleanliness in their streets, incident, it may be, to the amount of business done here, but that is no apology for having everything of an unsightly character thrown into the streets and lanes of the city. So it is about the private dwellings and public buildings to a very great extent. My eye pained my heart, as I passed through two or three western court-houses, I hope not specimens of all the seats of law and justice out here, but I am sure both law and justice must be enveloped in fog, to be administered in places of as ill order as some of these western court houses. And then the amount of the filthy weed used in this western country would astonish you, and the unceremonious manner in which the disgusting saliva is ejected, both in court houses and railroad cars, creates about as great a nuisance as you would wish to encounter any where. After all the drawbacks upon western affairs, as regards both tobacco juice, mud and money, there are charms out here which one can hardly witness anywhere else, and should I find time before reaching home I should like to say something about Galesburg, Knoxville and Peoria, the last mentioned being one of the most romantic and picturesque localities that I have as yet visited. Suffice it to say, that we wish you, Mr. Editor, and your many readers, continued success and unalloyed happiness.

VIATOR.

KINDLING A FIRE WITH GUNPOWDER.—Mrs. Arnold, of Franklin county, Ga., a few days since, called in a negro woman to kindle a fire, and a little negro child also came in, and while the woman was engaged in kindling the fire, and her child standing close by, Mrs. Arnold stepped to the fire with a paper containing about three quarters of a pound of powder thinking she would expedite the operation by pouring on a little, when it all ignited, burning the clothes of the three completely off, entirely destroying one eye of the woman, and seriously injuring the other. Mrs. Arnold's eyes were injured in such a degree that she has not been able to see daylight since the occurrence.

NEW IDEA.—A vast aquarium is being made for the Philadelphia Continental Hotel. Its area is twenty feet square, its depth ten feet.—It is to be divided into two compartments, and its object is to afford a receptacle in which turtles, lobsters, terrapins, *et id omne genus*, can be fattened for the table. It is the biggest affair of the kind now extant.

THE Springfield city Government propose honoring the Japanese when they pass through that city on their way to Boston. We fear the Springfield ovation will look rather small to the Orientals after going through the great parade and show at New York. Springfield is "some pumpkins," but not quite up to New York.

SORELY AFFLICTED.—Judge Douglas is suffering from a disease of his throat, which will compel him to visit New York to have it cauterized. His family are also in affliction from the death of a child.

THE CENT NUISANCE.—The Finance Committee of the Senate have adopted a resolution recommending that no more pennies shall be coined at the Mint, this currency having become a vexatious annoyance to trade.

THE LATE TORNADO.—The first western tornado of the season, which swept over Cincinnati and along the Ohio river, did not compare with the one which visited Iowa last week. It began at a little town called Palo, a short distance above Cedar Rapids, gathering size and force as it went. On the west side of the Rapids five houses were demolished, one man killed, and one severely injured. A Miss Lutze, living between Marion and Cedar Rapids, was also killed. The occupants of two houses, blown down south of the Rapids, fortunately escaped. One man, caught in the woods, was hurled several rods by the blast and stripped of every vestige of clothing, but escaping with his life. Another, less fortunate, threw his arms around a young beech tree and held on with all his might, but was dashed twice or thrice to the ground, and left a corpse. At Betram, the first station east of Cedar Rapids, a man was caught up from the town plot and carried high above the timber till he was out of sight. Cattle, horses and sheep were dashed to the ground, a mere pulpy mass. At Lisbon, large brick and frame warehouses, belonging to merchants and the railroad freight depot, were utterly destroyed and their contents scattered to the winds.

At the little town of Mechanicsville nine persons were killed and nineteen injured, two of them seriously. Two persons were killed at Union Grove, and one at Elen, a small settlement between Cedar Rapids and DeWitt. The tornado struck this town with fearful force, destroying many farms and killing twenty-six persons. Eight were wounded at John Wallace's farm, some of them seriously. His loss is estimated at $20,000. Six persons by the name of Foster were killed at Mr. Hatfield's.

But the most terrible effects of the tornado were felt at Camanche. Here, in a town of two thousand souls, but one or two buildings were left untouched, all the others are a shapeless mass of ruins. Eighty-two were wounded, many of them seriously, and fifteen are reported missing, of whom three are supposed to have been blown into the river. Many remarkable incidents are recorded of the tremendous force of the wind at this place. The Millard House, a three-story brick building, fronting north, was lifted from its foundation and turned completely round, so that the front door faced south; it then collapsed and fell. Only two of the seventeen persons in the house were killed. A chimney weighing two tons was broken off at its junction with the roof and hurled into the front yard, burying itself in the ground a distance of three feet, without breaking or cracking a single brick. A light pine shingle was driven from the outside through the clapboards and lath and plaster, and projected two inches from the inside wall of a dwelling house. In one spot was found a large pile of hook covers, every leaf of which was gone and the covers wrinkled and twisted into a thousand shapes. Chickens, hens and turkeys were stripped of their feathers and left as bare as if ready for market, and small birds were found on the prairie, the flesh completely stripped from their bones. The ferry boat which plied between Camanche and Albany was wrecked. Two Germans who were riding in a buggy just out of Camanche were blown into the city and picked up dead. An unknown man was picked up in the street with his mouth full of food, having been in the act of eating supper, and his pockets filled with sand and leaves.

BREACH OF PROMISE.—Lydia French recovered $1245 of Lucius W. Stone, in the Superior Court at Northampton last week, for a breach of promise. The parties had kept company for five years and had written about 400 love letters. The gentleman disregarded his ardent avowals of love for Lydia by marrying another lady last September. Hence the suit and damages.

THE GREAT EASTERN.—Preparations have been made to receive the monster steamship, Great Eastern, on her arrival. She is expected about next Sunday. The extensive wharf front, or bulkhead, 1200 feet in length, extending from Hammond street, North River, has been leased for her use, and she will be moored alongside it during her stay at New York.

ATE TOO MUCH.—On Thursday last, a member of the Gregory Guards, Jersey City, during a parade, ate twenty hard boiled eggs, and drank several glasses of lager beer, after which he laid down upon the grass and tried to sleep, but could not succeed. The result of the matter was that the eggs formed into a hard, indigestible lump in his stomach and he died very suddenly the next evening.

FROM CANADA TO THE STATES.—Some of the Canada papers complain that a large emigration is going on from Canada to our Western States. They say that more protection and encouragement are extended to the settlers in the republic and that taxes are lighter. These reasons are sufficient to explain the movements which they deplore.

COWS KILLED.—Martin Hodges, a farmer, residing in Pompey, N. Y., lost six cows by lightning on the 30th ult. The cows were together under a clump of maple trees, and were not over sixteen feet distant from each other. They were killed instantly and without a struggle. Another cow was injured at the same time, but will recover.

FREAKS OF LIGHTNING.—In a town in Vermont, last week, two girls who were passing along the street were knocked down, but not seriously injured. On the neck of one was an impression in red like the branch of a tree, and one of her feet was blackened. About a dozen houses throughout the State were struck during the same storm.

A CLERGYMAN KILLED BY HIS SLAVE.—Rev. John Chambers, residing in Montgomery county, N. C., was shot and instantly killed by one of his negroes, on the 23d ult., while in the act of passing through his gate into the yard of his dwelling.

THE BLIND.—There are in the State of Maine over two hundred blind persons, and a project is on foot to establish an institution for their education, similar to the Perkins Institute at South Boston.

DR HAYES' ARCTIC EXPEDITION.—This expedition will start for Smith's Sound about the 20th inst., the amount necessary to secure an outfit for the Doctor having been obtained.

A SMALL HOLE.—When the smoke is thoroughly cleared out of the eastern portion of the Hoosac tunnel, one can stand in the heading and distinctly see the mouth, at a distance of 1065 feet. It appears to be about the size of a ten cent piece.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

NIBLO & SLOAT'S circus will exhibit here on Saturday next.

OFFICIAL VISIT.—The Governor and Council are expected to visit the State Alms House at this place next Friday.

REMOVAL.—Mr. Piper has removed his marble shop into the new building erected by M. W. French, south of the railroad bridge.—There is a pretty hall in this building, in which one of the primary schools is kept.

A MEETING of the Eastern Hampden Ag. Society will soon be called to consider the expediency of dispensing with the proposed exhibition of cattle next October on account of the disease among neat stock.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.—The Sons and Daughters of Temperance in Palmer, Warren, Wales and Fiskdale propose celebrating the coming national birth-day in a becoming manner. They have not yet decided where the celebration shall be held.

WALES.—The friends of Rev W. S. Phillips, in Wales, gave him a large surprise party on Monday evening. They presented him with a handsome Bible and other books, and a good purse of money. The gathering was truly a surprise, and one of heartfelt cordiality.

CLASSIFYING THE PAUPERS.—On Thursday fifty-four children were transferred from the Bridgwater almshouse to the Monson institution. Eight female adults also accompanied them. The Monson almshouse now contains 578 inmates.

PALMER BAND.—The brass band of which we spoke last week has been organized and R. E. Sabins of Stafford engaged as teacher.—The instruments will cost between $400 and $500, and will be along in a few days. The people of the village should do the liberal thing towards sustaining a band in their midst.

SONS AND DAUGHTERS OF TEMPERANCE from Warren and Wales met with the Sons and Daughters of this village on Tuesday evening, and all together enjoyed a nice time, although they kept late hours, which is not strictly in accordance with the habits of sober people.—But, then, we should consider that Sons and Daughters must "go it while they're young," or not "go it" at all.

ANOTHER TRIAL JUSTICE.—At the extra session of the legislature last fall, the number of Trial Justices was increased, by which arrangement Hampden county became entitled to two more. The Governor and Council have therefore appointed James G. Allen of this village for one of the number. This gives two Trial Justices to Palmer; so that rogues and evil disposed persons will be likely to get justice done them.

ENFIELD.—C. F. Woods has recently purchased of Edward Carey 66 acres of pasture and mowing land, for $2100. Mr. Woods is somewhat extensively engaged in horse-raising, having now three breeding mares with colts by their side and a yearling colt—all coming under the head of fancy stock.——The dog law is almost a nullity in Enfield, only 15 having been registered this year to 90 last year.——The house of Warren Sadler which was burned last spring has been rebuilt and will be ready for occupation in a few days.

SINGULAR SUICIDE.—Dean Gilbert, a man 55 years of age, committed suicide in Prescott, last Saturday evening in a singular manner. He started, as supposed, for the post office, but took an iron bar and pried up a rock by the roadside, which weighed about two tons. Putting a piece of board under the lever to hold it up, he took off his hat and spectacles and placed his head under the rock. Then kicking the board from under the lever the rock fell upon him and crushed his head. It took three men to get him out, and he must have been at least an hour in prying up the rock to get his head under.

A VERY SINGULAR CASE.—Wm. Koster a young man of seventeen years of age, living at Bondville, is afflicted with a painful swelling of one arm. For several years he has complained of a pain in the limb, which was supposed to be caused by rheumatism. A year ago last winter he fell upon the ice while skating and broke the arm above the elbow, since which time it has gradually enlarged till it is now 31 inches in circumference, the swelling reaching above the shoulder. It is exceedingly painful and he can only obtain sleep through the influence of opiates. Last week he visited a medical convention at New Haven, where four or five hundred doctors were assembled. None of them could explain the cause, and much less give any encouragement of a cure. An amputation at the shoulder has been decided upon, and a doctor from New Haven will perform the operation. The shoulder will be unjointed and the arm removed while he is under the influence of chloroform. He has little hope of surviving the operation, but prefers to run the risk rather than suffer as he now does. A ball will be given at Duckville next Wednesday evening in aid of the unfortunate youth.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—A passenger train on the Belleville, Ill., railroad ran off the track four miles from Belleville, at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning, completely breaking the engine, baggage car, and one passenger car, and seriously injuring some thirty persons, many seriously. A large number of the passengers were delegates to the democratic State convention, to be held at Springfield on Wednesday. The accident occurred by the displacement of a switch.

SOLAR PHENOMENA.—On Friday forenoon there were two large circles around the sun, the inner one exhibiting all the prismatic colors of the rainbow. The outer one was nearly white. Across these were several faint circles spreading over the zenith. The "oldest inhabitant" never witnessed the like before.

A NICE PRESENT.—The Japanese Embassy have complimented the Mayor of New-York with a present. It is a miniature bureau or ladies' toilet case, and a set of five small boxes, all of exquisite workmanship.

Small Paragraphs.

The hay crop is not likely to be a failure after all. Grass has grown rapidly in the last fortnight.

—Thos. Corwin Hunt, late receiver of public monies at Natchitoches, Louisiana, is defaultor to the Government for $80,000. The Government will sustain no loss, as the securities are perfectly responsible.

—A Madrid correspondent of the London *Times* says that in the triumphal entrance of the troops into that city, the hero of the day was a dog who belonged to the riflemen of Baza.

—On Thursday last, in Vergennes, Vt., as Joseph Holcomb and John Stringham were digging sand, the bank suddenly caved in, burying Mr. Holcomb, and before he could be dug out life was extinct.

—The Norfolk Agricultural Society, at a meeting held in Dedham on Wednesday, voted unanimously that no neat cattle be exhibited at the next annual show in September.

—Franklin B. Chase and Henry C. Stackpole, of Nantucket, have pleaded guilty to incendiarism, and been sentenced to the State Prison for life, by Judge Wilkinson, of the Superior Court.

—Mr. Thomas Hicks, who painted a portrait of Mr. Seward before the Chicago Convention, has now gone to Illinois to paint a portrait of "Honest Old Abe."

—A directory canvass of the inhabitants of San Francisco, now nearly finished, indicates that the population of the city is fully 100,000

—The Philadelphia Agricultural Society have appointed Drs. Elwyn and Emerson a committee to visit Massachusetts and investigate the cattle disease.

—The store of T. W. Crocker, in South Bridgewater, was entered on the night of the 6th inst., and $3000 worth of jewelry and silver plated ware were stolen.

—The people of Milford Mass., are talking about building a railroad from that place to Bellingham, Mass., connecting with the air line to Woonsocket.

—The New-York Court of Appeals has decided that beers, including larger beer, are intoxicating drinks.

—The report now is, that an abundant peach crop in New Jersey is certain.

THAT $100 BILL.—The House of Representatives, last winter, instructed the Speaker to put the $100 bill which was sent to Mr. Shaw of Boston, as a bribe to go against the Hobbs railroad, into the Provident Savings Bank, but Mr. Parsons of Lawrence, who was chairman of the investigating committee, was entrusted with the money, and don't seem inclined to give it up. He says it does not belong to the State any more than to him. The recent session instructed the Attorney General to see what he could do in the way of getting the money. When the subject was up, Mr. Ryder of New Bedford said he did not see why the House should direct the deposite to be made in a *Providence* bank, when we had good banks in this State. He didn't seem to understand that the *Provident* institution was in this State.

POPULATION OF WARE.—According to the enumeration made by the assessors there were in Ware on the first of May 742 children between the ages of 5 and 15, 741 families, and the total population was 3675. Of these 830 are poll tax payers. The rate of assessment is $8 40 on $1000 for the town, but in district No. 1 there is an additional tax of $1200 for the fire department, which will make the taxes of those who own property nearly equal to last year's taxes.

UNCALLED-FOR LETTERS.—A new law has recently been passed in regard to the return of uncalled-for letters. It provides that when any person shall endorse on any letter his or her name and place of residence, as writer thereof, the same, after remaining uncalled-for at the office to which it is directed thirty days or the time the writer may direct, shall be returned by mail to said writer, and no such letters shall be advertised, nor shall the same be treated as dead letters, until so returned to the post office of the writer, and there remain uncalled-for one quarter.

☞ At Tarsus, in Cilicia, Alexander the Great, while pursuing his career of conquest, bathed in the chilly waters of the Cydnus, which nearly proved fatal to him. By constant care and attention, together with the most extraordinary skill, his physician, Phillip, succeeded in saving his life. The case would not have been at all serious had Dr. Ham's Famous Aromatic Invigorating Spirit been discovered in that day. One wine-glass full, taken after he came out of the Cydnus, would have immediately removed all the bad effects of his imprudence.

MORRISSEY GOING INTO TRAINING.—It is stated that Morrissey the pugilist, is to immediately go into training with a view of fighting Heenan in August. He has left New-York, and expresses his determination to vanquish the champion of the world, notwithstanding the dire disease of consumption that is now upon him.

CANNOT STAND THE HEAT.—Between three and four hundred white laborers on the Mississippi Central Railroad have refused to work on account of the heat of the sun. This deficiency is to be supplied by the purchase, on the part of the company, of slaves.

PERSONAL.—Mrs. Parker, widow of the late Theodore Parker, arrived in New York by the Vanderbilt last week.—Hon. Franklin Ripley of Greenfield, for many years a prominent citizen of Western Massachusetts, died on the 9th inst.

YELLOW FEVER.—The yellow fever is reported to be raging at Acapulco, and that the American Consul and some thirty other Americans had died. The California steamers touched there, but did not communicate with the shore.

DON'T LIKE TO BE CALLED NIGGERS.—The Japanese, while in the procession at Philadelphia, were called niggers by some of the spectators, at which they complain bitterly.

ONLY FOUR LEFT.—Of the members of the U. S. Senate in 1830, only four are now living—Peleg Sprague, Theodore Frelinghuysen, John Tyler and Benjamin Ruggles.

FLORA BEATEN.—Flora Temple was beaten in a match with G. M. Patchen on the long Island course, Tuesday. The horse won the match in two straight heats.

☞ The widow of Osawatomie Brown has received $30,000 from her colored sympathizers in Hayti.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS have no equal as a tonic medicine. They contain no alcohol, and are especially adapted to the delicate constitution of females suffering from debility or from any derangement of the naturnl functions.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In the whole history of Medical Discoveries no remedy has performed so many or such remarkable cures of the numerous affections of the Throat, Lungs and Chest—of Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, or Consumption itself, as this far famed, long tried, and justly celebrated BALSAM. So generally acknowledged is the superior excellence of this remedy that but few of the many who have tested its virtues by experience fail to keep it at hand as a speedy and certain cure for sudden attacks of Cold—fully believing that its remedial powers are comprehensive enough to embrace every form of disease from the slightest cold to the most dangerous symptom of pulmonary complaint.

[FROM THE LADY OF ROBERT TURNER, ESQ., OF UNADILLA, N. Y.]

Unadilla, N. Y., Dec. 7, 1859.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co., Boston—Gentlemen: Having been asked for an expression of my opinion as to the merits of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, I can say with the utmost confidence that I think it the best Cough remedy I have ever known, and believe I owe my present existence to its wonderful curative powers, having at one time been brought very low by a distressing cough, accompanied with spittings of blood and other symptoms of that dread destroyer, consumption! I tried many remedies without effect until a resort to the Balsam was had, which, by the blessing of Divine Providence, soon restored me to health.

The Balsam is now our resort when any of our family is attacked with coughs or colds, and it has never failed to give the desired relief. I keep constantly a supply on hand. During the past ten years I have influenced many persons to make use of this remedy, and always with the same success. MRS. ROBERT TURNER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Longley, Belchertown. 5

LIVER COMPLAINT.—The liver, being the great purifying organ, arrests in its substance many morbid products, the fertile sources of disease. The Peruvian Syrup stimulates the liver to the performance of its functions, lessens the evils of bad digestion, and thus acts at the same time in a restorative and preventive manner.

Boston, Oct. 12, 1858.

Dear Sir: My business has been that of an engraver and carver in wood; owing to confinement in ill-ventilated rooms my health gradually declined, when I was unable any longer to prosecute my business.

At this time I was suffering from great prostration of strength, extreme indigestion, and disordered liver. My usual weight was 135 pounds, but I had become so emaciated that I weighed but 100 pounds.

In the early part of May last, I commenced taking the Peruvian Syrup, and almost immediately felt its tonic and invigorating influence. In the course of four months I used four bottles. My weight this day is 149 pounds. I have neither liver complaint nor indigestion, but consider myself in a perfect state of health and in good spirits.

JAMES MORSE, 43 Pleasant St., Charlestown.

M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.—From the unsolicited testimony continually offered from all quarters of the country, it is impossible to resist a conviction of the great excellence of these Pills in all diseases of the Liver and Stomach. The following letter from Toronto, Canada, is one of the many the proprietors have received:

Messrs. Fleming Bros.— Toronto, Apr. 27, 1854.

Sirs: I take this opportunity of informing you of the benefits I have derived from Dr. M'Lane's valuable Pills. I have for two years past been afflicted with a severe pain over the eyes, accompanied with a nervousness and sense of dizziness; a malady beyond the power and skill of our physicians to relieve and cure, caused, as far as I could judge, by a disordered state of the liver and stomach. Some of the doctors tried bleeding, and various other remedies were tried, but all in vain, for the deep-rooted disease still stuck fast. At last I procured a box of your valuable Liver Pills from a druggist here, and feel, after taking a portion of them, that the disease and painful sensation over the eyes has almost entirely left me. I will close by advising all those afflicted as I have been, to procure the valuable medicine at once, and save much time and pain, with little expense. With sincere gratitude and respect, I remain yours, respectfully, GEO. W. RUSSELL, Toronto.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by Fleming Brothers, Pittsburg, Pa.—There are no other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

Important Remedies.—If there is in the list of Remedies given to the world for acceptance and approval, any which are entitled to confidence by their perfect adherence to the laws and intention of the Creator, one is

THE UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY,

for every species of Lung, Throat and Bronchial difficulty, even that of ACTUAL CONSUMPTION, and the other the justly celebrated

TOLU ANODYNE,

a most perfect remedy for Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, Partial and Actual Paralysis, St. Vitus Dance, Chronic, Spasmodic, and Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, and that chief of all causes of disease, LOSS OF SLEEP.

If our friends will accept the declaration that for six or eight years these preparations have been through tests that would satisfy all, in place of sweeping declarations that mean nothing, and then procure and read the pamphlets, to be found with dealers and and agents, they will be able to judge how far they can be relied on.

GENERAL AGENTS:

J. W. HUNNEWELL & Co., 7 & 8 Commercial Wharf, Boston. | GEO. HUNNEWELL, 145 Water Street, New York.

Under the special supervision of JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Chemist and Pharmaceutist, Boston, Mass., whose signature covers the corks of the genuine only, and to whom address all communications. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

HERRICK'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 39—1y

HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANODYNE declopes in the most perfect form all the requirements of opium with producing any of its horrors. The physician or patient, who, for the want of a good substitute, has witnessed the destructive effects of Opium, will not fail to make trial of the Anodyne, and see its perfect results, not only upon disease, but the natural state it leaves the patient. For Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous and Chronic Headache, Actual and Partial Paralysis, Tooth and Ear Ache, Bowel Complaints, Delirium Tremens, through all the minor Nervous Complaints to that of Loss of Sleep, it has no parallel. Purchasers of both the Anodyne and the Cough Remedy, should be cautious to purchase of those they can depend on, that the perfect result of the genuine may not be disturbed. Sold by all dealers. See advertisements and call for pamphlets.

TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF ROYCE'S RELIEF.—I have used Royce's Universal Relief in my family for the last year, and have found it to be one of the very best medicines now in use. There is no humbug about it. I have used it for bruises, colds, bronchitis, burns and lameness in back with perfect success. It accomplishes all it promises, and very speedily. Also Royce's Bitters, "The Poor Man's Friend," is most excellent to restore the appetite. Try it. REV. W. S. PHILLIPS. 2 m

ANOTHER PROOF OF THEIR EFFICACY.—Read Mrs. Hale's testimony touching Holloway's Pills: Mrs. Walter Hale, a highly respectable lady of Norwich, Ct., had suffered twelve years from ENLARGEMENT OF THE LIVER, which terminated in DROPSY of the lower limbs, when she was abandoned by her physicians as incurable. At this stage, however, she commenced using HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, from which she soon experienced relief followed by a quick and decided change for the better. This encouraged by hope, she persevered in the daily use of the Pills, till the disease gradually subsided and her health was once more completely and permanently re-established.

BORN.

In Belchertown, 5th, a son to CYRUS A. WAID.
In Three Rivers, 6th, a son to J. E. CRANE.
In Ware, May 27, a son to GEORGE RICH; June 1, a daughter to CHARLES HITCHCOCK; 4th a daughter to WALES T. WILDER.

MARRIED.

In South Wilbraham, 1st, by S. C. Spelman, Esq., HENRY LUCAS and MARY JANE, daughter of Lyman Spelman of Wales.
In LaMoille, Ill., May 31, by Rev. Mr. Burns, JAMES B. ATWOOD, formerly of Three Rivers, and FRANCES E KENDALL of LaMoille.
In West Springfield, May 17, by Rev. T. Hawks, DANIEL MONTGOMERY of Mittineague, and JEANNETTE M. WHITEHILL of Thorndike.
In Belchertown, 4th, LUTHER COLE and JANE COLE.
In Ware, 24, JULIUS COWLES and ELIZA CUMMINGS.
In Chicopee Falls, 7th, by Rev. R. Gage, BENJAMIN BELCHER and ELLEN R. PAIGE.
In Montague, 9th, WHITE H. HAWES of Belchertown, and ELIZABETH M. AYERS of Enfield.
In Stafford Springs, 12th, by Rev. C. Morse, HARRISON HOWE and MARTHA PAGE, all of Stafford.
In Stafford, 5th, ELDRIDGE TAINTOR and LOUISA STEVENS.

DIED.

In Ware, 9th, SUSAN F., 18, daughter of G. N. Gerry; 10th, ELLEN, 16, daughter of the late Joseph Moore.
In Wilbraham, 8th, EZRA WHITE, 66.
In Belchertown, 4th, FRANCES L., 25, wife of Henry G. Bagg.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the Estate of Samuel Stetson, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

CAROLINE B. STETSON, Administratrix,
Brimfield, June 12, 1860—3w*

DR. MARSHALL CALKINS

WILL be at the Nassowanno House, Palmer, each Thursday until October, from 12 to 4 o'clock P. M., to prescribe for such as may desire his professional services.
June 16, 1860—3m.

NOTICE.—This day, having given my son, Jasun J., the right to labor or contract, and to collect his dues in his own name, and for his benefit, I shall not claim any of his earnings, or pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

JOHN BROOKS.

Palmer, May 19, 1860—je16 3w.

A Card to Young Ladies & Gentlemen.

THE subscriber will send (free of postage) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple Vegetable Balm, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as nature intended it should be—soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or addres (with return postage)

JAS. T. MARSHALL, Practical Chemist,
je16—3m. No. 32 City Buildings, N. York.

Niblo & Sloat's New York Circus

And Performing Elephants, from Cook's Amphitheatre, London.

THIS Company is selected from the most eminent performers of the Old and New World, prominent among whom will be found THE MADIGAN FAMILY—Madam Marie Madigan, Mdlle. Emma Madigan, H. P. Madigan, James Madigan, Master Charles Madigan and Miss Iola Madigan, who have just returned from a very successful European Tour, where they had the honor of appearing before the Queen and Royal Family at the Alhambra, London.

The Best Clown of the Age, SAM LONG,
who will bring forward an entire new budget of Jokes, Songs, Witticisms, &c.

N. P. Rogers, Scenic Rider and Gymnast.
W. H. Ashton, Grotesque & Acrobatic Performer.
The Denzer Brothers, from Rentz's German Amphitheatre, Hamburg.
Valentine Denzer, Antipodean Globe Performer.
Jacob Denzer, Stilt and Trapez Performer.
Charles Shay, Japanese Juggler & Knife Thrower.
Asa Berry, Maitre du Cirque.
The Motley Brothers. J. Devise.
Nathaniels and Ashton. D. Richards, &c., &c.

Together with the Performing Elephants, Autony and Cleopatra, who will go through with a great variety of performances, such as Dancing, Waltzing, Playing the Hand Organ, Standing on their Heads, Mounting Lofty Pedestals, and other feats too numerous to mention.

Performance at 2 and 7½ o'clock, P. M.
Admission, 25 Cents.
Will exhibit at Palmer, SATURDAY, June 23.

HAMPDEN SS. At a Court of Probate holden at Monson, within and for the County of Hampden, on the twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty. On the petition of William R. Parks and Austin Fuller, administrators of the Goods and Estate of Sylvester Parks, late of Palmer, in said County, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of one thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars and eighty-one cents for the payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law.—ORDERED—that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said County, on the first Tuesday of July next, at ten o'clock, A. M., then and there to be decided upon, and that the said administrators give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same.

JOHN WELLS, Judge.
Copy—ATTEST WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Register.

SCRAP IRON.

I WILL PAY THE FORGE PRICE, viz, $1 per 100 lbs, for all good wrought scrap iron offered in exchange for Goods. E. BROWN.

Every One Read This,

AND

LEARN HOW TO ECONOMISE!

CROSS & CO.'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE!

NOW OPENING

A New and Splendid Stock of SUMMER DRY GOODS.

New Silk Mantillas.
New Lace Mantillas.
New Lace Points.
New Lace Shawls.
New Talma, Dress and Mantilla Trimmings.
New Gloves and Hosiery.
New Prints and Ginghams.
New Challies and Muslins.
New Embroideries.
New White Goods.
New Millinery.
New Parasols.
New Curtain Goods.
New Carpets.
New Paper Hangings.
New Cotton and Linen Goods.
New Goods for the Boys.
New Goods for the Misses.

REMEMBER!

We have now on hand the

LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS

To be found in this part of the Country, and we are bound to sell it cheaper than any other man.

DON'T FORGET,

We have never been undersold and we never will be.

Our mode of dealing is Cash—one price only—no misrepresentations. Don't fail to call and see our Goods before you purchase, as we will show them cheerfully, whether you buy or not, at prices cheaper than the cheapest; and if you buy of us, and are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

OUR LARGE EXPERIENCE

In the business enables us to defy competition in any form and from any source.

HATS! HATS!

THE Subscriber has just receive a GOOD ASSORTMENT of

Gentlemen's Fashionable Dress Hats,

Which will be sold cheap.

Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere.
Palmer, June 2—tf. H. W. MUNGER.

What Everybody Wants.

EVERYBODY'S LAWYER

AND COUNSELLOR IN BUSINESS,

By FRANK CROSBY, of the Philadelphia Bar.

IT TELLS YOU how to draw up partnership papers, and gives general forms for agreements of all kinds, Bills of Sale, Leases and Petitions.
IT TELLS YOU how to draw up Bonds and Mortgages, Affidavits, Powers of Attorney, Notes and Bills of Exchange, Receipts and Releases.
IT TELLS YOU the Laws for the Collection of Debts, with the Statutes of Limitation, and amount and kind of property exempt from Execution in every State.
IT TELLS YOU how to make an Assignment properly, with forms for Composition with Creditors, and the Insolvent Laws of every State.
IT TELLS YOU the legal relations existing between Gaurdian and Ward, Master and Apprentice, and Landlord and Tenant.
IT TELLS YOU What constitutes libel and slander, and the laws as to marriage dower, the wife's right in property divorce and matrimony.
IT TELLS YOU The law for mechanics' liens in every state, and the naturalization laws of this country, and how to comply with the same.
IT TELLS YOU The law concerning pensions and how to obtain one, and the pre-emption laws to public lands.
IT TELLS YOU The law for patents, with mode of procedure in obtaining one, with interferences, assignments and table of fees.
IT TELLS YOU How to make your will, and how to administer on an estate, with the law and the requirements thereof in every state.
IT TELLS YOU The meaning of law terms in general use, and explains to you the legislative, executive and judicial powers of both the general and state governments.
IT TELLS YOU How to keep out of law, by showing how to do your business legally, thus saving a vast amount of property, and vexatious litigation, by its timely consideration.

Single copies will be sent by mail, postage paid, to every farmer, every mechanic, every man of business, and everybody in every state, on receipt of $1, or in law style of binding at $1,25.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, by selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher,
No. 617 Sansom st., Philadelphia, Pa.

What Everybody Wants.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR:

Containing remedies, easily obtained, for the cure of diseases in all forms, by

PROF. HENRY S. TAYLOR, M. D.

IT TELLS YOU How to attend upon the sick, and how to cook for them; how to prepare drinks, poultices, &c., and how to guard against infection from contagious diseases.
IT TELLS YOU Of the various diseases of children, and gives the best and simplest mode of treatment during teething, convulsions, vaccination, whooping cough, measles, &c.
IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of croup, cholera infantum, colic, diarrhœa, worms, scalled head, ringworm, chicken-pox, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.
IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of fever and ague, and billious, yellow, typhus, scarlet, and other fevers, and gives you the best and simplest remedies for their cure.
IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of influenza, consumption, dyspepsia, asthma, dropsy, gout, rheumatism, lumbago, erysipelas, &c., and gives the best remedies for their cure.
IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of cholera morbus, malignant cholera, small pox, dysentery, cramp, diseases of the bladder, kidneys, and liver, and the best remedies for their cure.
IT TELLS YOU The symptoms of pleurisy, mumps, neuralgia, apoplexy, paralysis, the various diseases of the throat, teeth, ear and eye, and the remedies for their cure.
IT TELLS YOU The simplest treatment for wounds, broken bones and dislocations, sprains, lockjaw, fever sores, white swellings, ulcers, whitlows, boils, scurvy, burns and scrofula.
IT TELLS YOU Of the various diseases of women, of children, and of menstruation; whites, barrenness, &c. &c., and gives the best and simplest remedies for their cure.

The work is written in plain language, free from medical terms, so as to be easily understood, while its simple recipes may save you many times the cost of the book. It is printed in clear and open type; is illustrated with appropriate engravings, and will be forwarded to your address, neatly bound and postage paid on receipt of $1.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

JOHN E. POTTER Publisher,
mh31 6m. 617 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

GREAT ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING

AND

SUMMER GOODS.

P. P. KELLOGG,

PALMER DEPOT,

IS NOW RECEIVING

A FRESH SUPPLY

— OF —

Seasonable Goods,

Consisting of

Everything New and Beautiful,

TO WHICH WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC.

May 5, 1860.

WILLOW CRADLES and EMPIRE CHILDREN'S CABS, in great variety, for sale at low prices, by
Palmer, May 5. E. BROWN.

FOUND—in Palmer, between Tenneyville and the Depot Village, a purse containing a sum of money, which the owner can have by calling upon the subscriber, and proving the property.
Monson, June 2—3w* GEORGE ELLIS.

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and Female Physician, presents to the attention of MOTHERS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will almost always Regulate modic action, and is SURE to Regulate THE BOWES. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other article of medicine, never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely us d.—Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medicinal virtues. We speak in this matter what we do know, after 10 yrs. experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in 15 or 20 minutes after the syrup is administered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from, pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the bowels, and wind colic, and overcome convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say a child suffering from any of the above complaints—Do not let your own prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes absolutely sure to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price only 25 cents per bottle.—Principal office, No. 13, Cedar st., New York. Dec. 18.—1y.

NOTICE.—Organization of the New London Northern Railroad Company:

The undersigned being Corporators named in the grant of incorporation of the *New London Northern Railroad Company*, in pursuance of the third section of the Charter, hereby give notice that a book for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the Company will be opened on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1860, at the Depot of the New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad Corporation, in the town of Palmer, Mass., and be kept open for that purpose until further notice. Payment for subscriptions will be received only in seven per cent. first mortgage bonds of the New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad Corporation and coupons part due thereto belonging.

TH. W. WILLIAMS,
ROBERT COIT,
FRANCIS ALLYN,
WM. G. JOHNSON, } Corporators.

Palmer, June 13, 1860. 5—3w.

HAMPDEN ss.—At a Court of Probate holden at Springfield, within and for the county of Hampden, on the fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty. On the petition of Alfred Trumble, administrator of E. M. Trumble, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of eighty-six dollars and seven cents for the payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law. Ordered—that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said county, on the first Tuesday of July next, at ten o'clock, A. M., then and there to be heard and decided upon, and that the said administrator give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same. JOHN WELLS, Judge.
Copy—attest WM. S. SHURTLEFF, Register.
j9—3w.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of

MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.

Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to

CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassowanno Block.
Palmer April 28, 1860.

REFRIGERATORS.

THE subscriber has been appointed manufacturer's agent for the sale of the most approved article be ore the public. Purchasers are invited to call at my store and examine a very desirable article. E. BROWN.
Palmer, May 12, 1860.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cane, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.
Wholesale Depot, 48 Cedar St., New York.
Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO., Box No 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which, if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends	ACCOUNT BOOKS	A
B	Mends	BUREAUS	B
C	Mends	CRADLES	C
D	Mends	DOLLS	D
E	Mends	ETAGERES	E
F	Mends	FANS	F
G	Mends	GUITARS	G
H	Mends	HARPS	H
I	Mends	INLAID WORK	I
J	Mends	JARS	J
K	Mends	KNOBS	K
L	Mends	LEATHER WORK	L
M	Mends	MIRROR FRAMES	M
N	Mends	NEWEL POST	N
O	Mends	OTTOMANS	O
P	Mends	PIANO-FORTES	P
Q	Mends	QUILT-FRAMES	Q
R	Mends	ROCKING-HORSES	R
S	Mends	SOFAS	S
T	Mends	TABLES	T
U	Mends	UMBRELLA-STICKS	U
V	Mends	VASES	V
W	Mends	WORK-BOXES	W
X	Mends	XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK	X
Y	Mends	YARD-STICKS	Y
Z	Mends	ZEPHYR WOOD-WORK	Z
&	In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.		&

1	S	Mends	Sofas
2	P	Mends	Pitchers
3	A	Mends	Accordeons
4	L	Mends	Letter-Sealing
5	D	Mends	Daguerreotype Cases
6	I	Mends	Metals Images
7	N	Mends	New Breakages
8	G	Mends	Gun Stocks
9	S	Mends	School Books
10	P	Mends	Parasols
11	R	Mends	Rulers
12	E	Mends	Electrical Machines
13	P	Mends	Paper Hangings
14	A	Mends	Arm Chairs
15	R	Mends	Rickety Furniture
16	E	Mends	Eraser Handles
17	D	Mends	Desks
18	G	Mends	Globes
19	L	Mends	Loosened Leaves
20	U	Mends	Upholstered Furniture
21	E	Mends	Egg Beaters
22		Mends	Acorn Work
23		Mends	Chess Boards
24		Mends	Fiddles
25		Mends	Shell Work
26		Mends	Fillet Work
27		Mends	Hobby Horses
28		Mends	Kaleidoscopes
29		Mends	Money Boxes
30		Mends	Picture Frames
31		Mends	Secretaries
32		Mends	Veneering
33		Mends	School Furniture
34		Mends	Papier-mache
35		Mends	Wardrobes
36		Mends	Parian Marble
37		Mends	Cribs
38		Mends	Baby Jumpers
39		Mends	Ivory Work
40		Mends	Match Safes
41		Mends	Pictures
42		Mends	Quill-Wheels
43		Mends	Towel Racks
44		Mends	Wash Stands
45		Mends	Bedsteads
46		Mends	Drums
47		Mends	Chessmen
48		Mends	Ballot Boxes
49		Mends	Herbariums
50		Mends	Backgammon Boards
51		Mends	Band boxes
52		Mends	Black boards
53		Mends	Bass viols
54		Mends	Billiard-Tables
55		Mends	Billiard Cues
56		Mends	Bird Cages
57		Mends	Broomsticks
58		Mends	Book Cases
59		Mends	Boot Crimps
60		Mends	Brush Handles
61		Mends	Brushes
62		Mends	Cabinets
63		Mends	Churns
64		Mends	Clock cases
65		Mends	Crutches
66		Mends	Cupboards
67		Mends	Curtains
68		Mends	Castings
69		Mends	Caddies
70		Mends	Cameras
71		Mends	Chairs
72		Mends	Charts
73		Mends	Clothes frames
74		Mends	Cards cases
75		Mends	Chests
76		Mends	Diaries
77		Mends	Work stands
78		ends	Draught Boards
79		ends	Dishes
80		ends	Doors
81		ends	Divans
82		ends	Dice Boxes
83		ends	Dominoes
84		"	Fireboards
85		"	Flutes
86		"	Ballusters
87		"	Glassware
88		"	Handles
89		"	Guttapercha Ware
90		"	Kites
91		"	Organs
92		"	Models
93		"	Sewing-machine Stands
94		"	Panels
95		"	Pasteboard Work
96		"	Patterns
97		"	Side Boards
98		"	Wooden-ware
99		"	Willow-ware
100			

Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 29 1y

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞ One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

TROY, Oct. 28, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.

Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞ Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours pains and weakness in breast, sides and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.

HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N. Y.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine.
f11—1y.

A FINE LOT OF GOODS
BOUGHT AT THE LATE
CHEAP PRICES,
DOWN, Down, Down,
ELEGANT, Stylish, Durable,
FRESH, Fanciful And staid,
GOOD IN Design Also,
HANDSOME To look at;
IN GOOD Colors and Finish,
JUST the things Of all
KINDS and Qualities to
LOOK at and Admire,
MAY be found At all times, and
NOW, Particularly, Just
OVER the South Side
PALMER, MASS.
QUEER Place, But known all
ROUND as The best
SHOP of all At which to
TURN a Dollar or two
UNDER all Circumstances,
VERY profitably Indeed,
WE shall try to Make it
XACTLY the Place for
YOU to examine
& FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,

McGilvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GAITERS & SLIPPERS,

PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,

SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &.

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers

these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists. Price 25 per box. JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
Rochester, N. Y.

VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS
WILL FIND BRYAN'S WAFERS
INVALUABLE TO REMOVE
HOARSENESS AND SORE THROAT,
AND GIVE CLEARNESS TO THE VOICE.
THEY RELIEVE IN TEN MINUTES,
COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES,
OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
AT 25 CENTS A BOX

AGENTS—Dr. Wm. Holbrook; Palmer, L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysteries, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

☞ These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the Second page of Pamphlet are well observed. ☜

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and six postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS
ARE A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION.
THEY ARE SAFE AND NEVER FAIL
TO REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS,
AND CURE ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
WHEN the DIRECTIONS are FOLLOWED.
THEY are a BLESSING and a CURE,
AND CAN BE SENT BY MAIL
FOR $1 AND 6 POSTAGE STAMPS.

AGENTS.—G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs. 25—1y.

NOW READY! The Life and Public Services of

HON. ABRAM LINCOLN,
of Illinois, and
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Republican Candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States.

Illustrated with handsome portraits. 1 vol. 12mo. 128 pages. Price 25 cents. For sale everywhere.

AGENTS WANTED—to sell the above in all sections of the country. Terms liberal. Address
MAYER & FELDRIDGE, Publishers,
114 and 115 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Birds for N. Y.—The city of Hamburg has given twelve swans to the city of New York. As birds are apt to become affected by the character of the place in which they live, these swans will soon become geese. If they possessed any great value, the metropolitan officials would quickly make ducks and drakes of them.

The Japanese.—A well known Democratic office holder in New York city remarked the other day, with ineffable disgust, to a companion, as he looked over one of the illustrated papers, now full of Japanese pictures: "What a fuss they are making about *a lot of shaved niggers.*

The Japanese Shopping.—The Japanese have been shopping in Washington. One of them bought for forty dollars a *tokay* or watch worth five. "Rook see!" he exclaimed, "Tokay" no good. No wurthurdam, doctor, he say."

Sentence of a Polygamist.—Noah F. Bisbee of Groveland, arrested recently for having four wives living, has been sentenced at the present term of the Superior Court for Essex County, to six years' confinement in the State Prison.

☞ In Washington county, Va., last week, Wm. Woodson, who is worth upwards of $100,000, was convicted of hog stealing and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Another Mystery.—They have a mystery in Philadelphia. Blood has been found on the pavement, and traced from a house in Union street, through Lombard and Perry St. and into Pine street, to the door of an ex-Alderman.

A Young Mother.—A Mrs. Case died recently at Wantoma, Wis., aged sixteen years, six months and ten days. She had been married three years, and left three children to mourn her loss.

Bounty on a Fox.—Among the items paid by the town of Tiverton, last year, was the sum of two dollars to Horace Wilcox, for bounty on a fox killed. The Reynards are not often taken in that vicinity.

Killed by a Locust.—A boy, Charles Byers, while carrying locusts in his hat, in Wetzel county, Va., recently, was stung on the head, and died from the effects of the injury.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS,

Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

SAMUEL BLAIR, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. A large assortment of Gold and Silver Goods kept constantly on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Palmer, Jan. 2, 1859.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.
M. W. FRENCH. JOHN GAMWELL.

G. S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of job ing done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

MARK THESE FACTS!

THE TESTIMONY of the WHOLE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Bad Breast, Sores and Ulcers.—All description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a folly: for, should the skin unite, a boggy diseased condition remains underneath to break out with fearful outrage in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to remove the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment, as salt is forced into meat.

Diptheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.—Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system, ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the unguent in the above manner for the diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest or throat, will find themselves relieved as a charm.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.—The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should not lose a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be well rubbed in for some considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only sure treatment for females, cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth; Sores and Ulcers.—Blotches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time, with the use of the Pills to ensure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.—Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of such diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time, when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the parts affected, even after every other means have failed. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs,	Chiego-foot.	Fistulas,	Sore Throats,
Bad Breasts,	Chilblains,	Gout,	Skin diseases,
Burns,	Chap'd hands,	Glandular	Scurvy,
Bunions,	Corns, (Soft)	swellings,	Sore heads,
Bite of Mos-	Cancers,	Lumbago.	Tumors,
quitoes and	Contracted and	Piles,	Ulcers,
sand flies,	stiff Joints,	Rheumatism,	
Coco-bay.	Elephantiasis,		Wounds,
Scalds,	Sore Nipples,		Yaws.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unles the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. 2—1y

THE GREAT DOWNFALL

IN

MILLINERY GOODS.

HAS BEEN FULLY REALIZED!

The attention of the trading public is invited by

J. H. STORRS

To the large additions made to his stock during the past week, purchased at ruinous prices, which we are bound to sell at prices that will astonish.

100 SILK AND CRAPE HATS,

15 CARTONS RIBBONS,

50 BOXES WREATHS,

NEW STYLES OF FANCY SILKS,

and

EVERY STYLE OF BONNETS,

From 25 cents to $10 00.

The Low Priced System of

HOOP SKIRTS

Is introduced.

13 Springs,	50 cts.
15 "	62 "
20 "	75 "
25 "	1 00
30 "	1 25
More WHITE HOSE,	7 cts.
" COL'RD "	"
" of those LINEN HANDKERCH'FS	
New Styles of MANTILLAS,	
" " LACE POINTS,	
" " PARASOLS,	
" " MITTS.	

And many Goods too numerous to mention, which will all be sold at very low prices.

A particular invitation is extended to all to visit and make a full examination of our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, May 19, 1859.

THE ONLY PREPARATION

That has STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, and grows more and more popular every day!

AND testimonials, new, and almost without number might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

Prof. Wood: Thee will please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life having reduced me to a state of dependence. I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair, thick and black, though short. It is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"The reward s to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, Susannah Kirby.

Ligonier, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray; so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my mure casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars worth of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect.

Very respectfully, yours, A. M. Latta,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least 20 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent; more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 441 Broadway New York, and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Nov. 26

LIVERY STABLE REMOVED.

THE subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the

NASSOWANNO BARN,

where he will keep

HORSES & CARRIAGES,

As usual, and let them at reasonable prices.

☞ He will also furnish feed for horses any length of time. WILLIAM FULLER.

Palmer, April 21, 1860—tf.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We have received a large addition to our stock of Spring Clothing, and are selling Cheaper than the Cheapest. CROSS & Co.

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

OR Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron Combined. This well known Remedy has been used extensively and with great success for DYSPEPSIA, or Impaired and Imperfect Digestion; for the consequent Deterioration of the Blood, and for the following forms of Disease, nine of which have their origin in Dyspepsia:

LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, NEURALGIA and NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, LOSS OF APPETITE, HEADACHE, LANGUOR and DEPRESSION of SPIRITS, CARBUNCLES and BOILS PILES, SCURVY, AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, CONSUMPTIVE TENDENCIES, BRONCHITIS, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, & ALL COMPLAINTS ACCOMPANIED BY GENERAL DEBILITY, AND REQUIRING

A TONIC AND ALTERATIVE MEDICINE.

Note.—The failure of IRON as a remedy for ***Dyspepsia***, a bad state of the blood, and the numerous diseases caused thereby, has arisen from the want of such a preparation of Iron as shall enter the stomach in a Protoxide state, and assimilate at once with the blood. This want the PERUVIAN SYRUP supplies, and it does so in the only form in which it is possible for Iron to enter the circulation. For this reason the PERUVIAN SYRUP often radically cures diseases in which other preparations of Iron and other medicines have been found to be of no avail.

Certificate of A. A. HAYES, M. D., of Boston.

It is well known that the medicinal effects of Protoxide of Iron are lost by even a very brief exposure to air, and that to maintain a solution of Protoxide of Iron, without further oxidation, has been deemed impossible.

In the PERUVIAN SYRUP this desirable point is attained by combination in a way before unknown; and this solution may replace all the proto-carbonates, citrates and tartrates of the Materia Medica.

A. A. HAYES, Assayer to the State of Mass.
16 Boylston Street, Boston.

Certificate of Jas. R. Chilton, M. D., of N. York.

It is well known that it has been found very difficult to preserve in a palatable form, for a desirable length of time, compounds of the Protoxide of Iron.—The "Peruvian Syrup," I am pleased to say, accomplished this desirable end.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.
93 Prince Street, New York, Aug. 8, 1859.

Certificate from well known Citizens of Boston.

The undersigned, having experienced the beneficial effects of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, do not hesitate to recommend it to the attention of the public.

Rev. John Pierpont,	Peter Harvey,
Thomas A. Dexter,	James C. Dunn,
S. H. Kendall, M. D,	Samuel May,
Thomas C. Amory,	Rev. Thos. Whittemore.

Certificate from well known Citizens of N. York.

New York, Nov. 17th, 1859.

The experience which we have had of the PERUVIAN SYRUP and the evidence which has been exhibited to us of its great success in the cure of many diseases, satisfies us that it is a medicinal agent of remarkable power and deserving the attention of invalids.

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Esq.,
President of the Metropolitan Bank.
Rev. AB STEVENS,
Editor Christian Advocate & Journal.
JOHN G. NELSON, Esq.,
Firm of Nelson & Richmond, 61 John St.
Rev. P. CHURCH,
Editor New York Chronicle.
ISAAC V. FOWLER, Esq.,
Post Master, New York City.

TESTIMONIALS FROM CLERGYMEN,

On the efficacy of the Peruvian Syrup and the benefits they have derived from its use:

Rev. JOHN PIERPONT, Medford, Mass.—Its efficacy in Salt Rheum and other Cutaneous Diseases.
Rev. WARREN BURTON, Boston, Mass.—Its efficacy in Headache, Loss of Appetite, Oppression, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. ARTHUR B. FULLER.—Its Efficacy in Nervous Headaches, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Substitute for Alcoholic Spirits, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. AUGUSTUS R. POPE, Somerville, Mass.—Cure for Boils and General Debility
Rev. GURDON ROBBINS, Hartford, Conn.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Substitute for Alcoholic Stimulants.
Rev. SYLVANUS COBB, Boston Mass.—Its Use and Efficacy in family; Restoration of Strength after Typhoid Fever
Rev. THOM. WHITTEMORE, Boston, Mass.—Its Use and Value Paralysis, Dyspepsia, and Dropsy on the Chest; He adds It gives me new Vigor, Buoyancy of Spirits, Elasticity of Muscle.
Rev. OSBORN MYRICK, Provincetown, Mass.—Its Efficacy in St. Vitus's Dance, and Chronic Bronchitis.
Rev. EPHRAIM NUTE, Jr., Lawrence, Kansas Territory.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Debility, Prostration, and Adaptation to Western Climate Diseases.
Rev. THOMAS H. PONS.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Exhaustion of Nervous System.
Rev. RICHARD METCALF, Boston, Mass.—Its Use as a Promoter of Digestion: He says: "It has proved just the Tonic that I wanted."
Rev. M. P. WEBSTER, Boston, Mass.—Its Value in Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Derangement of Liver and Stomach.
Rev. JOS. H. CLINCH, Boston, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Diarrhœa and General Debility.
Rev. ABRAHAM JACKSON, Walpole, N. H.—Its Efficacy in Piles, Dyspepsia, and Unhealthy Appetite.
Rev. J. PEARSON, Jr., Newburyport, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Debility.
Rev. ARTHUR R. R. CRAWLEY, Hershada, Burmah, E. I. Climatic Debility, Swelling of the Extremities.
Prof. E VITALIS SCHERB, Boston, Mass.—Its Restorative Power after Fever, Exhaustion of the Nervous System, and Dyspepsia; Recommendation to "Scholars, Teachers, Clergymen and Editors."
Rev. HENRY UPHAM, Boston Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Affectioos of the Liver.
Rev. S. H. RIDDEL, Boston, Mass.—Its value in cases of Bronchitis, Indigestion Torpid Liver, Neuralgia, and Nervous Debility.
Rev. P. C. HEADLEY, Greenfield Mass.—Its Genuineness as a Medical Agent and Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa and Pleurisy.
Rev. J. W. OLMSTEAD, Boston, Mass.—General Recommendation, and Confidence in its Genuineness as a Medicine; Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

N. B. Pamphlets containing Letters from the above named Gentlemen and others, and giving full information of the Syrup, can be had on application to the Agents, or to

N. L. CLARK & Co.

PROPRIETORS,

CODMAN BUILDINGS,

No. 78 SUDBURY STREET,.....BOSTON.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency.

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE undersigned will issue policies for the following responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing a capital of nearly

THREE MILLION DOLLARS!

STOCK COMPANIES.....CAPITAL and ASSETS.	
The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
The CHARTER OAK, Hartford,	350,000.
The HOME of New Haven,	222,000.

And the QUINCY and CONWAY Mutuals.

Insurance effected on all descriptions of Real and Personal property, from one month to five years, at favorable rates.

☞ Policies registered and losses adjusted and PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

Also, agent for the Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co. Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to
Palmer, May 26. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

DAVID F. McGILVRAY & Co.,

(Successors to Brodhead & Co.,)

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Nos. 53 and 55 Tremont Street Boston.

☞ All kinds of Merchandise solicited for Sale as above. 42—1y

☞ **IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES.** ☜

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company's

SAPONIFIER,

The ready Family Soap Maker, and Universal Cleaner.

Will make hard water soft, clean paint, remove ink from type, grease from kitchen utensils, &c.

One Box costs 25 cts.

4 to 4½ lbs refuse grease, usually given away, at about ½ cent ₩ lb, say 20—45 cts.

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of FIRST RATE SOFT SOAP.

Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing Depot of Company.

LEWIS, JAMES & Co., Philadelphia.

☞ The Saponifier can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the country. 1—1y.

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!

Of the newest patterns, call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

CROCKERY.

A large invoice of Crockery received this week by CROSS & Co.

BLOOD FOOD.

HEALTHY human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediately into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.

Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—1y

Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,

and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other fits. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,

No. 409 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT

SEWING MACHINE!

JUST LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being

ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS

for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.

☞ These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.

W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.

Palmer, March 31, 1861.

COFFINS!

COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of

MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,

and

WHITE WOOD COFFINS,

of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.

Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

M. S. MOULTON

WOULD call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinity to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

☞ Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.

N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL.!

WE have just received a cargo of the celebrated

FRANKLIN COAL,

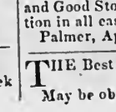
Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of

CUMBERLAND,

And another of

LACKAWANNA.

We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.



EMORY S. BROOKS has opened a shop in Waite's Building, opposite the Antiquarian House, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay.

N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!

DORCHESTER Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.

Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.

Wm. F. Temple, Sec'y. Asaph Churchill, Pr.
Charles A. Wood, General Agent.

References by permission.

Boston—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohier, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq; Dorchester—Alpheus Hardy, Esq, Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.

☞ Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property,	$231,613	
Real estate,	3,202,541	—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid,	$38,088,20	
Deposit notes,	100,109,63	
Stock Co.—1740 policies—amt. at risk,	$2,109,927,02	
Capitnl,	$50,000	
Cash surplus,	21,254,91	—$71,254,91

Oct 15—1y O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.

R. G. PALMER.

Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m

PAINTING!

THE subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging,

and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand

PAINTS, OILS,

and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.

WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.

Palmer, April 14, 1860.

THE Best and Latest Styles of DRESS GOODS May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

Dyspepsia Remedy

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

It Stimulates, Exhilarates, Invigorates but will not Intoxicate or Stupefy.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the Deliruim Tremens, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Dose.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder, or Urinary organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions, should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy, and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities from the menstrual organs, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the care worn face.

During pregnancy it will be found an invaluable medicine to remove disagreeable sensations at the stomach.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the Invigorating Spirit in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts $1. 43—1y

General Depot, 48 Water Street, New York.

Agents.—Weeks & Potter, Boston; Dr. Wm. Holbrook and Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

DR. La CROIX'S Private Medical Treatise on the

PHYSIOLOGICAL View of MARRIAGE

250 only 25 cts. PAGES and 130 Engravings.—Price Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union. On the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginings, involuntary imaginations, blushings, defective memory, indigestion and lassitude, with confessions of thrilling interest of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, &c., &c. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled.

Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing of the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's New Paris and London Treatment.

We have, for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in visiting the European Hospitals, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and Surgeons on the Continent. Those who place themselves under our care will now have the full benefit of the many new and efficacious remedies which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy and attention being paid to their cases which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore, as a Physician in our peculiar department of professional practice for the past 25 years.

French Female Pills.—Ladies who wish for Medicine, the efficacy of which has been tested in thousands of cases, and never failed to effect speedy cures without any bad results, will use none but Dr. DeLaney's Female Periodical Pills. The only precaution necessary to be observed is, ladies should not take them if they have reason to believe they are in certain situations, (the particulars of which will be found on the wrapper accompanying each box) though always safe and healthy so gentle, yet so active are they.

Price $1 per box. They can be mailed to any part of the United States.

To the Ladies—Who need a confidential medical adviser with regard to any of those interesting complaints to which their delicate organization renders them liable, are particularly invited to consult us.

The "Electro-Galvanic Protective."—For married ladies whose health will not admit, or who have no desire to increase their family, may be obtained as above. It is perfectly safe, and has been extensively used during the last 8 years. Price reduced to $10.

Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning till 9 at night and on Sunday from 2 till 5 P. M.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptons by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

Dr. L.'s office is still located as established, under the name of Dr. La Croix, at No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 copies of a medical book of 32 pages, on Spermatorrhea, for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, lassitude, depression of spirits, drowsiness, pains in the limbs and back, timidity, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples, loss of memory, &c., resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in this book, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of Consumptive and Nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will therefore send free to any address, on the receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box 579, P. O., Albany, N. Y.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN & PALMER R. R.

On and after April 9, 1860, trains will run as follows: Leave Amherst for Palmer at 8,00 A.M. Leave Palmer for Amherst at 2,00 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains to and from Boston, Springfield, Albany and New York.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, trains will be run between Amherst and Palmer, leaving Amherst at 4.00 p.m., arriving at Palmer in season to connect with evening trains from Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany, Hartford, New Haven, and New York. Returning leave Palmer at 6.15.

Stage accommodation at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley and Sunderland. W. DIXEY, General Agent.

Amherst, April 9, 1860.

To Painter, House Builders,

And Consumers of WHITE LEAD & COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & Brothers, of Philadelphia, continue to manufacture White Lead and Colors of the same reliable qualities manufactured by their predecessors, Mord'k Lewis & Co. The White Lead is of the same superior quality that has always distinguished their Lead, and for whiteness and durability is unsurpassed by any Lead of any manufacture.

Particular attention is called to the fact that Messrs. John T. Lewis & Brothers' Lead is put up *full weight*, and every keg contains the quantity marked upon it, and not, as is the custom generally, of charging for weight of keg as well as lead.

Their Colors—Green, Yellows, Blues, Reds, &c.—can be depended upon, not only as regards their brilliancy and fastness of color, but for their uniformity—the same to-day, yesterday and to-morrow.

For sale by all the principal dealers in Paints throughout New England, and by

THAYER, BRIGHAM & FIELD.
32 India Street, Boston.

LEWIS'S PURE WHITE LEAD. JOHN T. LEWIS & BROTHERS.

THE PRETTIEST BONNET,

May be found at CROSS & Co's.

HUMPHREYS'

Specific Homeopathic Remedies

FOR THE PEOPLE.

HEAR WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The undersigned having used Professor HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES in our families with the most satisfactory results, and having full confidence in their genuineness, purity, and efficacy, cheerfully recommend them to all persons who wish to have safe, reliable, and efficacious remedies at hand for private or domestic use.

The Rev. Wm. Hosmer, editor of "The Northern Independent," Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. E. H. Cressey, D.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. B. I. Ives, Chaplain of the Auburn State Prison; the Rev. Spencer M. Rice, Rector, New-Bedford, Mass.; the Rev. Allen Steele, New-York Conference; the Rev. Samuel Nichols, East-Genesee Conference, N. Y.; the Rev. P. S. Pratt, Dorset, Vt.; the Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo; A. C. Hart, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; the Hon. Neal Dow, Portland, Me.; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, South-Bend, Ind.; the Hon. George Humphreys, N. Y.; Henry D. Cook, Esq., Editor of The Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio; the Hon. R. H. Graham, Moline, Ill.; the Hon. Thomas J. Chase, Monticello, Fla.; the Hon. Joseph Benedict, Utica, N. Y.; Wm. Bristol, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Pond, Esq., Utica, N. Y.; James Plunkett, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

LIST OF SPECIFIC REMEDIES.

No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation.
No. 2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness of Infants.
No. 4.—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaints.
No. 5.—For Colic, Griping, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—For Tooth-ache, Face-ache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—Dyspepsia Pills—For Weak and Deranged Stomach, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—For Female Irregularities, Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—For Leucorrhea, Profuse Menses, and Bearing Down of Females.
No. 13.—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—Salt Rheum Pills—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—Rheumatic Pills.—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, and Mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Blee

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1860. NUMBER 6.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
—BY—
FISK & GOFF.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum. To those who pay STRICTLY IN ADVANCE, Twenty-five Cents will be deducted. For six months 75 Cents; for three months 38 Cents.

ADVERTISING.—The space occupied by twelve lines advertising type constitutes a square. For one square, one week, 75 cents; for two or three weeks, $1.00. For each subsequent insertion 20 cents. Legal advertising 20 per cent. in advance of these rates. Special and obituary notices 10 cents per line. A discount made to yearly advertisers. Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

JOB PRINTING of nearly every description, and in the neatest styles, promptly executed.

SCENES OF CHILDHOOD.

How many fond feelings cling to associations formed in early life; while yet the hopes of youth are pressing forward into the uncertainty of the future, and laying plans of future happiness and anticipated felicity. With the pencil of fancy we have drawn the scenes of future life and tinged them with sunshine. Around these fond hopes of our youthful days happiness has thrown her mantle of delight, and we pressed forward in pleasure's flowery paths and culled from her prolific dells flowers whose petals faded as soon as they were grasped by mortal hands. Impressions received, and associations formed upon the tender minds of youth, are so indellibly marked that Time, with his own effacing finger, can hardly efface them. We may look back to our early days and there behold happiness, for which a monarch would resign nations to call his own. Everything in the physical world fades and disappears; the loveliest flowers that bloom upon Nature's green pastore wither and die, but the associations of early life will live while everything around them crumbles to dust, and are consigned to the dark grave of oblivioo. Our days of childhood are already past. We may turn and gaze after them in their trackless flight, but they lie buried, deeply buried beneath the wreck of time, and the mouldering ruins of mortality. Artless days of childhood and youth! rich with the recollections of the past, in vain do we try to reach that happiness which gildrd the transient morning of our early life, but those happy days are gone, never—never more to return to us. We have already sailed far down the stream of time, we have thoughtlessly stretched our canvass to every passing breeze in conscious security, but, alas! the calm serenity of an early voyage is no longer ours; tempests are already rising around us; the hurricane is already beginning to rage! and ere we are conscious of danger, our foundering bark will be absorbed and wrecked upon the shores of Immortality.

How soon will these scenes of earth pass away,
And leave not a wreck of their beauty behind—
All objects must perish and fall to decay,
There's nothing substantial bot beauty of mind.

Staffordville, Ct. ADA.

PROPER TIME TO CUT GRASS FOR HAY.

All farmers admit that there is a time when, if grass is cut it possesses the most value for winter food for cattle, horses, &c. Still a wide difference of opinion exists as to the time. Some farmers cot their grass as soon as, or before the bloom appears—others wait till the seed has matured, contending that the seeds are the most important, and that it will "spend better." That it will last *longer* we will allow, as I had an opportunity of testing the last season. Having rented my farm the last year, the man who hired it concluded it would be a great saving to do as moch of his haying as possible with his own help, and not hire much extra labor, consequently he was a great while in securing it, nod much of it was cot after it had gone to seed. My opinion is that the loss was equal to one half the value of the hay on the last half which was cut. We think there has been a change within a few years in respect to cutting grass. Farmers commence cutting their grass earlier, do not expose it so much to the sun and dews, hot cure it more in the cock. We believe more loss is sustained by late, than by too early cutting, especially by those who have moch to cut. There may be another advantage in commencing to cut early. We believe it is generally admitted that the first part of the season is usoally the best for securing hay, especially before dog days commence. After grass is dead ripe, if the weather proves unfavorable to secure it, it is but little better than straw.

There is also a great difference in farms in respect to the different kinds of grass—some contain more field hay, consisting of clover, herds grass, and June grass, which ought to be cut early, while in others we find more natural mowing—red top, swale grass, &c., which do not reqoire cotting so early; still we think swale grass ought to be cat before blossoming, and timothy and red top when in full blossom. This is undoubtedly founded on a correct principle, as grass should be cut when it contains the most nutritive substances, viz: sugar, gum, starch, &c. J. B. B.

New Braintree.

BAROMETERS.

Are Barometers of so much practical benefit to the farmer as to enable him seasonably to provide for unfavorable changes in the weather, and thus to secure his crops, as we are told by many? It used to be said that the old mercorial barometer, with its marks of "rain," "cloudy," "fair weather," &c., was not reliable, for the pressure of the atmosphere at diverse heights is different, and if roughly handled, air would leak into the iostrument, and thus destroy its value. We doobt whether as many could be found who would think it so reliable as "Thomas' Almanack" was, when *he* made the almanac and his "wife made the weather."

New Braintree. J. B. B.

☞ A down east editor says he has seen the contrivance our lawyers use when they "warm up with the subject." He says it was a glass concern, and holds about a pint.

☞ If the gentleman who keeps a shoe shop with a red head, will return the ombrella of a young lady, with an ivory handle, he will hear something to her advantage.

☞ There is a man in Brooklyn so fat that they grease the omnibus wheels with his shadow.

☞ It is easier to declaim against a thousand sins in others than to magnify one in ourselves.

Hope.

Take heart! the waster builds again—
A charmed life old goodness hath;
The tares may perish—bot the grain
Is not for death.

God works in all things; all obey
His first propulsion from the night.
Ho, wake and watch! the world is grey
With morning light.—*Whittier.*

How rich, how poor, how abject, how august,
How complicate, how wanderful is man!
Distinguished link in being's endless chain,
Midway from nothing to the Deity;
A heaio ethereal, sullied and absorpt:
Though sullied and dishonored, still divine.

HOW GODFREY CHOSE HIS WIFE.

BY MARY E. CLARK.

"Godfrey, old boy," said Henry Clayton, as he tilted back his chair, and pot his feet upon the mantle-piece, "when is the wedding to be?"

"Whose wedding?"

"Miss Laura Somers, or Jenny, which is it?"

"I do not know, I am sure."

"Now don't be mysterious, Godfrey; you know you are a constant visitor, and all 'our set' are talking about the match. Don't pretend you haven't selected one of the sisters."

"How do you know either of them will have me?"

"Don't be absurd, old boy. You, young, handsome, talented, and with a large fortune, need not be over bashful. Come, be frank, which is the favorite sister?"

"Well, frankly then, I cannot tell you. I have visited the family for several months, as you know, but I cannot decide. Laora is certainly the handsomest, with her flashing black eyes and queenly manner; hut Jenny seems, although the youngest, to be the most womanly and useful of the two. Yet, I cannot be sure of that. My entrance is the signal for cordial welcome and smiles, and let me call at what hoor I will, they are always well dressed and apparently disengaged. To be sure, I always in the morning have to wait some time before Laura is visible.

"Pop in unexpectedly and notice the internal economy."

"How can I? A card at the door will put any lady on her guard, or even the notice of a gentleman visitor."

"Go there in disguise. As a washerwoman, for instance."

"Good! I will!"

"Go there as a washerwoman?" cried Clayton.

"Not exactly; hut I will obtain admittance to a morning's privacy."

"Well, let me know the result."

Laora and Jenny Somers were the only children of a widower, who although in moderate circumstances, moved in fashionable society. At the period of my short sketch he was about to supply the lamented Mrs. Somers' place, after nearly ten years mourning; and, although a kind, indulgent parent, had no objections to his daughters' marriage, and indeed, had told them so. Laura, whose high spirit resented the probable sopremacy of a step mother, had already selected Godfrey Horton for her foture husband, and Jenny, who was the younger and gentler in spirit, tried to conquer a carefully concealed preference for the same person. All his attentions were aserbed by her to a brotherly regard, though every act of kindness and courtesy touched her very heart.

It was the morning after a large ball and the sisters were in the breakfast room together. Laura, her glossy black hair pushed negligently off her face, with the rough, tumbled braids of last evening's coiffure gathered loosely into a comb, wearing a soiled wrapper, torn stockings, and presenting rather an alarming contrast to the brilliant ball-room belle, was lounging on a sofa. Jenny, in a neat morning dress, with a large gingham apron, little white collar, and hair smoothly brushed into a neat knot was washing the breakfast dishes.

"There is an old man at the door, with some artificial flowers," said the servant, opeoing the dining room door, "will you see him?"

"No," said Jenny.

"Yes," cried Laura, "send him up."

The servant descended to obey the last order.

In a few moments the old man came in.—He was poorly clad, with a coarse bloe cloak, which was much too large for him. His hair was white, and he wore a heard and mustache of the saoie snowy hue. Making a low how, he placed the large basket he carried on a table and opened it.

"I have a honch of blue flowers, here," he said, taking them from the basket, "that will just suit your golden hair, Miss," and he held them before Jenny.

"It was my sister who wished to look at your flowers," said Jenny, quietly.

"Yes, bring them here," was Laura's imperious command.

The old mao's eyes followed Jenny, as she washed, wiped and put away the dishes, swept the room and dusted it, and then sat down beside Laura, who was still looking over the basket.

"See, Jenny, this scarlet bunch. Will it not be lovely, with a few dark leaves, to wear with my new silk?"

"But," whispered Jenny, you can't afford it just now."

"Yes, I can. Father gave me some money yesterday."

"To pay the last dry goods bill."

"Well, I can have that carried to my private account."

"Oh! Laura, I hate to hear you talk of that private account. It seems so much like cheating father."

"Nonsense! it will stand till I am married, and then I can easily save it out of my housekeeping mooey."

"I should not wish to marry in debt," said Jeony.

The peddler looked earnestly at the sisters.

"You had better take this blue bunch, Miss," he said to Jenny. "If it ain't convenient to pay for it now, I will call again."

"No, I shall not take them."

"They are very becoming, Miss. Look in this glass."

"I wish my hair was light," said Laura. "I should like to wear blue. Godfrey Horton said last night that forget-me-nots were his favorite flowers."

"Jenny colored, and, placing the bunch in the hasket, said,

"Come, Laura, decide. You are keeping one waiting whose time probably is valuable," and then passing a chair, she added, "Be seated, sir, you look tired."

"I am tired, indeed," was the reply.

"I will take that scarlet bunch, and these red camelias, and this white closter," said Laora.

"But, sister, you can't afford it."

"Yes, I can. Godfrey Horton is rich."

The old man hit his lip.

"Think," said Jenny, in a low tone, "if you love him, how much it will griere him, if he should discover this deceit."

"Nonsense! Well, I'll tell you how to remedy it. Lend me some money out of the housekeeping funds." Miss Laura always gave me to understand that that was her post.

"Laura! steal from my father!"

"There, don't preach."

"Miss Jenny," said a servant, entering at that moment, "the dinner has come."

Jenny left the room, and Laura still turned over the gay flowers, while the old man pointed out their various beauties, he, in the meantime, running over the disordered hair, shabby dress and lazy position, while he mentally contrasted them with Jenny's neat attire.

"Not decided yet?" said Jenny, returning after a short absence.

"No, come here."

"I can't. Father has sent home a calf's head, and I am afraid to trust it entirely to Margaret. I must superintend the dinner, make a podding, and the parlors must be dusted, and there is my white mulle to be finished."

"Before I would be the drudge you are," cried Laura.

"Drudge! nonsense! I have plenty of time for enjoyment, and father cannot have a comfortable house if some one does not superintend these things. When I marry you may do it," and she laughed merrily.

"As if I should not marry first!" said Laura. "There, I have chosen all I want."

"Shall I call again for the change?" said the peddler. "I shall be happy to put the Misses Somers on my list of customers."

"Yes, call again."

"So the peddler threw up his basket, walked home, threw aside his wig, beard and disgoise, and wrote an offer of his hand and heart to Miss Jenny Somers, which was accepted.

Laura Somers had two sources of profound speculation. One is, "why did Godfrey Horton propose to Jenny instead of me?" The other, "I wonder why that old man never called to be paid for those exquisite flowers?"

TO RENDER WOOD FIRE-PROOF.—That able and reliable journal, the London Builder, gives the following recipe to render wood fireproof, which is so simple that no doubt many of our readers will be tempted to try an experiment with it: Dissolve in cold water as much pearlash as it is capable of holding in solution, and wash or daub with it all the boards, wainscoting, timber, &c. Then diluting the same liquid with a little water, add to it such a portion of fine yellow clay as will make the mixture the same consistency as common paint; stir in a small quantity of paper hanger's flour paste, to combine both the other substances. Give three coats of this mixture. When dry, apply the following mixture: Put into a pot equal quantities of finely pulverized iron filings, brick-dust and ashes; poor over them size or glue water; set the whole near the fire, and when warm, stir them well together. With this liquid composition or size, gire one coat, and on its getting dry, give it a second coat. It resists fire for five hours, and prevents the wood from ever burstinto flames. It resists the ravages of fire so as only to be reduced to coals or embers, without spreading the conflagration by additional flames; by which five elear hours are gained in removing valuable effects to a place of safety, as well as rescuing the lives of the family from danger. Furniture, chairs, tables, etc., particularly staircases, may be so protected. Twenty pounds of finely sifted yellow clay, a pound and a half of flour for making the paste, and one pound of pearlash, are sufficient to prepare a square rood of deal board.

SELLING A JACKASS.—The following "good one," is said of Judge Underwood:

"The Judge was sitting in the piazza of the Atlanta Hotel, when an extremely well-dressed and well-looking friend of his, a stranger in town, passed by.

"There," said a would-be wag, making use of an old, worn-out witticism, "there's a chance for a fortune; if I could only buy that man at the price I set on him, and sell him at the price he sets on himself, I would not want any more money, ever."

"Well!" said the Judge; "well! I have known a gentlemen offer to sell a jackass, but really, this is the first time I ever heard a jackass offering to sell a gentleman."

CAUTIOUS MEN.—Some men use words as riflemen do bullets. They say little. The few words used go right to the mark. They let you talk, and guide with their eye and face, on and on, till what you say can be answered in a word or two, and then they lance out a sentence, pierce the matter to the quick, and are done. You never know where you stand with them. Your conversation falls into their mind, as rivers fall into deep chasms, and are lost from sight by its depth and darkness. They will sometimes surprise you with a few words, that go right to the mark like a gunshot, and then they are silent again, as if they were reloading.

A CHILD-MARRIAGE AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.—Last week we chronicled the decease of Mrs. Case of this village, "aged sixteen years, six months, and ten days." Mrs. C., so early called from life to death, was married about three years ago, and has left three children to mourn a mother's loss—a sad commentary on the error of such early marriages. Let parents beware, and girls take warning.—*Wautoma (Wis.) Argus.*

GOOD.—'Tis true a boy's a wished for blessing, but then suppose the first's a girl? a dear sweet child, with ways caressing, with cherry lips and flaxen curl; with dimpled cheeks and laughing eye, to come and bid 'papa' good-bye! So whether boy or whether t'other, — the babe and then the mother.

MANNERS AND CUSTOMS OF THE HINDOOS.

The Hindoo race is divided into four prominent castes, the highest of which is the Brahmin, consituting a hereditary priesthood.—Besides these, there are numerous lower castes, taking precedence according to their usefulness. Thus, the blacksmith is of a higher caste than the hanker or goldsmith, though a shoemaker is of a low caste, because leather is unclean in the eye of a Hindoo.—There is no more opprohrious title than "the son of a shoemaker." Between these different castes there must be no contact or even association. The higher castes are defiled by such contact with the lower. Intermarriages between theoi are strictly fobidden.

Cleanliness, early rising, and silence during meals, are especially binding on the Brahmin. He can neither eat nor pray till he has bathed. If he has contracted defilement by contact with one of a lower caste, he must undergo thorough ablution. She who enters her kitchen before bathing must eat her own cooking; no one else will. The drinking vessel which has acquired a stain from the lips must be broken. Sunrise must not see a Brahmin in bed, or the fourteen generations of his ancestors will be punished in eternity. He who speaks during meals most go without food for twenty-four hours. "I once called for more milk," said the lecturer. "My mother ran in with tears in her eyes, exclaiming, 'My child, what have you done? To-morrow at this hour you may have more.' Thus," said he, "I not only did not receive what I called for, but lost what I already had."

Children are contracted in marriage by their parents, as early as the age of eight years.—Custom forbids all intercourse between them till marriage, which always takes place before the age of twelve. A girl at twelve is called "an old maid." A man, with a son of sixteen, wishing to contract a second marriage, would he thought a fit subject for an insane asylum. Marriages are always celebrated at night.

It is considered almost a sin for a man to die at home. As death approaches, he is borne forth to draw his last breath near the Ganges or some consecrated spot. The condition of the widow is lonely in the extreme. She is forbidden to contract a second marriage, and can have no intercourse with the other sex. She can have but one meal in twenty-four hours. This state of isolation has contributed more than anything else to the *Suttee*, or widow-burning, a practice which has been discontinued for some years.

THE BEAUTY OF THE HEAVENS.—How delightful it is to contemplate the Heavens! They "are stretched out as a curtain to dwell in!" Not only as far as the eye can see, but beyond the remotest boundary which the highest telescopic power can reach, does the ethereal firmament extend! We can find no limit, no boundary. Millions of miles may he traveled from any given point of space, and still the heavens appear illimitable. And with what gorgeous splendor, and magnificence is that curtain adorned. In every direction it is studded with worlds, suns and systems, all harmoniously moving in perfect and undeviating obedience to the Almighty's will. The soul in such a contemplation is absorbed. Earth ceases to hold us with its silver chain. The mind, set free from its groveling pursuits, mounts up as on the wings of an eagle, and soars away through the immensity of space, surveying and admiring the innumerable revolving orbs, which, like so many crowns of glory, and diadems of beauty, bespangle the firmament, whose antiquity is of "ancient days," and which so powerfully attest that "the hand which made them is divine." The immense distance of fixed stars claims our attention, and awakens most enrapturing feelings in the mind. Reason is compelled to give reins to the imagination, which tells us there are stars so distant that their light has been shining since the creation, and yet, amazingly fast as light travels, no ray from them has yet reached us! "The heavens truly declare the glory of God," and in beholding such a display of glory and beauty, we are deeply impressed with its manifestation of the power of the Creator, who sustains, upholds and preserves such myriads of ponderous revolving bodies, each in its orbit, moving in unerring obedience to His will.

SOCIAL INTERCOURSE.—The Troy Times has an editorial upon the evils of social intercourse, which contains many valuable suggestions. We quote the following and commend it to the attention of parents generally:

"A parent has the reputation of a daughter in keeping, as a sacred trust: valuable not only as a family prize, but as part of the aggregate wealth of the society she must affect for good or evil. The father or mother who neglects this trust is guilty of crime. How many do this! How we see it in the freedom with which young girls are permitted to plunge into all sorts of amusements, thrown into every variety of association, with no kind guardian to preserve them from evil, no protecting hand to stay evil from reaching them! With the influence of bad examples everywhere in view, such are allowed to go into male companionship, unaccompanied; to keep unseasonable hoors; to visit the most improper places, and what wonder if under such circumstances, and with the influences over them which prevail at this day, many fall? How could it be otherwise?"

A HINT TO OBITUARIANS.—One of our exchanges says: "We don't mind recording the deaths of people without being paid for our trouble—though that is not fair; but panegyrics on the dead must be paid for. We positively cannot send people to heaven for nothing."

☞ As gold is found hut here and there upon earth, so it is with love and human life. We meet a little in the hearts of children and in our households; but it is here and there a scale of gold to a whole continent of dirt.

☞ Rer. Thomas Fuller once said, in reference to written and extempore sermons, that he prefered to give his friends cold meat, well prepared on his table, to new meat warm from the spit, half roasted.

"WINE SAUCE" WITHOUT WINE.—Butter and sugar thickened with corn starch and flavored with the rind and part of the juice of a lemon.

THE JUDGE'S SAW LOG.

In the village of W——lived a man who had once been judge of the county, and was known all over by the name of Judge L——. He kept a store and a saw mill, and was always sure to have the best of a bargain on his side, by which means he gained an ample competence, and some did not hesitate to call him the biggest rascal in the world." He was very conceited withal, and used to brag of his business capacity when any one was near to listen. One rainy day, quite a number were gathered around the stove in the store, and he began as usual, to tell of his great baragains and finally wound up with

"Nobody never cheated one, nor they cant neither."

"Judge," said an old man in the company, "I've cheated you more'n you ever did me.

"How so?" asked the judge.

"If you'll promise you won't go to law about it, nor do nothin,' I'll tell you, or else I won't, you are too much of a law character for me."

"Let's hear! let's hear! cried half a dozen voices at once. We'll hear you out of it—go on.'

'I'll promise,' said the judge, 'and treat in the bargain if you have."

"Well, do you remember that wagon you robbed me of?"

"I never robbed you of any wagon,' exclaimed the judge, 'I only got my own!"

"Well I made up my mind to have it back, and——'

'But you never did!' cried the judge.

'Yes I did, with interest, too!'

'How?' thundered the now enraged judge.

'Well' you see, judge, I sold you one, day, a very nice pine log, and bargained with you for a lot more. Well, that log I stole off your pile down by the mill, the night before, and the next day I sold it to you. That night I drew it back home, and sold it to you the next day; and so I kept on until you bought your own log of me twenty-seven times!"

'That's a——lie!' cried the mad judge, running to his book, and examining his log accounts; 'you never sold me twenty-seven logs of the same measurement.

'I know that,' said the vender of logs. By drawing it back and forth, the end wore off, until it was only ten-feet long, just fourteen feet shorter than it was the first time you bought it; and when it got so short I drew it home and worked it up into shingles, and then I concluded I had got my money back, and in my pocket.'

The exclamation of the judge was drowned in the shout of the bystanders and the log drawer found the door without the promised treat. To see a mad man you have only to ask the judge if he was ever shaved.

WOMAN'S LOVE PURER AND MORE ENDURING THAN MAN'S.—It is liberal to say so, whether true or not. We find it stated in some paper that with man love is never a passion of such intensity as with woman. She is a creature of sensibility, existing only in the outpoorings and sympathies of her emotions. Every earthly blessing, nay, every heavenly hope will be sacrificed for her affections. She will leave the sunny home of her childhood—the protecting roof of her kindred—forget the counsels of her sire, the admonishing voice of that mother on whose bosom her head had been pillowed—do all that woman can do consistently with honor—forsake all that she has clung to in her girlish simplicity for years, and throw herself into the arms of the man she idolizes. He that would forsake a woman after these testimonies of affection, is too gross a villain to be called a man. The wrath of Heaven will pursue him—the brand of Cain is upon his brow, and the curse of Judas will rankle in his heart. Unrequited love with man is with him never a cause of perpetual misery—other dreams will flow in upon his imagination—the abstractions of business, the meteor of ambition, or the pursuit of wealth, will win him away from his early infatuation. It is not thus with woman. Although the scene may change, and years, long, withering and lingering years, steal away the rose from the cheek of beauty, the ruins of a breaking heart cannot be amalgamated—the memories of that idle vision cannot be obliterated from the soul—she pines away, nerves herself with pride, and pines away again, until her gentle spirit bids adieu to treacherous earth, and flits away into the bosom of her God.

TO GROW PEACHES EVERY YEAR.—Procure your trees grafted upon the wild plum stock. The tree partakes of the nature of the plum, being hardy, and will never winter-kill, and putting out late in the spring, will never be injured by the frost, and is a certain preventure against the workings of the peach grub, while the natural lifetime of the tree is beyond that of our own; so you may depend upon peaches every year, and for a long period of time, without the destructive and discouraging influences attending the growth of the common peach.—*New Jersey Farmer.*

HUMOR is a perennial source of purity and freshness to the mind. It clears away the cobwebs; it qualifies the hot draughts of sentiment; it freshens up the sated age of appetite; it flows through the whole being like a babbling stream, with verdure always green upon its banks. Without humor we are either hut simoons or arid plains. Your Keats and your Shelleys burn themselves up for the want of it; your Shakespeare and your Tom Moore are so irrigated by its delicious coolness, that they endure green and fresh forever.

☞ Judge B. was once obliged to "double" with an Irishman in a crowded hotel, when the following conversation ensued:

"Pat, you would have remained a long time in the old country before you could have slept with a Judge, would you not?"

"Yis, yer Honor," said Pat, "and I think yer Honor would have been a long time in the ould counthry before ye'd been a Judge, too!"

☞ The Oswego *Times* tells a good story of a fashionable lady of that village, whose parents are not possessed of wealth in proportion to her pretensions, who excused herself to a visitor for doing house-work, in the following style. Mother and I do our own house-work, because it is so exceedingly romantic.

☞ It is no uncommon thing that hot words produce a coolness.

PHYSICAL VALUE OF THE SABBATH.

1. The simple rest from labor, by which wearied bodily powers may be restored, makes this institution beyond estimate valuable. Week-day effort runs the machine down; the Sabbath winds it up.

2. The reaction upon the body of the rested, refreshed and enlivened mental powers which Sabbath rest secures, is of great value to the physical system.

3. The cleanliness which a well kept Sabbath always brings, in connection with change of apparel, &c., is eminently favorable to health and vigor.

4. The honored Sabbath powerfully repulses every species of vicious indulgence, and favors all those virtuous habits which so strongly befriend men's physical welfare.

5. The most satisfactory experiments have shown that a vastly greater amount of physical labor can be accomplished with the rest and refreshment of the Sabbath than can be without it.

6. The same has been verified in reference to laboring animals—as horses, oxen &c.—Hence the law of the Sabbath, expressly mentioning them—"Thou, nor thy cattle."

7. Every species of human industry is befriended by the Sabbath's regularly returning rest, restoring wasted powers, invigorating wearied faculties, and putting the human engine in proper order for the demands made upon it by the succeeding labors of the week.

Hence both the wisdom and benevolence of God beam forth in the institution of the Sabbath. Hence, too, Sabbath violation is wrong done to one of the best friends of the weary and suffering inhabitants of our world.

SHAVING AN OBSTACLE TO RELIGION.—It is a matter of general experience that shaving on a cold morning is not an operation to sweeten the temper, and on Sunday morning not at all provocative of that heavenly calm suited to the day; but it has remained for a learned professor at Cambridge, Eng., to prove that shaving is a serious obstacle to the spread of the gospel. In a tract on the subject, he says:

"While the bells of our churches are pealing their welcome to the house of prayer, while thousands of devout, albeit close shaved christians, are wending their way to the sanctuary, lo! in every by-street a shaving-shop stands open, and through the glazed door you see, what? A human face soaped and lathered to the eyes, with another immortal being standing at his side, one hand grasping his victim's nose, and the other defying the commandment of God with the uplifted steel.—Who can doubt that a willful transgression of the fourth commandment is in process, and that the histronic art itself is called into exercise on the holy day? For, look—the evidence is before you. The operation begins; the razor is applied. Bit by bit the lather disappears; and after sundry winces and wry faces, and twistings and contortions, this serio-comic performance is concluded. The lip and chin are denuded of nature's edifying garb; and the liberated subject takes his place, too late, alas, for church now, in civilized society. He is a cleaner (as the effeminate will talk) if not a better man. But why cleaner? Because a fashion, dating from a licentious period, has attached a false idea of uncleanliness to hair upon the mouth and chin. And to gratify this false taste, this arbitrary whim, hours of valuable time must be wasted, and the blessed Sabbath desecrated.

AN AGREEMENT MADE.—It is satisfactory to the Second Advent people to know that J. V. Himes, the leader of the American flock, has made an agreement with Dr. Cummings, whereby the end of all things, including the world, is to take place in 1867. So long as these two lights were at variance concerning the time of the catastrophe of course nothing could be done.

WHEREABOUTS OF FOWLER.—Mr. Fowler neither took passage on board of the Moses Taylor for Havana nor has he at any time contemplated a future residence in Brazil. He is in the state of New York—almost daily in the City of New York; and if we are correctly informed, he has not the remotest idea of availing himself of the uncomfortable advantages, incident to self exposition.

☞ An Irishman, fishing in the rain, was observed carefully keeping his line under the arch of the bridge.

Upon being asked the reason, he replied as follows:

"Sure, an' won't the fish be crowding here to keep out of the wet, ye spalpeen?"

"THE WORLD."—The boy upon foot cannot hear to see the boy who is riding. And so it is with envy of a larger growth. We are always crying out, "Whip behind!" in the miserable hope of seeing some hanger on more fortunate than ourselves knocked off his perch.

☞ There are two things which will make us happy in this life, if we attend to them. The first is never vex ourselves about what we can't help; and the second, never to vex ourselves about what we can help.

☞ At a printer's festival recently, the following toast was offered;

Woman—Second only to the press in the dissemination of NEWS.

SLAUGHTER OF CATTLE FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The average amount of cattle slaughtered per day, for San Francisco consumption, is 90 head of fat cattle, 70 calves, 200 sheep and 140 hogs.

☞ A gentleman asked a friend the other day, "How he liked the new minister?"—He replied; "First rate; he never meddles with religion or politics.

☞ Three years ago, a man invested $30,000 in real estate in St. Paul. A short time since, determining to realize what he could from it, he sold it for just $1800.

☞ Your character cannot be essentially injured except by your own acts. If any one speaks evil of you, let your life be so that none will believe him.

☞ The Great Eastern was advertised to sail from Southampton for New York on the 9th inst.

☞ The cholera is raging with great violence on the Malabar coast. Of 5043 people attacked by this awful scourge in January, 4458 died.

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1860.

An Editor's Revenge.

The defeat of Governor Seward in the National Republican Convention at Chicago is attributed to Horace Greeley of the New York Tribune. The reasons for Greeley's opposition have been variously stated in the newspapers, and a discussion of the subject has brought out a letter written by Greeley to Seward in 1854. In that letter he tells the Governor how hard he has labored to build him up, toiling night and day, contending against poverty and struggling for success. When he had helped elect Seward Governor, the latter overlooked him in distributing the spoils, when he knew that he (Greeley) was poor and needy. Then again he labored to make Seward U. S. Senator, and in return received a humiliating lecture from him in a case of libel. Afterwards Greeley was talked of for Governor, and then Lieut. Governor, but the friends of Seward defeated him. Finding his labors unappreciated by the party with which he was serving, or rather his merits unrewarded by men who had the power to confer promotion, he cut himself lose from Seward and announced in the letter alluded to the dissolution of the "political firm of Seward, Weed and Greeley," by his withdrawal from the copartnership. Since that time Gov. Seward has not been in favor with the Tribune Philosopher. The day came for his revenge. Gov. Seward was a candidate for nomination at the Chicago Convention.—Almost everybody said he would be the nominee, and the Convention itself had nearly made up its mind to adopt him. So certain did this appear that the newspapers on the morning of the nomination declared that he would be selected on the first ballot. But all this time the powerful influence of an injured man was at work. Horace Greeley labored among the delegations, not openly against Seward, but directly for somebody else. And when a ballot was reached the country was taken by surprise at the nomination of Lincoln instead of Seward. The man who had won success in almost every undertaking was defeated, and the wrongs of a slighted editor were avenged. It may not be good judgment for Greeley to recite his grievances at this time. The public cares little for details of this sort, but the Tribune editor felt justified in bringing out the letter to show that his alienation from Seward was not of recent date.

Retaliation is not a christian virtue, but as christian principles do not always govern aspiring politicians, it is easy to see how severely an influential editor may be revenged on the man who makes a ladder of him to get into power and then turns to him the cold shoulder. A few years ago a similar case occurred in England. The persevering newspaper publisher followed his man wherever he went, ridiculing his speeches and making fun of him in various ways, till at length the ambitious fellow was broken down and ruined. Greeley has killed Seward, politically speaking, and the venerable politician announces that he shall retire from public life after the 1st of July, 1861.—The New York editor closes with the following sage advice to young politicians:—

"The moral I would inculcate is a trite one, but none the less important. It is summed up in the scriptural injunction—"Put not your trust in princes." Men, even the best, are frail and mutable, while principle is sure and eternal. Be no man's man, but truth's and your country's. You will be sorely tempted at times to take this or that great man for your guide—it is easy and tempting to lean, to follow, and to trust, but it is safer and wiser to look ever through your own eyes, to tread your own path, to trust implicitly in God alone.—The atmosphere is a little warmer inside some great man's castle, but the free air of heaven is ever so much purer and more bracing.

"The World."—Such is the title of a new daily which has made its appearance in New York. It is a noble looking sheet of the size of the other large quarto dailies in that city, and is printed on bold, clear type and excellent paper. It is offered at one cent per copy, which is a marvel, considering that the bare paper costs more than that. But the publishers have no doubt counted the costs and have cut their pattern accordingly. The World aims at a high standard of morals, rejecting the details of vice, which other papers enlarge upon, and admits nothing to its columns which a father would blush to read before his family. In its record of current events it proposes to treat all subjects with religious candor. Such a paper ought to live, and especially in New York, where human depravity flourishes in spite of prayers and preaching. The World is really a refreshing sheet, and one escapes the demoralizing atmosphere of that metropolitan city when he reads it.

The Orientals.—The Japanese have been feted for a week in New York. The Gothamite have done their prettiest to make a favorable impression on the distinguished visitors. The sum of $20,000 has been placed at the disposal of the city government, to be used in carrying out the programme. On Thursday, James Gordon Bennett invited the embassy and 3600 visitors to his pleasant villa at Fort Washington, on the banks of the Hudson. The Japanese must have robust constitutions to stand such a course of ceremony and junketing as they have experienced since their arrival here.

Murdered by Her Colored Paramour.—Mrs. Abe Rhodes, wife of B. C. Rhodes, was found dead in Lumber river, N. C., the 11th inst., with her throat cut and her head crushed. She had a few days previous eloped with a free mulatto by the name of Shad Williams, taking with them $2500 in money. Williams has been arrested and lodged in jail at Lumberton to await trial.

Domestic Tragedy.—Bryant Moore, a jealous husband, blew out the brains of his wife at Lowell on Tuesday afternoon, and then attempted to blow out his own brains, but the wound will not prove fatal. He was jealous of a milkman and one or two of his boarders.

The Country.

"God made the country and man made the town." So sang the poet as he contemplated the loveliness of Nature in her summer garb. It must have been in the month of June, we think, when he conceived this idea, for in no month in the year is the country so delightful as in this. Now, hill, valley and mountain is clothed with dark, fresh green. There is no withered grass by the roadside, no faded leaves on the trees, but everything that grows from the soil has put on its summer dress of beautiful green. The forests look majestic in their dark, shady foliage; the fields look refreshing with waving grain, grazing herds and chequered crops; the air is sweet with the perfume of countless flowers, and musical with the songs of birds and the hum of insects. Such is the country in this glorious month of June. The farm house which has looked uninviting through the dreariness of Winter, is now surrounded with attractions more cheerful and pleasant than the costly mansion clouded with the dust and smoke of city strife and action. The man or woman who does not go to the country in Summer knows not what it is to live as God made made man to live. The enjoyment of rambling through dewy fields when the lark is singing, of driving home the cows at close of day, of listening to the evening notes of the whippoorwill, and finally of nestling down to sleep when the moonbeams steal into your room through rustling leaves of elm or maple, and going off into dreamland charmed by the music that wells up from hedge and thicket, is known to those only who spend the Summer in the country. We might go on enumerating the beauties and loveliness of the country in this leafy month of June—the month of roses, the month of flowers—but we invite those who do not realize all we say to come forth from city noise and dust to realize it.

"The Spring's gay promise melted into thee,
Fair Summer! and thy gentle reign is here,—
Thy emerald robes are on each leafy tree;
In the blue sky thy voice is rich and clear;
And the free brooks have song to bless thy reign—
They leap in music 'midst thy bright domain.

Small Paragraphs.

Henry Ward Beecher has concluded not to start a daily paper in New York. He thinks, probably, that it is easier to preach than edit a newspaper.

—Three negroes were hung at Orangeville, Texas, on the 11th ult. for killing their master, mistress and two children.

—A delightful place to live in must be China. Since January, 1859, 1500 persons have been carried off and killed by tigers on the Malacca Peninsular. The Chinese go there to cultivate pepper and gambiar.

—One of the Japanese doctors witnessed the amputation of a leg at the Pennsylvania hospital last week. In Japan amputations are not performed.

—Congress is expected to adjourn next Monday. It has held on a week longer than was contemplated in order to consider the Pacific railroad bill and get at the result of the Baltimore Convention.

—It is stated that Brigham Young has been in Philadelphia lately, where he has visited billiard saloons, under the name of Smith or Jones.

—The steamship, Ariel, from Aspinwall 9th, has arrived at New York. Costa Rica advices state that an attempt is being made to effect another revolution, with the object of placing Ex-President Mora at the head of the Government.

—How the Commissioners on the cattle disease obtained information.—They didn't know what ailed the cattle, and so they axed them.

—There is a plethora of money at New York, where good paper goes hard at 4½ per cent. There is room for a little this way.

—The sum of $830 has already been contributed in New York for the relief of the sufferers by the recent great tornado out West.

—The Volksbote, an influential German paper, published at Evansville, Ind., hitherto democratic, has come out for Lincoln and Hamlin.

—They use oil of vitrol instead of cream of tartar in New York to raise bread. Our lemon syrups for soda are made of oil of vitrol.—It is a wholesome drink when properly diluted.

—Goodyear, the India rubber man, is lying at the point of death in New York.

—The owner of the Patchen horse has refused $25,000 for him.

Death of a Child thrown from its Wagon.—On the 9th inst., the youngest child of Mr. Josiah Whitney, of Worcester, a babe of twelve months, was jostled from its little wagon by children at play, and received an injury to the brain, from which it died at the close of a week of suffering.

Proof of a Good Thing.—The sales of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills, advertised in our paper, amount to over half a million dollars annually. No medicine without great merit can attain such a sale as this.

Not Going to Boston.—The Japanese have decided not to go to Boston. The hospitality of the several cities they have visited are about as much as they can stand. They will sail direct from New York to Japan.

Gov. Banks has appointed Silas Smith of Northampton and Charles Allen of Greenfield Trustees of the Lunatic Asylum at Northampton, in place Charles Smith resigned, and Franklin Ripley deceased.

Hung in Effigy.—The people of Waynesboro, Ga., have hung the ten Georgia delegates who would not secede at Charleston, in effigy, and their "remains," after being stoned by little darkies, were burnt to ashes.

A Life Sentence.—John McLane, of New Bedford, for committing rape upon Eliza H. Hathaway, a girl 13 years old, has been sentenced to hard labor in the State Prison for life.

Edward Bates of Missouri, has written a letter endorsing Lincoln and stating that he is not disappointed in not being nominated at Chicago.

Western Correspondence.

Xenia, Ill., June 11, 1860.

Mr. Editor:—I am really at a loss whether I had better trouble you again with my scribblings. Whether my two preceding papers have found a place in your Journal, I am not advised, as I have not been favored with its perusal for two weeks past. Be this as it may, I have determined to address you once more. In my last I alluded to Knoxville, the county seat of Knox Co., and to Peoria, in both of which places it has been my happiness to spend a few days. The former of these places has charms worthy of note, but I must pass over them, and ask you to accompany me to Peoria. A most delightful city this, stretching along for two miles or more on the banks of Illinois river, navigable ordinarily for considerable steamers, of which I saw numbers lying off against the city, and plying up and down the river. There are no wharves here, and the process of lading and unlading is not so business-like as is seen along our noble Connecticut. But time will ere long produce these facilities. It's what I saw in my perambulations about the city that most attracted my attention. My kind host placed at my control a fine horse and buggy and a lovely little daughter for company, and I need not tell you that I improved the opportunity to acquaint myself with the different localities of one of the most pleasant and thriving cities of the West. Peoria is famous for its elevated bluffs, stretching for miles along the plain of the city, and back from the river and principal settlement, and of sufficient elevation to take in a full view, well nigh, of the city at a single glance. On this bluff, skirted with noble trees, stands many a magnificent country-seat, among the most splendid of which is the late residence of our fellow townsman, John Frink Esq., who died at Chicago a few years since. Twice did I ride over this wild and noble elevation, and seldom has my eye rested upon scenery so picturesque and imposing as was here spread before me, in which nature and art were most delightfully combined to add their pencilings to the picture.

One of my choicest drives was to the new rural cemetery, nearly three miles out of the city, and approached for the last mile, through a serpentine pathway of most exquisite beauty. At length we reach the grand gateway, between two brick columns of sufficient capacity to furnish in one a dwelling for the family of the gatekeeper, while the other is used as an office. Our ride through these magnificent grounds, rendered so principally by nature, was one of the most interesting and thrilling of the trip, but I must not dwell. Peoria is a very thriving city, and is destined to grow to almost any conceivable dimensions. We found many choice friends here, whose marked hospitalities made impressions on our minds and hearts not soon to be effaced. Among these friends were relatives of some of our most respected Palmer parishioners. Our ride from Peoria as we passed on East was partly nocturnal; but the day dawned upon us in sufficient season to reveal the most wonderful prairie, probably, on which the sun shines. It is called out here the grand prairie, as there is no other that compares with it for magnificence in this great prairie State. The railway passes directly through it, and for forty miles there is presented an unbroken surface, level as the ocean, with scarcely a tree or a shrub, and but very few human habitations.

As we entered Indiana, the surface became more broken, with a great increase of woodlands. The oak openings, as they are here called, present a noble growth of timber. The face of the country in Indiana is a fac similie of that of Michigan, the newer portions presenting any quantity of stumps, for the full accommodation of all sorts of stump speaking, with which, as you know, the country abounds just now, and along with the blackened stumps our eyes rested upon here and there a log cabin, and any quantity of flaxen-headed urchins, among whom—who knows?—may come forth hereafter, a rail-splitting President. No reproach is intended to the present nominee.

In prosecuting our journey on this newly opened railway in Indiana, (not the most comfortable in the world) we passed through Logansport and Richmond, rather smart places, in this rising State, till at length we entered the beautiful State of Ohio, and found ourselves in the midst of that most highly cultivated, and richly laden portion of it that lies along the vallies of the Great and Little Miami rivers. On no agricultural region farther west had my eyes rested, that filled it like this. Who wants to push on farther west, who can find a home amid the rich hills and vallies of Ohio? The two cities through which I passed in this part of Ohio, before reaching Columbus, that pleased me most, were Dayton and Xenia. Of the latter I must speak particularly, as it was my privilege to stop here for a day or two, including the Sabbath, among kind friends, who did everything in their power to make us happy, and among the kind offices bestowed was a delightful ride over the city and its immediate surroundings. Here I was carried forward from the 10th of June to the 19th or 20th of July, in that I saw fields of barley of luxuriant growth in the act of being harvested, and grass grown to lodging height in the act of being mown; and neither by the old implements of such slow and tedious process, but by well contrived labor-saving machinery. Xenia is a remarkably pleasant little city of some five thousand inhabitants. It has thirteen churches and one Theological seminary belonging to the United Presbyterians. Its public schools are of a high order, and with its two female seminaries, the facilities for education here enjoyed are well nigh unequalled. My host gave me a drive to the cemetery—not a rural retreat like some others I have visited in my tour—but made beautiful by art and culture. Its avennes are somewhat numerous, and by the assiduity of a well paid sexton are kept clear of grass and weeds; and on every hand, ornamental trees and shrubbery, of a great variety of kinds, feast the eye and afford pleasure to the most refined taste. The character of a people as regards refinement may be very fully learned from the appearance of their field of sepulchres. An unsightly grave-yard, filled with brambles, with dilapidated monuments and neglected walks, betokens anything but refinement. At Xenia my eyes rested upon a court house (not like many others out here) that would do honor to a New England county seat. It is a noble edifice, and seemed fitting for dispensing law and justice. We left this choice little city, and our kind friends here with reluctance; not with a spirit of envy, but of congratulation, that they had been so fortunate as to find a home in so desirable a location.

VIATOR.

The Baltimore Convention!—The Democracy still Inharmonious!—Quarrelling among Delegates!—The adjourned democratic convention assembled at Baltimore on Monday last, and up to Thursday nothing was done towards making a nomination. Some of the seceders wanted to get back into the convention, and the president favored them, but the matter was referred to the committee upon credentials who had a long and stormy debate over the subject. Several of the contesting delegates came to blows, and it is reported that one or two duels will be fought in consequence. The committee on credentials reported on Thursday, recognizing the Douglas delegates in preference to the seceders, and it was expected that their report would be adopted on Friday, and a vote reached soon after, in which case Douglas would be the nominee. A split would follow and the seceding convention, which had adjourned to wait the issue of the regular convention, would make another nomination. The seceders will be strengthened by delegates from nearly all the States, and the great Democratic party will be split in two, the larger half going against Douglas. In this case it is easy to foresee that defeat is sure to overwhelm both wings of the party.

Accidental Poisoning.—Michael Vannah, of Nobleboro, Me., was accidentally and fatally poisoned last week. He was using strychnine in poisoning corn to kill crows, and it is supposed that in handling the poison he must have got some of it on his tobacco. He died after suffering a few days from the effects of the poison.

New Stamps.—The Post Office Department will issue in a few days stamps for *twenty-four, thirty and nine cents*, to facilitate the payment of postage on foreign letters.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

The Assessors find that there are 870 polls in town, but don't say how many are voters.

Sold.—Mr. Dodge has sold his trotting horse "Bonner" to a Hartford man for over $500.—The horse won a $100 purse on the Palmer Park lately.

The Circus will be in town to-day. Those who have seen bills and pictures with the advertisement in our paper have got an inkling of the feats to be performed.

Returned.—Rev. Dr. Vaill, who has been absent from his church and society for several weeks on a Western trip, returned home on Wednesday evening.

Wilbraham.—L. B. Bliss, assistant marshall for taking the U. S. census, has completed his labors in Wilbraham and Longmeadow, and will commence the 8th ward in Springfield today.

Mr. Shaw has nearly finished taking the U. S. census in this town and Monson. The latter has increased its population considerably since 1850. The paupers at the State Almshouse are included in the population.

Staffordville.—Henry E. Chamberlin, who formerly kept the Union Store at Staffordville, and who is remembered in connection with the mysterious disappearance of his infant child, in 1857, has returned and will open a store in that village.

Enfield—Suit for Damages.—Lyman V. B. Cook of Athol, has brought a suit against Cyrus F. Woods of Enfield, to recover $6000 damages for being accidentally shot in the leg by the latter while out coon hunting about a year ago.

Our Flag.—We have raised our flag for Lincoln and Hamlin, and Democrats as well as Republicans must pass under it as they pass the Journal office. We shall let it wave to the breeze till after our candidates are elected next November.

Green Peas.—Mr. Burley has the credit, and honor, if any, of furnishing us with the first mess of early peas. His garden is always the earliest for vegetables of every description, and what is better, it supplies the public as well as editors with its luxuries.

Moved In.—N. Smith has moved in to the new carriage shop just built for him. It is a large, commodious establishment, the wood, trimmer's, paint and blacksmith shops being all connected with each other. Look out for very fine carriages about these days.

Hotel Change.—We understand that John Allen has sold his lease of the Nassowanno House to Joseph W. Weeks of Hartford, formerly of Ware, and once clerk of the Palmer House. He will take possession on the first of July.

Flowers and Fruit.—We have in our garden a pear tree which is in blossom a second time this season. The first blossoms matured to fruit, and the tree put forth new shoots which are blooming for a second crop of pears. It is seldom that fruit and flowers are seen on a tree at the same time.

Getting Ready too Soon.—Last Monday evening an ardent young democrat borrowed the Republican cannon at the Almshouse to fire a salute on Tuesday morning for Judge Douglas, supposing he would be nominated at Baltimore by that time. After keeping the cannon till Thursday it was taken back to the Almshouse to fire a salute in honor of the Governor's visit on Friday.

Strawberries.—The man who raises the best strawberries knows where they will be best appreciated. Of course he does, or Mr. Dickinson of this village would not have brought us a large box full of delicious ones fresh from his garden. Blessed is he who, having a good thing, shareth it with the printer. That is not exactly scripture language, but it is good orthodox doctrine.

Touch not, Taste Not.—Two young men belonging to the division of Sons and Daughters of Temperance in this village have been arraigned before a committee of the order on a charge of violating their pledge. How frail is human nature! If the winning influences of the fair daughters of the division cannot prevent an indulgence in the wine cup, the violators must be beyond all hope of reformation.

Closing Out.—Samuel P. Blair, who keeps a jewelry store in the Nassowanno block, is closing out his stock with the intention of retiring from the business on the 1st of July.—Ill health is the reason for his doing so. Mr. Nelson, who has for several years carried on the millinery business in the same block, is also closing up his business. There will be a good opening for a jeweler and milliner after the first of July.

Police.—Hall J. Kelley of Three Rivers, was before Justice Collins on Friday of last week, on complaint of Ephraim Squires, on a charge of violating the liquor law by selling the said Squires and his wife three quarts of cider, at 4 cents a quart. The prosecution seems to have been malicious, Mr. Kelley testifying that they bought the cider to use as medicine, Squires being in ill health. Afterwards for failing to pay rent Mr. Kelley warned Squires out of his house, whereupon he turned round and prosecuted Kelley for selling cider. The justice rendered judgment on two counts—on the first $10 fine and 20 days imprisonment, on the second $20 fine and thirty days imprisonment. From this decision Mr. Kelley appealed.

The Arm of the Koster Boy Amputated.—Death of the Boy!—Last week we gave an account of the singular enlargement of the left arm of William Koster of this town, a boy seventeen years of age. An amputation of the diseased limb was performed on Wednesday afternoon last, by Dr. G. Kimball, of Lowell, professor of surgery, assisted by Doctors Child of Pittsfield, Breck of Springfield, Holbrook of Palmer, and others, there being seventeen physicians present. Six months ago the boy was advised to have the arm taken off, but so long as there was hope of saving it he tried one physician after another without obtaining relief. The disease had made such progress that he became anxious to have the arm amputated, knowing that he could not long survive as it was. The physicians in convention at New Haven gave him little encouragement that an amputation would save his life, but it was his only chance. For a week before the operation he failed slowly, and for twenty-four hours before the doctors assembled the arm had bled profusely from the scratch of a pin. The operation was a severe and bloody one, occupying *two hours and a half!* He got upon the table and arranged himself for the surgeons. Ether was administered once in five minutes, keeping him unconscious of pain, though he groaned audibly as the terrible work went on. A deep incision was first made under the collar bone, in order to reach the subclavian artery. This was a most delicate operation, as a slight mistake would cause death in less than five minutes. At every cut of the knife the blood gushed like a river, and at one time the surgeons hesitated about proceeding, fearing he would die under their hands. On cutting away the flesh from the shoulder the arm dropped from its socket, and it was found that the bone was badly decayed nearly the whole length of the arm. The elbow joint was entirely gone, and above it the bone could be crushed between the fingers. In the shoulder socket was a clot of dark grumous blood, and the ends of the clavicle and scapula (collar bone and shoulder blade) were found so much diseased that a portion was sawed away from each. The boy rallied after the operation and conversed cheerfully with his friends, but assured them that he could not live. The shock to his system and the loss of blood was so great that his life slowly ebbed away about 9 o'clock in the evening. The amputated arm weighed over *twenty-seven pounds*, and must have lost three or four pounds of blood and matter before being weighed. It was taken to Lowell by Dr. Kimball who will have it preserved. An operation so severe is seldom performed, and to those who were familiar with surgical operations it seemed like a butchery. It was, however, carefully and skillfully done, and no blame can be attached to the surgeons for the fatal result.

Official Visit.—The Governor and Council visited the State Almshouse on Friday.—Wm. Stowe, clerk of the House, and several citizens of Springfield accompanied them.

The Cattle Disease.—It is a little remarkable that no new cases of pleuro-pneumonia have been reported since the extra session of the legislature assembled. Two of the Commissioners are looking after old cases, and the other, Dr. Loring, has gone on to attend the Baltimore Convention. Dr. Dadd has been hunting for cases in New Hampshire, but has returned without finding any. The Commissioners from other States have been looking over the subject and do not hesitate to say that our Commissioners were needlessly frightened, and that there is no cause for great alarm.—We think it will prove that the extra session was unnecessary, but it is better for the State to have erred on the safe side than on the wrong. We think there will be little need for the $100,000, besides paying for the rash slaughtering of herds before the session assembled. In case there should be no fresh alarm the Commissioners may be dismissed by the Governor and Council, and the towns will be left to manage all diseased cattle. In numerous instances where cattle have died, the pleuro-pneumonia had nothing to do with them, as has been proved by thorough examination. Now that sober reason is taking possession of people's heads, every sick animal will not be tumbled under ground till it is found that it is really sick with the contagion.

Another Foolish Girl.—The old fashioned way of getting a husband is the surest and best, but girls sometimes get impatient and fall into a snare that proves their ruin. This was the case with the daughter of a wealthy merchant at New York, who advertised for a husband, and by that means made the acquaintance of a scamp who persuaded her to elope with him to Cincinnati, representing to her that his parents, wealthy and influential, lived there.—She followed him to New Orleans, where she discovered the imposition, and was about to drown herself, when a friendly hand rescued her and sent her home.

A Heroine.—A daughter of Mr Moore who keeps the light on Fairweather Island, below Bridgeport, heard cries for help in the Sound on the night of the 13th. Her father being an invalid, she launched a boat and ordered two men to pull out into the sea, herself steering the boat. About two miles from shore a boat was found capsized, with two men clinging to it, nearly exhausted. They were rescued and brought home by the brave girl. She ought to be rewarded.

Celebration in Springfield.—Prof. Sweet, whose photograph we have received, is putting up his rope to cross the Connecticut on the 4th of July. The rope is only about half as large as the one used by Blondin, and the distance will be double that walked at Niagara. Prof. Wise will go up in a balloon from the Park, and will send up expresses carrying passengers if any wish to rise in the world.—Let us all go and see the sights.

Two Men Murdered by a Circus Company.—A terrible fight took place at Montezuma, Ind., between a Circus Company exhibiting there on Saturday, and some of the citizens of that place, in which two of the latter were killed by being beaten with the pegs used in fastening down the canvas. No arrests were made, and the murderers are still at large.

An Argument in Favor of Tin Roofs and Iron Bedsteads.—Merriam, the Brooklyn philosopher, who has for many years kept a record of the number of persons killed by lightning in this country, says that no case of death has happened to a person lying on an iron bedstead, or in a house or building having a metalic roof.

Accidents.—Misfortunes do not Come Singly.—Last Saturday, as John Gallagher, a lad of fourteen, son of Lewis Gallagher of Ware, was cleaning some machinery in Mr. Gilbert's woollen mill, his feet slipped, and putting out his right hand to prevent falling, it was caught in some gearing and drawn in up near the elbow, where it was mashed off entirely, and he was liberated. He is well cared for by the attending physicians and there is a prospect of his recovery with the loss of his arm. On Monday a sister of John, a girl of two years, was pushed by some other children, and fell down several steps, breaking one of her arms.

Sons of Temperance.—The report of the M. W. Grand Patriarch of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance, gives the following information in regard to the progress of the Order. In twelve years, previous to and including 1859, there have been initiated 756,847 members, or an average of 63,000 per annum. These members have paid into their subordinate Divisions, in the twelve years, the sum of $6,085,477. The subordinate Divisions have paid to sustain their Grand Divisions $174,783. The Grand Division have paid to sustain their National Division, the sum of $20,790. In these twelve years $1,415,465 have been paid for benefits to members in sickness.

American Politics Abroad.—All the English papers of June 1st contained the following lucid telegraph dispatch about American politics:

The Republicans of Chicago had nominated Mr. Lincoln for the Presidency. The Illinois Convention had nominated Mr. Hamlin as President and Mr. Maine as Vice-President. Great enthusiasm prevailed

An Editor Takes a Lesson from the People of the World.—Frank Cahill, the late conductor of the comic paper known as the *Nick Nax*, has become a defaulter on a small scale. He had some literary ability, and did some good service in the New York papers while he was employed on them. But he was unfortunate in the choice of his associates, and after a long spree he went off with what he could get, viz., about $600 belonging to the proprietors.

A Double Nosed Girl.—A Western paper states that a girl twelve years of age, having two separate and distinct noses, landed in Detroit on Saturday last, in company with her parents from Scotland, on their way to the West. Telling people to follow their nose is generally thought a very plain direction; in this instance, however, it would put the poor girl in a terrible quandary. She would have to ask, "Which?"

Breaking out of Jail with a Pewter Spoon.—Last Saturday night, seven prisoners escaped from jail at Columbus, Ohio. One of them made a key out of a pewter spoon, with which he unlocked several of the cells, until it finally broke in the last lock attempted. Having taken up a part of the flooring, they very easily dug through the foundation wall, and reached the area of freedom.

A Young Sam Patch.—A young man named Stephen Lockwood, amused and astonished the million at Providence on Monday evening; first by bending a bar of iron by striking it across his arm. He then mounted to the cross trees of a schooner and took a leap into the water. On coming to the surface, he received the applause of the multitude.

Confession of Murder.—Henry Harrington of Beekman, N. Y., recently died, and on his death bed confessed that he and another man murdered a peddler named Lee about 20 years ago. The peddler suddenly disappeared about the time mentioned by Harrington.

Immigrant Vine-Growers.—Crowds of industrious German vine-growers and farmers are immigrating from Germany to Missouri. Some three hundred have already reached St. Louis. They are regarded as the very best immigrants that could enter the State, and the branch of agriculture which they pursue is a deeply important one for the country.

A Burglar Takes Advantage of a Funeral.—During the funeral services over the body of Mr. Charles Hatfield, who was killed by the late explosion in Williamsburg, some thief broke into the house of Mr. William Hadfield, and carried off property amounting in value to about $100.

Heavy Losses by the Late Tornado.—The Jefferson (Pa.) Star says that the losses by the late storm in Winslow township, ten miles east of Brookville, in timber, &c., is not less than $200,000. It will cost $5000 to clear out Sandy Lick.

Fortune of an Emancipated Daughter.—A Mississippi planter has purchased a house in Cleveland for his emancipated daughter, an octoroon, sixteen years old. Her income is to be $3000 a year, and no pains or expense is to be spared in giviving her a thorough education.

The Amount.—An official letter from the Postmaster General states that the defalcation of Mr. Fowler up to March 31, at which time the accounts were audited, was $155,500. Mr. Fowler's cashier states that it will probably amount to $160,000, including the time since auditing.

Troops for Pike's Peak.—Private despatches received at Washington state that 10,000 troops will be needed at Pike's Peak to prevent the Indian depredations. Great excitement prevailed there, and the work in the mines was stopped.

Sentence of Attempted Rescuers.—The colored men in Philadelphia, convicted of attempting to rescue Moses Horner, the fugitive slave from Virginia, have been senteneed to the penitentiary for thirty days and fined $2 each.

The Shoe Trade.—The Lynn Reporter says: "Dullness reigns everywhere. Here in Lynn there is barely enough doing to call it business, and about the same condition of things exists in other places. It is just now the dull season of a very dull year."

Garibaldi has captured the city of Palermo, and is everywhere successful over the royal troops.

A DISTRESSING COUGH, causes the friends of the sufferer as much pain as the sufferer himself. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will certainly cure coughs, colds, arrest consumption, and that speedily. When did it ever fail?

☞ At Tarsus, in Cilicia, Alexander the Great, while pursuing his career of conquest, bathed in the chilly waters of the Cydnus, which nearly proved fatal to him. By constant care and attention, together with the most extraordinary skill, his physician, Phillip, succeeded in saving his life. The case would not have been at all serious had Dr. Ham's Famous Aromatic Invigorating Spirit been discovered in that day. One wine-glass full, taken after he came out of the Cydnus, would have immediately removed all the bad effects of his imprudence.

FOR CATARRH.—The proprietors of the Tolu Anodyne, wishing to confine its great qualities only to such complaints as start from, or are connected with the nervous system, and to avoid the too common means used to introduce proprietary medicines, that of making them cures for every nameable complaint, would hardly have dared to recommend for this most painful of all complaints, Catarrh. But cases of such decided character have experienced such important cures, that with the Universal Cough Remedy, the one to cure the Cough or Stuffness so common to Catarrhal Complaints, and the other, to completely relieve the pains in the head or nasal organs, which always accompany or follow the attacks. We would caution all, as they value the chance of a cure to be cautious and purchase HUNNEWELL'S preparations of such as they can rely on. Sold by all respectable dealers. See advertisement.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In the whole history of Medical Discoveries no remedy has performed so many or such remarkable cures of the numerous affections of the Throat, Lungs and Chest—of Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, or Consumption itself, as this far famed, long tried, and justly celebrated BALSAM. So generally acknowledged is the superior excellence of this remedy that but few of the many who have tested its virtues by experience fail to keep it at hand as a speedy and certain cure for sudden attacks of Cold—fully believing that its remedial powers are comprehensive enough to embrace every form of disease from the slightest cold to the most dangerous symptom of pulmonary complaint.

[FROM THE LADY OF ROBERT TURNER, ESQ., OF UNADILLA, N. Y.]

Unadilla, N. Y., Dec. 7, 1859.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co., Boston—Gentlemen: Having been asked for an expression of my opinion as to the merits of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, I can say with the utmost confidence that I think it the best Cough remedy I have ever known, and believe I owe my present existence to its wonderful curative powers, having at one time been brought very low by a distressing cough, accompanied with spittings of blood and other symptoms of that dread destroyer, consumption! I tried many remedies without effect until a resort to the Balsam was had, which, by the blessing of Divine Providence, soon restored me to health.

The Balsam is now our resort when any of our family is attacked with coughs or colds, and it has never failed to give the desired relief. I keep constantly a supply on hand. During the past ten years I have influenced many persons to make use of this remedy, and always with the same success. MRS. ROBERT TURNER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Longley, Belchertown. 5

LIVER COMPLAINT.—The liver, being the great purifying organ, arrests in its substance many morbid products, the fertile sources of disease. The Peruvian Syrup stimulates the liver to the performance of its functions, lessens the evils of bad digestion, and thus acts at the same time in a restorative and preventive manner.

Boston, Oct. 12, 1858.

Dear Sir: My business has been that of an engraver and carver in wood; owing to confinement in ill-ventilated rooms my health gradually declined, when I was unable any longer to prosecute my business.

At this time I was suffering from great prostration of strength, extreme indigestion, and disordered liver. My usual weight was 135 pounds, but I had become so emaciated that I weighed but 100 pounds.

In the early part of May last, I commenced taking the Peruvian Syrup, and almost immediately felt its tonic and invigorating influence. In the course of four months I used four bottles. My weight this day is 149 pounds. I have neither liver complaint nor indigestion, but consider myself in a perfect state of health and in good spirits.

JAMES MORSE, 43 Pleasant St., Charlestown.

Important Remedies.—If there is in the list of Remedies given to the world for acceptance and approval, any which are entitled to confidence by their perfect adherence to the laws and intention of the Creator, one is

THE UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY,

for every species of Lung, Throat and Bronchial difficulty, even that of ACTUAL CONSUMPTION, and the other the justly celebrated

TOLU ANODYNE,

a most perfect remedy for Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, Partial and Actual Paralysis, St. Vitus Dance, Chronic, Spasmodic, and Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, and that chief of all causes of disease, LOSS OF SLEEP.

If our friends will accept the declaration that for six or eight years these preparations have been through tests that would satisfy all, in place of sweeping declarations that mean nothing, and then procure and read the pamphlets, to be found with dealers and and agents, they will be able to judge how far they can be relied on.

GENERAL AGENTS:

J. W. HUNNEWELL & Co., 7 & 8 Commercial Wharf, Boston. | GEO. HUNNEWELL, 145 Water Street, New York.

Under the special supervision of JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Chemist and Pharmaceutist, Boston, Mass., whose signature covers the corks of the genuine only, and to whom address all communications. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

HERRICK'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 39—1y

Important to Females.—DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M. D., New York City.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysteria, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

To MARRIED LADIES, Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.—There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a peculiar result. The condition referred to is Pregnancy—the result Miscarriage. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Price $1. Sent by mail on enclosing $1 to Dr. Cornelius L. Cheeseman, Box 4 531, Post Office, New York City. Sold by one druggist in every town in the United States.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Gen. Agt. for the U. S.
20 Cedar St., New York.

Sold by Dr. Holbrook, Palmer, and G. B. Hitchcock, Ware. 6—1y.

TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF ROYCE'S RELIEF.—I have used Royce's Universal Relief in my family for the last year, and have found it to be one of the very best medicines now in use. There is no humbug about it. I have used it for bruises, colds, bronchitis, burns and lameness in back with perfect success. It accomplishes all it promises, and very speedily. Also Royce's Bitters, "The Poor Man's Friend," is most excellent to restore the appetite. Try it. REV. W. S. PHILIPS.
2 m

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Much truth in a small compass.—Derangement of the stomach and bowels.—Few people are conversant with the manner in which the blood is created, or that the stomach, with the gastric juices, the secretions of the liver and the action of the lungs are the chief agents for converting the food we eat into blood, hence the great necessity for preserving the stomach in a sound and healthy condition. Nothing has yet been discovered more effectual for this than Holloway's famous Pills, which act directly on the stomach, liver, bowels, circulation. In billious disorders, indigestion, costiveness, and all consequent complaints, headache, piles, and debility, there is no medicine in use which insures such certain and beneficial results.

A VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINE.—So celebrated has Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., become, that it is regarded as the only specific cure for worms. Families should never be without a supply of it. At this season particularly, when worms are so troublesome and frequently fatal among children, parents should be watchful; and on the first appearance of those distressing symptoms which warn us of their presence, at once apply this powerful and efficacious remedy. We are confident that it only requires a trial, to convince all that it richly merits the praises that have been lavished upon it. It is safe and infallible. Volumes of certificates can be produced, showing its great medical virtues.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. ☞ None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. [34]

BORN.

In Palmer, 16th, a daughter to WM. ROHAN; 21st, a daughter to JOHN FEENEY.

In South Wilbraham, 13th, a son to GEORGE TURNER.

In Belchertown, a son to S. D. COWLES.

MARRIED.

In Derry, N. H., 6th, by Rev. E. G. Parsons, Hon. LUCIUS M. BOLTWOOD of Amherst, and CLARA B., daughter of Mr. Hinkley Williams of Goshen.

In Amherst, 11th, by Rev. Mr. Dwight, CALEB T. HUBBARD and MINNIE E. DIMMOCK, both of Amherst.

In Ludlow, 17th, FRANCIS NAVEL of L., and JENNIE WALKER of Belchertown.

DIED.

In Monson, 1st, BETSEY P., 62, wife of Samuel N. Ward.

In Ware, 29th, PAUL C. WOOD, 43.

In Palmer, 11th, HEZEKIAH FERRY, 90; 17th, MARY, 55, wife of Edward Ryan.

In Bondsville, 20th, WILLIAM KOSTER, 17.

NEW STOVE STORE.

I HAVE taken the second store in Waite's Block, South Main street, and am selling cheap for cash

Stoves, Pumps, Garden Engines,

Sinks, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c. I have the Pilot Stove, the Roger Williams, the Prize, the Empire State, the Emporium, with the best coal grate in use; also the best Parlor Oven Stove made. All kinds of

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE

made to order, and from the best of stock.

Tin Roofing, Eaves Gutters & Job Work

done to order.

☞ Old Iron, Lead, Brass, Copper and Rags taken in exchange for Goods. C. M. STACY,
Palmer, June 23, 1860. Agent.

$25,000

(or less)

WORTH OF

DRY GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE AT PRICES MUCH LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS VICINITY.

OUR STOCK OF

RICH SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

SILK AND LACE MANTILLAS,

Shawls, Talmas, &c.. &c.,

Is Very Large and Attractive.

P. P. KELLOGG.

PALMER, June 23.

SHEEP LOST.

STRAYED from the pasture of the subscriber in Palmer, eight head of merino sheep, four of them marked with red on the rump. Whoever will return said sheep or give information where they may be found shall be suitably rewarded.

Ware, June 23, 1860. JEFFERSON HILL.

REPAIRS COMPLETED

AND

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF

SUMMER MILLINERY,

AT THE

BONNET ROOMS

OF

CROSS & COMPANY,

Having completed the additioa to our Millinery Rooms, we are now prepared to show the LARGFST,

RICHEST, and

PRETTIEST

Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Ever shown in this town, which we respectfully invite all who want the best styles, to call and see.

BONNETS BLEACHED AND PRESSED,

in the best possible manner,

FOR 13 CENTS.

CROSS & CO.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed agent for the several Insurance Companies for which Mr. B. F. Goff was agent at the time of his decease, is now prepared to effect Insurance on any risk, or to renew any Policy that may expire in any of said Companies. OTIS LANE.

Office at Ware Savings Bank,
Ware. Nov. 26, 1859—tf.

Life & Fire Insurance Agency.

Main street,.....Ware, Mass

W. S. BRAKENRIDGE.

AGENT for Companies of undoubted character and standing, representing a Capital Stock of over $5,000,000, and for several of the best Mutual Insurance Companies. Insurance effected against loss or damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Stocks of Goods, Cotton and Woolen Mills, and Merchandize generally at rates proportionate to the character of the risk. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. Insurance upon Life taken upon favorable terms in perfectly safe Companies.

Dec. 30—6m.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

TO accommadate our large and constantly increasing business we have removed to the elegant and commodious warehouse,

115 MILK STREET,

where, with greatly improved and enlarged facilities, we shall be happy to continue to serve our former customers, and the public generally, with Fairbanks' Standard Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform and Counter Scales, in every variety.

1y—5. FAIRBANKS & BROWN.

DEAD SHOT FOR BED-BUGS. | THE neatest and most reliable extirminator in use. Faithfully applied, it remains one year a trap ready set for these noxious tormentors of our nightly rest.

THE LIGHTNING **FLY KILLER.** | DESTROYS FLIES instantly. Every Sheet will kill a Quart. Commence early and the house may be kept clear of flies all summer. Both articles for sale by the Druggists everywhere. Send for a sample sheet to L. L. DUTCHER & SON,
June 16—1m St. Albans, Vt.
Sold by G. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of

MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.

Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to

CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassowanno Block.

Palmer Ayril 28, 1860.

HAMPDEN ss.—At a Court of Prshate holden at Springfield, within and for the county of Hampden, on the fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty. On the petition of Alfred Trumble, administrator of E. M. Trumble, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of eighty-six dollars and seven cents for the payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law. Ordered—that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said county, on the first Tuesday of July next, at ten o'clock, A. M., then and there to be heard and decided upon, and that the said administrator give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same. JOHN WELLS, Judge.

Copy—attest WM. S. SHURTLEFF, Register.
j9—3w.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

☞ These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the Second page of Pamphlet are well observed. ☜

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and six postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS

ARE A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION.
THEY ARE SAFE AND NEVER FAIL
TO REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS,
AND CURE ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
WHEN the DIRECTIONS are FOLLOWED.
THEY are a BLESSING and a CURE,
AND CAN BE SENT BY MAIL
FOR $1 AND 6 POSTAGE STAMPS.

AGENTS.—G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs.
25—1y.

HAYING TOOLS!

Spring Tooth, Horse Hay Rakes.
Hand " "
Hand Dray " "
A. V. Blanchard & Co.'s Cast Steel Scythes.
H. Water's Patent Rolled " "
Frost, Burk & Co.'s Patent Scythe Snaths.
" " " Plate Socket "
" " " Patent Bush "
" " " Common "
Stevens, Peck & Co.'s Best Hay Forks.
D. W. Root's " " "
Superior Eagle Scythe Stones. (made from Grindstone.)
Superior Emory Grit Scythe Stones.
" Norway Rag " "
" Scythe Rifles.
Nova Scotia Grindstones, set with frame and Patent arbor complete.

We offer the above Goods, from the best manufacturers, in great variety, and at LOW PRICES.

Palmer, June 23, 1860. E. BROWN.

Taxes! Taxes! Taxes!

THE Assessors of the town of Palmer give notice that they have delivered to L. S. Hills, Collector of Taxes, a correct list of the taxes, together with a warrant in due form of law for collecting the same, and that the town voted as follows: That all Poll Taxes shall be subject to be paid at any time, and on demand, and that on all taxes paid before August, 1860, 6 per cent. will be discounted. The rate of tax is $1 16 per $100.

Poll Tax is $1 80.

JOHN FOSTER,
HIRAM CONVERSE, } Assessors of Palmer.
J. E. CRANE,

Palmer, June 23, 1860.—3w.

HAMPDEN SS. At a Court of Probate holden at Monson, within and for the County of Hampden, on the twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty. On the petition of William R. Parks and Austin Fuller, administrators of the Goods and Estate of Sylvester Parks, late of Palmer, in said County, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of one thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars and eighty-one cents for the payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law.—ORDERED—that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said County, on the first Tuesday of July next, at ten o'clock, A. M., then and there to be decided upon, and that the said administrators give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same.

JOHN WELLS, Judge.

Copy—ATTEST WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Register.

PRINTS!
PRINTS!
PRINTS!

Cases of New Prints just received and selling very low at CROSS & Co.'s.

Every One Read This,

AND

LEARN HOW TO ECONOMISE!

CROSS & CO.'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE!

NOW OPENING

A New and Splendid Stock of

SUMMER DRY GOODS.

New Silk Mantillas.
New Lace Mantillas.
New Lace Points.
New Lace Shawls.
New Talma, Dress and Mantilla Trimmings.
New Gloves and Hosiery.
New Prints and Ginghams.
New Challies and Muslins.
New Embroideries.
New White Goods.
New Millinery.
New Parasols.
New Curtain Goods.
New Carpets.
New Paper Hangings.
New Cotton and Linen Goods.
New Goods for the Boys.
New Goods for the Misses.

REMEMBER!

We have now on hand the

LARCEST STOCK OF GOODS

To be found in this part of the Country, and we are bound to sell it cheaper than any other man.

DON'T FORGET,

We have never been undersold and we never will be.

Our mode of dealing is Cash—one price only—no misrepresentations. Don't fail to call and see our Goods before you purchase, as we will show them cheerfully, whether you buy or not, at prices cheaper than the cheapest; and if you buy of us, and are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

OUR LARGE EXPERIENCE

In the business enables us to defy competition in any form and from any source.

HATS! HATS!

THE Subscriber has just receive a GOOD ASSORTMENT of

Gentlemen's Fashionable Dress Hats,

Which will be sold cheap.

Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere.
Palmer, June 2—tf. H. W. MUNGER.

TO LYMAN S. HILLS, of Palmer: Whereas a petition signed by you and four others, dated this thirteenth day of June, 1860, representing that the subscribers with others are interested in, and owners and proprietors in common of a certain tract of land situate in the depot village of Palmer, and known as the "Palmer Park," and that said petitioners are desirous of being organized as a corporation, under the provisions of the 57th chapter of the General Statutes of Massachusetts, and desiring me to issue a warrant for the purpose of calling a meeting of the proprietors of said Park, for the purpose of such organization. Now therefore I hereby direct you to notify and warn all persons interested in and owners in common of the tract of land known as the "Palmer Park," to meet at the Antique House in said Palmer on Monday the second day of July next, at seven o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of organizing such corporation, and for choice of a Clerk, Treasurer, Collector, and such Committees or other officers as said proprietors may determine, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting. And you are directed to serve this warrant by posting up an attested copy thereof in at least one public place in said Palmer, fourteen days at least before the day and hour of said meeting; also by causing an attested copy thereof to be published twice in the Palmer Journal newspaper before the day of said meeting. At which said meeting have you this warrant with a return of your doings thereon.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Justice of the Peace.
A true copy—attest, L. S. HILLS.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!

"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cane, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.

Wholesale Depot, 48 Cedar St., New York.

Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO.,
Box No 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends	ACCOUNT BOOKS
B	Mends	BUREAUS
C	Mends	CRADLES
D	Mends	DOLLS
E	Mends	ETAGERES
F	Mends	FANS
G	Mends	GUITARS
H	Mends	HARPS
I	Mends	INLAID WORK
J	Mends	JARS
K	Mends	KNOBS
L	Mends	LEATHER WORK
M	Mends	MIRROR FRAMES
N	Mends	NEWEL POST
O	Mends	OTTOMANS
P	Mends	PIANO-FORTES
Q	Mends	QUILT-FRAMES
R	Mends	ROCKING-HORSES
S	Mends	SOFAS
T	Mends	TABLES
U	Mends	UMBRELLA-STICKS
V	Mends	VASES
W	Mends	WORK-BOXES
X	Mends	XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK
Y	Mends	YARD-STICKS
Z	Mends	ZEPHYR WOOD-WORK

& In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.

1	S	Mends Sofas
2	P	Mends Pitchers
3	A	Mends Accordeons
4	L	Mends Letter-Scalling
5	D	Mends Daguerreotype Cases
6	I	Mends Images
7	N	Mends New Breakages
8	G	Mends Gun Stocks
9	S	Mends School Books
10	P	Mends Parasols
11	R	Mends Rulers
12	E	Mends Electrical Machines
13	P	Mends Paper Hangings
14	A	Mends Arm Chairs
15	R	Mends Rickety Furniture
16	E	Mends Eraser Handles
17	D	Mends Desks
18	G	Mends Globes
19	L	Mends Loosened Leaves
20	U	Mends Upholstered Furniture
21	E	Mends Egg Beaters
22		Mends Acorn Work
23		Mends Chess Boards
24		Mends Fiddles
25		Mends Shell Work
26		Mends Fillet Work
27		Mends Hobby Horses
28		Mends Kaleidoscopes
29		Mends Money Boxes
30		Mends Picture Frames
31		Mends Secretaries
32		Mends Weuecring
33		Mends School Furniture
34		Mends Papier-mache
35		Mends Wardrobes
36		Mends Parian Marble
37		Mends Cribs
38		Mends Baby Jumpers
39		Mends Ivory Work
40		Mends Match Safes
41		Mends Pictures
42		Mends Quill-Wheels
43		Mends Towel Racks
44		Mends Wash Stands
45		Mends Bedsteads
46		Mends Drums
47		Mends Chessmen
48		Mends Ballot Boxes
49		Mends Herbariums
50		Mends Backgammon Boards
51		Meads Band boxes
52		Meuds Black boards
53		Mends Bass viols
54		Mends Billiard-Tables
55		Meuds Billiard Cues
56		Mends Bird Cages
57		Mends Broomsticks
58		Meuds Book Cases
59		Mends Boot Crimps
60		Meuds Brush Handles
61		Mends Brushes
62		Mends Cabinets
63		Meuds Churns
64		Meuds Clock cases
65		Mends Crutches
66		Mends Cupboards
67		Meuds Curtains
68		Mends Castings
69		Mends Caddies
70		Mends Cameras
71		Mends Chairs
72		Mends Charts
73		Mends Clothes frames
74		Mends Cards cases
75		Mends Chests
76		Mends Diaries
77		Meuds Work stands
78		ends Draught Boards
79		ends Dishes
80		ends Doors
81		ends Divans
82		ends Dice Boxes
83		ends Dominoes
84		" Fireboards
85		" Flutes
86		" Balluslers
87		" Glassware
88		" Handles
89		" Guttapercha Ware
90		" Kites
91		" Tops
92		" Organs
93		" Models
94		" Sewing-machine Stands
95		" Panels
96		" Pasteboard Work
97		" Patterns
98		" Side Boards
99		" Wooden-ware
100		" Willow-ware

Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of **SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE**, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 19 1y

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and Female Physician, presents to the attention of MOTHERS her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will always allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is SURE to Regulate THE BOWES. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other article of medicine, never has it failed to a single instance to effect a cure when timely us d.—Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction on the contrary all are by any one who used it. tious, and speak in terms delighted with its operation of its magical effects and of highest commendation speak in this matter what medicinal virtues. We experience, and pledge we do know, after 10 yrs. fulfilment of what we our reputation for the declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in 15 or 20 minutes after the syrup is administered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New sands of cases, and has been used with never failing success in thou-

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system, thereby instantly relieve Griping in the bowels, and wind colic, and overcome convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the above complaints —Do not let your own prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes absolutely sure to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price only 25 cents per bottle.—Principal office, No. 13, Cedar st., New York. Dec. 18.—1y.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

A FINE LOT OF GOODS

BOUGHT AT THE LATE

CHEAP PRICES,

DOWN, Down, Down,

ELEGANT, Stylish, Durable,

FRESH, Fanciful And staid,

GOOD IN Design. Also,

HANDSOME To look at;

IN GOOD Colors and Finish,

JUST the things Of all

KINDS and Qualities to

LOOK at and Admire,

MAY be found At all times, and

NOW, Particularly, Just

OVER the South Side

PALMER, MASS.

QUEER Place, But known all

ROUND as The best

SHOP of all At which to

TURN a Dollar or two

UNDER all Circumstances,

VERY profitably Indeed,

WE shall try to Make it

EXACTLY the Place for

YOU to examine

& FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,

McGilvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GAITERS & SLIPPERS,

PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,

SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &.

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers

these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists. Price 25 per box. JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
Rochester, N. Y.

VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS
WILL FIND BRYAN'S WAFERS
INVALUABLE TO REMOVE
HOARSENESS AND SORE THROAT,
AND GIVE CLEARNESS TO THE VOICE.
THEY RELIEVE IN TEN MINUTES,
COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES,
OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
AT 25 CENTS A BOX

AGENTS—Dr. Wm. Holbrook; Palmer, L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞ One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

TROY, Oct. 23, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.

Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞ Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours pains and weakness in breast, sides and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.

HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N. Y.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine.
f11—1y.

NOTICE.—Organization of the New London Northern Railroad Company:

The undersigned being Corporators named in the grant of incorporation of the *New London Northern Railroad Company*, in pursuance of the third section of the Charter, hereby give notice that a book for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the Company will be opened on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1860, at the Depot of the New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad Corporation, in the town of Palmer, Mass., and be kept open for that purpose until further notice. Payment for subscriptions will be received only in seven per cent. first morteage bonds of the New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad Corporation and coupons part due thereto belonging.

TH. W. WILLIAMS,
ROBERT COIT,
FRANCIS ALLYN,
WM. G. JOHNSON, } Corporators.

Palmer, June 13, 1860. 6—3w.

DR. MARSHALL CALKINS

WILL be at the Nassowanno House, Palmer, each Thursday until October, from 12 to 4 o'clock P. M., to prescribe for such as may desire his professional services.

June 16, 1860—3m.

Two Mothers to one Child.—The famous case of two mothers and one baby, which gave Solomon so fine a chance to show his sagacity, has been repeated recently in Rutland, Vt., where a woman charged another with stealing her child from the cradle. She brought suit for the baby, and the magistrate, after hearing a good deal of conflicting testimony, decided in favor of the one who cried the most. That was substantially the judgment of Solomon in the other case, and is undoubtedly correct.

A Daily Paper by Beecher.—A new daily religious paper will be issued in New York about the first of August, under the editorial control of Rev. H. W. Beecher. The office selected is in the Museum building, which was formerly occupied by Sturges & Townsend, booksellers.

Snow at Salt Lake.—We learn from the Deseret News that there was a six hours' snow storm in Great Salt Lake City on the 12th of May. Although it melted rapidly, in some places, it was over a foot in depth. Much injury was inflicted upon garden vegetables.

Human Life.—The average of human life is 33 years. One quarter die before the age of 7; one-half before the age of 17. To every 1000 persons, one only reaches 100 years. To every 100, only 9 reach 75 years, and no more than one in 500 will reach 80 years.

☞ Frederick Douglas has returned to the United States. He came unannounced, and had been home several weeks before the fact was known to the public.

Watermelons.—The editor of the Cedar Keys (Fla.,) Telegraph ate watermelons on the 26th ult., and they had been plenty on the coast for more than a week.

David N. Carpenter of Springfield, has been appointed Deputy Postmaster by the President. Who's David N. Carpenter?

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c. M. W. FRENCH. JOHN CAMWELL.

G. S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of job bing done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

Health and its Pleasures, or Disease with its Agonies. Choose between them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Nervous Disorders.—What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one: drink but little wine, beer or spirits, or far better noue; take no coffee, weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and foeget that you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.—If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite. These feelings which so sadden us, most frequently arise from annoyance or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is nufit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follows, as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

Disorders of the Kidneys.—In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel or with aches and pains settled in the loins, over the region of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed-time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs out of Order.—No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acility, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasm—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Agne,	Dropsy,	Inflammation,	Sore Throats,
Asthma,	Dysentery,	Jaundice,	Stone and Gravel,
Bilious complaints,	Erysipelas,	Liver Complaints,	Secondary Symptoms,
Blotches on the Skin,	Female Irregularities,	Lumbago,	Tumors,
Bowel complaints,	Fevers of all kinds,	Piles,	Ulcers,
Colics,	Fits,	Rheumatism,	Venereal Affections,
Constipation of the Bowel,	Gout,	Retention of Urine,	Worms of all kinds,
	Headache,	Scrofula, or King's Evil,	Weakness from whatever cause.
	Indigestion,		
	Consumption,	Debility,	&c., &c., &c.

☞ CAUTION.—None are genuine unles the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. 2—1y

A Card to Young Ladies & Gentlemen.

The subscriber will send (free of postage) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple Vegetable Balm, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as nature intended it should be—soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. Those desiring the Receipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or addres (with return postage)

JAS. T. MARSHALL, Practical Chemist.
je16—3m. No. 32 City Buildings, N. York.

NOTICE.—This day, having given my son, Jason J., the right to labar or contract, and to collect his dues in his own name, and for his benefit, I shall not claim any of his earnings, or pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

JOHN BROOKS.
Palmer, May 10, 1860—je16 3w.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the Estate of Samuel Stetson, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

CAROLINE B. STETSON, Administratrix.
Brimfield, June 12, 1860—3w*

THE GREAT DOWNFALL

IN

MILLINERY GOODS.

HAS BEEN FULLY REALIZED!

The attention of the trading public is invited by

J. H. STORRS

To the large additious made to his stock during the past week, purchased at ruinous prices, which we are bound to sell at prices that will astonish.

100 SILK AND CRAPE HATS,
15 CARTONS RIBBONS,
50 BOXES WREATHS,

NEW STYLES OF FANCY SILKS,

and

EVERY STYLE OF BONNETS,

From 25 cents to $10 00.

The Low Priced System of

HOOP SKIRTS

Is introduced.

13 Springs,	50 cts.
15 "	62 "
20 "	75 "
25 "	1 00
30 "	1 25

Moro WHITE HOSE, 7 cts.
" COL'RD " "
" of those LINEN HANDKERCH'FS

New Styles of MANTILLAS,
" " LACE POINTS,
" " PARASOLS,
" " MITTS,

And many Goods too numerous to mention which will all be sold at very low prices.

A particular invitation is extended to all to visit and make a full examination of our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Respectfully,
J. H. STORRS.

Ware, May 19, 1860.

THE ONLY PREPARATION

That has STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, and grows more and more popular every day!

And testimonials, new, and almost without number might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

Prof. Wood: Thee wilt please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell out over twenty years ago, caused by an eruption of the head. A continual course of suffering through life, having reduced me to a state of dependence I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Brigg & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair, thick and black, though short. It is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"The reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, Susannah Kirby.

Ligonier, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray, so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars worth of your Restorative, and as a result have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect.

Very respectfully, yours, A. M. Latta,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least 20 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent; more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Nov. 26

LIVERY STABLE REMOVED.

The subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the

NASSOWANNO BARN,

where he will keep

HORSES & CARRIAGES,

As usual, and let them at reasonable prices.

☞ He will also furnish feed for horses any length of time. WILLIAM FULLER.
Palmer, April 21, 1860—tf.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We have received a large addition to our stock o Spring Clothing, and are selling Cheaper than the Cheapest. CROSS & Co.

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

A Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron Combined. This well known Remedy has been used extensively and with great success for DYSPEPSIA, or Impaired and Imperfect Digestion; for the consequent Deterioration of the Blood, and for the following forms of Disease, most of which have their origin in Dyspepsia:

LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, NEURALGIA and NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, LOSS OF APPETITE, HEADACHE, LANGUOR and DEPRESSION of SPIRITS, CARBUNCLES and BOILS PILES, SCURVY, AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, CONSUMPTIVE TENDENCIES, BRONCHITIS, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, & ALL COMPLAINTS ACCOMPANIED BY GENERAL DEBILITY, AND REQUIRING

A TONIC AND ALTERATIVE MEDICINE.

Note.—The failure of IRON as a remedy for *Dyspepsia*, a bad state of the blood, and the numerous diseases caused thereby, has arisen from the want of such a preparation of Iron as shall enter the stomach in a Protoxide state, and assimilate at once with the blood. This want the PERUVIAN SYRUP supplies, and it does so in the only form in which it is possible for Iron to enter the circulation. For this reason the PERUVIAN SYRUP often radically cures diseases in which other preparations of Iron and other medicines have been found to be of no avail.

Certificate of A. A. HAYES, M. D., of Boston.

It is well known that the medicinal effects of Protoxide of Iron are lost by even a very brief exposure to air, and that to maintain a solution of Protoxide of Iron, without further oxidation, has been deemed impossible.

In the PERUVIAN SYRUP this desirable point is attained by combination in a way before unknown; and this solution may replace all the proto-carbonates, citrates and tartrates of the Materia Medica.

A. A. HAYES, Assayer to the State of Mass.
16 Boylston Street, Boston.

Certificate of Jas. R. Chilton, M. D., of N. York.

It is well known that it has been found very difficult to preserve in a PALATABLE form, for a desirable length of time, compounds of the Protoxide of Iron.—The "Peruvian Syrup," I am pleased to say, accomplished this desirable end.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.
93 Prince Street, New York, Aug. 8, 1859

Certificate from well Known Citizens of Boston.

The undersigned, having experienced the beneficial effects of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, do not hesitate to recommend it to the attention of the public.

Rev. John Pierpont,	Peter Harvey,
Thomas A. Dexter,	James U. Dunn,
S. H. Kendall, M. D,	Samuel May,
Thomas C. Amory,	Rev. Thos. Whittemore.

Certificate from well Known Citizens of N. York.

New York, Nov. 17th, 1859.

The experience which we have had of the PERUVIAN SYRUP and the evidence which has been exhibited to us of its great success in the cure of many diseases, satisfies us that it is a medicinal agent of remarkable power and deserving the attention of invalids.

JOHN L. WILLIAMS, Esq., President of the Metropolitan Bank.
Rev. A. D. STEVENS, Editor Christian Advocate & Journal.
JOHN G. NELSON, Esq., Firm of Nelson & Richmond, 61 John St.
Rev. P. CHURCH, Editor New York Chronicle.
ISAAC V. FOWLER, Esq., Post Master, New York City.

TESTIMONIALS FROM CLERGYMEN,

On the efficacy of the Peruvian Syrup and the benefits they have derived from its use:

Rev. JOHN PIERPONT, Medford, Mass.—Its efficacy in Salt Rheum and other Cutaneous Diseases.
Rev. WARREN BURTON, Boston, Mass.—Its efficacy in Headache, Loss of Appetite, Oppression, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. ARTHUR B. FULLER.—Its Efficacy in Nervous Headaches, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Substitute for Alcoholic Spirits, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. AUGUSTUS R. POPE, Somerville, Mass.—Cure for Boils and General Debility.
Rev. GURDON ROBBINS, Hartford, Conn.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Substitute for Alcoholic Stimulants.
Rev SYLVANUS COBB, Boston Mass.—Its Far and Efficacy in family; Restoration of Strength after Typhoid Fever
Rev. THOM. WHITTEMORE, Boston, Mass.—Its Use and Value in Paralysis, Dyspepsia, and Dropsy as the best; Its Value to Clergymen. It gives me new Vigor, Buoyancy of Spirits, Elasticity of Muscle.
Rev. OSBORN MYRICK, Provincetown, Mass.—Its Efficacy in St. Vitus's Dance, and Chronic Bronchitis.
Rev EPHRAIM NUTTE, Jr., Lawrence, Kansas Territory.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Debility, Prostration, and Adaptation to Western Climate Diseases.
Rev THOMAS H. FOX.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Exhaustion of Nervous System.
Rev. RICHARD METCALF, Boston, Mass.—Its Use as a Promoter of Digestion. He says: "It has proved just the Tonic that I wanted."
Rev. M. P. WEBSTER, Boston, Mass.—Its Value in Dyspepsia Chronic Diarrhœa, Derangement of Liver and Stomach.
Rev. JOS. H. CLINCH, Boston, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Diarrhœa and General Debility.
Rev. ABRAHAM J. COSSIN, Walpole, N. H.—Its Efficacy in Piles, Dyspepsia, and Unhealthy Appetite.
Rev. J. PEARSON, Jr., Newburyport, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Debility.
Rev. ARTHUR H. R. CRAWLEY, Hersheds, Burmah, E. I. Chronic Debility, Swelling of the Extremities.
Rev. E. VITALIS SCHEIB, Boston, Mass.—Its Restorative Power after Fever, Exhaustion of the Nervous System and Dyspepsia; Its recommendation to "Scholars, Teachers Clergymen and Editors."
Rev. HENRY UPHAM, Boston Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Affections of the Liver.
Rev. S. H. RIDDEL, Boston, Mass.—Its value in cases of Bronchitis, Indigestion Torpid Liver, Neuralgia, and Nervous Debility.
Rev. P. C. HEADLEY, Greenfield Mass.—Its Genuineness as a Medical Agent and Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa and Debility.
Rev. J. W. OLMSTEAD, Boston, Mass.—General Recommendation, and Confidence in its Genuineness as a Medicine; Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

N. B. Pamphlets containing Letters from the above named Gentlemen and others, and giving full information of the Syrup, can be had on application to the Agents, or to

N. L. CLARK & Co.

PROPRIETORS,

CODMAN BUILDINGS,

No. 78 SUDBURY STREET,.....BOSTON.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency.

ARE YOU INSURED?

The undersigned will issue policies for the following responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing a capital of nearly

THREE MILLION DOLLARS!

STOCK COMPANIES.....CAPITAL and ASSETS.	
The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
The CHARTER OAK, Hartford,	350,000.
The HOME of New Haven,	222,000.

And the QUINCY and CONWAY Mutuals.

Insurance effected on all descriptions of Real and Personal property, from one month to five years, at favorable rates.

☞ Policies registered and losses adjusted and PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

Also, agent for the Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co. Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to

Palmer, May 26. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

DAVID F. McGILVRAY & Co.,

(Successors to Brodhead & Co.,)

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Nos. 53 and 55 Tremont Street Bostou.

☞ All kinds of Merchandise solicited for Sale as above. 42—1y

☞ IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES. ☜

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company's

SAPONIFIER,

The ready Family Soap Maker, and Universal Cleaner.

Will make hard water soft, clean paint, remove ink from type, grease from kitchen utensils, &c. One Box costs 25 cts.

4 to 4½ lbs refuse grease, usually given away, at about ½ cent ₩ lb, say 20—45 cts.

Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of FIRST RATE SOFT SOAP.

Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing Depot of Company.

LEWIS, JAMES & Co., Philadelphia.

☞ The Saponifier can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the country. 1—1y

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!

Of the newest patterns, call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

CROCKERY.

A large invoice of Crockery received this week by CROSS & Co.

BLOOD FOOD.

Healthy human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediately into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.

Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—1y

Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,

and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other ills. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT,

No. 109 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT

SEWING MACHINE!

Just LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being

ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS

for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.

☞ These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.

W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.
Palmer, March 31, 1860.

COFFINS!

COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of

MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,

and

WHITE WOOD COFFINS,

of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.

Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

M. S. MOULTON

Would call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinity to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

☞ Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.

N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL.!

We have just received a cargo of the celebrated

FRANKLIN COAL,

Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of

CUMBERLAND,

And another of

LACKAWANNA.

We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.

Emory S. Brooks has opened a shop in Waite's Building, opposite the Antique House, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay.

N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!

Dorchester Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.

Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.

Wm. F. Temple, Sec'y. Asaph Churchill, Pr.
Charles A. Wood, General Agent.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.

Boston—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohier, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq; Dorchester—Alpheus Hardy, Esq, Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.

☞ Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property,	$931,613
Real estate,	3,202,541—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid,	$38,088,20
Deposit notes,	00,103,63
Stock Co.—1740 policies—amt. at risk,	$2,109,927,02
Capital,	$50,000
Cash surplus,	21,251,91—$71,254,91
Oct 15—1y	O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.

R. G. PALMER.
Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m

PAINTING!

The subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand

PAINTS, OILS,

and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.

WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.
Palmer, April 14, 1860.

The Best and Latest Styles of DRESS GOODS May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

Dyspepsia Remedy

DR. DARIUS HAM'S

AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

It Stimulates, Exhilarates, Invigorates but will not Intoxicate or Stupefy.

As a MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the Delirium Tremens, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Dose.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

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The Palmer Journal.

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Western Correspondence.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, June, 1860.

MR. EDITOR:—The kindness with which you have treated my former communications emboldens me to address you once more, which, however, I would not do at this late stage of my journey, but from the fact of my enthusiastic admiration of the city above named. Of all western cities (if this may be called western) Cleveland caps the climax, not so much for its extent and business operations, as for its beauty, its surpassing magnificence. In the first place its location is admirable, the lake stretching away on one side as far as the eye can reach, and as rich and fertile a country as you could wish to see, on the other.—The plain of the city is elevated from eighty to a hundred feet above the level of the lake, and is fanned with an unobstructed and most salubrious atmosphere, so that few cities are more healthful. But what struck me most was the magnificence of the public buildings, the churches and hotels, and, above all, the private dwellings. Cleveland is a city of palaces. All the upper streets, I mean those removed from the business districts, are graced with private dwelling which, together with their extended lawns and parks of shrubbery and fruit, and flowers, are unsurpassed by anything I have seen in all my western trip. The buildings themselve are elegant, but what renders them peculiarly so, is the tasteful arrangement of the grounds with which they are surrounded. Here is no stint for the sake of throwing into the market grounds that would command almost any price.—Cleveland may be considered the paradise of Ohio. Columbus, its capital, is no mean city, but thrown quite into the shade in comparison with this, as it regards the elegance of its private residences. Our friends whom we went to visit in this city did everything, as in every other place of our visiting, to contribute to our enjoyment, and one of these was a drive through all the principal avenues and thoroughfares of this delightful locality. As we proceeded from dwelling to dwelling and from park to park, we were ready to inquire is there no end to this magnificence? as we saw the same thing as far as the eye could reach. Suffice it to say, that there is more beauty, in nature and art, combined in the little city of Cleveland than in any other I visited in my journeyings. From all I have seen of Ohio I am impressed with the fact that it is fertile enough and pleasant enough, and good enough for any man, and, as a home, I should give it the preference to anything I saw farther west. It has far more variety of soil and surface, and sufficiently rich to abundantly repay all the cultivation bestowed upon it. And then there is more of New England manners, and taste and feeling, than in States farther west, and this to a Yankee is by no means to be lost sight of. But I must take my leave of the west, and come down to a later date that has brought me to the city of New York, having passed from Cleveland rapidly through Erie and Dunkirk and onward on the Erie railway to this city, where I arrived in sufficient season on Saturday to witness the grand pageant of the reception of the Japanese embassy. It was indeed an imposing scenee.—From fifty to a hundred thousand people lined Broadway from the battery to Union Park, some three miles, while every window and balcony and terrace were filled with the gazing multitude, and the entire street floating with flags and streamers of various hues and dimensions. After being jostled for an hour in the crowd, to the great detriment of toes and corns, the approach of the procession was announced, headed with Gov. Morgan and his staff, and the city authorities. Then came the chief ambassador, sitting alone in an open barouche, with as stupid a look as an Egyptian mummy. But an official he was, and New York must vie with Washington and Philadelphia to do him honor. Then followed the other members of the embassy and their escort, occupying some fifteen or twenty coaches, there being not more than two or three in each carriage. Then came a magnificent band of music that discoursed in thrilling strains to the delighted crowd. Then followed the military escort, embracing seventeen New York regiments, and covering a soldiery, rank and file, of 6000 men, requiring one hour to pass a given point. A military parade so imposing I never witnessed before. It was a grand show off, and furnished rather a proud occasion for old Gotham. The seventh regiment is the lion among the soldiery of New York; and this, as it passed in its beautiful costume, its glittering arms and orderly and exact tread, was most uproariously cheered. The whole scene was one of imposing grandeur, but whether all this parade was due to these stupid looking men from Japan is to me quite problematical.

But, Mr. Editor, you will excuse this digression from the West, about which I undertook, some weeks since to write you a few hasty thoughts, which I must here close, not, however, without certifying to your readers that the West is a great country, a rich country, and withal beautiful to look upon, and be assured there is room enough at present for the teeming millions that are yet to people this immense territory, out of which are to be formed American States, who can tell how many? to add magnificence and glory to this great American Union, which may Heaven preserve to the latest generation of men.

VIATOR

☞ No humility is perfect and proportioned, but that which makes us hate ourselves as corrupt, and respect ourselves as immortal; the humility that kneels in the dust, but gazes on the skies.

☞ He that lives in sin and expects happiness hereafter, is like him that soweth cockle and thinks to fill his barn with wheat and barley.

☞ We may discipline the muscles of the face, and control the voice; but there is something in the eye beyond the will, and we frequently find it giving the lie direct.

When the Sultan Goes to Ispahan.

When the Sultan, Shah Zaman
Goes to the city, Ispahan,
Even before he gets so far
As the place where the clustered palm trees are
At the last of the thirty palace gates,
The pet of the harem, Rose-in-Bloom,
Orders a feast in his favorite room;
Ices and sherbets sugared dates,
Syrian apples, Othmanee quinces,
Limes and citrons and apricots,
And wines that are known to the Eastern princes;
And Nubian slaves, with smoking dots
Of spiced meats and costliest fish,
And all that the daintiest palate could wish,
Pass in and out of the golden doors!
And scattered over the jewelled floors
Are anemones, myrtles, and violets,
And a musical fountain throws its jets
Of a hundred colors into the air!
The dusk Sultana loosens her hair,
And stains with the henna-plant the tips
Of her pearly nails, and moistens her lips
With carmine water.

Waving her hand,
The dancing girls of Samarcand
Float in like mists from Fairy land!
And then to the low voluptuous swoons
Of music rise and fall the moons
Of their full brown bosoms! Orient blood
Runs in their veins, flames in their eyes,
And there, in this eastern paradise,
Filled with the fumes of sandal wood,
And Khoten musk, and aloes and myrrh,
Sits Rose-in-Bloom on a silk divan,
Sipping the wines of Alspahan;
And her Arab lover sits with her!
That's when the Sultan, Shah Zaman
Goes to the city, Ispahan!

Now, when I see an extra light
Flaming, flickering on the night
From my neighbor's windows,
I know as well as I know to pray,
I know as well as a tongue can say,
That the innocent Sultan, Shah-Zaman,
Has gone to the city, Ispahan!
For leading this sort of Orient life,
I rather think, is my neighbor's wife!

AMPUTATING A LIMB UNDER CHLOROFORM.

We will take a quiet post of observation in the area of the operating theatre in one of our metropolitan hospitals, in the year of our Lord 1860. Notice is posted that amputation of the thigh will be performed at two o'clock, P. M., and we occupy our seats ten minutes before the hour.

The area itself is small, of a horse-shoe form, and surrounded by seats rising on a steep ineline one above another, to the number of eight or ten tiers. From 100 to 150 students occupy these, and pack pretty closely, especially on the lower rows, whence the best view is obtained. For an assemblage of youths between eighteen and twenty-five years of age, who have nothing to do but to wait, they are tolerably well behaved and quiet.—Three or four practical jokers, however, it is evident, are distributed among them, and so the time passes all the quicker for the rest.—The clock has not long struck two, when the folding doors open, and in walk two or three of the leading surgeons of the hospital, followed by a staff of dressers, and a few professional lookers-on, the latter being confined to seats reserved for them on the lower and innermost tier. A small table, covered with instruments, occupies a place on one side of the area; water, sponges, towels and lint are placed on the opposite. The surgeon who is about to operate rapidly glances over the table, and sees that all his instruments are there and in readiness. He request a colleague to take charge of the tourniquet, and with a word deputes one assistant to "take the flaps," another to hold the limb, a third to hand the instruments, and the last to take charge of the sponges. This done, and while the patient is inhaling chloroform in an adjoining apartment, under the care of a gentleman who makes that his special duty, the operator gives to the now hushed and listening auditory a brief history of the circumstances which led to an incurable disease of the left knee-joint, and the reason why he decides upon the operation about to be performed. He has scarcely closed, when the unconscious patient is brought in by a couple of sturdy porters, and laid upon the operating table, a small, but strong and steady erection, four feet long by two feet wide, which stands in the centre of the area. The left being the doomed leg, the right is fastened by a bandage to one of the supports of the table, so as to be out of harm's way; while the dresser, who has special charge of the case, is seated on a low stool at the foot of the table, and supports the left.

The surgeon who assists encircles the upper part of the thigh with the tourniquet, placing its pad over the femoral artery, the chief vessel which supplies the limb with blood, and prepares to screw up the instrument, thus to make sure that no considerable amount of the vital fluid can be lost. The operator, standing on the left side of the corresponding leg, and holding in his right hand a narrow, straight knife, of which the blade is at least ten inches long, and looks marvelously bright and sharp, directs his eye to him who gives the chloroform, and awaits the signal that the patient has become quite insensible. All is silence profound; every assistant stands in his place, which is carefully arranged so as not to interrupt the view of those around.

The words "quite ready," are no sooner whispered, than the operator, grasping firmly with his left hand the flesh which forms the front part of the patient's thigh, thrusts quietly and deliberately the sharp blade horizontally through the limb, from its outer to its inner side, so that the thigh is transfixed a little above its central axis, and in front of the bone. He next cuts directly downwards, in the plane of the limb, for about four inches, and then obliquely outwards, so as to form a flap, which is seized and turned upwards, out of the way, by the appointed assistant. A similar transfixion is again made, commencing at the same spot, but the knife is this time carried behind the bone; a similar incision follows, and another flap is formed and held away as before. Lastly, with a rapid circular sweep round the bone, he divides all left uncut; and handing the knife to an assistant, who takes it, and gives a saw in return, the operator divides the bone with a few workmanlike strokes, and the limb is severed from the body. A rustling sound of general movement and deeper breathing is heard among the lookers-on, who have followed with straining and critical eyes every act which has contributed to the accomplishment of the task; and some one of the younger students is heard to whisper to his neighbour, "Five and thirty seconds; not bad, by Jove!"

The operator now seats himself on the stool just vacated by the dresser, who has carried away the leg, and seeks in the cut surface before him the end of the main artery on which to place a ligature. There is no flow of blood, only a little oozing, for the tourniquet holds life's current hard and fast. Only five minutes' uncontrolled flow of the current from that great artery, now so perfectly compressed, and our patient's career in this world would be closed forever. How is it permanently held in check? and what have we to substitute now for the hissing, sparkling and sputtering iron, and the boiling pitch? The operator takes hold of the cut end of the artery with a slender, delicately made pair of forceps, and draws it out a little, while an assistant passes round the end so drawn out, a ligature of very fine whipcord, fine but strong, and carefully ties it there with a double knot, and so effectually closes the vessel. A similar process is applied to perhaps six or seven other but smaller vessels, the tourniquet is removed, and no bleeding ensues. Altogether the patient has lost little more than half a pint of blood. The flaps are placed in opposition, the bone is well covered with them, a few stitches are put through their edges, some cool wet lint is applied all round the stump, and the patient, slumbering peacefully, is carried off to a comfortable bed, ready prepared in some adjacent ward. Half an hour hence that patient will regain consciousness, and probably the first observation he makes will be, "I am quite ready for the operation, when is it going to begin?". And it takes no little repetition of the assurance that all is over to make him realize the happy truth.—*Cornhille Magazine.*

CITY LIFE.

If there were such a thing as arbitrary power, I should be in favor of having a registration of the people in the city, and having all those who are nervous turned out into the country. It ought to be against the law for nervous people to go into the city. They are ground to powder here. The bustle of the street, the ceaseless thunder of vehicles, the rush to and fro of multitudes of people, is more that they can bear. It keeps, night and day, a fire upon the nerves of many men.—The pressure of competition grinds men to a very edge, and kills them. Men of a nervous temperament, without great power of endurance, coming to the city, find the conditions of success to be eternal industry and eternal thought. There are ten men that can succeed in the country where there is one that can succeed in the city. I do not think that statistics would show any such proportion of failures among men doing business in the country that they do among men doing business in the city. They show that here ninety-five per cent. of business men fail once in their life. The conditions of city life are such that men never do succeed directly—that they succeed only by long painstaking and severe industry. And there are many men that cannot bear this competition—this incessant drive. It is unendurable to them.

I dread nothing more than to hear young men saying, "I am going to the city." If, as they often do when I am travelling about the country, they ask me what chances there are for a lawyer in the city, I say, "Just the chance that a fly has in a spider's web; go down and be eaten up!" If they ask me what chances there are for a mechanic in the city, I say, "Good! good! There Death carries on a wholesale and retail business! The mechanic art flourishes finely! Coffin-making is admirable! Men are dying ten times as fast as anywhere else!" If a man's bones are made of flint, if his muscles are made of leather, if he can work sixteen or eighteen hours a day and not wink, and then sleep scarcely winking—if, in other words, he is built for mere toughness, then he can go into the city, and go through the ordeal which business men and professional men are obliged to go through who succeed. The conditions of city life may be made very healthy so far as the physical constitution is concerned, but there is connected with the business of the city so much competition, so much rivalry, so much necessity for industry, that I think it is a perpetual, chronic, wholesale violation of natural law.—*Beecher.*

LITTLE THINGS.—Springs are little things, but they are sources of large streams; a helm is a little thing, but governs the course of a ship; a bridle is a little thing, but see its use and power; nails and pegs are little things, but they hold large parts of a building together; a word, a look, a frown—all are little things, but powerful for good and evil. Think of this, and mind the little things.—Pay that little debt, it is promised—redeem it; if it is a shilling hand it over—you know not what important event hangs upon it.—Keep your word sacredly; keep it to the children; they will mark it sooner than any one else, and the effect will probably be as lasting as life. Mind the little things.

SEAMLESS SHIRTS.—Thomas Hall, a linen weaver in Ireland, has finished a shirt entirely in the loom. It is woven throughout without seams, and very accurately and neatly gathered at the neck, shoulders and wrist.—The neck and wristbands are doubled and stitched, and there is a regular selvage on each side of the breast, and where stitching ordinarily is, so it is in this shirt. In short, it is as perfectly finished as if made by an expert needlewoman. The shirt has been exhibited to several persons in the linen trade, who are perfectly satisfied that it is really the production of the loom, without any assistance from the needle.

☞ It should be remembered that James Buchanan came into power with a balance in the treasury of 18,000,000, and a public debt of only $29,000,000. The first year of Buchanan's rule absorbed all this balance and ran the public debt up to $45,000,000. This debt has gone on with a steady and fatal increase. On the first of July last, it was nearly $59,000,000, and is now within a fraction of 66,000,000. We run ahead of our income every year. Do we not need a change in the Administration?

☞ Miss M. says the first time a young man squeezed her dress, she felt as if she was in the land where the rainbows came from. How poetic a little hugging makes people.

OUR WONDROUS ATMOSPHERE.

The atmosphere rises above us with its cathedral dome, arching towards heaven of which it is the most familiar synonym and symbol. It floats around us like that grand object which the Apostle John saw in his vision, "a sea of glass like unto crystal." So massive is it, that when it begins to stir, it sweeps cities and forests like snow flakes to destruction before it. And yet it is so mobile, that we have lived years in it before we can be persuaded that it exists at all, and the great bulk of mankind never realize the truth that they are bathed in an open air. Its weight is so enormous, that iron shivers before it like glass; yet a soap balls sails through it with impunity, and the tiniest insect waves it aside with its wing. It ministers lavishly to all the senses. We touch it not but it touches us. Its warm south winds bring back color to the pale face of the invalid; its cool west winds refresh the fevered brow, and make the blood mantle in our cheeks; even its North blasts brace into new vigor the hardened children of our rugged climate.—The eye is indebted to it for all the magnificence of sunrise, the full brightness of midday, the chastened radiance of the gloaming, and the clouds that cradle near the setting sun. But for it, the rainbow would want its "triumphant arch," and the winds would not send their fleecy messengers on errands around the heavens. The cold either would not shed snow feathers on the earth, nor would drops of dew gather on the flowers.—The kindly rain would never fall, nor hail storm nor fog diversify the face of the sky.—Our inked globe would turn its tanned and unshadowed forehead to the sun, and one dreary, monotonous blaze of light and heat dazzle and burn up all things. Were there no atmosphere, the evening sun would in a moment set, and, without warning, plunge the earth in darkness. But the air keeps in her hand a sheath of her rays, and lets them slip but slowly through her fingers, so that the shadows of evening are gathered by degrees, and the flowers have time to bow their heads, and each creature space to find a place of rest, and to nestle to repose. In the morning, the garish sun would at one bound burst from the bosom of night, and blaze above the horizon; but the air watches for his coming, and sends at first but one little ray to announce his approach, and so gently draws the curtain of night and slowly lets the light fall on the face of the sleeping earth, till her eyelids open, and like man, she goeth forth again to her labor until the evening.

THE PRINTER.—Mr. Punch gives the following description of what a printer must be: "How nice is this being a printer! A public servant, and withal a servant of the devil. A good natured fellow—must always smile—bow to every body—must be killing polite on all occasions, especially to ladies—must always be a clear duck of a man—always witty and always dignified; he must never do anything that would not accord with the strictest propriety of the most precise old maid, and must always be correct in everything he does: he is always expected to know the latest news, is styled 'muggins' if he is not always posted; must please everybody, and is supposed never to need the one thing needful; must work for nothing and board himself; must trust everybody, and is thought a great bore if he presents his bill; must be a ladder for all political aspirants to step into office, who soon become independent, don't owe him anything, consider the printer at best a sorry dog who cannot expect any better treatment than kicks and cuffs; and finally summing it up, he is expected to be a man without a model and without a shadow."

INGENIOUS JAIL BREAKER.—The Inverness Advertiser records the escape from Nairn Jail, Scotland, of a notorious character, sentenced to ten years penal servitude for sheep-stealing. He commenced operations by turning up a flagstone in his cell; then dug about eight feet to the foundation of the prison, under which he made a tunnel; then holding upwards for the same distance on the outside of the foundation, he at length made a breach. The hole resembles a rabbit's burrow, nearly two cartloads of sand and debris being deposited on the floor of his cell. His tools consisted of a small pewter saucer, the leg of his cell table, and his trousers, which were converted into a bag to convey the loosened materials out of the way. It would puzzle the head of many a wiser man to pass through a hole resembling the letter U, in some parts not a foot square. By the aid of the outside bars of the prison windows he got upon the roof, and at last landed in safety in an adjoining garden.

HANDSOME PRESENT.—The ladies of Bologna last February opened a subscription in order to present to Victor Emanuel a splendid saddle, which has cost more than £2000.—The poorest women of Bologna have taken part in this offering, and there is not one, perhaps, who has not contributed her *bajocco* for the purpose. This saddle was presented on the 2d inst. to His Majesty, in the hall of the Archiginario. It is of red velvet, all embroidered with silver and gold. The bridle, of Morocco leather, is equally adorned with beautiful gold ornaments, and for the front of the horse's head there is a sort of gold brooch, containing three rich jewels—an emerald, a ruby and a diamond—forming the Italian colors.

NARROW-MINDEDNESS.—Narrow-minded men, who have not a thought beyond the little sphere of their own vision, recall the Hindoo saying: "The snail sees nothing but its own shell, and thinks it the grandest in the universe."

☞ A friend asked a Dutchman what kind of a winter we should have. The Dutchman, drawing himself up with an air of philosophic aquanimity, and an oracular snap of the eye, then said, "I dink she will be werry cold dis winter, or wery hot—one of dem both."

☞ The soul needs a certain amount of intellectual enjoyment to give it strength adequate for the daily struggle in which it is involved.

☞ Time is the cradle of thought. Time will wear out old clothing of thought, when reason and common sense come to be the fashion.

RULES OF HEALTH.

Imprimis: never go to bed with your feet sticking out of the window, particularly when it is raining or freezing.

More than three pig's feet and a half a mince pie eaten at midnight will not generally cause the consumer to dream of houris, paradises, accomodating bankers and other good things. At least they are not apt to do so.

Never stand in the rain barrel all night, it checks perspiration, and spoils rain water for washing purposes.

Never spank your children with a hand saw or box their ears with the sharp edge of a hatchet. It is apt to affect the brain.

Never stand in the hall with the door open with nothing but your he-mise or she mise un talking with a friend, more than half an hour at a time.

To enlarge the muscles of the arms and legs, climb up and down the chimney (especially if the house is a four story one) three or four times before breakfast, it is cheap exercise, and gives a voracious appetite.

Ear-ache in a child is a common and vexatious complaint. To cure it at once, bore a hole in the tympanum with a gimlet, and pour in oil and things. If the child keeps on crying bore it all the way through the other ear.

Corns may be easily cured. The most torturing corn can at once be extirpated, as follows; take a sharp knife, find the joint of the toe whereon the corn resides, insert the knife in the articulation, pry off the toe and throw it away; it will never return to you unless your dog brings it back to you in his mouth. [Patent applied for.]

The habit of drinking can be cured, by giving the drinker all the liquor he wants to drink at a time. We know of two in our own experience, who were cured in four weeks. One jumped out of a four story window, and ran a curb stone into his head; the other didn't get up one morning, and has a universal curb stone growing out of his head in a grave yard.

The best way to take pills of Brandreth's description, if you have twenty or twenty-five to take, is, not to make them into hash and eat them, but load a shot gun with them, put the muzzle against your stomach and pull the trigger with your toe. It saves a great deal of disgust to the gullet, and bad taste to the mouth.

Never go to sleep standing on your head. The brain may take a notion to run down and what would you do on waking, to find all of your brains in your head.

A DEAD MAN TELLS HIS FRIENDS WHERE HE IS BURIED.—The Madison, (Ind.) Courier, of May 30, relates the following very remarkable incident:

"Among the unfortunate flatboatmen wrecked in the late terrible hurricane on the Ohio, were two brothers of the name of Gibbons from Pittsburg. When the boat they were on went down near Carrolton, one of them was rescued from drowning, but the other, less fortunate, sunk and perished beneath the waves. The survivor, after waiting at Carrolton and searching in vain for several days for the body, returned to his home in Pittsburg. Saturday night he dreamed his brother, whose name was Daniel, came to his bedside and told him that his dead body might be found buried by the side of that of a relative who perished on the same day and in a like manner with himself. (The relative was on another boat when lost.) The brother immediately started down the river, and on reaching this city, calling on the sexton of Springdale Cemetery, he found, sure enough, that his brother and relative were interred side by side in this city. This is a strange story, but it was related to us by Mr. Gibbons himself, who was in our office to-day and we have no reason to question his veracity."

WHY JOHN ADAMS WAS NOT A SHOEMAKER.—The patriot, John Adams, it is said, was designed for a shoemaker, like his father. One day Deacon Adams, his parent, gave him some uppers to cut out by a pattern that had a three-cornered hole in it, by which it had hung upon a nail, and it was found that he had followed the pattern exactly, triangular hole and all. The Deacon, upon seeing this, decided that John wasn't fit to be a shoemaker, and put him to learning. The old patriot would have made a good printer in an office where the rule was to "follow copy."

MURDER WILL OUT.—An Italian, named Francisco Dominick Mayo, has been arrested in New York, charged with instigating the murder of a Roman Catholic Priest in New Orleans, in 1857—the crime having been perpetrated, as was supposed, in order to cancel a debt owing to the priest. The affair created a great excitement at the time, and no fewer than thirteen different persons were arrested, convicted and sentenced to death for the crime, but the ringleader, Mayo, managed to make good his escape, and to keep out of the clutches of the law until now. Of the thirteen persons convicted of the murder, three only were executed, the rest having broke jail and escaped.

FUNERAL EXPENSES.—Albert Smith—novelist, essayist, wit, traveller, vocalist and actor—who lately died in England, leaving behind him a fortune of $200,000, accumulated in a few years from his Mont Blanc expedition, was decently buried at a cost of less than one hundred dollars, having fixed that amount as the maximum of expenditures in placing his remains in the bosom of his great mother, the earth. No doubt his common sense revolted from the tawdry and costly display which too often makes funeral obsequies mere matters of vain and silly display.

PRINTER'S ERROR.—A rather green village editor up country was very desirous of gaining the good graces of the new minister: and in describing his first entrance into the church, wrote thus:

"He is a most venerable sample of antiquity."

But to his astonishment and the amazement of all the inhabitants, it came out the next morning in types:

"He is a most venerable example of iniquity."

☞ A church bell of glass, fourteen inches high and thirteen inches in diameter has been placed in a church in England.

RUSTIC SIMPLICITY—A BASHFUL BRIDEGROOM.

The Cincinnati Enquirer expects its readers to believe the following improbable story:

Day before yesterday a trio of newly wedded couple from the interior of Kentucky, arrived at the Burnet House, and took apartments for the night in that well ordered hotel. It was quite evident that the whole party were unfamiliar with metropliten sights.—The roomy corridors, marble doors, gorgeous drawing room and well spread table of the hotel, drew from them the most ingeniuus remarks of surprise. In the evening they visited the opera house, and were so astounded by its magnificence, that even Mrs. Waller's wonderful impersonation of "Meg Merrillies" almost failed to interest them.

Nothing more was thought of the verdant trio till about one o'clock yesterday morning, at which hour the boot black of the house, in making his customary round, observed one of the bucolic Benedicts seated on the hall floor near his own room. He naively asked the polisher of understandings if he was the clerk. Receiving a negative answer, he informed the sable boot-black that he would like to see that individual. In a few moments one of the attentive office men was at his side, and politely asked what he needed.

"Couldn't you make me a bed in the parlor?" said the disconsolate looking individual.

"In the parlor?" echoed the clerk. "I am afraid not."

"Well, I'd like to have one spread down some'eres."

"Why don't you go into your own room?" said the clerk.

"I don't like to," said the bashful young man.

"Why, what's the matter?" continued the clerk. "Has your wife turned you out?"

"No," said he drawlingly; "but, you see, I've never been married before, and I don't much like to go in, perticklar in a strange place."

"Oh, go right in," said the clerk "smiling" audibly, "she won't think it wrong."

Here the door of the room opened about an inch, and through the aperture came a coaxing voice saying:

"Do come in, John. I won't hurt yer. I know'd they'd think strange of your standing out there. Come in, won't yer? I've done blow'd out the gas, and it's all dark."

The odor from the room assured the clerk that she had indeed "blow'd" out the gas, so, dashing open the door, he stopped the flow, raised a window and returned to the hall to persuade the verdant husband to retire with his wife. All argument was fruitless, however, and he was compelled to assign the simple individual a separate room for the night.

VERY OBLIGING.—A tradesman was waited upon in his shop by a superbly attired female, whom he politely addressed, and desired to know what commands she wished to honor him with. The lady after lifting the veil, which hid a not unhandsome countenance, intimated in a style corresponding with her dress, that hearing there was a vacancy in the gentleman's service, she desired to be engaged by him as a housemaid.

The gentleman stated that his "better-half" was at their residence in the suburbs.

Servant-girl (in a querulous and dissatisfied tone)—"Then you reside in the country—that would be so inconvenient.

Gentleman.—"But then we could remove to town."

Servant girl.—"And the washing, I am given to understand, is done at home, which I don't much like.

Gentleman.—"But then we could give them out."

Servant girl.—"And are there any children?"

Gentleman.—"Twelve."

Servant girl (in great excitement and half inclined to faint)—"Twelve children!"

Gentleman.—"But then, to oblige you, we could drown a few of them!"

The lady servant turned upon her heel, and swept away from the premises with the air of Cleopatra.

THE ROBIN REDBREAST'S LOVE FOR MANKIND.—It it is a curious fact that the love of our race is so intimate in the robin as to render him unhappy in any other society—excepting only in the breeding season, when all birds are naturally shy for the welfare of their offspring. Go into any wood, walk down any shady lane, enter into any cemetery, seat yourself in any country churchyard, or perch yourself on any rural stile—within a few moments you will have a robin redbreast beside you, and he will assuredly introduce himself with a song. It is in vain for you to say "nay." He fairly fascinates you; he moves your heart and wins it. How many of my successes in winning human hearts are attributable to the hints afforded me by this ingenous, bold, open-hearted, all conquering bird.—*Kidd.*

AN EASY WAY.—A popular divine tells a good story as a hit at that kind of Christians who are too indolent to pursue the duties required of them by their faith. He says that one pious gentleman composed a fervent prayer to the Almighty, wrote it out legibly, and affixed the manuscript to the bed-post.—Then, on cold nights, he merely pointed to the document, and with the words, "Oh, Lord, those are my sentiments," blew out the light and nestled amid the blankets.

HOME.—The sweetest type of heaven is home—nay, heaven itself is the home for whose acquisition we are to strive the more strongly. Home in one form or another, is the great object of life. It stands at the end of every day's labor, and beckons us to its bosom; and life would be cheerless and meaningless, did we not discern across the river that divides it from the life beyond, glimpses of the pleasant mansions prepared for us.

☞ A shoemaker received a note from a lady to whom he was particularly attached, requesting him to make her a pair of shoes, and not knowing exactly the style she required, he dispatched a written missive to her, inquiring whether she would have them "Wround or Esq. Toad." The fair one, indignant at this nice orthography, immediately replied, "Knothre."

The Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1860.

Democratic Nominations at Baltimore!

The Regulars Nominate Douglas!--The Seceders Nominate Breckenridge!

A General Smash Up!

The quarrelling convention at Baltimore broke up on Saturday evening last, after losing a large share of its delegates by voluntary withdrawal, and nominating STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS for President and BENJAMIN FITZPATRICK of Alabama for Vice President. This was an easy task after the extensive split in the morning, when the President, Caleb Cushing, and a large number representing nearly every State left the convention. Fourteen out of 26 of the Massachusetts delegation, including Butler, Whitney and Dr. Loring, retired, glad to escape from a scene of rowdyism and desperation. No such convention ever assembled in this country before. It was like a collection of lions and tigers, each thirsting and fighting for the other's blood. It was a disgrace to human decency; a fitting finale to a basely corrupt and unprincipled party. The convention might have been harmonious, and by fair concessions made a strong ticket which the North and South could support, but it seems that more than human judgment was in the event. It is said that "whom the gods wish to destroy, they first make mad," and here we have an illustration so forcible that we can no longer doubt the maxim. The break was irremmediable, without possibilty of prevention, so from one great party there springs up two divisions, antagonistic to the death.

The seceding convention assembled at noon, numbering 118 delegates. Caleb Cushing was made president, and after the usual preliminary proceedings J. C. BRECKENRIDGE of Kentucky was nominated for President and JOSEPH LANE of Oregon for Vice President. The convention was unanimous in its proceedings, and enthusiastic over its nominations. More than 3000 people were present and the result was cheered vociferously. The seceders claim to be the genuine democratic party. They brand the Douglas wing as sectional and factious. The seceders have the administration with all its office holders and most of the influential democratic newspapers at their back, while the Douglas wing has the sympathy of the people, the heartfelt enthusiasm of a mass who are glad to rise untrammeled above a rotten, iniquitous party. Both, of course, will fall into the ditch of their own digging, while the undivided Republican party, with Lincoln and Hamlin as standard-bearers, will go on to certain victory.

SILLY GIRLS.—Our faith in the angelic purity of the fair sex begins to waver. Since the Japanese have been in this country the young ladies of Washington and New York have acted so foolishly in their attentions to young Tommy, one of the interpreters, that their conduct has become scandalous. It is said that Tommy receives a pile of love letters every day from the first young ladies of New York, and it has become necessary to put him under restraint, for fear of unpleasant consequences. If this yellow son of an Oriental prince were as black as a Timbucto chief it would be all the same. The young fashionable belles would go half crazy after him. It is strange, but true, and no less true than strange, that young ladies bred in fashionable society are given to such gross improprieties. A few years ago a well educated and fashionable young lady at Washington ran off with and married an Indian chief, who had come from the Western wilderness to visit the Capitol. A man who has a foreign title to his name, or who claims nobility, whether hottentot or savage, walks into the affections of the Washington belles with the utmost freedom. What better are such women for domestic partners than the painted outcasts who lavish their smiles on every man they meet? It is a shame to society, a libel on good breeding, that such things exist. Men who seek happiness in the virtuous love of woman must look for it in the humbler walks of life.

MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRACY IN A TIGHT PLACE.—All the prominent Democrats in Massachusetts are against Douglas. Gen. Cushing, Ben. Hallet, Ben. Butler, Greene of the Boston Post, postmaster Capen, at Boston, and in fact all who have influence and means of carrying on the campaign are against the little giant and for Breckenridge. Every democratic paper, too, except the Boston Herald, advocates Breckenridge. The leaders of the Douglas wing are disappointed office seekers who expect relief should Douglas succeed. It is surely a poor look for the democracy of the Bay State. The Douglas and Breckenridge feeling will be carried into local politics, so that we shall probably have two democratic candidates for Governor next fall, with other candidates of the same stamp. We trust the happy family will have a good time of it.

ELECTION BY THE HOUSE!—The Douglas Democrats hope to spoil the election of Lincoln by the people, and throw the chances into the House of Representatives. But in that branch Lincoln would stand a better chance than Douglas. Two elections by the House have occurred since the adoption of the Constitution. At one, Thomas Jefferson was elected over Aaron Burr, in 1801; at the other, J. Q. Adams was chosen over his competitors, Andrew Jackson and William H. Crawford, in 1825. It must be poor consolation for either of the democratic wings to hang their hope on an election by the House. The Republicans will save all trouble of that kind by electing Lincoln and Hamlin in the regular way.

THE ARCTIC EXPEDITION of Dr. Hayes will sail from Boston next week. It will winter near Uppervanick and return if possible next year, hoping to penetrate the great polar ocean next summer.

AN ARMY OF CRIMINALS.—It is estimated that in London there are 100,000 people who subsist wholly by the exercise of crime and immorality.

Small Paragraphs.

Crops are looking finely—never better. Rye and wheat will soon be ready for the harvest, while grass is thickening up for the haying season. Corn, potatoes and other field crops promise well for the farmer.

—Another slave was burned at the stake in Georgia a few days ago. He killed a young man, and his wife and children had the satisfaction of seeing the murderer roasted alive.

—Capt. Rufus Shepard of Granger, N. Y., was burned to death by the explosion of a camphene lamp on the 26th ult. His house was also burned by the accident.

—A bachelor has invented a machine for making button-holes, but he cannot as yet invent anything better than a woman for sewing on buttons.

—The enthusiasm of the Douglasites is just now at fever hight. They should recollect that when the gate is hoisted too high to start with the pond soon runs off.

—It is reported that Mr. Breckinridge's nomination has been achieved in such a way, that he will be opposed by Mr. Guthrie's friends in Kentucky, and there is every probability that Mr. Bell will carry that State over his head.

—A horse belonging to Rev. John P. Hall, a Methodist minister at Urbana, Md., was stung to death by bees a few days since. The animal had imprudently been hitched near some hives.

—Brigham Young hasn't been in Philadelphia—it was a *canard*. He was at Salt Lake at last accounts.

—The gold diggers at Plymouth, Vt., are said to average from $3 to $15 per day.

—It is announced that ex-President Pierce goes for Breckenridge and Lane; he denounces the Douglas ticket as "*sectional*."

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO.—In vetoing the Homestead Bill, President Buchanan says—

The small sum asked for the public lands by the bill—twenty-five cents per acre and a credit of five years—is equal almost to a donation, and that Congress has no right to give away the public domain to States or individuals. Furthermore, aside from the constitutional objections, the bill is unjust to old soldiers who hold military bounty lands, as it greatly reduces their value. It opens a large field for injurious speculation; makes an unjust discrimination between Americans and foreigners, by prohibiting the former, if single, from having the benefit of the bill, while the foreigner, without being the head of a family, is given these privileges. The bill draws partial distinctions between pre-emptors, and seriously affects the revenue from the public lands."

A MINISTER CONFESSES HIMSELF A MURDERER.—Rev. Jacob S. Harden, at Belvidere, New Jersey, who is sentenced to be hung on the 6th of July, confesses that he killed his wife by poison, as proved on his trial. The Court of Pardons refused to commute his sentence, and this refusal cut off all hope of escape, and produced a confession. His church at Trenton held a prayer meeting on his account a few days ago, when the whole congregation united in prayer. It is seldom that a minister is hung, although some of them deserve hanging as much as other people.

FEMALE BRAVERY REWARDED.—Miss Rachel J. Medkirk, a teacher in one of the Cincinnati public schools, on the 21st of May last, risked her life in behalf of her scholars, and was so badly injured that she is yet confined to her chamber. A few days since she was presented with a watch and chain, valued at $175, and free passes over 23 railroads, with the expectation, we suppose, that one so heroic will risk her life as many times more as she has the privilege of riding.

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION.—We hear of no Fourth of July celebration of any account in this region, except at Springfield, where great preparations are making for the occasion. Besides the tight rope performance and balloon ascensions on the park, there will be other exercises appropriate to the day. Extra trains will be run on the Western railroad and the fare will probably be reduced.

EATEN BY BEARS.—The Ogdensburg Journal states that on the 6th inst., a child about four years of age was carried off and devoured by a bear in the town of Eilenburg, Clinton Co., N. Y. The clothing and one leg of the little fellow was found in a hollow log where an old bear had two young ones. The bears were all killed and portions of the devoured boy were found in their stomachs.

THE DEAD COME TO LIFE.—At Cattaraugus, N. Y., a child was placed in the grave on Monday, and as the sexton commenced throwing dirt upon the coffin a feeble cry was heard. The coffin was instantly raised and opened, and a shriek of "mother!" burst from the lips of the resuscitated child. It is useless to attempt a description of the scene that followed. The child is in a fair way to recover.

BID FOR THE CATHOLIC VOTE.—The regular Democracy have made a large bid for the Catholic vote. Mr. Douglas has assiduously courted the favor of the Catholics for some time past, and his wife has embraced that faith, and is in full communion. Fitzpatrick, the first nominee for Vice President, was also a Catholic, and his declination is a serious loss to the ticket.

ANOTHER TORNADO.—The Kansas Herald of the 9th inst., describes a frightful tornado which swept through the southern part of that territory on the previous day. Several buildings were destroyed, and near Ossowatomie the wife of Mr. Holliday was instantly killed; at Stanton, Dr. W. C. Baker, two sons, and a Mr. Kinkead, were all killed by the falling of houses.

MONEY AND STARVATION.—While the Irish are raising men and money for the Pope, famine prevails in some parts of their country, and the people depend upon English charity for subsistence. Nothing more thoroughly Irish than this could be imagined even by an Irish poet of the Young (and Green) Ireland school.

A JUST SENTENCE.—Dr. David R. Brown of Boston, convicted of causing the death of a young woman by procuring an abortion, has been sentenced to the State prison for fourteen years.

TO BE CUT OFF.—It is stated that orders have been issued from Washington to cut off all Douglas office holders, who are in the custom houses and post offices. Even the little fish will not escape.

A TRUTHFUL PICTURE.—The Baltimore Patriot gives the following picture of the late Democratic party as it appeared in its last days:

"The scenes that have been enacted in our midst since Monday last—the daily scuffles and nightly broils—the quarrels, dissensions and fights—the drunkenness, gambling, profanity, and other disreputable conduct, which has been visible for the past week—must, we think, lead all men to rejoice that the end is near. The peace of the city has been disturbed only by those non-residents, who were sent here to produce harmony and peace. Men occupying high position, members of Congress, have been arrested for open breaches of the peace and public decorum. Street fights have occurred almost every day. Pistols have been exhibited, dirk-knives used, and in and around the drinking-shops and gambling-rooms, excited knots of men, "clubs," have gathered in angry discussion, which has generally led to a knock-down and drag-out by the police.

RESTITUTION BY A PENITENT THIEF.—A Wiscasset correspondent of the Lincoln (Me.) Advertiser says that watches and jewelry of the value of $1000, which were stolen from the store of Gardner Walker, of Wiscasset, some three years since, have recently been recovered. The robber, John Rich, who was convicted and sentenced to the Thomaston Prison for seven years, has lately experienced a religious change, and disclosed where the goods were secreted. The articles were found in a damaged condition, buried in the earth at Woolwich.

AN INTERESTING INCIDENT.—At the recent visit of the Putnam Phalanx of Hartford to the grave of Gen. Putnam in Brooklyn, Ct., an interesting incident transpired. Two aged and venerable men, who attended Gen. Putnam's funeral seventy years ago, were presented to the Phalanx. These aged men, both residents of Windham Co., are Judge Holbrook, aged 90, and Mr. Litchfield. They were made honorary members of the corps, and received the badge of decoration.

FATE OF THE HOMESTEAD BILL.—The bill reported to Congress giving free homes to the homeless, after having been remodeled in the Senate and accepted by the House, was vetoed by the President. It could not be passed over his veto, so we must be patient and wait till a republican administration will give countenance to an object of such vital importance to the poor of our country. We could not expect anything much better from Buchanan. He seems determined on crowning his last official acts with spite and meanness becoming his entire policy since assuming the presidential chair. But there are better days coming.

BAD TO BEGIN WITH.—Gov. Fitzpatrick of Alabama declines to run as a candidate for Vice President on the ticket with Douglas. The Democratic National Committee have put on Herschel V. Johnson of Georgia to fill Fitzpatrick's place. Very few Democrats know who this Johnson is, but it makes no difference; they are prepared to swallow anything. The seceder's candidates, Breckenridge and Lane, have accepted, and the great internal democratic stew will go on swimmingly.

IRON FENCES, RAILINGS, &c.—We would call attention to the advertisement of Chase, Brothers & Co., in another column. They deal more extensively in iron fencing and ornamental iron work than any other firm in Boston. To any one in want of articles in their line we take pleasure in commending this firm and their works.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.—Congress adjourned on Monday. Mr. Buchanan, after vetoing the Homestead bill, sent to the House of Representatives an elaborate message, reproducing the suggestions and arguments of his famous protest against the Covode investigation.

A SICK PLACE.—There is much sickness in Washington, a violent cholera morbus raging there. It is caused by eating vegetables forced by the use of adulterated manure. Things are so corrupt at the National capital, that even the manure there used can't escape the contagion.

DEATH OF JAMES, THE NOVELIST.—G. P. R. James, the celebrated English novelist, is dead. He had written over seventy volumes, sometimes dictating two at a time, walking from one room to another and giving each scribe a sentence on different subjects. He was 57 years of age.

A DEMOCRAT ON SPLITS.—A democratic poet, who has felt the effects of party splitting at Charleston and Baltimore, finds relief in the following:

"Abe and his rails." O, worse than idle tale—
We Democrats can lay you on the shelf.
Boast of a man who's only split a rail!
Our good old party's gone and SPLIT ITSELF!

NEW COMET.—A new comet has appeared in the north-western sky. It can be distinctly seen with the naked eye about nine o'clock every fair evening. It has a brilliant, star-like nucleus, with a light, filmy trail, seven or eight degrees in length. Astronomers have not yet calculated its course through the heavens.

ELOPED WITH A WIDOW.—A highly respectable business man at Auburn, N. Y., eloped a short time since with a pretty young widow who had bewitching eyes, leaving a wife and large circle of friends who are astounded at the act. Again we quote, "beware of the widders."

OLD OXEN.—Two of Mr. Lincoln's oxen were sold in New York on Wednesday. They are of the venerable age of 33 years, and so must have passed their calfhood in the days when John Quincy Adams was President.—Like their former owner they went well.

UNCLE SAM'S EXPENSES.—The amount of money appropriated for the next fiscal year, by Congress, is $55,000,000, and upwards.—Should we have an Indian war, a large addition will be required. Extras will necessitate some extraordinary appropriations, probably at the next session.

COOL CALCULATION.—The Boston Courier talks mathematically about electing Bell and Everett next fall. It claims Massachusetts for the constitutional candidates. The Courier says these things to make talk.

STINGS OF LOCUSTS.—It is denied that locusts have stings, but the Easton, Pa., Express says that several persons, including a little girl in that section, have died from their stings.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

REV. O. W. GATES of Norwich, Ct., will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow.

WARREN M. HAGER from Dana, has bought out Mr. Blair's jewelry store, and will continue the business at the same place.

A Cow belonging to Cephus Hyde of Belchertown, was struck by lightning and killed, during a thunder shower last week.

THE AMHERST AND PALMER RAILROAD has declared a dividend of 3 per cent., payable on the 2d of July.

STOLEN.—On Monday night somebody stole a new harness and a saddle from the wagon house of Col. Cyrus Knox. Who has lost a horse to go with them?

WARREN.—It is reported that one or two cases of pleuro-pneumonia have been discovered in the herd of Mr. Gleason of Warren, and that the commissioners have killed the diseased animals.

BELCHERTOWN.—The ministerial conference of the Sturbridge Baptist Association will meet at Belchertown on the second Monday in July, at 3 P. M., and will continue through Tuesday.

THE FOURTH AT WALES.—The Sons and Daughters of Temperance in Wales, Palmer and Warren will hold a pic-nic at Wales on the Fourth of July. They are making arrangements for a fine time. An oration will be delivered by Rev. Thomas Marony of Southbridge; music by the Stafford Cornet band.

THE INSTRUMENTS for the Palmer Brass Band have come. They are of the latest style, and for elegance of workmanship cannot be surpassed. The company have commenced practising on them, preparatory to giving serenades.

A SERENADING PARTY, of the calithumpian order, visited a newly married couple in this village Tuesday evening. For a long time it was doubtful whether the band was playing an accompaniment to the Douglas salute or furnishing music for the bridal party.

THE TWO SONS of Temperance who were arraigned before a committee of the order for alleged violations of their pledge, have been "honorably acquitted," but another Son, who "didn't care a d—n for his pledge," has been "honorably expelled."

"EVERY DOG HAS HIS DAY."—The dogs in Palmer have their day undisturbed by license or constable. It is complained that not one in twenty is licensed, and that the officers will not kill dogs when ordered to. Then people have a right to take the law into their own hands, and use it on dogs and officers.

NO CATTLE SHOW.—The directors of the Eastern Hampden Agricultural Society held a meeting last Saturday and voted to dispense with the exhibition of cattle at the annual fair next September. There is a possibility that this decision will be reversed when it shall be proved that the pleuro-pneumonia has died out.

PIC NIC IN WILBRAHAM.—We are requested to state that the people of North Wilbraham will celebrate the Fourth at a place about half a mile east of the camp ground. The ladies will provide eatables and the gentlemen will furnish speeches. A similar celebration will take place near the same place on Tuesday.

HERE ALSO.—The democratic split at Charleston and Baltimore extends to Palmer, so that we have a Douglas party and a Breckenridge party in the field. In other places all the office holders are for Breckenridge, but our postmaster has indrpendence enough to come out for Douglas, though it may cost him his head, as the administration lets fall its vengeance upon the high and low in official stations.

MESSRS. ISAAC E. ADAMS AND GEO. W. CATLEFF, so says the Springfield Republican, have been handsomely received there and wherever they have been. They are both ex-actors, but are now agents for the Samaritan Home, Boston. They speak here to-morrow, Sabbath evening, at the Cong. vestry, at quarter before eight. Lieut. Governor Trask presided at their meeting in the City Hall, Springfield. What can we do for that institution here?

FLUID ACCIDENT.—A WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.—Last Monday evening Geo. Webber and his wife, a young woman, returned from a call, and in attempting to light a lamp some of the fluid got on Mrs. Webber's apron. The husband, finding the fluid on fire, threw the lamp on the floor, breaking it. The flames caught Mrs. Webber's clothes and she ran screaming into the street, where she would have perished had not a man seized her and tore her clothing from her body. She was terribly burned upon the back and arms.—Even the nails on her fingers were burned to a crisp. She lingered, scarcely sensible of pain, till Wednesday forenoon, when she died.

THE DOUGLAS DEMOCRATS made a small demonstration over the nomination of Douglas by firing a rusty cannon on Monday evening. On Tuesday they went to Chicopee and procured a six pounder and fired another salute in the evening. The gun hung fire for a long time, but finally went off about ten o'clock, to the great relief of the little boys who didn't want to go to bed till they had heard the salute.—One or two guns were fired in front of the Nassowanno House, breaking several windows, which will come into the bill of expenses, along with powder, red flanel, good liquors &c., but then, who cares for expense when feeling "gelorious?" Several brilliant rockets were sent up from the Antiquo House the same evening.

ACCIDENTS IN MONSON.—Last Tuesday, as Clinton Tobey with his wife and child were riding in Monson their horse took fright and ran, throwing them all out, and breaking one of Mrs. Tobey's legs near the hip. Their child was taken up insensible, but recovered soon after and was not much hurt. The same horse ran with them on Sunday, at that time breaking the wagon.——On Saturday last Warren Stebbins and his wife were backed off an embankment on the Palmer side of the bridge near Eli Fay's. The horse took fright at a small whirlwind on the bridge. Luckily neither Mr. Stebbins or his wife were much hurt, but the wagon was badly broken, and some young chaps on returning from the circus took off the wheels and threw them into deep water in the river.

OFFICERS CHOSEN.—At a meeting of the Sons and Daughters of Temperance in this village last Tuesday evening the following officers were chosen: Geo. Robinson, W. P.; Geo. Bosworth, W. A.; John Gamwell, R. S.; O. P. Hanks, A. R. S.; James McLaughlin, T.; Geo. Clark, F. S.; Geo. Henry, C.; Wm. C. McMaster, A. C.; John Ferrell, I. S.; J. W. Graves, O. S. It is taken for granted that our readers are all temperate enough to know what the letters affixed to each officer stand for. But what offices do the Daughters hold?

THREE RIVERS.—MR. EDITOR:—I would like, through your paper, to let people know how the ladies in connection with the Baptist church and society at Three Rivers do things, as recently, by the aid of citizens and friends, they have done a commendable work. Not long since a project was formed to paper and beautify the interior of the house of worship, which was certainly looking very badly. Some there were who looked upon the dark side and thought it was no go, but the ladies, you know, always do things up speedily, and in earnest, and especially was it so upon this occasion. The only thing we regret is, that they were retarded in their progress by the gentlemen not being prompt in preparing a staging fully suitable to their purpose. Scarcely three days had elapsed in endeavoring to see what they could do in securing the funds among our good citizens, when they began to see the way clear, (there being a committee of six or seven chosen from their own number) and upon the fourth day the workman, from some little distance, was engaged; and upon the seventh (not however upon the Sabbath) he came to perform the work, and now they have as neat and pretty a house to worship in as almost any in town. The walls, including the ceiling above, have been fresco-papered at an expense of about $80. There has been added, the newly painting of the woodwork inside and the roof relieved of its chimneys, which are to be erected on the outside in the rear. Recently, also, the outside has been newly painted, so that they have as fine and imposing a house of worship as can be found almost anywhere in the country, the whole costing when done not far from $200. Our village and its interests are really looking up. The agent, Mr. Samuel Haynes, seems to have thrown life and the spirit of enterprise into everybody. Improvements are constantly being made, dooryard fences reconstructed, buildings moved, and new ones going up, among which are the new clyehouse for the Palmer Company, and the new, large and elegant school house for the district. But the ladies are the principal subjects of this notice, especially those interested in the society at Three Rivers. They, and they *alone* have called out this public scribbling—May the church and society at Three Rivers, which to some has been for a long time in a drooping condition, again come up, and unfurl her banner to the breeze. The Baptists have as good a right to live as other denominations, and we hope they will. ARISTHEMA.

A BURGLAR IN FEMALE ATTIRE.—In Chicago, on Wednesday night, a biped in female apparel, was surprised in a house into which she had broken by forcing the hall lock. While one of the inmates was striking a light the intruder rushed out cleared the fence at a bound, and with so much more haste than grace that the conclusion arrived at was, that the intrepid performer was a masculine marauder.

RELIEF TO A DOCTOR.—A bill "for the relief of Dr. Geo. B. Loring of Salem, Mass.," has passed the New Hampshire Legislature, paying that gentleman $25 for his lecture a few evenings since, at Concord, on the cattle disease. The people of Massachusetts would give many times that amount to be relieved from the doctor's authority in the cattle disease.

A WOMAN FARMER.—The census takers occasionally find some strange events and items. One of the Deputy Marshals of Williamson County, Miss., made the acquaintance of a lady seventy-five years of age, who built three hundred yards of rock fence within the last year with her own hands, and what is more, she gathered and carried in her arms all the material of which the fence is made of.

BURNING SERMONS.—A noble army of martyrs to their prejudices, who reside in the town of Mathews, in the State of Virginia, last week, assembled on the village green, and burned a small edition of Spurgeon's Sermons. They went home and still the world moved on.

☞ The Prince Imperial of France, (who is a corporal), having fallen down while running about the garden of the Tuileries, began to cry. "What, Mon-eigneur," said his tutor "are you crying?" "Yes, but don't tell my regiment," said the Prince abashed.

KILLED BY A DOG.—In the town of Dauphin Penn., last week, a little girl 8 years old, daughter of John Masner, was attacked by a dog and bitten directly under the ear. The poor child died in ten minutes after the bite.

☞ A bill prohibiting the intermarriage of cousins has been introduced into the New Hampshire Legislature. It ought to pass for we have fools enough now, without propagating them.

EXPRESS ROBBER SENTENCED.—Maroney, who robbed Adams Express Company of $50,000, which was subsequently found buried in an obscure place near Philadelphia, has been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

PLAYING THEIR LAST CARD.—When the tornado struck Camanche, Ia., four men were engaged in playing cards in one of the buildings totally destroyed. All four were killed with the cards in their hands.

PONIES TOO SLOW.—The Pony Express to California has been discontinued for the present, as no horses are fast enough to get away from the enraged Indians.

ARMORY SUPERINTENDENT.—Col. Isaac H. Wright of Boston has been appointed Superintendent of the Springfield Armory.

VITROL THROWING AND JEALOUSY.—Wm. Eustine Gaw, an actor by profession, with a young and pretty wife who could get an engagement when he could not, thought proper yesterday to destroy his wife's charms by throwing a bottle of vitrol in her face, the affair occurred in the streets of New York and was caused by jealousy. Mrs. Gaw is only eighteen, while her husband is thirty three. The parties were married in March last, and shortly after played an engagement in Providence, R. I.

DESERVED COWHIDING.—One Chas. Albert Williams, a lusty teamster in the employ of Mr F. T. Wright, at Weir Village, Taunton, was most terribly cowhided on Thursday afternoon by Virgil H. Wilde, for alledged obscenity and indecent exposure in the presence of his daughter and her companion, both of the little girls less than ten years of age. The victim was cut and scarred until the blood run down his body in streams. Served him right.

ATTEMPT TO BURN UP A HUSBAND.—It now appears that the fire at Clyde, Ohio, by which the planing mill and other buildings of S. D. Terrell were burnt, was set by an incendiary who was no other person than Mrs. Terrell, whose affectionate intentions were to destroy her husband; but he managed to escape before the flames reached the apartment in which he was. Mrs. Terrell was arrested and committed to Fremont jail.

MORMONS ON THE WING.—On Friday evening some 5000 Mormons passed through Utica on the Central cars, bound West. They arrived in the ship Wm. Tapscott, from Liverpool, on Saturday last. A large proportion of them are women, mostly of English birth, the remainder being Welsh, German and Scandinavians. They are late in the season and will undoubtedly suffer much from hunger and cold before they reach Utah. Some eleven hundred are already on the Plains, and more are expected.

GOOD MATCHES.—Fenn's matches, made at Wallingford, Ct., are as good an article as can be found in the market. Matches are little things, especially those not made in heaven, yet good ones, whether made in heaven or on earth, are desirable; for this reason we recommend Fenn's, as they are sure to ignite in spite of age or dampness.

A COOL PLACE.—The Newport (R. I.) News has the following chilly item to comfort those who have engaged houses at Newport for the watering season: "There was on this island in Middletown, Thursday morning, at four o' clock, A. M., a snow storm. That is doing pretty well for the 21st of June.

STAY AT HOME.—It is a significant fact that, since the day of their arrival, the Japanese embassadors have resolutely refused to take part in any of the expeditions upon which they have been invited. They send their subordinates and remain at home.

SINGULAR TWINS.—In Albany last week, a German woman gave birth to male twins, born face to face and united together from the neck downward, having two heads, four arms, and two legs. They lived two hours after birth, when the prudent father offered them to the physician for twenty-five dollars.

SKIES BRIGHT.—There was but one Fremont paper in Missouri, at the last Presidential election; now eight Missouri journals support Mr. Lincoln. If the "paper shot" known as ballots should increase at the same rate, Mr. Lincoln will have a pretty vote where Col. Fremont had none, his friends voting for Mr. Fillmore.

THE FATAL MILL.—The precise number of persons killed and dying from injuries by the Pemberton mills calamity at Lawrence was 87; severely injured 114; slightly injured 159. The amount of contributions for their relief was $65,579, of which but $42,000 was expended.

GOOD STOCK.—A lady near Farmington Falls Me., one day some three weeks ago, yoked up the oxen and harrowed in two acres of burnt ground grain alone, and the next morning gave birth to a fine full sized baby. Mother and child doing finely.

LARGE SEIZURE OF LIQUORS.—In Worcester on Monday, a large quantity of liquors was seized at the freight depot of the Boston and Worcester Railroad, consisting of one pipe of gin and sixteen casks of rum. The liquors were all directed to Jeremiah Foley.

DEEPER.—The Artesian well at Columbus, Ohio, has already reached the unprecedented depth of twenty four hundred feet, or nearly half a mile. It is the deepest well in the world but as yet it discharges no water and exhibits no signs of it.

MEXICO.—The steamer Austin at New Orleans brings Brazos dates of the 20th. It is reported that 9000 Liberals are concentrated at Guanajuato. Miramon with 6000 troops was at Queretaro. A battle is expected near Celaya.

FATAL JOY.—In Richmond, a man had succeeded, after a long litigation in the courts, in recovering $1100 from a debtor, which so elated him that he was seized with apoplexy and died.

DEATH IN THE CARDS.—During an exciting game of poker, played recently in a Texas town, one of the players died from congestion of the brain, caused by his interest in the result.

CLERGYMAN BURNED TO DEATH.—Rev. Dr. Patrick McMenany, a Catholic Priest, residing in Tenth street, New York, was accidentally burned to death last Sunday morning.

THE GREAT EASTERN HAS ARRIVED.—The Great Eastern steamship arrived at New York on Thursday, affording the Gothamites a new cause for excitement.

GOING HOME.—It is expected that the Japanese will sail from New York to Japan to-day. They leave with a very favorable impression of our country.

FATAL BOOTS.—Joseph Hefnorth died in Norfolk, Va., recently, and his physician ascribed his disease to the habit of wearing tight boots.

GOING IT BLIND.—A Mr. Perkins has eloped with a blind girl from Bennett's Corner, Madison county, N. Y.

DYSPEPSIA.—There is probably no disease which experience has so amply proved to be remediable by the Peruvian Syrup as Dyspepsia. The most inveterate forms of this disease have been completely cured by this medicine, as ample testimony of some of our first citizens proves,

TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF ROYCE'S RELIEF.—I have used Royce's Universal Relief in my family for the last year, and have found it to be one of the very best medicines now in use. There is no humbug about it. I have used it for bruises, colds, bronchitis, burns and lameness in back with perfect success. It accomplishes all it promises, and very speedily. Also Royce's Bitters, "The Poor Man's Friend," is most excellent to restore the appetite. Try it. REV. W. S. PHILIPS.
2 m

☞ At Tarsus, in Cilicia, Alexander the Great, while pursuing his career of conquest, bathed in the chilly waters of the Cydnus, which nearly proved fatal to him. By constant care and attention, together with the most extraordinary skill, his physician, Phillip, succeeded in saving his life. The case would not have been at all serious had Dr. Ham's Famous Aromatic Invigorating Spirit been discovered in that day. One wine-glass full, taken after he came out of the Cydnus, would have immediately removed all the bad effects of his imprudence.

FOR CATARRH.—The proprietors of the Tulu Anodyne, wishing to confine its great qualities only to such complaints as start from, or are connected with the nervous system, and to avoid the too common means used to introduce proprietary medicines, that of making them cures for every namecable complaint, would hardly have dared to recommend for this most painful of all complaints, Catarrh. But cases of such decided character have experienced such important cures, that with the Universal Cough Remedy, the one to cure the Cough or Stuffness so common to Catarrhal Complaints, and the other, to completely relieve the pains in the head or nasal organs, which always accompany or follow the attacks. We would caution all, as they value the chance of a cure to be cautious and purchase HUNNEWELL'S preparations of such as they can rely on. Sold by all respectable dealers. See advertisement.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

In the whole history of Medical Discoveries no remedy has performed so many or such remarkable cures of the numerous affections of the Throat, Lungs and Chest—of Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, or Consumption itself, as this far famed, long tried, and justly celebrated BALSAM. So generally acknowledged is the superior excellence of this remedy that but few of the many who have tested its virtues by experience fail to keep it at hand as a speedy and certain cure for sudden attacks of Cold—fully believing that its remedial powers are comprehensive enough to embrace every form of disease from the slightest cold to the most dangerous symptom of pulmonary complaint.

[FROM THE LADY OF ROBERT TURNER, ESQ., OF UNADILLA, N. Y.]

Unadilla, N. Y., Dec. 7, 1859.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co., Boston—Gentlemen: Having been asked for an expression of my opinion as to the merits of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, I can say with the utmost confidence that I think it the best Cough remedy I have ever known, and believe I owe my present existence to its wonderful curative powers, having at one time been brought very low by a distressing cough, accompanied with spittings of blood and other symptoms of that dread destroyer, consumption! I tried many remedies without effect until a resort to the Balsam was had, which, by the blessing of Divine Providence, soon restored me to health.

The Balsam is now our resort when any of our family is attacked with coughs or colds, and it has never failed to give the desired relief. I keep constantly a supply on hand. During the past ten years I have influenced many persons to make use of this remedy, and always with the same success. MRS. ROBERT TURNER.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston; and for sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, J. T. & G. A. Brown, Brimfield; S. W. Longley, Belchertown. 5

DEAD SHOT FOR BED-BUGS. THE neatest and most reliable extirminator in use. Faithfully applied, it remains one year a trap ready set for these noxious tormentors of our nightly rest.

THE LIGHTNING FLY KILLER. DESTROYS FLIES instantly. Every Sheet will kill a Quart. Commence early and the house may be kept clear of flies all summer. Both articles for sale by the Druggists everywhere. Send for a sample sheet to L. L. DUTCHER & SON,
June 16—1m St. Albans, Vt.
Sold by G. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston.

Important Remedies.—If there is in the list of Remedies given to the world for acceptance and approval, any which are entitled to confidence by their perfect adherence to the laws and intention of the Creator, one is

THE UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY,

for every species of Lung, Throat and Bronchial difficulty, even that of ACTUAL CONSUMPTION, and the other the justly celebrated

TOLU ANODYNE,

a most perfect remedy for Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, Partial and Actual Paralysis, St. Vitus Dance, Chronic, Spasmodic, and Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, and that chief of all causes of disease, LOSS OF SLEEP.

If our friends will accept the declaration that for six or eight years these preparations have been through tests that would satisfy all, in place of sweeping declarations that mean nothing, and then procure and read the pamphlets, to be found with dealers and and agents, they will be able to judge how far they can be relied on.

GENERAL AGENTS:
J. W. HUNNEWELL & Co., 7 & 8 Commercial Wharf, Boston. | GEO. HUNNEWELL, 145 Water Street, New York.

Under the special supervision of JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Chemist and Pharmaceutist, Boston, Mass., whose signature covers the corks of the genuine only, and to whom address all communications. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.

AGENTS—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware, S. W. Longley, Belchertown, and dealers generally. jan28—6m.

HERRICK'S SUGAR COATED PILLS.—To soothe the tortures of acute disease—to build up the shattered constitution and debilitated frame—to draw back from the grave's brink the victim of consuming disease—is a noble mission; and this mission Herrick's Remedies are accomplishing wherever they are administered. Pills—Large Boxes 25 cents. Plasters on kid 18¾ cents.—See advertisement. 39—1y

Important to Females.—DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS, prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M. D., New York City.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysteria, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

To MARRIED LADIES, Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.—There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a peculiar result. The condition referred to is Pregnancy—the result Miscarriage. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Price $1. Sent by mail on enclosing $1 to Dr. Cornelius L. Cheeseman, Box 4 531, Post Office, New York City. Sold by one druggist in every town in the United States.
H. B. HUTCHINGS, Gen. Agt. for the U. S.
20 Cedar St., New York.
Sold by Dr. Holbrook, Palmer, and G. B. Hitchcock, Ware. 6—1y.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—This medicine is "a combination and a form indeed," for healing and curing all the ills which afflict us in the shape of coughs, colds, and inflammation of the throat, lungs, and chest.

Littleton, Mass., Jan. 1860.

To the Proprietors of the Peruvian Syrup. Gentlemen: I have for several years suffered severely with Dyspepsia accompanied by weakness and irritability which made life a burden to me. Nothing but the simplest nutriment could remain in the stomach without pain. Sourness and windy evacuations, uncomfortable feelings in the head, and taste in the mouth, catarrhal symptoms, inactivity of the liver and bowels, piles, general debility, and a nervous state of extreme susceptibility, made up a diseased condition, rebellious to ordinary medical treatment. By the advice of an eminent physician of Boston I commenced taking Peruvian Syrup; at once I began to experience benefit. After taking three bottles, all these bad feelings have left. My health is restored and I enjoy life as well as ever. Most cheerfully do I recommend Peruvian Syrup. ABRAM MEAD.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Unnecessary torture.—Palpitation of the Heart.—The bleeding, blistering, salivating and torturing method of the modern treatment of disease leads to the destruction rather than the preservation of human life. Physicians have a certain routine prescribed for their *modus operandi* from which there is no departure, and the laws of the Medes and Persians were not more immutable than the dicta of this Draconian Code that confines men to peculiar dogmas on penalty of exclusion. Untrammeled by particular rules, Holloway's system on the contrary is based on the simple laws of nature. Palpitation is often the effect of Indigestion, disorders of the stomach or nervous affections. By their action on the stomach and nerves the Pills remove the cause and effect a radical cure.

FACTS, WITHOUT COMMENT.—The public should know them.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19, 1852.

Mrs. Hardy, No. 119 Suffolk street, writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some three years, and that she used one vial of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., which brought away over fifty large worms. Her good health immediately returned.

Mrs. Quigby, No. 182 Essex St., N. Y., under date of Nov. 23, 1852, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months. She procured a bottle of M'Lane's Vermifuge, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as hearty as ever it had been. Parents, with such testimony before them, should not hesitate when there is any reason to suspect worms, and lose no time in procuring and administering Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. It never fails, and is perfectly safe.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. ☞ None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. [36]

BORN.

In Palmer, 25th, a daughter to Rev. L. BOLLES;
27th, a daughter to JAMES WILLIAMS;
In Palmer, 23d, a daughter to MARSHAL ANDREWS.

MARRIED.

In Palmer, 26th, by Rev. E. H. Watrous, HENRY W. CALKINS of Monson, and LAURA A. TRUMBLE of Palmer. We are in receipt of the "fixins," for which we invoke a blessing. See Gen. I: 28.
In Ware, 23d, by Rev. A. E. P. Perkins, PHILIP H. SAGENDORPH and ELIZA JANE, daughter of Lewis Demond, all of Ware.

DIED.

In Palmer, 27th, J. HENRY, 2), son of Henry A. Moore.
In Belchertown, 19th, EMILY S., 34, daughter of the late Dea. Israel Towne, and wife of Samuel D. Cowles.
In Ware, 19th, Mrs. RACHAEL SNELL, 83.
In Meriden, Ct., 19th, BENJAMIN S. STEDMAN, 14, formerly of Ware.

Boston Ornamental Iron Works,
No. 15, WINTER STREET, BOSTON.

The subscribers offer for sale a large variety of
GARDEN DECORATIONS, VASES,
Fountains, Statuary, Summer Houses, Trellisses, Arbors, Settees, Chairs, &c.
Also, every description of Iron Furniture, Folding Bedsteads, Hat, Coat and Umbrella Stands, Shelf Brackets, &c.
Especial attention is given to the manufacture of
IRON FENCES,
For enclosing Cemetery Lots, Churches, Public Squares, Private Dwellings, &c.
☞ This is the only Iron Railing Establishment that has a Foundry in Boston.
The assortment is by far the largest, while the Iron Railings are unequalled in regard to STYLE, PRICE and WORKMANSHIP. Castings of every description made to order, and for sale from our own patterns. Catalogues sent per mail on receipt of three stamps.
June 30, 1860. CHASE BROTHERS & Co.

NOTICE.—The undersigned will receive sealed proposals until July 5, for building a School House, 2 stories high, 36x75 feet. The plan can be seen by calling on the committee.
GEO. W. RANDALL,
H. A. BOSWORTH,
GILBERT BARKER, } Building Committee.
SAMUEL ATWOOD,
ABEL WEBBER,
Three Rivers, June 30, 1860.

SHEEP LOST.

STRAYED from the pasture of the subscriber in Palmer, eight head of merino sheep, four of them marked with red un the rump. Whoever will return said sheep or give information where they may be found shall be suitably rewarded.
Ware, June 23, 1860. JEFFERSON HILL.

NEW STOVE STORE.

I HAVE taken the second store in Waite's Block, South Main street, and am selling cheap for cash

Stoves, Pumps, Garden Engines,

Sinks, Sad Irons, Tin Ware, &c. I have the Pilot Stove, the Roger Williams, the Prize, the Empire State, the Emporium, with the best coal grate in use; also the best Parlor Oven Stov made. All kinds of
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE
made to order, and from the best of stock.
Tin Roofing, Eaves Gutters & Job Work
done to order.
☞ Old Iron, Lead, Brass, Copper and Rags taken in exchange for Goods. C. M. STACY,
Palmer, June 23, 1860. Agent.

LOST OR STOLEN,

A SMALL Black and Tan Terrier Dog, on Wednesday night last. He answers to the name of Bill; had collar with owner's name. Whoever will return him to the Antique House, or give information where he may be found, shall be well rewarded. E. B. SHAW.
Palmer, June 30, 1860.

HATS! HATS!

THE Subscriber has just receive a GOOD ASSORTMENT of
Gentlemen's Fashionable Dress Hats,
Which will be sold cheap.
Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere.
Palmer, June 2—tf. H. W. MUNGER.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Fifty girls to make Shaker Bonnets. Good pay and work given through the season. Apply in person, or by letter to Elliott & Robinson, Barre, Mass. A. N. ELLIOTT,
Barre, June 23.—3w. C. ROBINSON.

HAYING TOOLS!

Spring Tooth, Horse Hay Rakes.
Hand " "
Hand Dray " "
A. V. Blanchard & Co.'s Cast Steel Scythes.
H. Water's Patent Rolled " "
Frost, Burk & Co.'s Patent Scythe Snaths.
" " " Plate Socket "
" " " Patent Bush "
" " " Common "
Stevens, Peck & Co.'s Best Hay Forks.
D. W. Root's " " "
Superior Eagle Scythe Stones. (made from Grindstone.)
Superior Emory Grit Scythe Stones.
" Norway Rag " "
" Scythe Rifles.
Nova Scotia Grindstones, set with frame and Patent arbor complete.
We offer the above Goods, from the best manufacturers, in great variety, and at LOW PRICES.
Palmer, June 23, 1860. E. BROWN.

Homes Wanted for Children.

THERE are three hundred healthy children in the Monson State Alms House who are in want of homes in good families. They can be taken on trial for one month, at the expiration of which they will be indentured by the Inspectors, till of age, or they may be adopted. Children can be obtained from one to fourteen years of age.
For further particulars enquire of the Superintendent or either of the Inspectors.
G. M. FISK,
SAMUEL BANISTER, } Inspectors.
GILBERT A. SMITH,
Palmer, June, 1860.—3m

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

TO accommodate our large and constantly increasing business we have removed to the elegant and commodious warehouse,
118 MILK STREET,
where, with greatly improved and enlarged facilities, we shall be happy to continue to serve our former customers, and the public generally, with Fairbanks' Standard Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform and Counter Scales, in every variety.
1y—5. FAIRBANKS & BROWN.

Spring Styles at L. A. Nelson's!

Just received, a large assortment of
MILLINERY, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
Silks, Shakers &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Bonnets Bleached and Pressed for 17 cents.
Our stock is large and we are selling at low prices. Persons buying Millinery will do well to
CALL AT NELSON'S, Nassowanno Block.
Palmer Ayril 28, 1860.

TO LYMAN S. HILLS, of Palmer: Whereas a petition signed by you and four others, dated this thirteenth day of June, 1860, representing that the subscribers with others are interested in, and owners and proprietors in common of a certain tract of land situate in the depot village of Palmer, and known as the "Palmer Park," and that said petitioners are desirous of being organized as a corporation, under the provisions of the 67th chapter of the General Statutes of Massachusetts, and desiring me to issue a warrant for the purpose of calling a meeting of the proprietors of said Park, for the purpose of such organization. Now therefore I hereby direct you to notify and warn all persons interested in and owners in common of the tract of land known as the "Palmer Park," to meet at the Antique House in said Palmer on Monday the second day of July next, at seven o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of organizing such corporation, and for choice of a Clerk, Treasurer, Collector, and such Committees or other officers as said proprietors may determine, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting. And you are directed to serve this warrant by posting up an attested copy thereof in at least one public place in said Palmer, fourteen days at least before the day and hour of said meeting; also by causing an attested copy thereof to be published twice in the Palmer Journal newspaper before the day of said meeting. At which said meeting have you this warrant with a return of your doings thereon.
JAMES G. ALLEN, Justice of the Peace.
A true copy—attest, L. S. HILLS.

$25,000

(or less)

WORTH OF

DRY GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE AT PRICES MUCH LOWER THAN AT ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS VICINITY.

OUR STOCK OF

RICH SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

SILK AND LACE MANTILLAS,

Shawls, Talmas, &c.. &c.,

Is Very Large and Attractive.

P. P. KELLOGG.
PALMER, June 26.

A FINE LOT OF GOODS
BOUGHT AT THE LATE
CHEAP PRICES,
DOWN, Down, Down.
ELEGANT, Stylish, Durable,
FRESH, Fanciful And staid,
GOOD IN Design. Also,
HANDSOME To look at;
IN GOOD Colors and Finish,
JUST the things Of all
KINDS and Qualities to
LOOK at and Admire,
MAY be found At all times, and
NOW, Particularly, Just
OVER the South Side
PALMER, MASS.
QUEER Place, But known all
ROUND as The best
SHOP of all At which to
TURN a Dollar or two
UNDER all Circumstances,
VERY profitably Indeed.
WE shall try to Make it
EXACTLY the Place for
YOU to examine
& FIND THEM AS CHEAP AS ANY.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.,
McGilvray's Block, deal in

Dry Goods and Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GAITERS & SLIPPERS,
PAPER HANGINGS & CARPETS,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
FAMILY GROCERIES, FLOUR, FISH,
SALT, GRASS SEEDS, &c. &.

Taxes! Taxes! Taxes!

THE Assessors of the town of Palmer give notice that they have delivered to L. S. Hills, Collector of Taxes, a correct list of the taxes, together with a warrant in due form of law for collecting the same, and that the town voted as follows: That all Poll Taxes shall be subject to be paid at any time, and on demand, and that on all taxes paid before August, 1860, 6 per cent. will be discounted. The rate of tax is $1 10 per $100. Poll Tax is $1 80.
JOHN FOSTER,
HIRAM CONVERSE, } Assessors of Palmer.
J. E. CRANE,
Palmer, June 23, 1860.—3w.

HAMPDEN SS. At a Court of Probate holden at Monson, within and for the County of Hampden, on the twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty. On the petition of William R. Parks and Austin Fuller, administrators of the Goods and Estate of Sylvester Parks, late of Palmer, in said County, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will produce the sum of one thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars and eighty-one cents for the payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law.—ORDERED—that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said County, on the first Tuesday of July next, at ten o'clock, A. M., then and there to be decided upon, and that the said administrators give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in the Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same.
JOHN WELLS, Judge.
Copy—ATTEST WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Register.

Every One Read This,
AND
LEARN HOW TO ECONOMISE!

CROSS & CO.'S
POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE!

NOW OPENING
A New and Splendid Stock of
SUMMER DRY GOODS.
New Silk Mantillas.
New Lace Mantillas.
New Lace Points.
New Lace Shawls.
New Talma, Dress and Mantilla Trimmings.
New Gloves and Hosiery.
New Prints and Ginghams.
New Challies and Muslins.
New Embroideries.
New White Goods.
New Millinery.
New Parasols.
New Curtain Goods.
New Carpets.
New Paper Hangings.
New Cotton and Linen Goods.
New Goods for the Boys.
New Goods for the Misses.

REMEMBER!
We have now on hand the
LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS
To be found in this part of the Country, and we are bound to sell it cheaper than any other man.

DON'T FORGET,
We have never been undersold and we never will be.
Our mode of dealing is Cash—one price only—no misrepresentations. Don't fail to call and see our Goods before you purchase, as we will show them cheerfully, whether you buy or not, at prices cheaper than the cheapest; and if you buy of us, and are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.
OUR LARGE EXPERIENCE
In the business enables us to defy competition in any form and from any source.

DR. MARSHALL CALKINS

WILL be at the Nassowanno House, Palmer, each Thursday until October, from 12 to 4 o'clock P. M., to prescribe for such as may desire his professional services.
June 16, 1860—3m.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE
SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH!
"A Stitch in Time saves Nine."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no family can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cone, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive. "USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price 25 cents.
Wholesale Depot, 48 Cedar St., New York.
Address HENRY C SPALDING & CO.,
Box No 3,600, New York.

Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE:

A	Mends	ACCOUNT BOOKS
B	Mends	BUREAUS
C	Mends	CRADLES
D	Mends	DOLLS
E	Mends	ETAGERES
F	Mends	FANS
G	Mends	GUITARS
H	Mends	HARPS
I	Mends	INLAID WORK
J	Mends	JARS
K	Mends	KNOBS
L	Mends	LEATHER WORK
M	Mends	MIRROR FRAMES
N	Mends	NEWEL POST
O	Mends	OTTOMANS
P	Mends	PIANO-FORTES
Q	Mends	QUILT-FRAMES
R	Mends	ROCKING-HORSES
S	Mends	SOFAS
T	Mends	TABLES
U	Mends	UMBRELLA-STICKS
V	Mends	VASES
W	Mends	WORK-BOXES
X	Mends	XYLOGRAPHIC-WORK
Y	Mends	YARD-STICKS
Z	Mends	ZEPHYR WOOD-WORK
&	In conclusion, Spalding's Prepared Glue is useful in Libraries and Schools.	

1	S	Mends	Sofas
2	P	Mends	Pitchers
3	A	Mends	Accordeons
4	L	Mends	Letter-Sealing
5	D	Mends	Daguerreotype Cases
6	I	Mends	Images
7	N	Mends	New Breakages
8	G	Mends	Gun Stocks
9	S	Mends	School Books
10	P	Mends	Parasols
11	R	Mends	Rulers
12	E	Mends	Electrical Machines
13	P	Mends	Paper Hangings
14	A	Mends	Arm Chairs
15	R	Mends	Rickety Furniture
16	E	Mends	Eraser Handles
17	D	Mends	Desks
18	G	Mends	Globes
19	L	Mends	Loosened Leaves
20	U	Mends	Upholstered Furniture
21	E	Mends	Egg Beaters
22		Mends	Acorn Work
23		Mends	Chess Boards
24		Mends	Fiddles
25		Mends	Shell Work
26		Mends	Fillet Work
27		Mends	Hobby Horses
28		Mends	Kaleidoscopes
29		Mends	Money Boxes
30		Mends	Picture Frames
31		Mends	Secretaries
32		Mends	Veneering
33		Mends	School Furniture
34		Mends	Papier-mache
35		Mends	Wardrobes
36		Mends	Parian Marble
37		Mends	Cribs
38		Mends	Baby Jumpers
39		Mends	Ivory Work
40		Mends	Match Safes
41		Mends	Pictures
42		Mends	Quill-Wheels
43		Mends	Towel Racks
44		Mends	Wash Stands
45		Mends	Bedsteads
46		Mends	Drums
47		Mends	Chessmen
48		Mends	Ballot Boxes
49		Mends	Herbariums
50		Mends	Backgammon Boards
51		Mends	Band boxes
52		Mends	Black boards
53		Mends	Bass viols
54		Mends	Billiard Tables
55		Mends	Billiard Cues
56		Mends	Bird Cages
57		Mends	Broomsticks
58		Mends	Book Cases
59		Mends	Boot Crimps
60		Mends	Brush Handles
61		Mends	Brushes
62		Mends	Cabinets
63		Mends	Churns
64		Mends	Clock cases
65		Mends	Crutches
66		Mends	Cupboards
67		Mends	Curtains
68		Mends	Caslings
69		Mends	Caddies
70		Mends	Cameras
71		Mends	Chairs
72		Mends	Charts
73		Mends	Clothes frames
74		Mends	Cards cases
75		Mends	Chests
76		Mends	Diaries
77		Mends	Work stands
78		ends	Draught Board
79		ends	Dishes
80		ends	Doors
81		ends	Divans
82		ends	Dice Boxes
83		ends	Dominoes
84		"	Fireboards
85		"	Flutes
86		"	Balusters
87		"	Glassware
88		"	Handles
89		"	Guttapercha Ware
90		"	Kites
91		"	Tops
92		"	Organs
93		"	Models
94		"	Sewing-machine Stand
95		"	Panels
96		"	Pasteboard Work
97		"	Patterns
98		"	Side Boards
99		"	Wooden-ware
100		"	Willow-ware

Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight and twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show Card accompanying each package. A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of **SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE**, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. 29 1y

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and Female Physician, presents to the attention of MOTHERS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will almost a y all pain and spasmodic action, and is SURE to Regulate THE BOWELS. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other article of medicine, never has it failed, in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used. Never did we know an infant who was used it, by any one who used it, dissatisfaction On the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of its magical effects and of highest commendation in this matter what speak in this matter what medicinal virtues. We experience, and pledge we do know, after 10 yrs. fulfillment of what we our reputation for the instance where the infant declare. In almost every exhaustion, relief will be is suffering from pain and after the syrup is adminfound in 15 or 20 minutes istered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New has been used with never England, and has been used with never failing success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the bowels, and wind colic, and overcome convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the above complaints —Do not let your own prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes absolutely sure to follow the timely used. Directions use of this medicine, if for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents per bottle—Principal office, No. 13, Cedar st., New York. Dec. 18—1y.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known Medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful diseases occasioned by a disordered system these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

☞ These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the Second page of Pamphlet are well observed. ☜

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and six postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S FEMALE PILLS
ARE A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION.
THEY ARE SAFE AND NEVER FAIL
TO REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS,
AND CURE ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
WHEN the DIRECTIONS are FOLLOWED.
THEY are a BLESSING and a CURE,
AND CAN BE SENT BY MAIL
FOR $1 AND 6 POSTAGE STAMPS.

AGENTS.—G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs. 25—1y.

REPAIRS COMPLETED
AND
SECOND GRAND OPENING
OF
SUMMER MILLINERY,
AT THE
BONNET ROOMS
OF
CROSS & COMPANY,

Having completed the addition to our Millinery Rooms, we are now prepared to show the LARGEST, RICHEST, and PRETTIEST Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Ever shown in this town, which we respectfully invite all who want the best styles, to call and see.

BONNETS BLEACHED AND PRESSED,
in the best possible manner,
FOR 13 CENTS.
CROSS & CO.

Relief in Ten Minutes!
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!
The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all
DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with, according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

To Vocalists and Public Speakers
these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists. Price 25 per box. JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
Rochester, N. Y.

VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS
WILL FIND BRYAN'S WAFERS
INVALUABLE TO REMOVE
HOARSENESS AND SORE THROAT,
AND GIVE CLEARNESS TO THE VOICE.
THEY RELIEVE IN TEN MINUTES,
COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES,
OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS,
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
AT 25 CENTS A BOX
AGENTS—Dr. Wm. Holbrook; Palmer, L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

THE BENEFACTOR OF HIS RACE!
HERRICK'S
SUGAR COATED PILLS!

THE Great Healer of Mankind! The whole World United! Sick People think! After which, Act!

☞ One box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family six months, save $25 in lost time, and not unfrequently the life of some member of the family, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Let all Read:

TROY, Oct. 23, 1859.

Dr. Herrick—Dear Sir:—Send me by express three dozen boxes of your Sugar Coated Pills. My son leaves for Havana on Monday. I cannot think of his going without a supply of your Pills. They have been our only medicine for over 12 years.
Mrs. JULIA STANDISH.

☞ Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours pains and weakness in breast, sides and back, and Rheumatic pains in an equally short period of time. Spread on a beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Pills, family boxes 25 cts. Plaster, on Kid, 18¾ cts.
HERRICK & BROTHER, Albany, N. Y.
Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and by all dealers in medicine.
f11—1y.

NOTICE.—Organization of the New London Northern Railroad Company:

The undersigned being Corporators named in the grant of incorporation of the *New London Northern Railroad Company*, in pursuance of the third section of the Charter, hereby give notice that a book for subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the Company will be opened on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1860, at the Depot of the New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad Corporation, in the town of Palmer, Mass., and be kept open for that purpose until further notice. Payment for subscriptions will be received only in seven per cent. first mortgage bonds of the New London, Willimantic & Palmer Railroad Corporation and coupons part due thereto belonging.
TH. W. WILLIAMS,
ROBERT COIT,
FRANCIS ALLYN,
WM. G. JOHNSON, } Corporators.
Palmer, June 13, 1860. 5—3w.

Change.

How much of change there lies in little space!
How soon the spirits leave their youth behind;
The early green forsakes the bough, the flowers,
Nature's more fairy-like and fragile ones,
Droop on the wayside, and the later leaves
Have artifice and culture—so the heart:
How soon its soft spring hours take darker hues!
And hopes, that are like rainbows, melt in shade;
While the fair future, ah! how fair it seemed!
Grows actual and dark.

☞The newspaper is a law-book for the indolent, a sermon for the thoughtless, and a library for the poor,—it may stimulate the most indifferent, it may instruct the most profound. And with truth it might be added—may become the veriest lickspittle crawler to a vile demagogue party, as well as the proud guardian of a nation's liberty.

A Broken Heart Unhealed.—Effie Carstang, who has tried hard to get $100,000 out of which old codger because he would not have her, has been refused a new trial and she must seek consolation elsewhere for her injured affections.

Protestant Churches in Paris.—There are at Paris nineteen Protestant churches, ninety-seven Protestant clergymen, and two thousand five hundred children attending Protestant Sunday schools.

Divorces by the Wholesale.—During the present term of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, *forty-nine* petitions for divorce have been heard and granted.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. CANTILLON, Draper & Tailor. Having received my Winter stock of Goods, which comprise all of the CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, Which I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought ready made. No machines used in my place of business. All my goods are warranted and made in the latest styles which can be found in any city.

W. S. B. HOPKINS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Life Insurance Agent. Office in the Bank Building, Ware, Mass.

A. B. COWAN, Dentist. Office and residence in Lawrence's Block, Palmer, Mass.

M. W. FRENCH & Co., Dealers in Staple Dry Goods, Family Groceries, Flour and Fish, Crockery and Glass Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.
M. W. FRENCH. JOHN GAMWELL.

G. S. BOSWORTH, Carpenter and Joiner, and dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds. Doors, Sash and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of job bing done to order. Palmer, April 30, 1859.—tf.

MARK THESE FACTS!

THE TESTIMONY of the WHOLE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Bad Breast, Sores and Ulcers.—All description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a folly; for should the skin unite, a boggy diseased condition remains underneath to break out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment, as salt is forced into meat.

Diptheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.—Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system, ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the ungueut in the above manner for the diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest or throat, will find themselves relieved as a charm.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.—The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should not lose a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be well rubbed in for some considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only sure treatment for females, cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth; Sores and Ulcers.—Blotches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time, with the use of the Pills to ensure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.—Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of such diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time, when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the parts affected, even after every other means have failed. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs,	Chiego-foot.	Fistulas,	Sore Throats,
Bad Breasts,	Chilblains,	Gout,	Skin diseases,
Burns,	Chap'd hands,	Glandular	Scurvy,
Bunions,	Corns, (Soft)	swellings,	Sore heads,
Bite of Mosquitoes and sand flies,	Cancers,	Lumbago.	Tumors,
	Contracted and stiff Joints,	Piles,	Ulcers,
		Rheumatism.	
Coco-bay.	Eleph antiasis.		Wounds,
Scalds,	Sore Nipples,		Yaws.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unles the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines, or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. 2—1y

A Card to Young Ladies & Gentlemen.

THE subscriber will send (free of postage) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple Vegetable Balm, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as nature intended it should be—soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or addres (with return postage)

JAS. T. MARSHALL, Practical Chemist.
je16—3m. No. 32 City Buildings, N. York.

NOTICE.—This day, having given my son, Jason J., the right to labor or contract, and to collect his dues in his own name, and for his benefit, I shall not claim any of his earnings, or pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

JOHN BROOKS.
Palmer, May 10, 1860—je16 3w.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the Estate of Samuel Stetson, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

CAROLINE B. STETSON, Administratrix.
Brimfield, June 12, 1860—3w*

THE GREAT DOWNFALL

IN

MILLINERY GOODS.

HAS BEEN FULLY REALIZED!

The attention of the trading public is invited by

J. H. STORRS

To the large additions made to his stock during the past week, purchased at ruinous prices, which we are bound to sell at prices that will astonish.

100 SILK AND CRAPE HATS,
15 CARTONS RIBBONS,
50 BOXES WREATHS,

NEW STYLES OF FANCY SILKS,

and

EVERY STYLE OF BONNETS,

From 25 cents to $10 00.

The Low Priced System of

HOOP SKIRTS

Is introduced.

13 Springs,	. . . . .	50 cts.
15 "	. . . . .	62 "
20 "	. . . . .	75 "
25 "	. . . . .	1 00
30 "	. . . . .	1 25

More WHITE HOSE, 7 cts.
" COL'RD " "
" of those LINEN HANDKERCH'FS.

New Styles of MANTILLAS,
" " LACE POINTS,
" " PARASOLS,
" " MITTS,

And many Goods too numerous to mention, which will all be sold at very low prices.

A particular invitation is extended to all to visit and make a full examination of our stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Respectfully,
J. H. STORRS.

Ware, May 19, 1860.

THE ONLY PREPARATION

That has STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, and grows more and more popular every day!

AND testimonials, new, and almost without number might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21, 1858.

Prof. Wood: Thee will please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life having reduced me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain stuff for caps, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Brigg & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair, thick and black, though short. It is also coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee wouldst not be willing to send me an order on thine agents for a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"The reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless." Thy friend, Susannah Kirby.

Ligonier, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray; so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognise me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars worth of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the prodnction of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect.

Very respectfully, yours, A. M. Latta,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least 20 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent; more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway New York, and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, G. B. Hitchcock, Ware; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs, and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods dealers. Nov. 26

LIVERY STABLE REMOVED.

THE subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the

NASSOWANNO BARN,

where he will keep

HORSES & CARRIAGES,

As usual, and let them at reasonable prices.

☞He will also furnish feed for horses any length of time. WILLIAM FULLER.
Palmer, April 21, 1860—tf.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We have received a large addition to our stock of Spring Clothing, and are selling Cheaper than the Cheapest. CROSS & Co.

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

A Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron Combined. This well known Remedy has been used extensively and with great success for DYSPEPSIA, or Impaired and Imperfect Digestion; for the consequent Deterioration of the Blood, and for the following forms of Disease, most of which have their origin in Dyspepsia:

LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, NEURALGIA and NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, LOSS OF APPETITE, HEADACHE, LANGUOR and DEPRESSION of SPIRITS, CARBUNCLES and BOILS PILES, SCURVY, AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, CONSUMPTIVE TENDENCIES, BRONCHITIS, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, & ALL COMPLAINTS ACCOMPANIED BY GENERAL DEBILITY, AND REQUIRING

A TONIC AND ALTERATIVE MEDICINE.

Note.—The failure of IRON as a remedy for *Dyspepsia*, a bad state of the blood, and the numerous diseases caused thereby, has arisen from the want of such a preparation of Iron as shall enter the stomach in a PROTOXIDE state, and assimilate at once with the blood. This want the PERUVIAN SYRUP supplies, and it does so in the only form in which it is possible for Iron to enter the circulation. For this reason the PERUVIAN SYRUP often radically cures diseases in which other preparations of Iron and other medicines have been found to be of no avail.

Certificate of A. A. HAYES, M. D., of Boston.

It is well known that the medicinal effects of Protoxide of Iron are lost by even a very brief exposure to air, and that to maintain a solution of Protoxide of Iron, without further oxidation, has been deemed impossible.

In the PERUVIAN SYRUP this desirable point is attained by COMBINATION IN A WAY BEFORE UNKNOWN; and this solution may replace all the proto-carbonates, citrates and tartrates of the Materia Medica.

A. A. HAYES, Assayer to the State of Mass.
16 Boylston Street, Boston.

Certificate of Jas. R. Chilton, M. D., of N. York.

It is well known that it has been found very difficult to preserve in a PALATABLE form, for a desirable length of time, compounds of the Protoxide of Iron. The "Peruvian Syrup," I am pleased to say, accomplished this desirable end.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.
93 Prince Street, New York, Aug. 8, 1859

Certificate from well known Citizens of Boston.

The undersigned, having experienced the beneficial effects of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, do not hesitate to recommend it to the attention of the public.

Rev. John Pierpont,	Peter Harvey,
Thomas A. Dexter,	James C. Dunn,
S. H. Kendall, M. D,	Samuel May,
Thomas C. Amory,	Rev. Thos. Whittemore.

Certificate from well known Citizens of N. York.

New York, Nov. 17th, 1859.

The experience which we have had of the PERUVIAN SYRUP and the evidence which has been exhibited to us of its great success in the cure of many diseases, satisfies us that it is a medicinal agent of remarkable power and deserving the attention of invalids.

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Esq., President of the Metropolitan Bank.
Rev. AD STEVENS, Editor Christian Advocate & Journal.
JOHN G. NELSON, Esq., Firm of Nelson & Richmond, 81 John St.
Rev. P. CHURCH, Editor New York Chronicle.
ISAAC V. FOWLER, Esq., Post Master, New York City.

TESTIMONIALS FROM CLERGYMEN,

On the efficacy of the Peruvian Syrup and the benefits they have derived from its use:

Rev. JOHN PIERPONT, Medford, Mass.—Its efficacy in Salt Rheum and other Cutaneous Diseases.
Rev. WARREN BURTON, Boston, Mass.—Its efficacy in Headache, Loss of Appetite, Oppression, Neuralgia, Nervous Affections, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. ARTHUR B. FULLER.—Its Efficacy in Nervous Headaches, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Substitute for Alcoholic Spirits, and General Debility; Its Value to Clergymen.
Rev. AUGUSTUS R. PIPE, Somerville, Mass.—Cure for Boils and General Debility.
Rev. GURDON ROBBINS, Hartford, Conn.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Substitute for Alcoholic Stimulants.
Rev SYLVANUS COBB, Boston Mass.—Its Use and Efficacy in family Restoration of Strength after Typhoid Fever.
Rev. THOM. WHITTEMORE, Boston, Mass.—Its Use and Value in Paralysis, Dyspepsia, and Disease on the Chest; He adds "It gives me new Vigor, Buoyancy of Spirits, Elasticity of Muscle.
Rev. OSBORN MYRICK, Prestonstown, Mass.—Its Efficacy in St. Vitus's Dance, and Chronic Bronchitis.
Rev EPHRAIM NUTTE, Jr., Lawrence, Kansas Territory.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Debility, Prostration, and Adaptation to Western Chronic Diseases.
Rev THOMAS D. PONS.—Its Efficacy in General Debility, Exhaustion of Nervous System.
Rev. RICHARD METCALF, Boston, Mass.—Its Use as a Promoter of Digestion; He says: "It has proved just the Tonic that I wanted."
Rev. M. P. WERTEIL, Boston, Mass.—Its Value in Dyspepsia Chronic Diarrhœa, Derangement of Liver and Stomach.
Rev. JOS. H. CLANCH, Boston, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Diarrhœa and General Debility.
Rev. ABRAHAM JACKSON, Walpole, N. H.—Its Efficacy in Piles, Dyspepsia, and Unhealthy Appetite.
Rev. J. PEARSON, Jr., Newburyport, Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Debility.
Rev. ARTHUR B. CRAWLEY, Hershade, Burmah, E. I. Chronic Debility, Swelling of the Extremities.
Prof. E. VITALIS SCHERR, Boston, Mass.—Its Restorative Power after Fever, Exhaustion of the Nervous System, and Dyspepsia; Recommendation to "Scholars, Teachers Clergymen and Editors."
Rev. HENRY UPHAM, Boston Mass.—Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Affections of the Liver.
Rev. S. H. RIDDEL, Boston, Mass.—Its value in cases of Bronchitis, Indigestion Torpid Liver, Neuralgia, and Nervous Debility.
Rev. P. C. HEADLEY, Greenfield Mass.—Its Genuineness as a Medical Agent and Efficacy in Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa and Pleurisy.
Rev. J. W. OLMSTEAD, Boston, Mass.—General Recommendation, and Confidence in its Genuineness as a Medicine; Its Efficacy in Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

N. B. Pamphlets containing Letters from the above named Gentlemen and others, and giving full Information of the Syrup, can be had on application to the Agents, or to

N. L. CLARK & Co.

PROPRIETORS,
CODMAN BUILDINGS,
No. 78 SUDBURY STREET,.....BOSTON.

Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

Eastern Hampden Insurance Agency.

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE undersigned will issue policies for the following responsible INSURANCE COMPANIES, representing a capital of nearly

THREE MILLION DOLLARS!

STOCK COMPANIES.....CAPITAL and ASSETS.	
The HOME of New York,	$1,500,000.
The HAMPDEN of Springfield,	$220,000.
The CONWAY of Conway	240,000.
The CHARTER OAK, Hartford,	350,000.
The HOME of New Haven,	222,000.

And the QUINCY and CONWAY Mutuals.

Insurance effected on all descriptions of Real and Personal property, from one month to five years, at favorable rates.

☞Policies registered and losses adjusted and PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

Also, agent for the Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co. Capital and surplus, $225,000. Apply to
Palmer, May 26. JAMES G. ALLEN, Agt.

DAVID F. McGILVRAY & Co.,

(Successors to Brodhead & Co.,)

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Nos. 53 and 55 Tremont Street Boston.

☞All kinds of Merchandise solicited for Sale as above. 42—1y

☞ IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES. ☜

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company's

SAPONIFIER,

The ready Family Soap Maker, and Universal Cleaner.

Will make hard water soft, clean paint, remove ink from type, grease from kitchen utensils, &c.
One Box costs 25 cts.
4 to 4½ lbs refuse grease, usually given away, at about ½ cent ₰ lb, say 20—45 cts.
Forty-five cents, therefore, is the cost of a barrel of FIRST RATE SOFT SOAP.
Receipt for making different kinds of Soap, sent free by addressing Depot of Company.
LEWIS, JAMES & Co., Philadelphia.
☞The Saponifier can be had of any respectable storekeeper in the country. 1—1y

CARPETINGS!
CARPETINGS!

Of the newest patterns, call and see them at CROSS & Co.'s.

CROCKERY.

A large invoice of Crockery received this week by CROSS & Co.

BLOOD FOOD.

HEALTHY human blood upon being analyzed always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the true standard. Analyze the blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c, and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of blood. Supply these deficiencies and you are made well. The BLOOD FOOD is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are FIVE PREPARATIONS adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs, inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-use, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is TAKEN BY DROPS and carried immediately into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weaknesses, &c. See special directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the BLOOD FOOD $1 per bottle.

Sold by Church and Dupont, Druggists, No. 409 Broadway, N. Y., and by all respectable druggists throughout the country. 8—1y

Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., wholesale agt., Boston.

MOTHERS.

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and one trial alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC or OPIATE of any kind,

and therefore relieves by removing the sufferings of your child, instead of deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commends itself as the only reliable preparation now known for Children teething, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. Being an antispasmodic it is used with unfailing success in all cases of Convulsion or other fits. As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for Infantile Complaints are composed, take none but Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial, this you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Full directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cents. Prepared only by CHURCH & DUPONT.

No. 109 Broadway, New York.

LANDFEAR'S PATENT SEWING MACHINE!

JUST LOOK AT IT and see it work, and you will say no other Sewing Machine has appeared in the market so simple and so perfect. The price is within the means of most families, being

ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS

for the Hand, and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for the Table Machine. No person who can raise either of these small sums, after having examined this Machine, with its good work and rapid and easy movements, will, we think, fail to secure an article so valuable for the use of his family.

☞These Machines are manufactured under three different patents and are clear of infringements on all other patents.

W. R. PARKS, Sole Agent.
Palmer, March 31, 1860.

COFFINS!

COFFINS.—The subscriber has on hand at his Rooms a good supply of

MAHOGANY, BLACK WALNUT,

and

WHITE WOOD COFFINS,

of the best material and finish, which I will Trim at twenty minutes notice, in a manner not surpassed by the best undertakers in large cities. Also, GRAVE CLOTHES of every variety furnished.
Palmer, June 11, 1859. J. S. LOOMIS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

M. S. MOULTON

WOULD call the attention of the inhabitants of Stafford and vicinty to his stock of Fine Watches, Chains and Jewelry, where they will find the best patterns and newest styles, at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

☞Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, and every variety of Fancy Goods. Also, Spectacles, with Gold, Silver or Steel Bows, always on hand.

N. B. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired with neatness, and warranted.

COAL! COAL.!

WE have just received a cargo of the celebrated

FRANKLIN COAL,

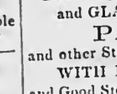
Said to be the best Coal in Market. Also, a Cargo of

CUMBERLAND,

And another of

LACKAWANNA.

We can furnish the above kinds and almost any other variety called for at short notice, and low prices. Purchasers of Coal will bear in mind that the price of Coal advances each month until the first of April. HALL & TRUMBLE.



EMORY S. BROOKS has opened a shop in Waite's Building, opposite the Antique House, for Repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. All work done by him is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or no pay.

N. B. All kinds of Musical Instruments to rent, and Sheet Music furnished to order.
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1860.

Dorchester Insurance Companies!

DORCHESTER Fire Ins. Co. Cash Capital paid in and securely invested. Insures Mechanics' Risks, Buildings, Merchandise and Personal property generally.

Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Insures Dwellings, Churches, Stores, and other first class buildings. Also, Household Furniture and Farm property. No Mills, Carpenters' Shops, Public Stables or other extra hazardous property will be insured in the Mutual Company at any rate.

Wm. F. Temple, Sec'y. Asaph Churchill, Pr.
Charles A. Wood, General Agent.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.

Boston—A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Dana, Farrar & Hyde, Peters, Chase & Co, Martin L. Bradford & Co, Bowker & Phipps, Wm. Sohier, Esq, Charles L. Gibson, Esq.; Dorchester—Alpheus Hardy, Esq. Daniel Denny, Walter Baker & Co, Henry J. Gardner.

☞Losses honorably adjusted and promptly paid at the Boston office, No. 1, Phœnix building, (rear of No. 27 State street.

Mutual Co. Amount at risk Sept. 1, 1859—3635 policies, Person property,	$931,613
Real estate,	3,202,511—$4,137,154
Cash on hand, all losses and expenses paid,	$38,088;20
Deposit notes,	60,103,63
Stock Co.—1710 policies—amt. at risk,	$2,409,927,02
Capital,	$50,000
Cash surplus,	21,251,91—$71,251,94
Oct 15—1y	O. LANE, Agt.

NOTICE to those in Palmer and vicinity that I wish to have new Carriages built or old ones repaired, that I have opened a shop over the horseshoeing establishment of McManamy, where all can be accommodated at fair prices for cash.

R. G. PALMER.
Palmer, April 7, 1860—3m

PAINTING!

THE subscriber still continues the Painting business at his old stand on Main Street, and is now prepared to do any kind of work in the line of

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, and GLAZING. He also keeps on hand

PAINTS, OILS,

and other Stock usually found in a Paint Store.

WITH EXPERIENCED WORKMEN and Good Stock he will endeavor to give satisfaction in all cases. JAMES PERRY.
Palmer, April 14, 1860.

THE Best and Latest Styles of DRESS GOODS May be obtained at CROSS & Co.'s.

Dyspepsia Remedy

DR. DARIUS HAM'S
AROMATIC INVIGORATING SPIRIT.

This Medicine has been used by the public for six years, with increasing favor. It is recommended to cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Heart-burn, Colic Pains, Wind in the Stomach, or Pains in the Bowels, Headache, Drowsiness, Kidney Complaints, Low Spirits, Delirium Tremens, Intemperance.

It Stimulates, Exhilarates, Invigorates but will not Intoxicate or Stupefy.

AS A MEDICINE, it is quick and effectual, curing the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels, in a speedy manner.

It will instantly revive the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, nervous and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, constitutions broken down, and subject to that horrible curse to humanity, the Delirium Tremens, will almost immediately feel the happy and healthy invigorating efficacy of Dr. Ham's Invigorating Spirit.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Dose.—One wine glass full as often as necessary.
One dose will remove all Bad Spirits.
One dose will cure Heart-burn.
Three doses will cure Indigestion.
One dose will give you a Good Appetite.
One dose will stop the distressing pains of Dyspepsia.

One dose will remove the distressing and disagreeable effects of Wind or Flatulence, and as soon as the stomach receives the Invigorating Spirit, the distressing load and all painful feelings will be removed.

One dose will remove the most distressing pains of Colic, either in the stomach or bowels.

A few doses will remove all obstructions in the Kidney, Bladder, or Urinary organs.

Persons who are seriously afflicted with any Kidney Complaints, are assured speedy relief by a dose or two, and a radical cure by the use of one or two bottles.

NIGHTLY DISSIPATION.

Persons who, from dissipating too much over night, and feel the evil effects of poisonous liquors, in violent headaches, sickness at stomach, weakness, giddiness, &c., will find one dose will remove all bad feelings.

Ladies of weak and sickly constitutions, should take the Invigorating Spirit three times a day; it will make them strong, healthy, and happy, remove all obstructions and irregularities from the menstrual organs, and restore the bloom of health and beauty to the care-worn face.

During pregnancy it will be found an invaluable medicine to remove disagreeable sensations at the stomach.

All the proprietor asks, is a trial, and to induce this, he has put up the Invigorating Spirit in pint bottles, at 50 cts., quarts $1. 43—1y

General Depot, 48 Water Street, New York.

Agents.—Weeks & Potter, Boston; Dr. Wm. Holbrook and Higgins & Allen, Palmer; G. B. Hitchcock, Ware.

DR. La CROIX'S Private Medical Treatise on the

PHYSIOLOGICAL View of MARRIAGE

250 PAGES and 130 Engravings.—Price only 25 cts. Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union. On the infirmities of youth and maturity, illustrating the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginings, involuntary imaginations, blushings, defective memory, indigestion and lassitude, with confessions of thrilling interest of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, &c., &c. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled.

Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing of the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's New Paris and London Treatment.

We have, for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in visiting the European Hospitals, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and Surgeons on the Continent. Those who place themselves under our care will now have the full benefit of the many new and efficacious remedies which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy and attention being paid to their cases which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore, as a Physician in our peculiar department of professional practice for the past 25 years.

French Female Pills.—Ladies who wish for Medicine, the efficacy of which has been tested in thousands of cases, and never failed to effect speedy cures without any bad results, will use none but Dr. Delancy's Female Periodical Pills. The only precaution necessary to be observed is, ladies should not take them if they have reason to believe they are in certain situations, (the particulars of which will be found on the wrapper accompanying each box,) though always safe and healthy so gentle, yet so active are they.

Price $1 per box. They can be mailed to any part of the United States.

To the Ladies.—Who need a confidential medical adviser with regard to any of those interesting complaints to which their delicate organization renders them liable, are particularly invited to consult us.

The "Electro-Galvanic Protective."—For married ladies whose health will not admit, or who have no desire to increase their family, may be obtained as above. It is perfectly safe, and has been extensively used during the last 8 years. Price reduced to $10.

Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning till 9 at night and on Sunday from 2 till 5 P. M.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canada, by patients communicating their symptons by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

Dr. L.'s office is still located as established, under the name of Dr. La Croix, at No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 copies of a medical book of 32 pages, on Spermatorrhea, for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, lassitude, depression of spirits, drowsiness, pains in the limbs and back, timidity, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples, loss of memory, &c., resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in this book, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of Consumptive and Nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will therefore send free to any address, on the receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box 579, P. O., Albany, N. Y.

AMHERST, BELCHERTOWN & PALMER R. R.

On and after April 9, 1860, trains will run as follows: Leave Amherst for Palmer at 8,00 A.M. Leave Palmer for Amherst at 2,00 P. M., connecting at Palmer with trains to and from Boston, Springfield, Albany and New York.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, trains will be run between Amherst and Palmer, leaving Amherst at 4.60 p.m., arriving at Palmer in season to connect with evening trains from Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Albany, Hartford, New Haven, and New York. Returning leave Palmer at 6.15.

Stage accommodation at Belchertown for Enfield, Greenwich and Dana; at Amherst for Northampton, North Hadley, Hadley and Sunderland. W. DIXEY, General Agent.
Amherst, April 9, 1860.

To Painter, House Builders,

And Consumers of WHITE LEAD & COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & Brothers, of Philadelphia, continue to manufacture White Lead and Colors of the same reliable qualities manufactured by their predecessors, Mord'k Lewis & Co. The White Lead is of the same superior quality that has always distinguished their Lead, and for whiteness and durability is unsurpassed by any Lead of any manufacture.

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